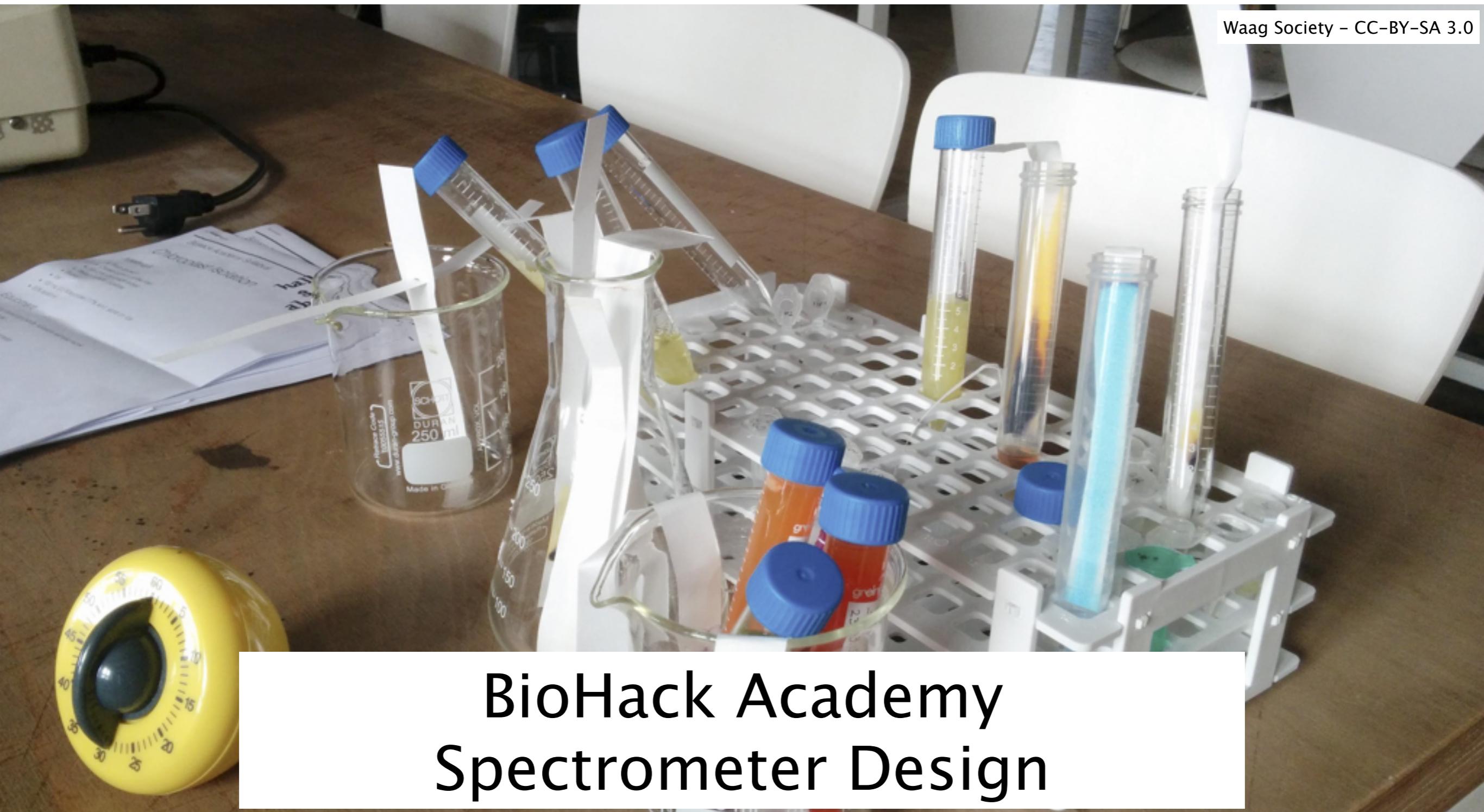




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## BioHack Academy Spectrometer Design

