An Introduction to SingleCellAssay

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September 10, 2012

1 Philosophy

SingleCellAssayis an R/Bioconductor package for Fluidigm and friends. We seek to support assays that have multiple features (genes, markers, etc) per well (cell, etc) in a flexible format. The assays is mostly complete in the sense that most wells contain measurements for all features. We test for completeness, and complete the object if it is not, so very incomplete assays just make things a bit slower.

Internally, we store everything as one giant data.frame with names of special columns kept in a mapping that contains column names and keywords. It is in long-melted format, in feature-major order, so not especially fast or space-efficient, but rather is intended to be very flexible.

Each well, feature TODO: , and unit (phenotype) has covariates measured. These are kept in AnnotatedDataframes, which are generated from the basal data.frame, if so provided. TODO: If not provided, then they can be added after object creation.

2 Reading Data

Data imported in a Fluidigm instrument-specific format (whose details are undocumented, and probably subject-to-change) or in "long" (melted) format, in which each row is a measurement, so if there are N wells and M cells, then the data.frame should contain $N \times M$ rows.

For example, the following data set was provided in as a comma-separated value file. It has the cycle threshold (ct) recorded, with non-detected genes recorded as NAs. For the Fluidigm/qPCR single cell expression functions to work as expected, we must report the expression threshold ($c_{\text{max}} - ct$), which is proportional to the log-expression.

We specify vbeta, as the data.frame from which the FluidigmAssay object will be created, the idvars which is a column(s) in vbeta that unique identify a well, the primerid, which is a column(s) that specify which feature is measured at this nrow. The measurement gives the column name containing the log-expression measurement, ncells contains the number of cells (or other normalizing factor) for the well. geneid, cellvars, phenovars all specify additional columns to be included in the featureData, phenoData and cellData (TODO: wellData):

```
head(fData(vbeta.fa))
##
            Gene
## B3GAT1 B3GAT1
## BAX
             BAX
            BCL2
## BCL2
## CCL2
            CCL2
## CCL3
            CCL3
## CCL4
            CCL4
head(cData(vbeta.fa))
##
     Number.of.Cells
                                 Population Subject.ID Chip.Number Well
## 1
                    1 CD154+VbetaResponsive
                                                  Sub01
## 2
                    1 CD154+VbetaResponsive
                                                  Sub01
                                                                   1 A02
## 3
                    1 CD154+VbetaResponsive
                                                  Sub01
                                                                      A03
## 4
                    1 CD154+VbetaResponsive
                                                  Sub01
                                                                   1
                                                                      A04
## 5
                    1 CD154+VbetaResponsive
                                                  Sub01
                                                                      A05
## 6
                    1 CD154+VbetaResponsive
                                                  Sub01
                                                                      A06
##
     Stim.Condition Time
## 1
          Stim(SEB)
## 2
          Stim(SEB)
## 3
          Stim(SEB)
                       12
          Stim(SEB)
## 4
                       12
## 5
          Stim(SEB)
                       12
## 6
          Stim(SEB)
                       12
```

3 Subsetting, splitting, combining

It's possible to subset SingleCellAssayobjects by wells TODO: and features. Double square brackets ("[["]") and subset subset by wells. Both integer and boolean indices may be used. The usual recycling rules (if the index is shorter than the number of rows) apply. TODO: Single square brackets subset by [wells, features].

```
sub1 <- vbeta.fa[[1:10]]
show(sub1)

## SingleCellAssay id: vbeta all
## 10 wells; 75 features

sub2 <- subset(vbeta.fa, Well == "A01")
show(sub2)

## SingleCellAssay id: vbeta all
## 5 wells; 75 features</pre>
```

A SingleCellAssaymay be split into a list of SingleCellAssay, which is known as a SCASet.

```
sp1 <- split(vbeta.fa, "Subject.ID")

## Warning: namedlist should not be empty

## Warning: namedlist should not be empty

show(sp1)

## SCASet of size 2
## Samples Sub01, Sub02</pre>
```

```
sp2 <- split(vbeta.fa, factor(rbinom(nrow(vbeta.fa), 1, prob = 0.2)))
## Warning: namedlist should not be empty
## Warning: namedlist should not be empty
show(sp2)
## SCASet of size 2
## Samples 0, 1</pre>
```

The splitting variable can either be a character vector naming column(s) of the SingleCellAssay, or may be a factor or list of factors.

It's possible to combine SingleCellAssay.