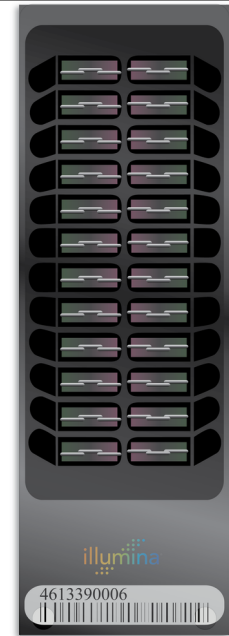


1. Genetic test to minimize chemo in early-stage breast cancer patients
2. Go over Lab 1
3. HIV/AIDS: background and history
4. Group projects

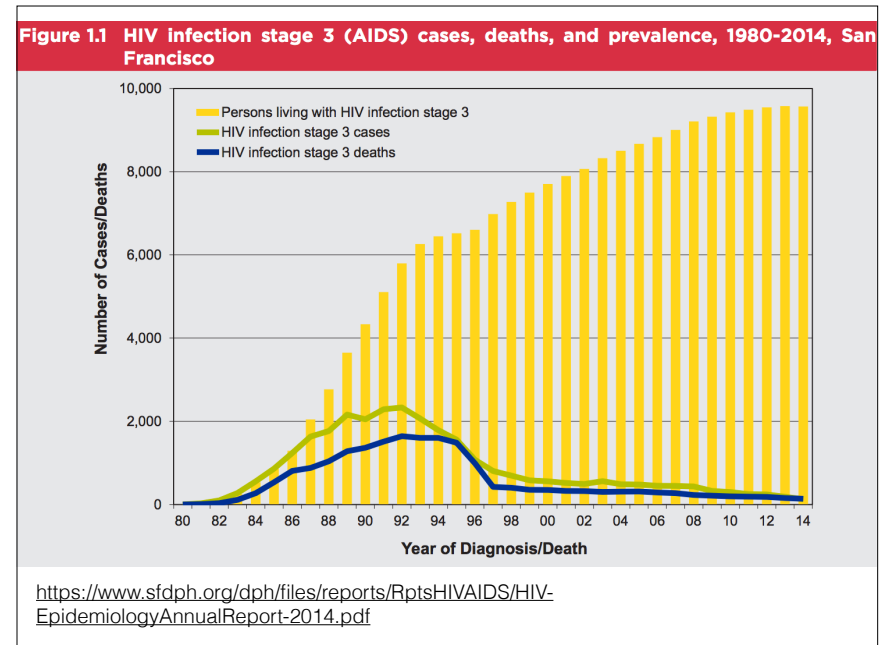
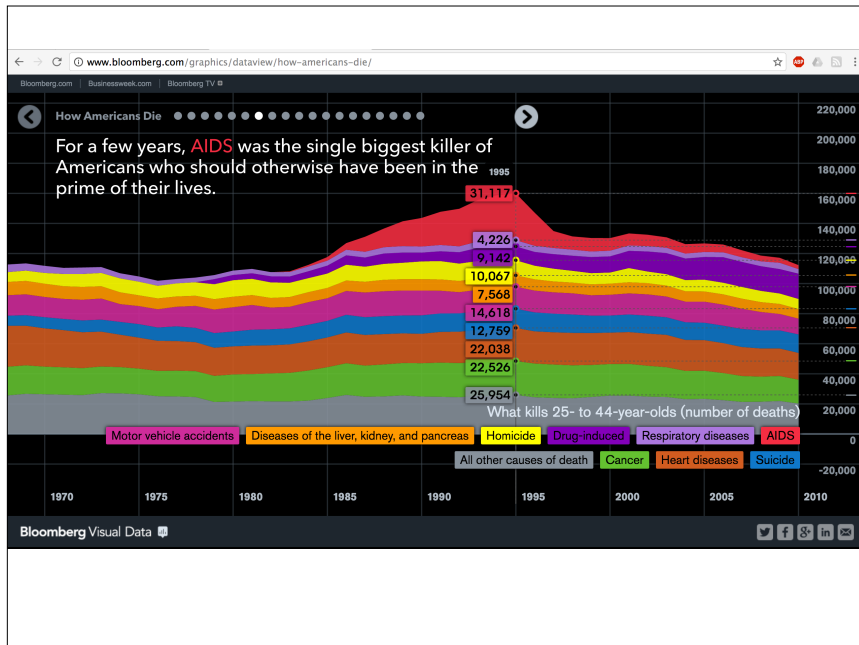
- Last time:
 - How are DNA samples collected?
 - Sample output
 - Exploring genome sizes, gene and protein content
- Remark: the process of collecting genetic data is not error-free — some procedures have higher rates of errors than others



