LATEX in a Nutshell

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Goal of This Session

- Latex
 - Latex in the web: Overleaf
 - Basic introduction
 - Hands-on Examples

- Reference Management
 - Manage your literature
 - Export your literature for import into Latex

The Universal Library At Your Fingertips



Prerequisites

Overleaf account:

https://overleaf.com

Downloads for the exercises can be found here:

https://github.com/BioInfPrep/latex/tree/main/ss21

Motivation for Using Latex

- Extremely well suited for writing scientific documents
- Significant amount of time is spent on writing scientific texts
- Assignments, reports, theses, publications, etc.
- Production of text documents with a flavour of programming
- Excellent online resources (documentation, forums, etc.)
- And everything for free

Why Not Use Office Products

- Such as MS Word or LibreOffice Writer
- Getting unhandy (even fails) for larger documents
- Have you ever tried such a thing in Word?

$$\hat{g}_{ij}(r) = \frac{\hat{\rho}_{ij}^s(r)}{\hat{\rho}_{ij}^{bulk}} = \frac{v_j^{bulk}}{v_j^s(r)} \times \frac{\rho_{ij}^s(r)}{\rho_{ij}^{bulk}} = f_j(r) \times \frac{\rho_{ij}^s(r)}{\rho_{ij}^{bulk}}$$

Why Overleaf

- Times for local Latex installations are over
- Pretty good editor with auto-completion
- Immediate preview (or error messages;)
- Large number of ready-to-use templates
- Easy sharing of projects for collaborate editing
- Download of projects as zip archives

Online Help

- Latex Wiki
 - https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/LaTeX
- Overleaf Learning Section
 - https://www.overleaf.com/learn
 - https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Tutorials
- Important Latex Forums
 - http://www.golatex.de
 - http://tex.stackexchange.com
- Learning by doing!!!

(((have I already mentioned that G. is your friend)))

Latex Hands On

- We will assemble a Latex document in Overleaf step by step
- This example shall give you a starting point
- We rebuild the Wikipedia article on Structural Bioinformatics
- The following slides are only a guideline
- Thus: take notes

Hands On: Create a New Project

- Create a new and empty project in Overleaf
- Overleaf already gives you a working project
- Latex documents usually have the extension tex
- The central document of a Latex project is main.tex
- Everything in Latex is controlled by commands
- https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Commands

Hands On: Environments

- Environments are used to format blocks of text
- Environments have a begin and an end
- https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Environments

```
\begin{environment}
...
\end{environment}
```

Hands On: Title Page

- Really easy to create
- Relevant information specified by commands
- Creation of the title page using a command

```
\title{the_title}
\author{the_author}
\date{a_date}
```

\maketitle

Hands On: Including Text

- Basically, you can type text into your document environment
- We try to structure the project directly using separate files
- You can include .tex files using the input command

```
\input {input_filename}
```

Exercise 1

- Create an empty project for the Wikipedia Article
- Create an appropriate title page
- Oownload the sections and upload them into your project
- Include the content of the sections into your project

Hands On: Structuring Content I

- We can easily create sections and subsections
- The corresponding commands are straightforward
- We can also enforce a page break between sections

```
\section{title}
\subsection{title}
\section*{title}
\subsection*{title}
\newpage
```

Hands On: Structuring Content II

- We can now use this structure to generate a table of content
- Additionally we can enforce extremely useful navigation
- For this purpose we include an additional package
- And we can explain our raw document using comments

```
% A package for document navigation
```

% Must be in the preamble

\usepackage { hyperref }

- % Generate a table of content
- % Placed in the document environment
- % wherever needed

\tableofcontents

Hands On: Generate Lists

It is very easy to create lists using environments

```
\begin{itemize} % bullet points
    \item a
    \item b
\end{itemize}

\begin{enumerate} % enumeration
    \item 1
    \item 2
\end{enumerate}
```

Hands On: Text Formatting

- Various commands allow you to format text directly
- Commands can be nested (i.e. used inside of each other)

```
\textbf{boldface}
\emph{italicized}
\underline{underlined}
\textcolor{color}{text} % package xcolor
```

Exercise 2

- Structure your document using sections and subsections
- Create a table of contents
- Try the *-version of the section-commands, what happens?
- Enable navigation using the hyperref package
- Generate the required lists for your Wikipedia article
- Format all occurrences of "bioinformatics" boldface and blue

Hands On: Adding an Image

- Images can be added directly
- Or within the figure environment, which brings along advantages
- https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Inserting_Images

```
% needs package graphicx
\includegraphics[optional_arguments]{image}

\begin{figure} [positioning]
    \centering
    \includegraphics[optional_arguments]{image}
    \caption{a_caption}
    \label{fig:my_label}
\end{figure}
```

Hands On: Adding a Table

- Tables are generated within the tabular environment
- https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/tables
- https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/LaTeX/Tables

Hands On: Referencing to Tables and Figures

- Using the figure and tabular environments allows referencing
- To do so, you just have to specify the label
- And use this labels within the ref command
- This command just creates numbers

```
\ref{my_figure}
\ref{my_table}
```

Exercise 3

- Insert the PDB statistics figure and place it in the PDB section
- Create the contact distance table and place it appropriately
 - Use https://detexify.kirelabs.org/classify.html to look up how to create the "A" symbol
- Oreate a list of figures and tables
 - without using \listoffigures and \listoftables
- List and reference to the figure and the table you created

Hands On: Create Nice Mathematical Formula

- One strength of Latex is formatting and type setting inf maths
- You can do this directly in the text within \$... \$
- Or using the equation environment
- You have access to special characters and commands
- Also here, commands can be nested
- https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/mathematical_expressions
- https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/LaTeX/Mathematics

Exercise 4

- Insert the Pythagorean Theorem somewhere in your document
- Insert the lonesome equation of the Wikipedia article
- Make sure it gets a number and is appropriately placed

Hands On: Include and Cite Literature

- You will always need to properly cite your sources
- I recommend to directly start using a reference manager
- My personal favourite is Mendeley: https://www.mendeley.com
- It allows you to manage your literature
- It allows you to store and annotate corresponding PDFs
- It allows you to export BibTex format (.bib)

Hands On: Include and Cite Literature

- BibTex format can be integrated in Latex documents
- Latex has a powerful mechanism to generate your References
- Latex offers various bibliography styles (abbrv, alpha, ...)
- https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Biblatex_citation_styles

```
\cite{citation_key} % cite literature
```

```
\bibliographystyle{style} % select style
\bibliography{bibtex_file} % select bibtex file
```

Exercise 4

- Fetch the BibTex-file from the repository and add it to your project
- Add the bibliography file and a style of you choice
- Oite some of the articles wherever you like
- Go to the PLOS Computational Biology website
 - https://journals.plos.org/ploscompbiol/
- Select an article of your choice and try to get the BibTex citation
- Add and cite this article