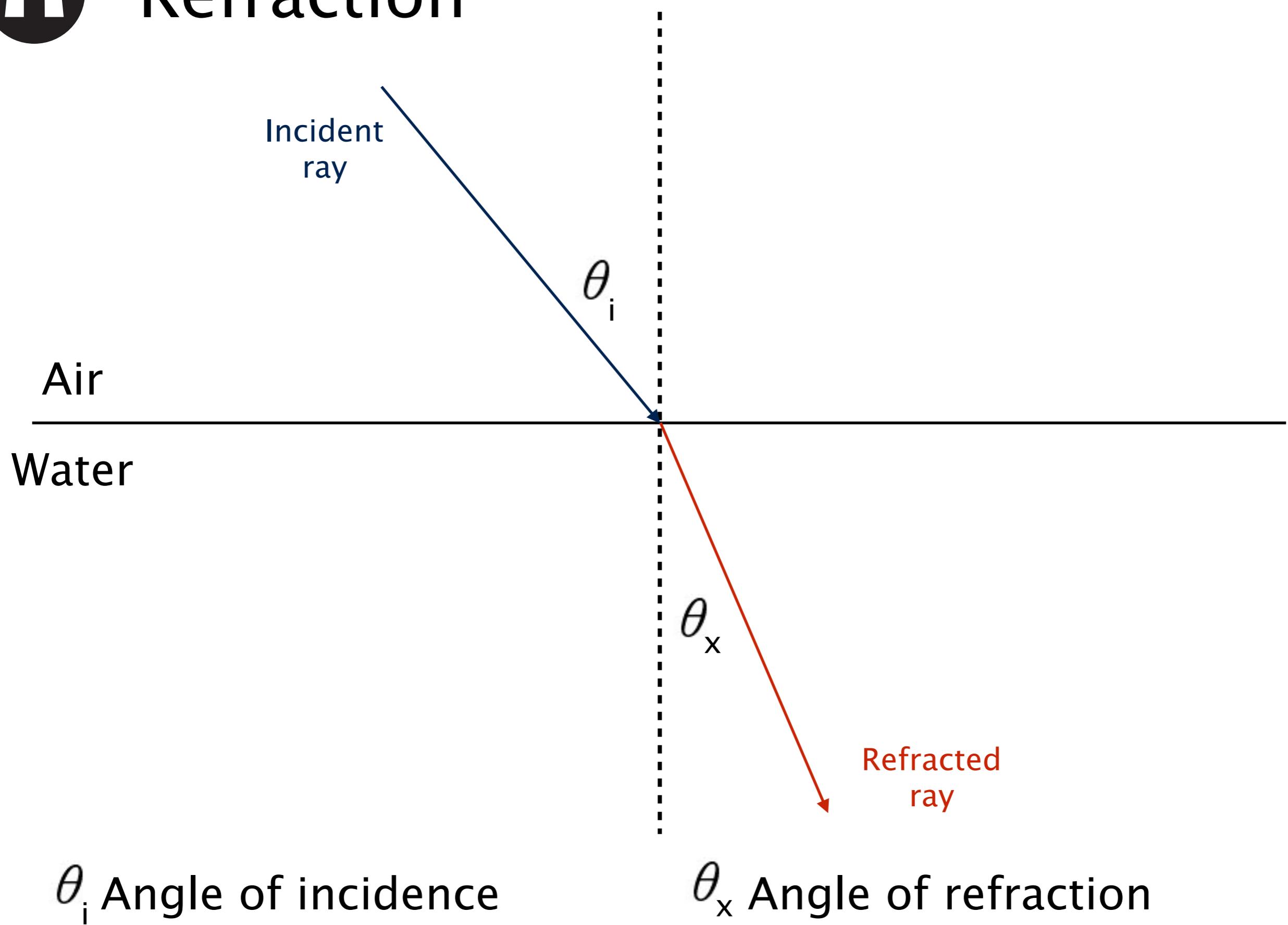


# Tibicos – kefir





# Refraction



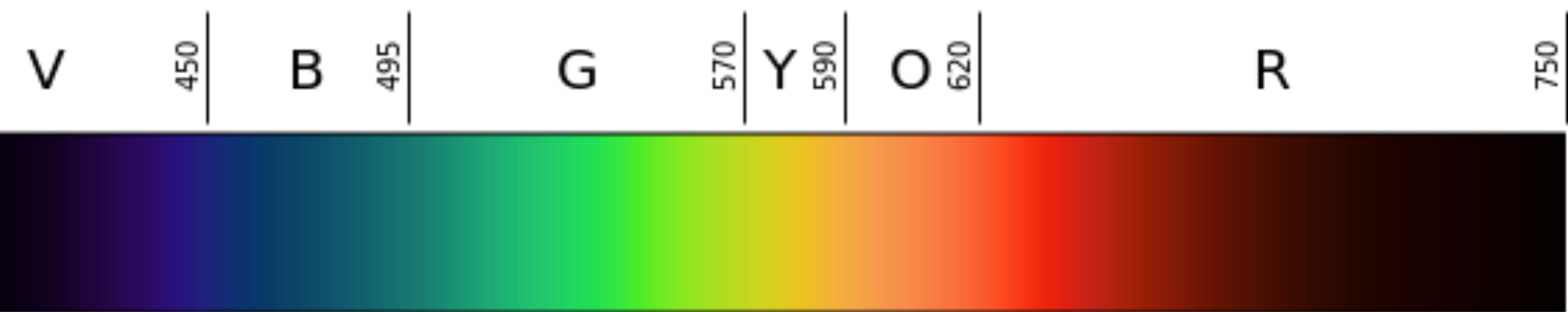


# Snell's Law

$$\sin(\theta_i) = n_{material} \times \sin(\theta_x)$$

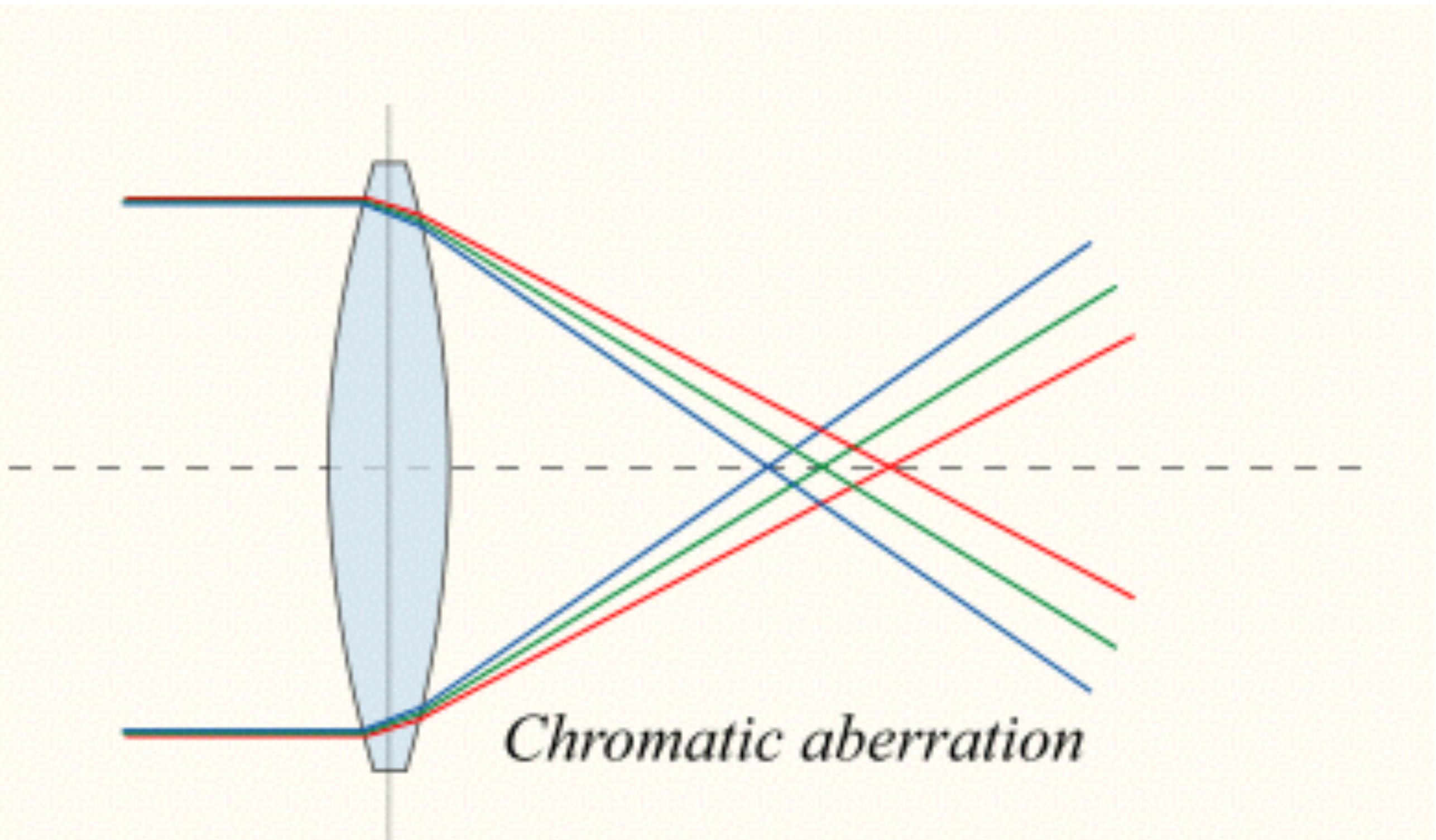


# Visible light spectrum





# Chromatic aberration



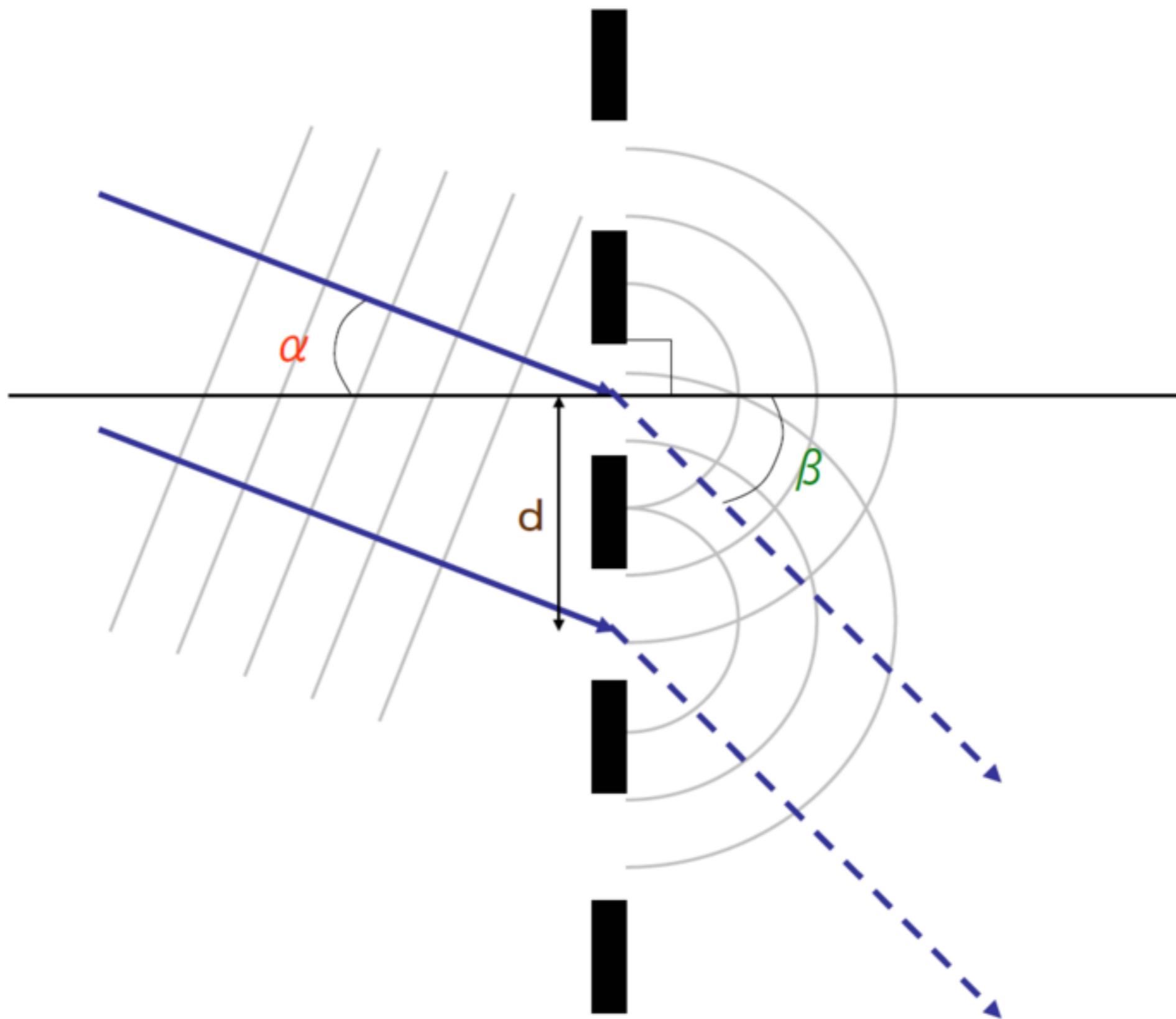


# Grating diffraction



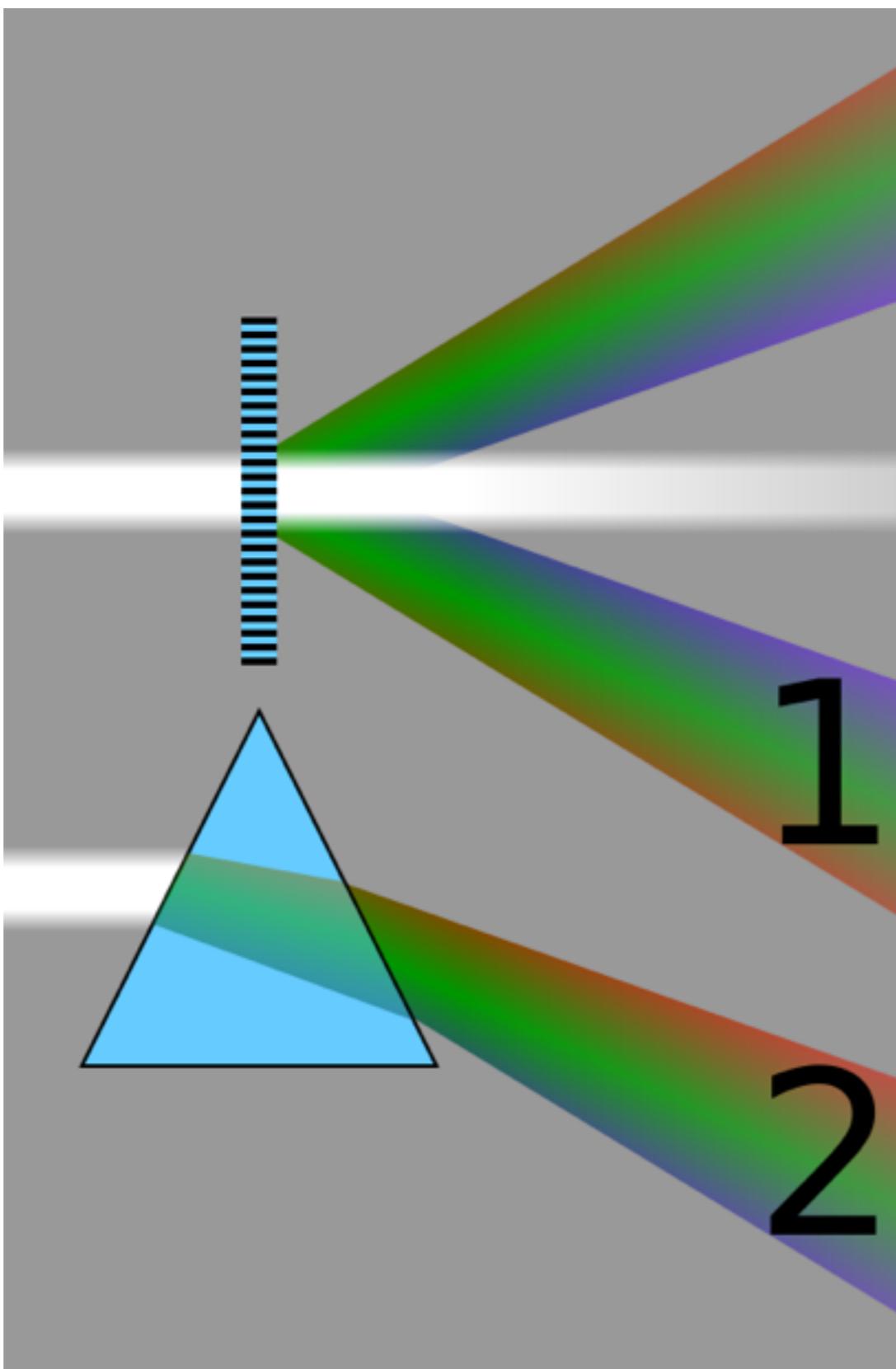


# Diffraction grating principle





# Just like a prism



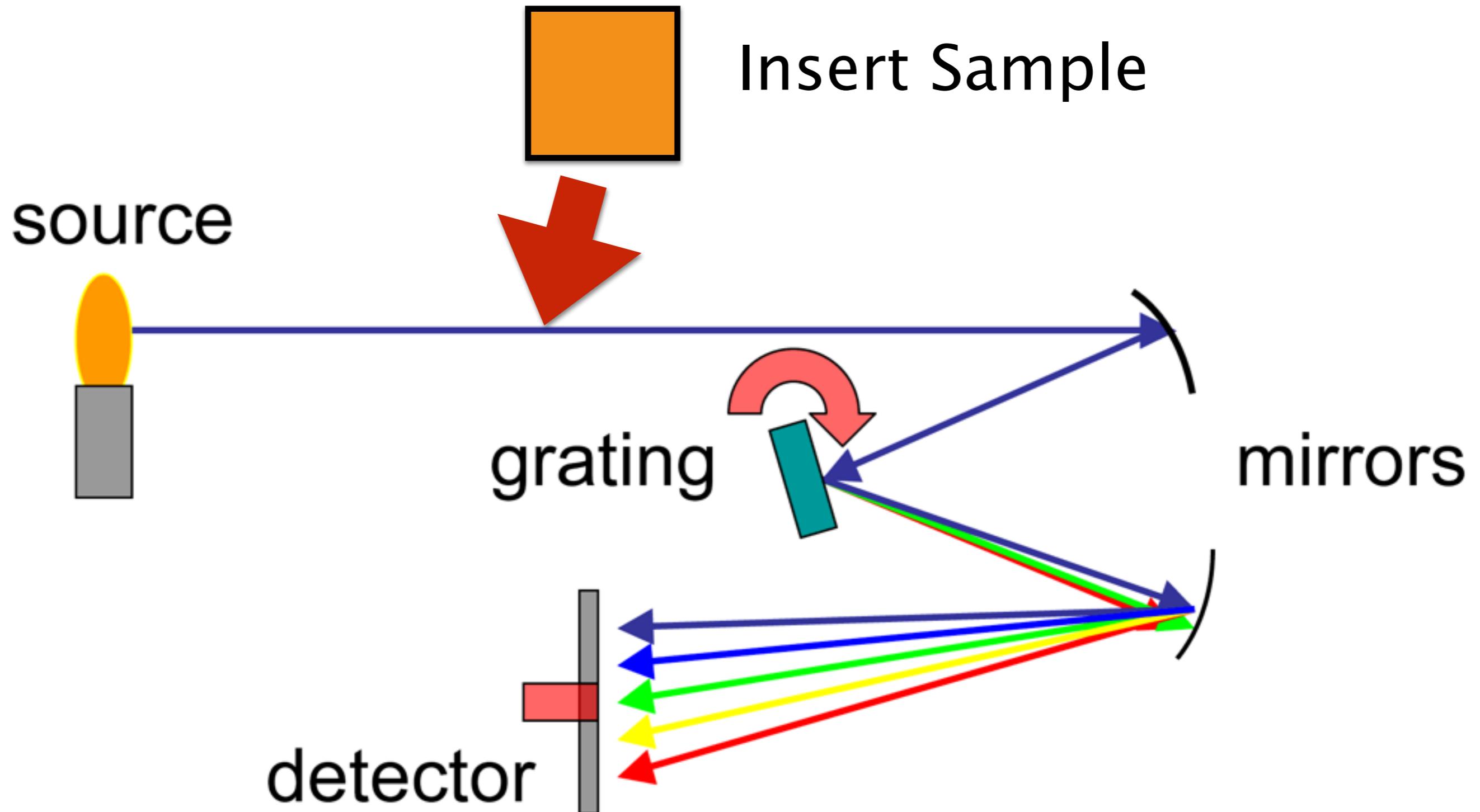


# Industry standard



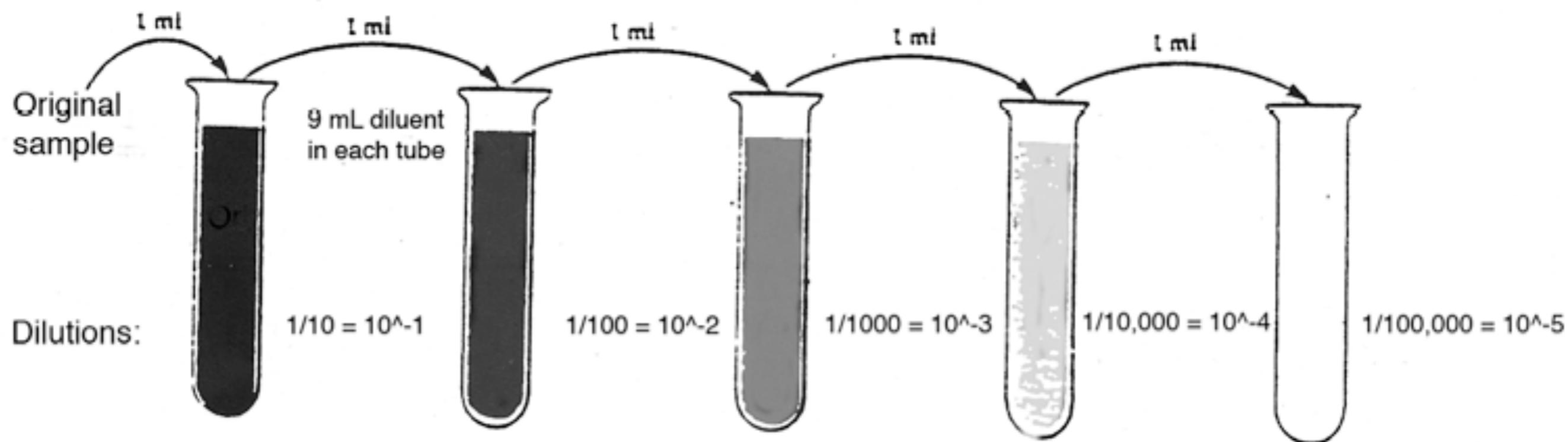
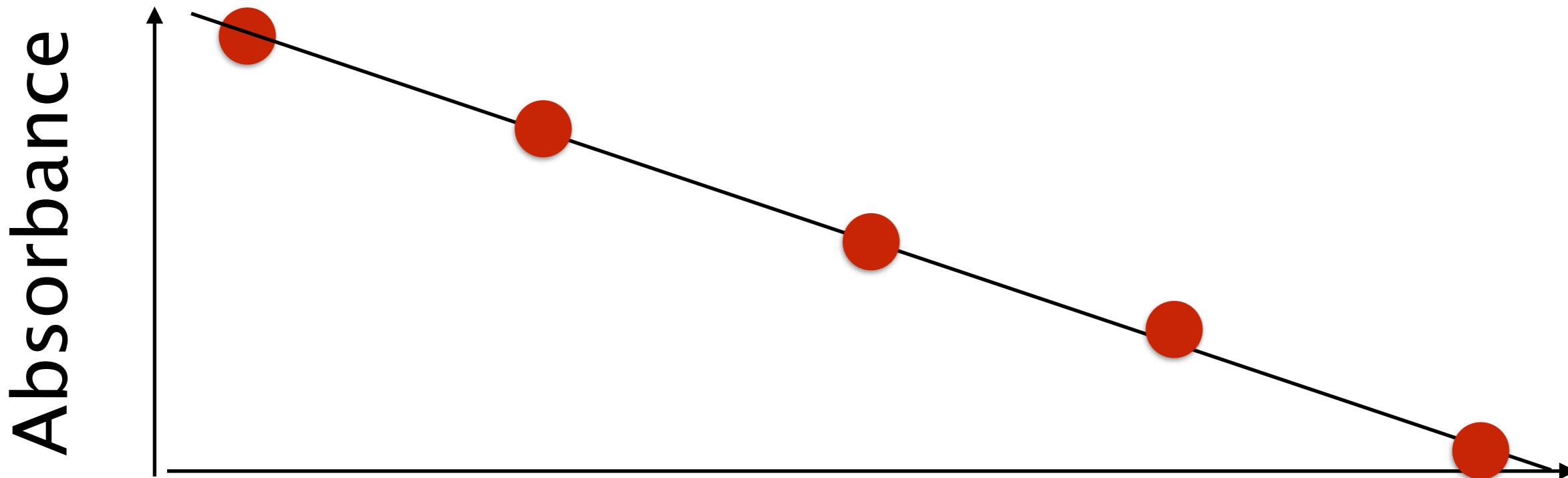


