### Unit 3. Sensitivity Analysis

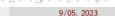
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### Preliminary

This course is strongly based on the monography on Operations Research by Carter, Price and Rabadi [1], and in material obtained from different sources (quoted when needed through the slides).

#### Learning outcomes

- Understanding the concept of postoptimality analysis
- Understanding and solving LP problems requiring sensitivity analysis
- Understanding the matrix representation of the Simplex solution



## The concept

- After an optimal solution is found, the analyst needs to review the problem parameters and the solution.
- This process is called postoptimality analysis:
  - confirming or updating problem parameters (cost and availabilities of activities and resources)
  - if changes need to be introduced in the original parameters, assessing their impact on the optimality of the solution.
- If changes are small, re-optimization may not be needed.
- Sensitivity analysis is the study of the effect that types, ranges, and
  magnitude of changes in problem parameters have in the value of the
  objective function, without the need to solve again the new linear
  problem.

#### Two types of parameter modifications

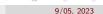
In a LP problem,

$$\max \quad \mathbf{c}^t \mathbf{x}$$
 subject to 
$$A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}, \forall x_i \geq 0$$

one can have two situations: one may have interest in knowing what happens with modifications in the parameters c or modifications in the parameters b.

In addition, one can explore what occurs when adding and extra constraint or adding a new variable.





#### Case 1: sensitivity with respect to c

#### Exercise 1

A farmer wants to minimize the cost of the food given of two different types of nutrients A and B, provided that she needs a minimum nutrition to be achieved.

	A	В	price
Feed 1	10	3	16
Feed 2	4	5	14
requirements	124	60	

Find how resilient is she to the changes in the price? What happes with respect to basic vs non-basic variables in a general case?



### Case 2: sensitivity with respect to b

In such cases we will explore the coeficients of the objective function in the dual problem, instead.

#### Exercise 2

Given the LP problem

maximize 
$$z = 16x_1 + 14x_2$$
  
 $10x_1 + 4x_2 \ge 124$   
subject to  $3x_1 + 5x_2 \ge 60$   
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ 

Explore the sensitivity of the minimum value of z with respect to the parameters in the RHS of the contraints.



## Shadow price is the solution of the dual problem

Solving the dual problem gives a lot of insight into the actual situation.

#### Exercise 3

In a company that manufactures two types of bikes, A and B, the owners want to maximize the benefits, taking into account that the production depends on a restricted amount of titanium, the time the machines can devote to the work and the manpower, which are all given below:

	Α	В	limit
Titanium	50	30	2000
Machine time	6	5	300
Labor	3	5	200
price	1240	600	

Check the link https://app.wooclap.com/PDHGSS and answer the questions



## Some tools that help interpreting the calculations

Find here a code with the solution using ORtools.

The Senstivity analysis tool in Excel is nicely explained *here*. Notice that in a non-linear scenario, what we have identified here as *reduced costs* are in fact *reduced gradient* (or actual gradient of the optimal solution) while *shadow prices* (margin for profit to be obtained by changing 1 unit in each constraint RHS term) correspond to the *Lagrange multipliers*.



# Summary

References





#### References

[3]

- [1] Michael W. Carter, Camille C. Price, and Ghaith Rabadi. Operations Research, 2nd Edition. CRC Press.
  - David Harel, with Yishai Feldman. Algorithmics: the spirit of computing, 3rd Edition. Addison-Wesley.
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