Improting, summarizing and visualizing data

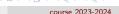
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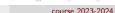
Introduction to the course

The material in these slides is strongly based on [1]. When other materials are going to be used, they will be cited accordingly.

How data is stored?

- Data canb be thought of as being the result of some random experiment.
- We are interested in analysisng such data.
- The format is typically a set of variables or features as columns while the different items are given as rows.
- Typically the first columns represents a unique identifier or index.
- Some columns refer to the experimental settings and others are real variables.
- Many times variables and experimental designs are stored in two different files. The we call the experimental designs file as the metadata file, describing the details of the different experiments (or columns).





Training datasets

There exist several datasets repositories that one can use to test the methods thyat are being developed. Some of them are woing to be used in this course:

- Machine Learning Repository at University of California (https://archive.ics.uci.edu)
- Vincent Arel-Bundock repository (https://vincentarelbundock.github.io/Rdatasets/)
- Data from Pierre Lafaye de Micheaux and collaborators in their book "The R Software. Fundamentals of Programming and Statistical Analysis" [2]





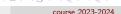
EX 1 I

Exercise 1 Data visualization

Import the *EuStockMarkets* dataset from the Vincent Arel-Bundock repository. The data set contains the daily closing prices of four European stock indices during the 1990s, for 260 working days per year.

• Create a vector of times (working days) for the stock prices, between 1991.496 and 1998.646 with increments of 1/260.

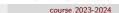




EX 1 II

Reproduce Figure 1.10. [Hint: Use a dictionary to map column names (stock indices) to colors.]





EX 1 III

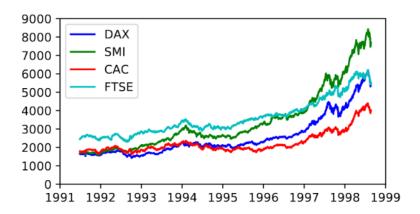


Figure 1.10: Stocks





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Pierre Lafaye De Micheaux, Rémy Drouilhet, and Benoit Liquet. The R Software: Fundamentals of Programming and Statistical Analysis, volume 40 of Statistics and Computing.

Springer, New York, NY, 2013.