Inside



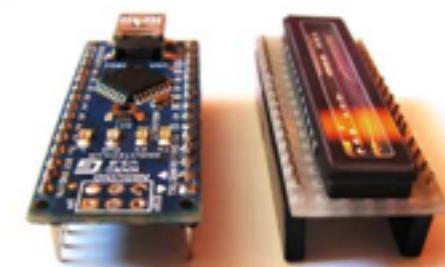
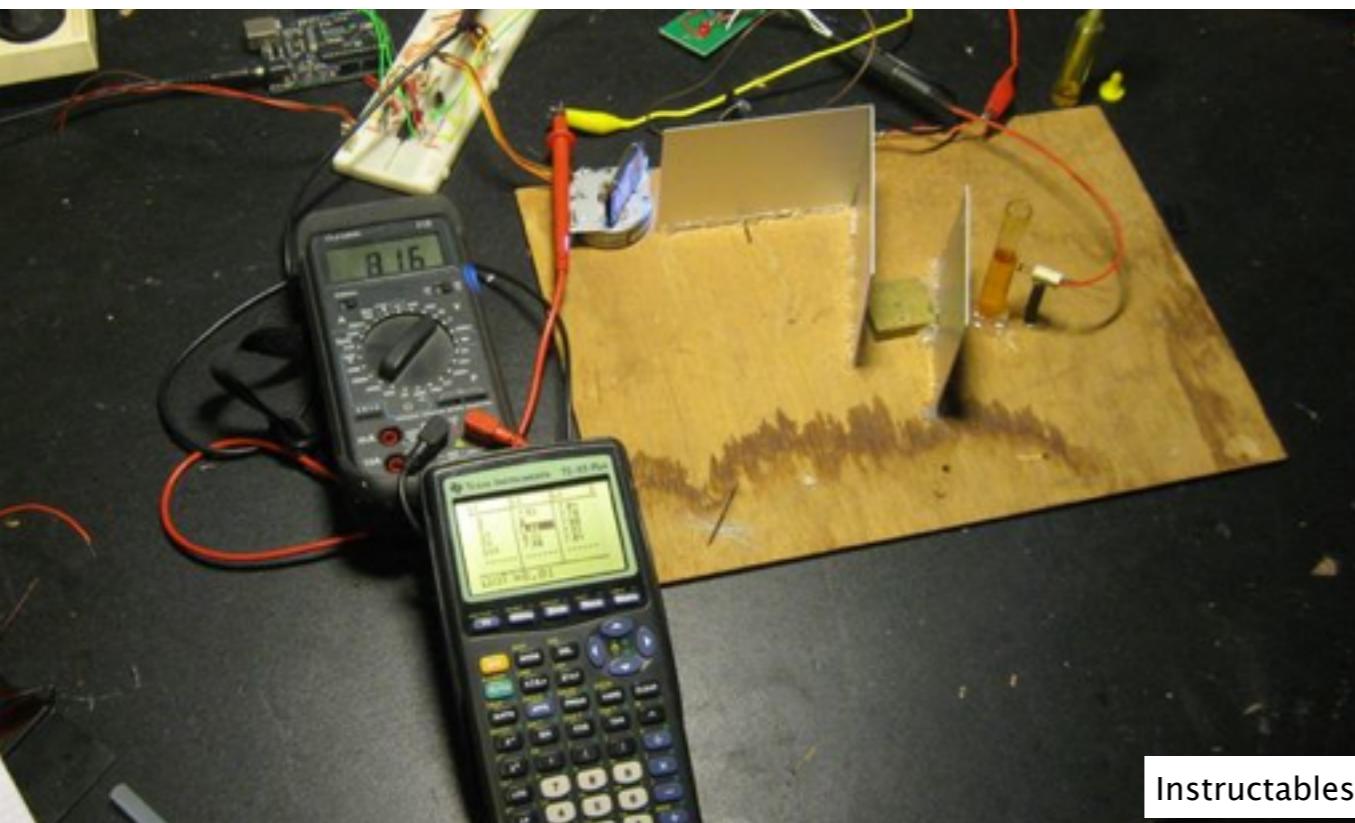


# Dilution series

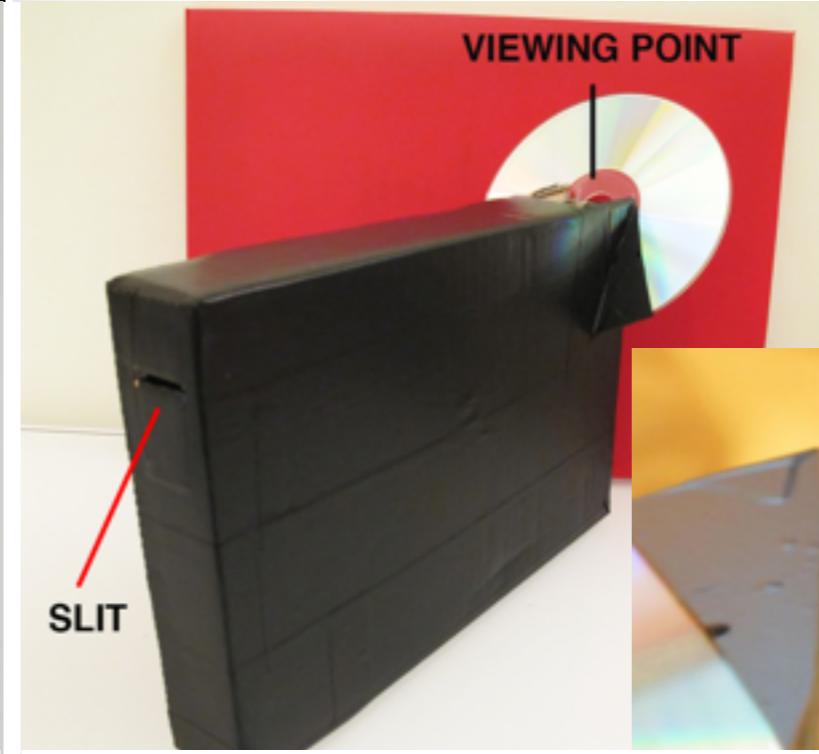




# Previous hacks



PublicLab



<http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~zhuxj/astro/html/spectrometer.html>





# Content

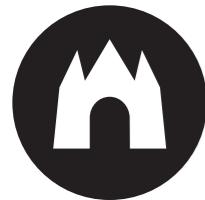
- Webcam spectrometer
- CCD Array spectrometer



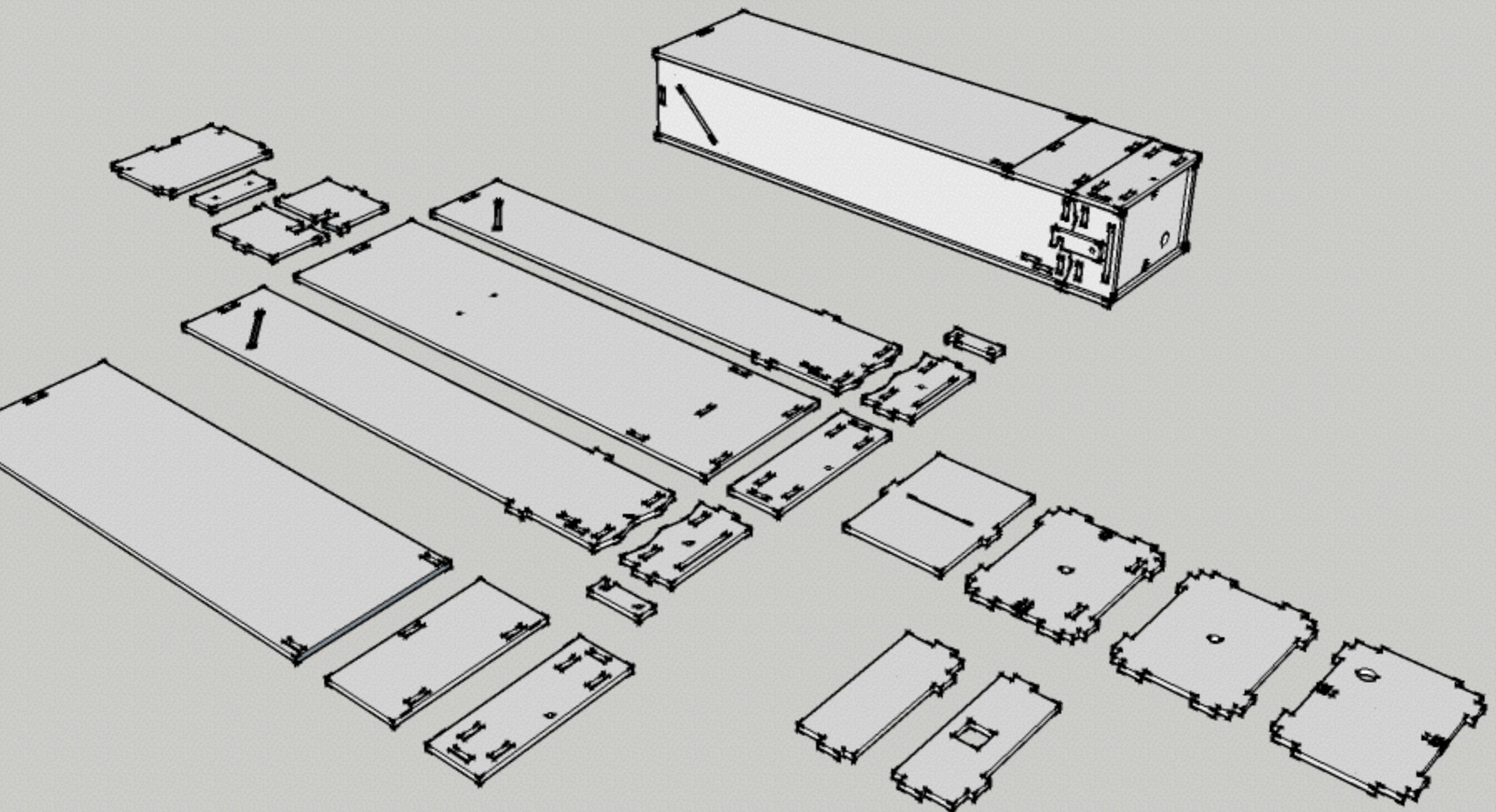
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# Webcam Spectrometer