The Berlin patient and the Mississippi baby

An introduction to HIV/AIDS

HIV/AIDS at the population level



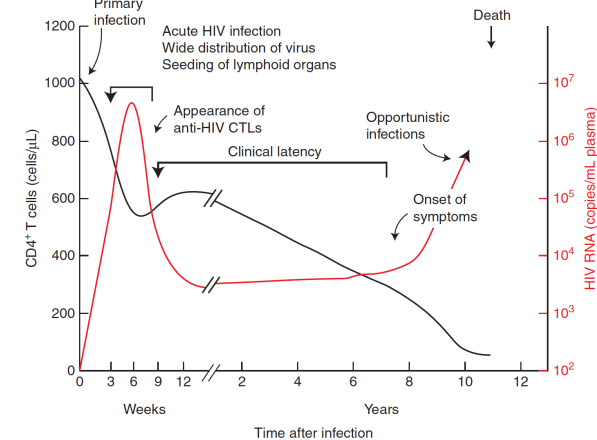
Timeline

- 1981 — first patients with AIDS (acquired immunodeficiency syndrome) identified
https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/june_5.htm
- 1984 — Evidence that AIDS was caused by a virus, HIV (human immunodeficiency virus)
- 1985 — blood banks screened for HIV
- 1987 — first antiretroviral drug (AZT) becomes available

- 1995 — first combination drug therapy HAART becomes available
- 2007 — first (and only) reported case of cure (Berlin patient)
- 2013 — toddler 'functionally cured' (Mississippi baby), relapsed in 2014
- 2014 — PrEP (pre-exposure prophylaxis) is available for at-risk populations
- **Today — no vaccine, no cure, but HIV is no longer fatal and prevention strategies are available**

HIV/AIDS at the individual level

HIV infection



Coffin and Swanstrom, Cold Spring Harb Perspect Med 2013;3:a012526

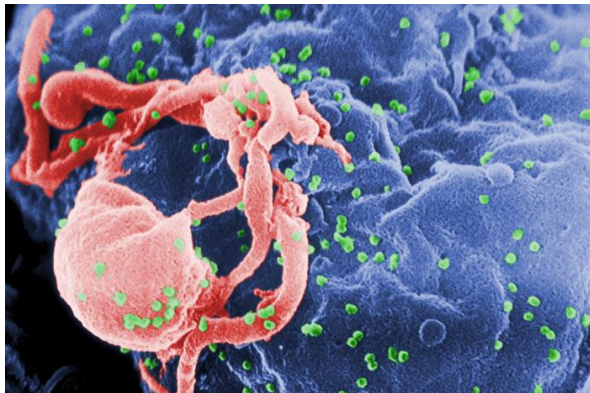


- Timothy Ray Brown (the Berlin patient)
 - developed leukemia after being on ART for 11 years
 - received two bone marrow transplants (from donor whose T cells did not have HIV-dependent co-receptors)
 - has not had detectable levels of HIV since

- Mississippi baby
 - born in 2010: mother diagnosed with HIV at time of delivery
 - baby started on ART at 30 hours of age, continued until 18mo, stopped for unknown reasons
 - at about 23mo (2012), no detectable virus, made headlines, 'functional cure' **<20 copies/mL**
 - at about 4 years (2014), virus detected **10,000-16,750 copies/mL**

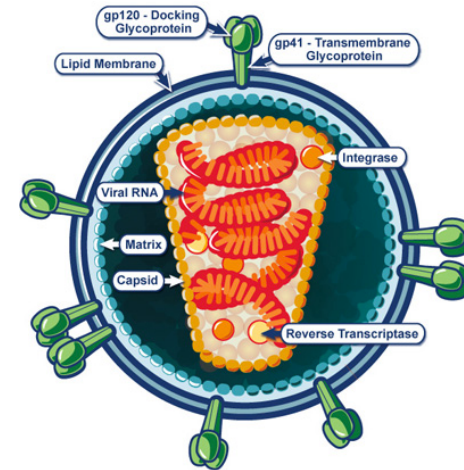
- ten minute break

HIV at the cellular level



HIV (green) emerging from infected T cell

retrovirus
RNA virus
lentivirus
'slow' virus



HIV life cycle

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=odRyv7V8LAE>

Group projects

- Pre-proposal due at the beginning of class Oct 11.
- You must have met with me in person before this date to discuss your project.
- Turn in written description of proposed work:
 - background
 - aims
 - potential challenges (if any)