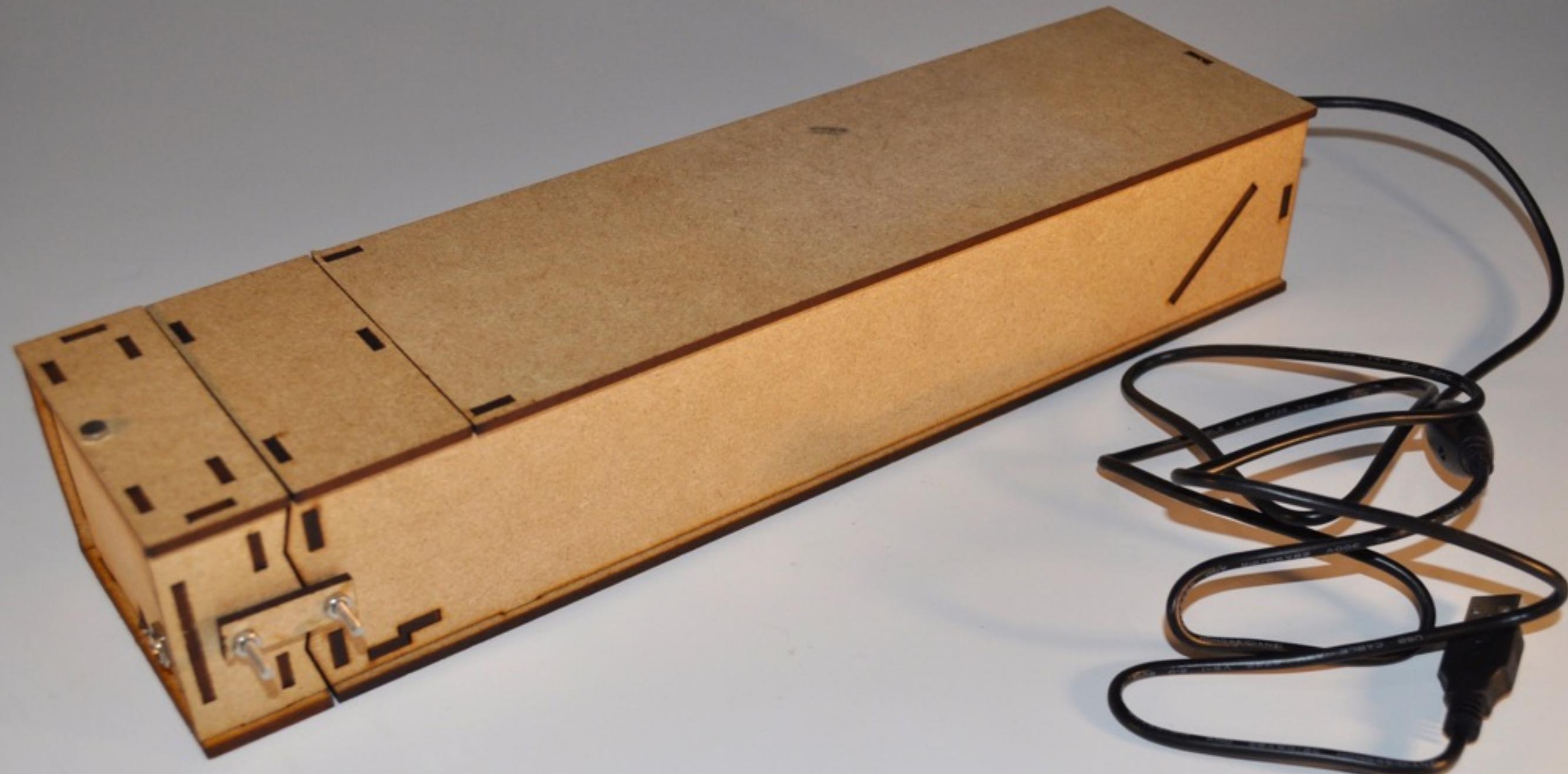


# BioHack Academy design



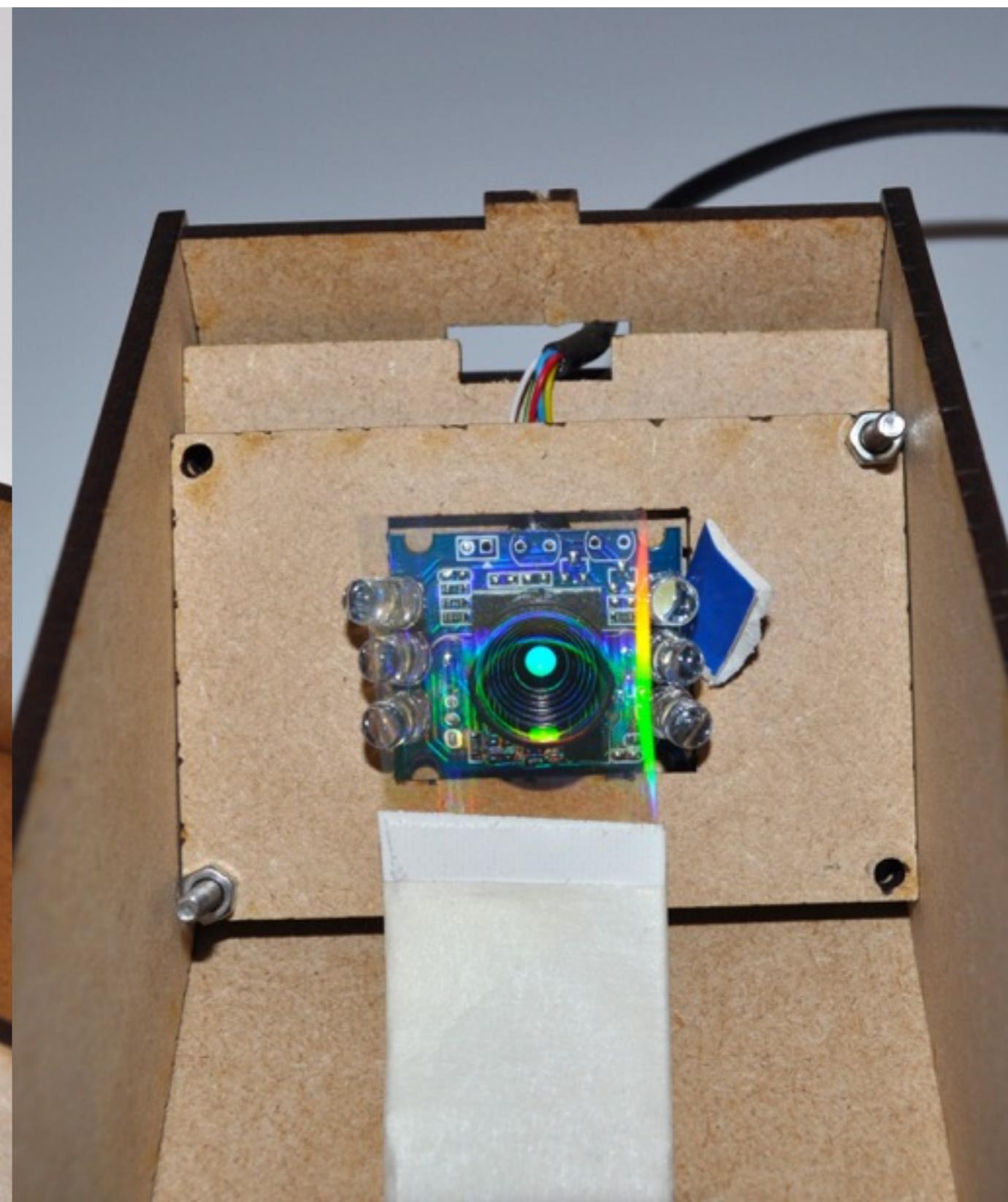
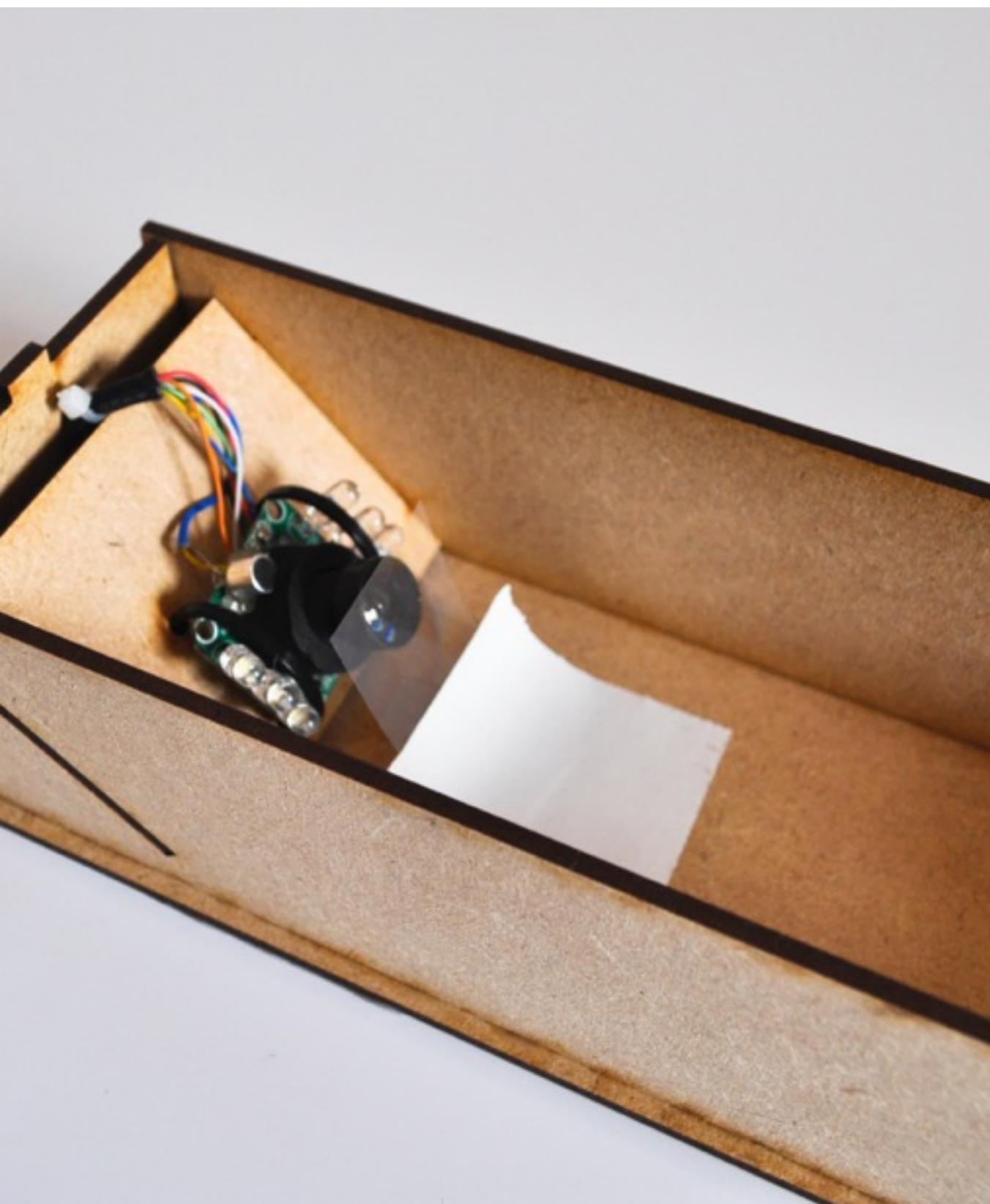


# BioHack Academy design





# BioHack Academy design





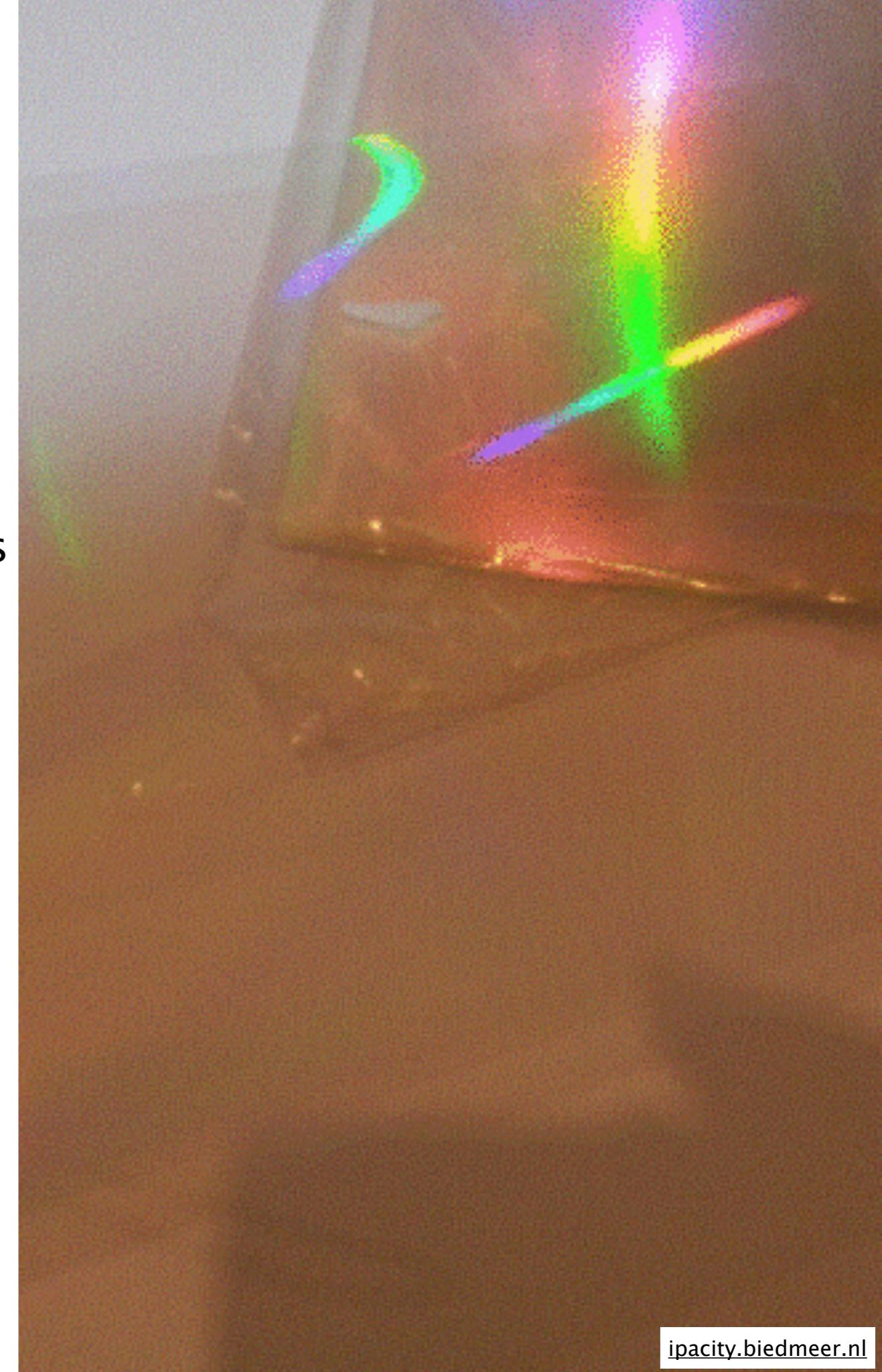
# Bill of Materials

#	Amount	Description
1	1	Webcam
2	1	3mm MDF
3	1	White LED
4	1	220 Ohm resistor
5	1	7.5 W power supply
6	1	Jack Adapter
7	1	4.7 GB DVD-R (track pitch 0.74 microns) or 1,000 lines/mm grating



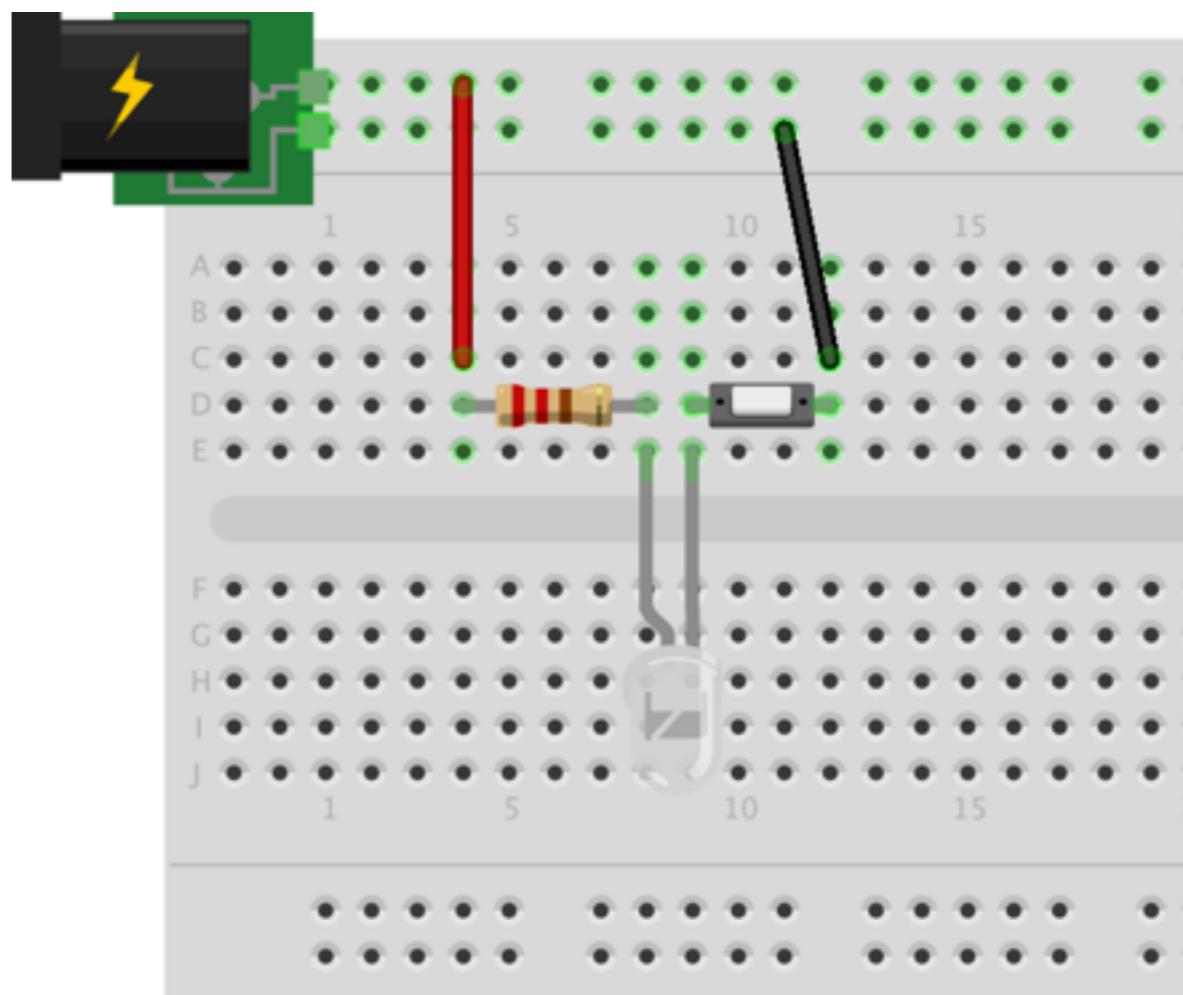
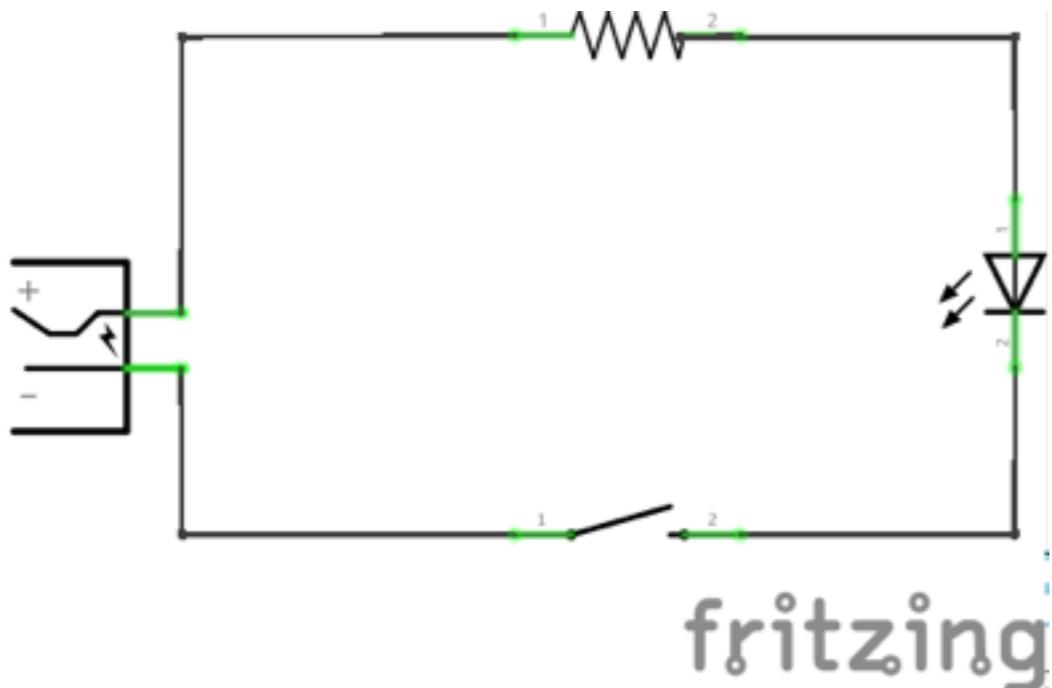
# Foil

- Angle 45 degrees
  - Grating foil
    - 1000 lines per mm
  - DVD-R 4.7 GB:
    - Track pitch of 0.74 microns
    - 1351 lines per mm
  - DVD-R 3.95 GB:
    - Track pitch of 0.8 microns
    - 1250 lines per mm
  - CD:
    - track pitch 1.6 microns
    - 625 lines per mm





# LED Wiring





# Slit

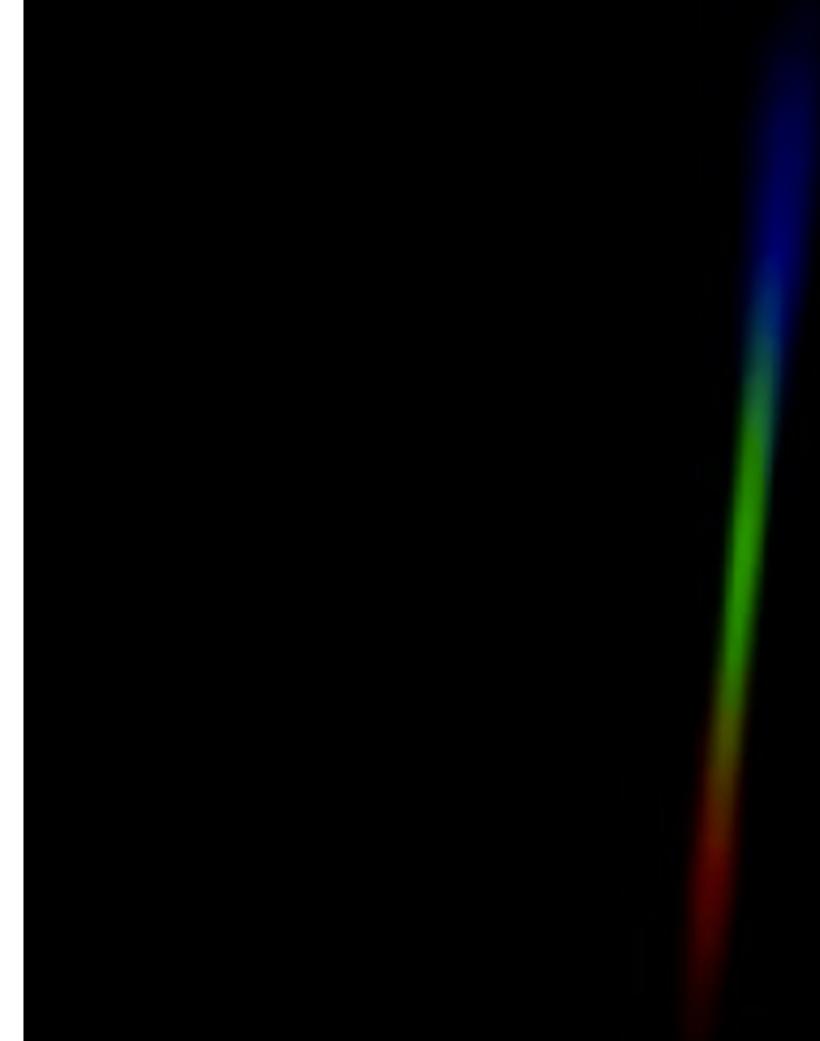
- Slit size: 1mm
- Lower is better resolution, but less sensitive
- Distance to slit: 22 cm
  - Focus webcam on this distance





# Spectrum

- Day light





# Spectral Workbench analysis

The figure shows the Spectral Workbench interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with icons for Home, Search, Browse, Learn, and User Profile (pieter). A blue button on the right says "Capture spectra". Below the navigation bar is a color calibration bar with a gradient from blue to red. The main area features a line graph representing a spectrum. The y-axis is labeled from 0% to 100% in 25% increments. The x-axis is labeled from 250 nm to 850 nm in 50 nm increments. A grey line represents the spectrum, which is relatively flat until 450 nm, then rises to a peak around 600 nm (approx. 20%) before gradually declining. A legend in the upper right corner indicates "BHA Test = 16%". At the bottom, there are several buttons: "Calibrate" (blue), "Embed", "Add to set", "Save as set", "Compare", "Find similar", "568 nm" (highlighted in blue), and "More tools".

## BHA Test

uploaded by pieter | March 31, 2015 07:26

Tags: [upload](#) x [device:custom](#) x



## Notes

 Like 0  Tweet 0

 0 likes  Edit  Delete

-- (Cloned calibration from cal3) -- (Cloned calibration from BHA Test)

## Comments (0)

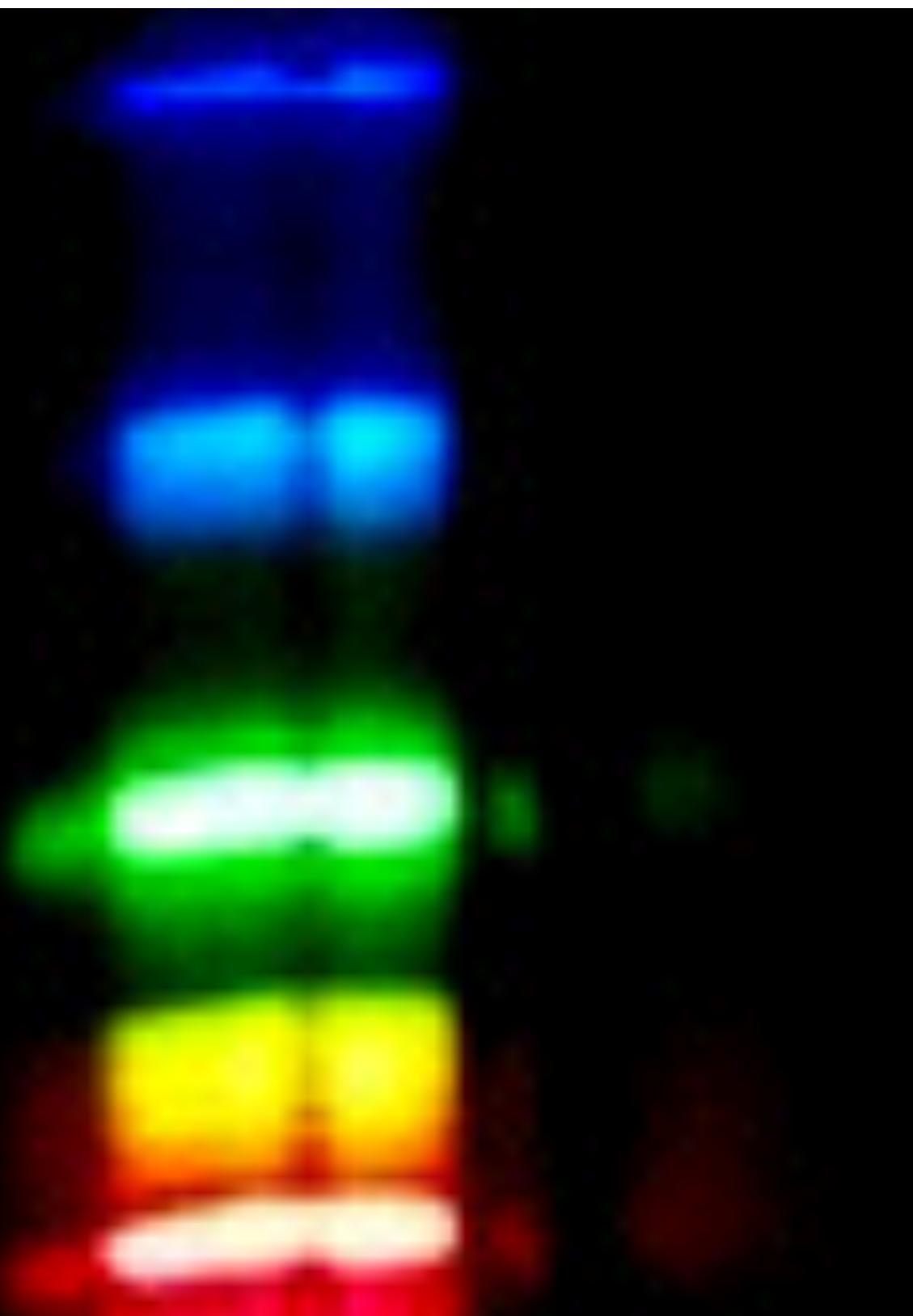
*No comments*

## Post a comment

[JSON](#) [CSV](#) [CSV \(raw\)](#) [XML](#) [?](#)

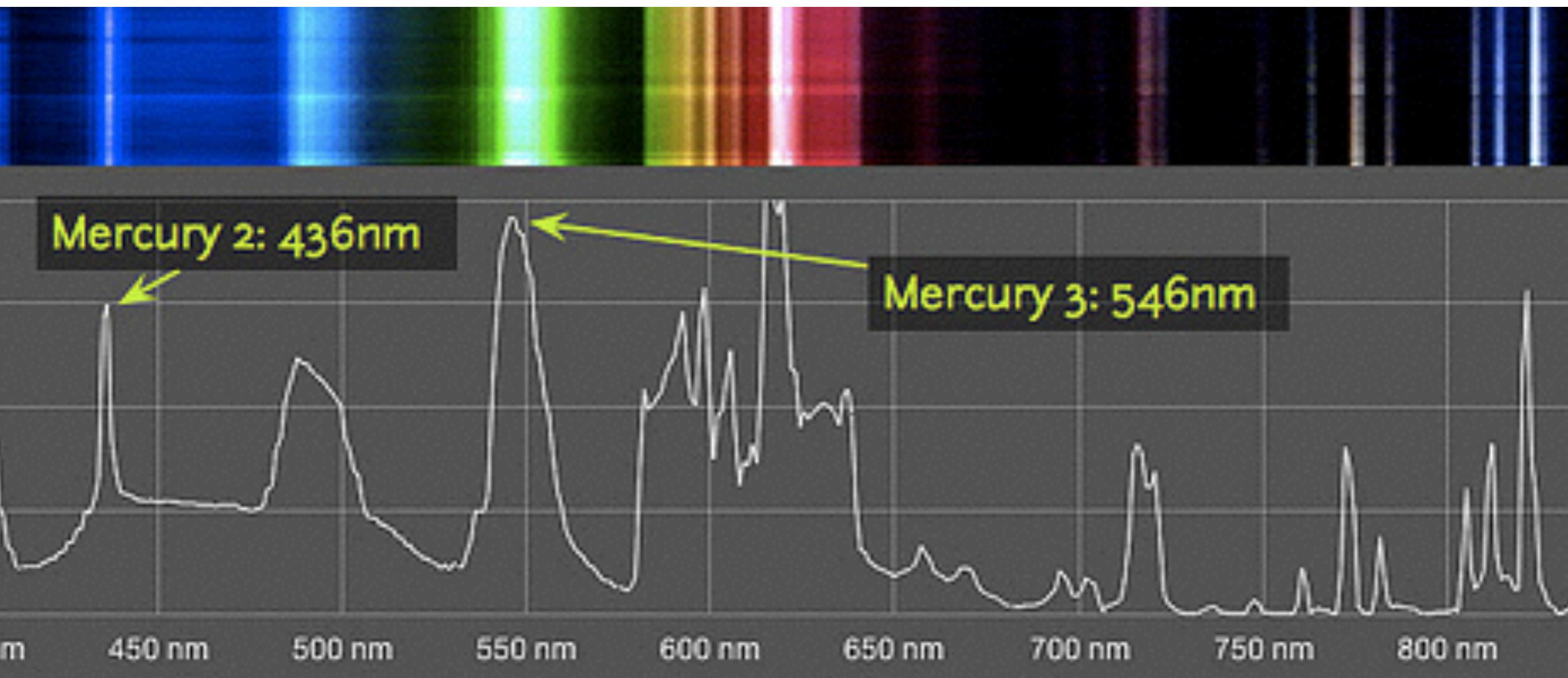


# Calibration





# Calibration





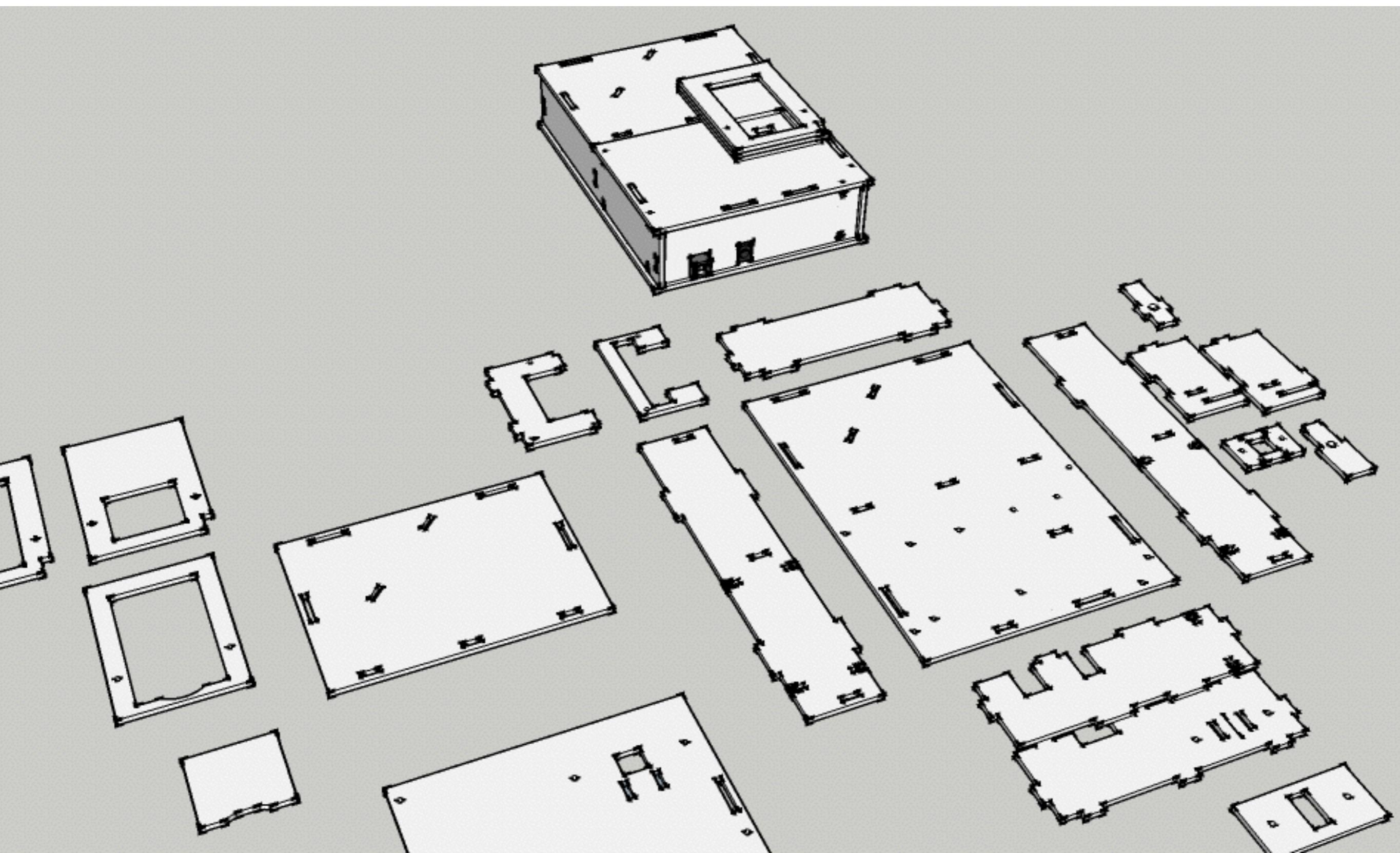
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# CCD Array Spectrometer

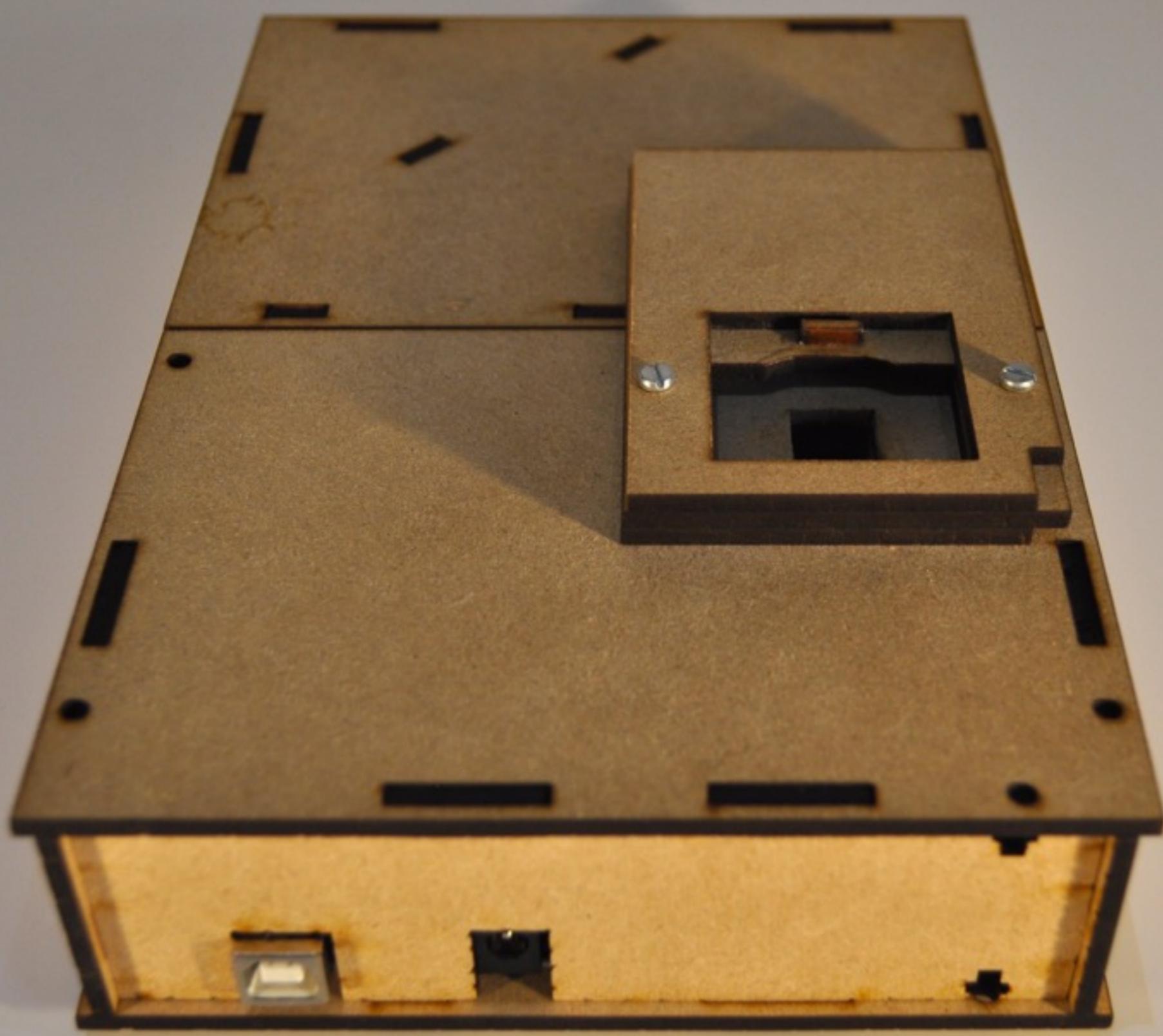


# BioHack Academy design



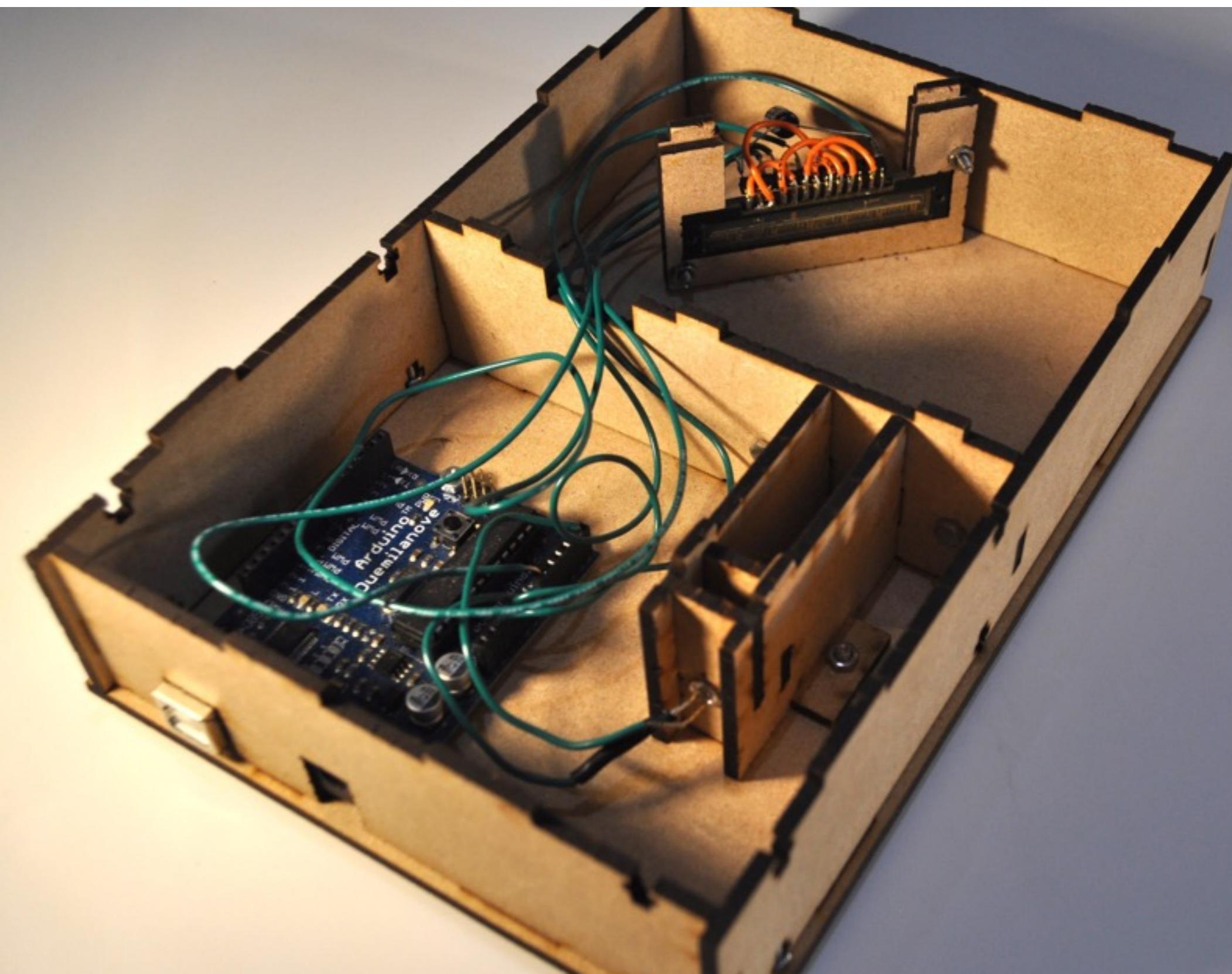


# BioHack Academy design





# BioHack Academy design

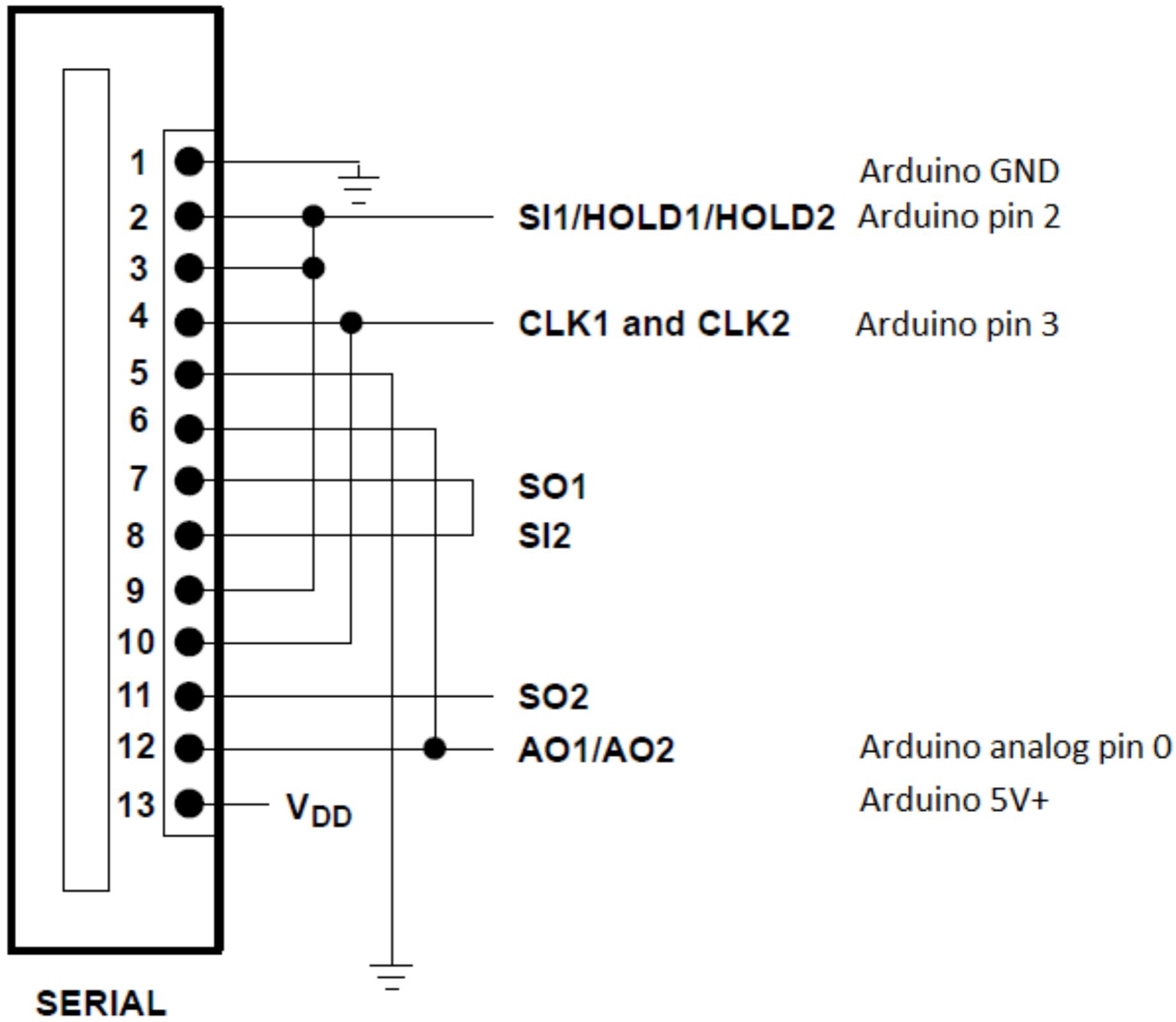




# Bill of Materials

#	Amount	Description
1	1	1 White LED
2	1	1 TSL1406R Photo diode array
3	1	1 1,000 lines/mm grating
4	1	1 220 ohm resistor
5	1	1 Power switch
5	1	1 7.5 W power supply
6	1	1 Jack Adapter







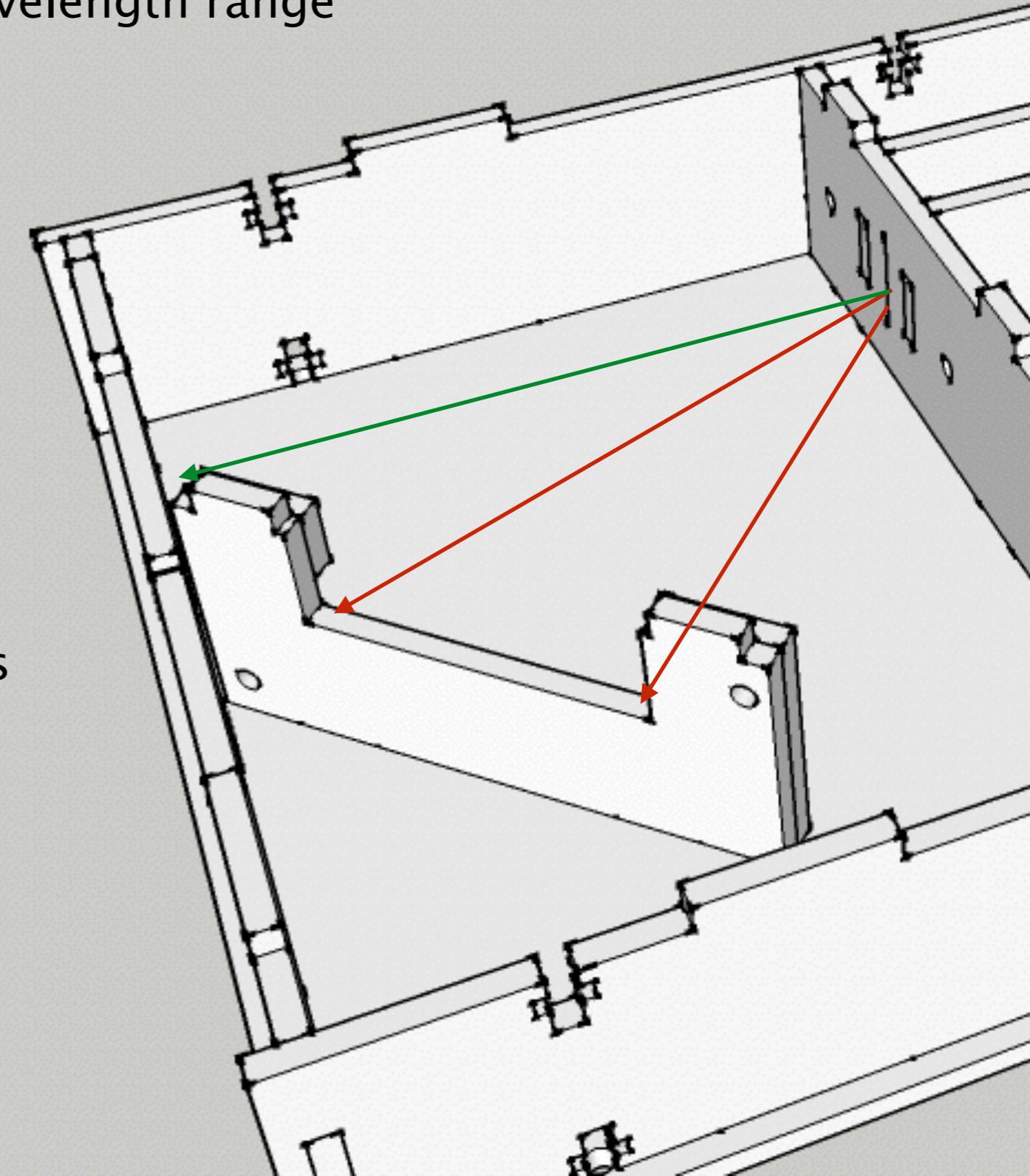
# CCD array

- 400 nm to 900 nm target wavelength range
- $d$  = grating 0.001 mm / line
- $\lambda$  = wavelength
- $\phi$  = diffraction angle
- $m$  = order of diffraction = 1

$$d \times \sin(\theta) = m \times \lambda$$

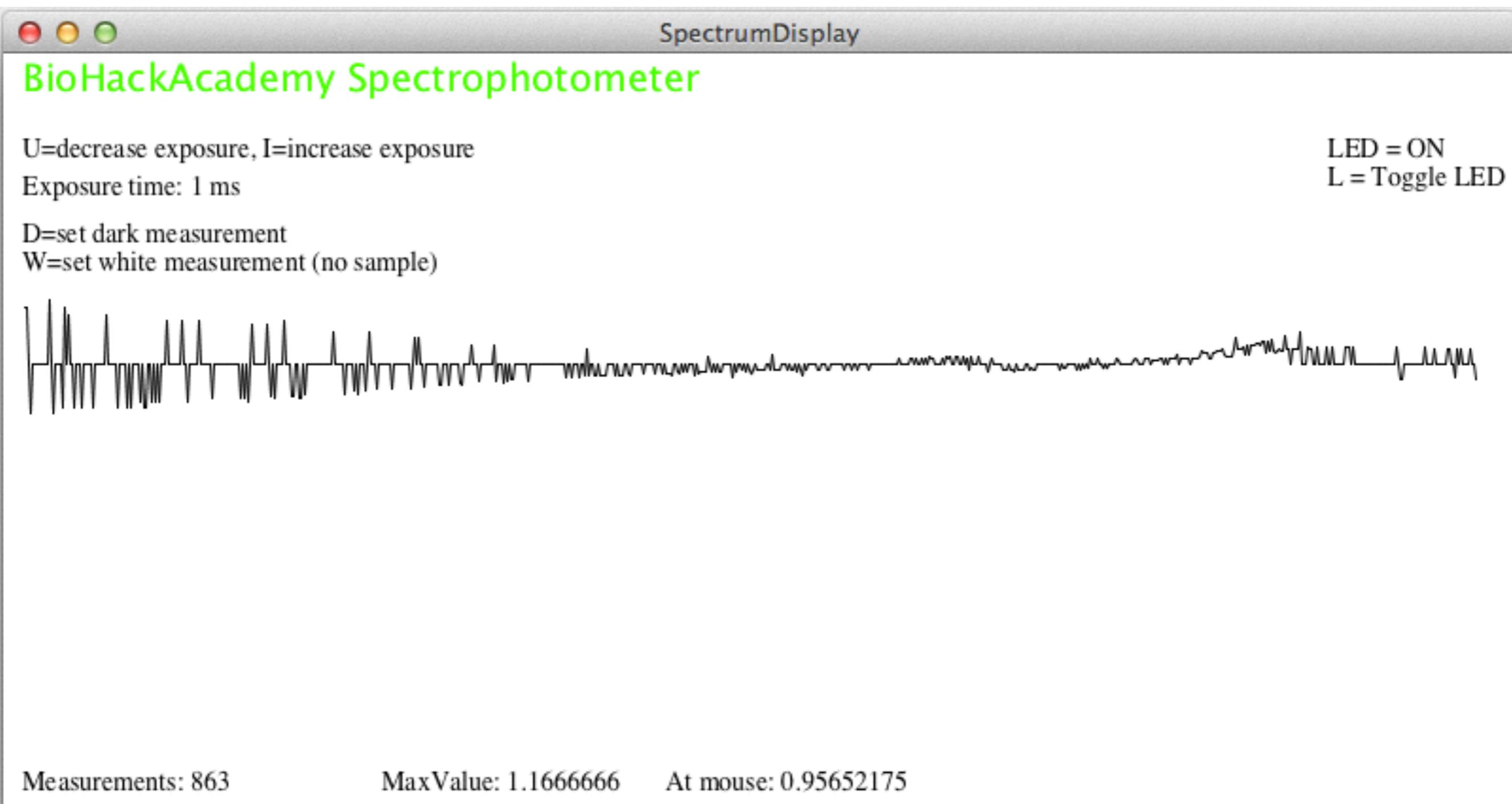
$$\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{m \times \lambda}{d}\right)$$

- 400 nm:  $\phi = 23.58$  degrees
- 900 nm  $\phi = 64.16$  degrees





# Processing Software – SpectrumDisplay





# Source Code – setup

```
import processing.serial.*;

Serial port;      // The serial port
int exposureTime = 1; // 1 ms
float updateSpeed = 2000; // 1000 ms

int lastSpectrumUpdate=0;

boolean ledState=true;
PFont defaultFont;
PFont titleFont;

String buffer;

int SpectrumSize = 768;
float[] rawSpectrumData, correctedSpectrumData;
float[] darkReadout, whiteReadout;
int spectrumValueIndex=0;
int spectraCount=0;
```

```
void setup() {
    size(800, 400);
    // create a font with the third font available to the system:
    defaultFont = createFont(PFont.list()[0], 14);
    titleFont = createFont(PFont.list()[4], 20);
    textFont(defaultFont);

    // List all the available serial ports:
    printArray(Serial.list());

    String portName = Serial.list()[0];
    port = new Serial(this, portName, 57600);

    correctedSpectrumData = new float[SpectrumSize];
    rawSpectrumData = new float[SpectrumSize];
    darkReadout = new float[SpectrumSize];
    whiteReadout = new float[SpectrumSize];
    for(int i=0;i<SpectrumSize;i++)
        whiteReadout[i]=1.0f;

    lastSpectrumUpdate=millis();

    ledState=true;
    port.write("led 1\n");
}
```



# Source Code – spectrum

```
void readSpectrum() {
    println("Updating spectrum");
    port.write("read\n");
}

void drawSpectrum() {
    int xstart=10, ystart=height-30;

    float maxVal=0.0f;
    for (int i=0;i<correctedSpectrumData.length;i++)
        maxVal = max(correctedSpectrumData[i],maxVal);

    float yscale = (height - 160)/maxVal;
    for (int i=1;i<correctedSpectrumData.length;i++) {
        line(i+xstart, ystart - correctedSpectrumData[i-1] * yscale,
              i+xstart+1, ystart - correctedSpectrumData[i] * yscale);
    }

    int indexAtMousePos = max(0, min(SpectrumSize-1, mouseX - xstart));
    text("At mouse: " + correctedSpectrumData[indexAtMousePos], 350, 39
    text("MaxValue: " + maxVal, 200, 390);
}

/*
Compute correctedSpectrumData based on rawSpectrumData, whiteReadout */
void computeSpectrum() {
    for (int i=0;i<SpectrumSize;i++) {
        correctedSpectrumData[i] = (rawSpectrumData[i] - darkReadout[i])
    }
}

void draw() {
    int time = millis();

    if (lastSpectrumUpdate + updateSpeed < time) {
        lastSpectrumUpdate=time;
        readSpectrum();
    }

    background(255);
    text("U=decrease exposure, I=increase exposure", 10, 55);
    text("Exposure time: " + exposureTime + " ms", 10, 75);
    text("D=set dark measurement", 10, 100);
    text("W=set white measurement (no sample)", 10, 115);

    text("Measurements: " + spectraCount, 10, 390);

    text("LED = " + ( ledState ? "ON" : "OFF" ), 700, 55);
    text("L = Toggle LED", 700, 70);

    textAlign(CENTER);
    textFont(titleFont);
    fill(0, 255, 0);
    text("BioHackAcademy Spectrophotometer", 10, 20);
    textFont(defaultFont);
    fill(0);

    drawSpectrum();
}
```



# Source Code – interaction

```
void serialEvent(Serial port) {
    while (port.available () >0) {
        char c = port.readChar();
        if (c == '\n' && buffer.length() > 0) {
            char first=buffer.charAt(0);
            if (first >= '0' && first <= '9') {
                int value = Integer.parseInt(buffer.trim()); //substring(0,bu
                rawSpectrumData[spectrumValueIndex++] = value/1024.0f;
                if (spectrumValueIndex==SpectrumSize) {
                    computeSpectrum();
                    spectrumValueIndex=0;
                    spectraCount++;
                }
            } else if(buffer=="start") {
                spectrumValueIndex=0; // align again
            }
            buffer="";
        } else {
            buffer+=c;
        }
    }
}

void keyPressed() {
    if (key >= 'A' && key <= 'Z')
        key += 'a'-'A'; // make lowercase

    if (key == 'i' || key == 'u') {
        if (key == 'i') exposureTime += 3;
        else exposureTime -= 3;
        exposureTime = max(exposureTime,1);

        port.write("exp " + max(1, (int)exposureTime) + "\n");
    }

    if (key == 'l') {
        ledState=!ledState;
        port.write("led " + ( ledState ? "1" : "0") + "\n");
    }

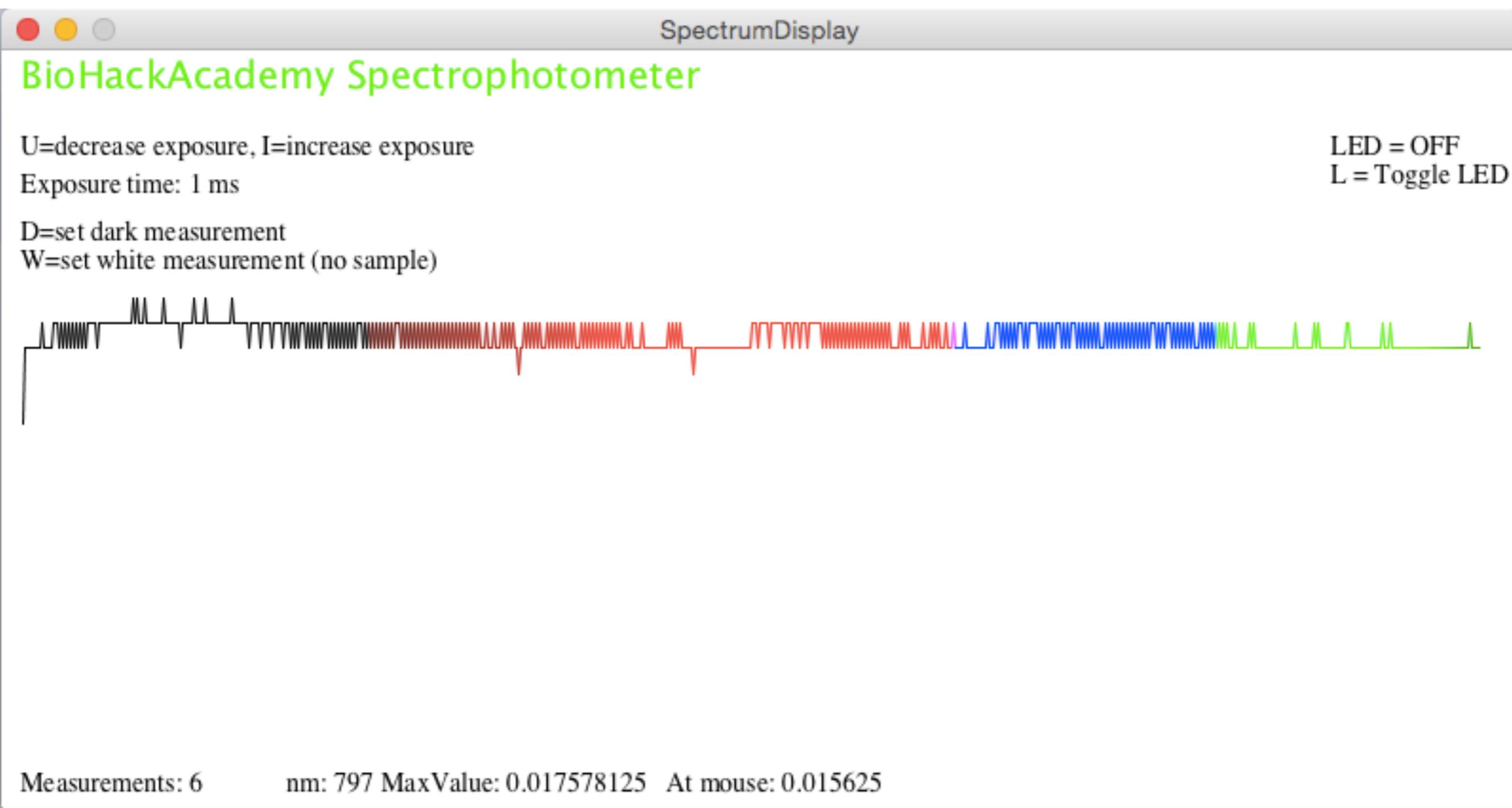
    if (key == ' ') {
        readSpectrum();
    }

    if (key == 'd') {
        for (int i=0;i<SpectrumSize;i++)
            darkReadout[i] = rawSpectrumData[i];
    }

    if (key == 'w') {
        for (int i=0;i<SpectrumSize;i++)
            whiteReadout[i] = rawSpectrumData[i];
    }
}
```



# Processing Software – Empty





# Red food dye

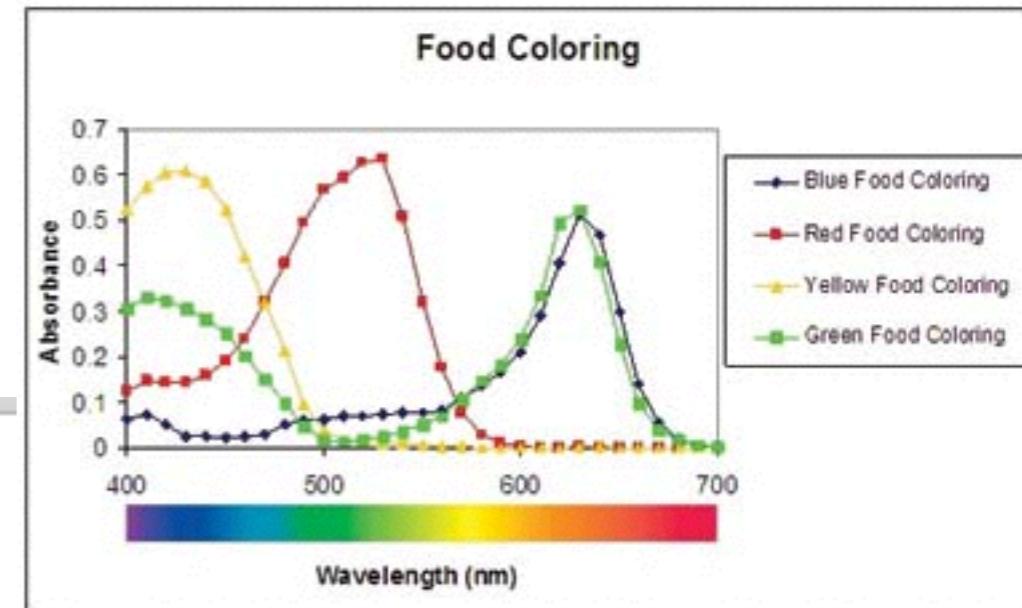
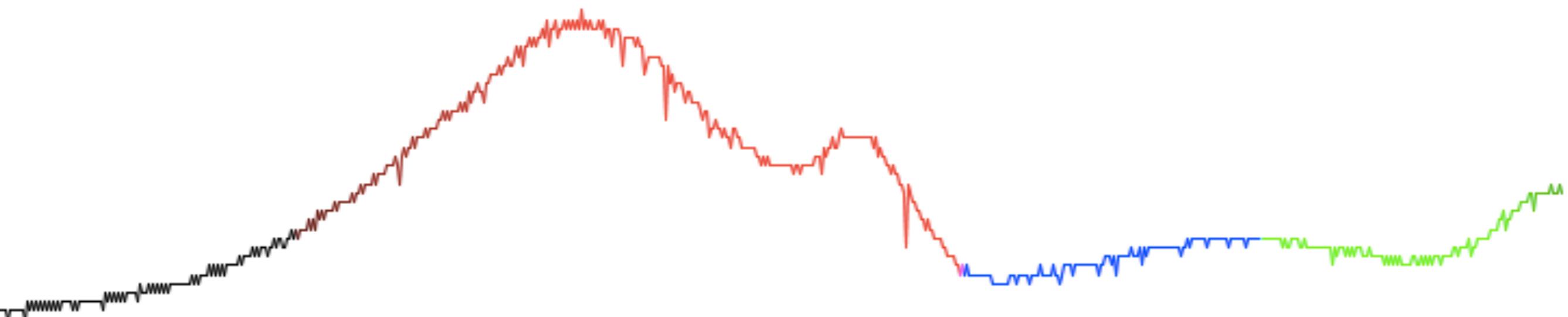
JackAcademy Spectrophotometer

↑=increase exposure, I=increase exposure

Exposure time: 1 ms

Dark measurement

White measurement (no sample)



L = Toggle LED



# Green food dye

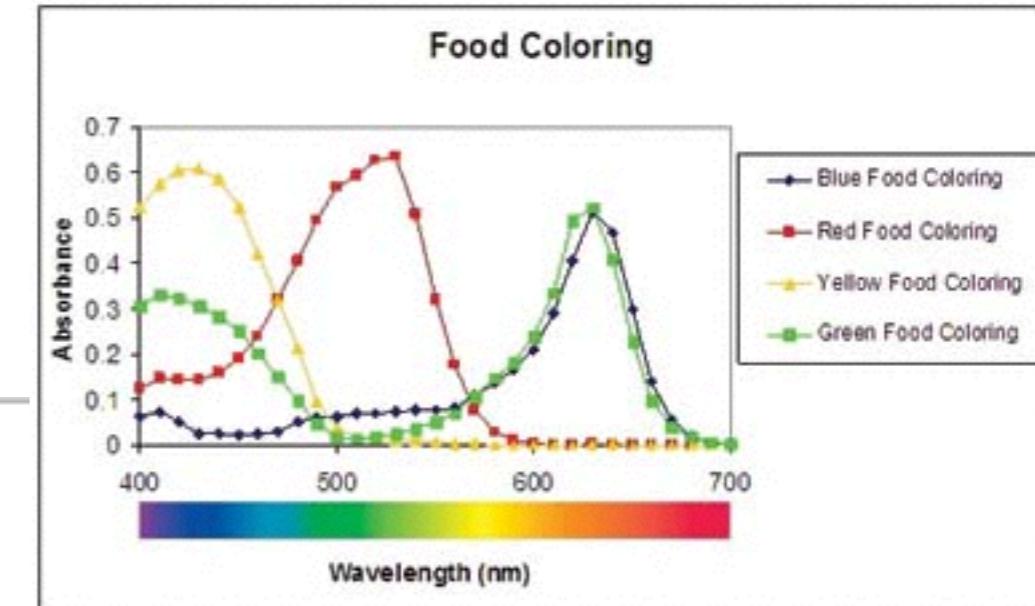
ackAcademy Spectrophotometer

ease exposure, I=increase exposure

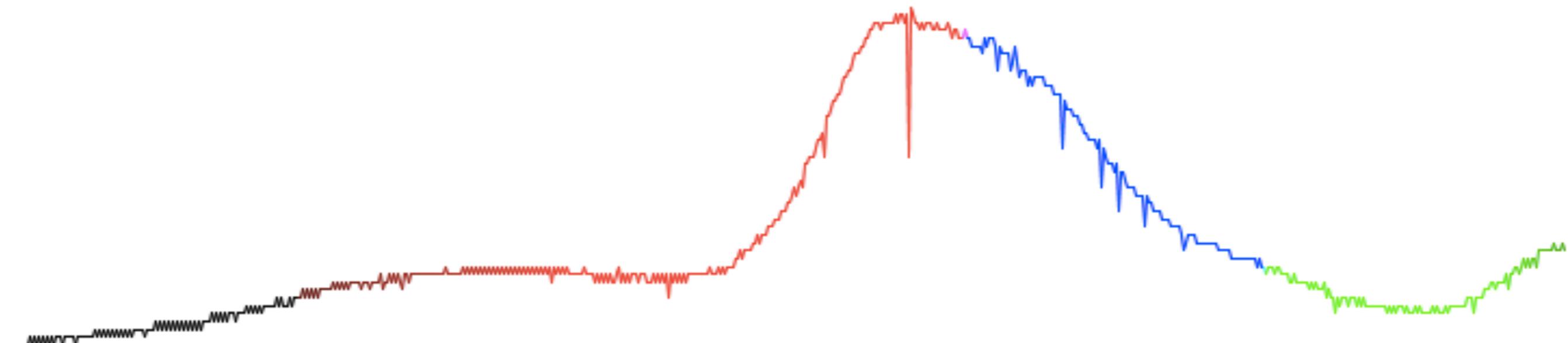
re time: 1 ms

ark measurement

white measurement (no sample)



L = Toggle LED





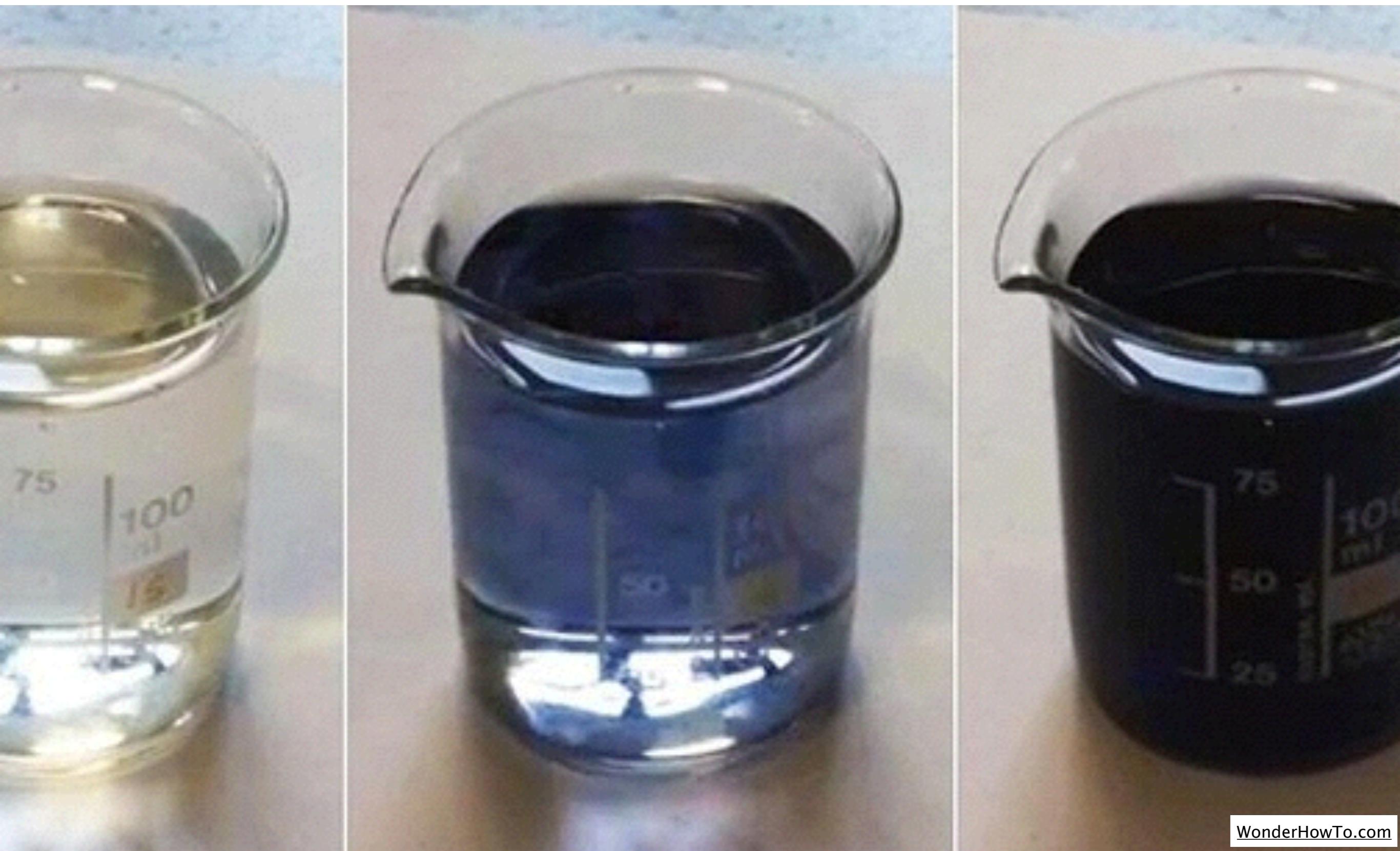
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**Coming up**

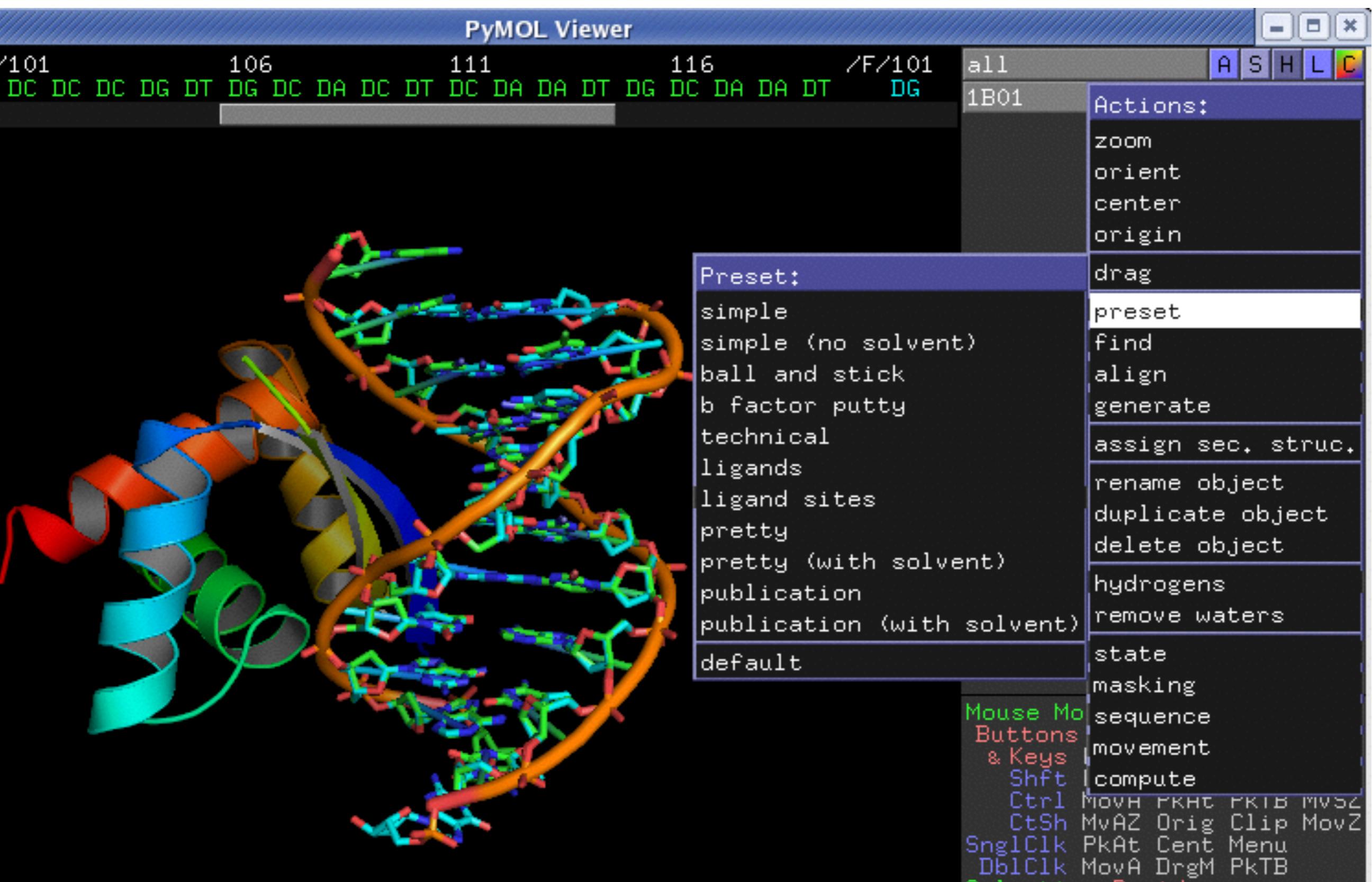


# Practical – Iodine Clock Reaction





# Bio informatics practical





# Graduation Show

- Tuesday November 17th
- Program:
  - 18:30 Doors Open
  - 19:00 Graduation Show Starts
  - 21:30 Handing out certificates and drinks
  - 22:30 End
- 8 presentations
  - Andreia, Clara, Erwin, Ilva, Manon, Margot, Tim, Yasemin
  - 5 minutes presentation, 5 minute questions



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rights  
reserved**