

BIOMOLECULES

Topic-1: Basics of Biomolecules

→ Usually carbon containing (mostly organic) compound priesent in living tissue/forms.

Elemental Analysis:

-> same types of elements we present in living and non-living thing but the vielative abundance of some element like C, H, O, N are higher than other elements in living things/tisue.

Most abundant element in living tissue is Oxygen: - 65%.

Larbon: - 18.5 %. \ Kiving tissue.

tydrogen: - 0.5%.

Chemical Analysis.

Living Tissue.

CCC13 CODH (Torichlourd archic acid)

Chemical brica kdown)

Givending (Mechanical Brica kdown)

Sluvy

Filturation

Filturation

(Acid soluble pool)

Acid incoluble pool.)

Samall molecules

Fenerally large molecules.

- → Biomicoro molecules
- → Molecular weight is 18 - 400 Da.

Eg: - Limpie sugar, amino acids, mucleotides, etc.

- → Phosphate, suiphate, etc., are also piresent.
- Mainly ore presents micromolecules of cytoplasm.

-> Biomacra molecules

-> molecular weight is >> 10000 Da.

Eg:- \$ Polyeaccharides, Proteins, Nucleie acids, (Lipid)*, etc.

Strictly not a marioro molecule.

-> Molecular weight 2800ba.

- > But appears in vietended pourtion due to being mydrophopic mature.
- macoco molecules of cytoplasm as well as organells.

Host of the abundant compound in living tiesue is H20,

% age of some important chemicles in

H2O → 70% - 90%

- (P) Protein → 10% 15%.
- (N) Nuellic acid → 5% 7%
- PeNCiL. (C) Carbohydrates -> 3%
 - LH Lipid → 2%.

 Tous → 17.

=> Metabolites: Chemicles that participate in metabolism.

> Primary metabolites: Participate in porimary metabolic processes like vespiration, protein synthesis etc.

- Their functions are well known.
- Present in almost all living forms.
- Eg. larbohydrates, proteins, lipids, nucleic acids, etc.
- Jecondary metabolites: Participate in secondary metabolismi
 - Their functions are not well defined.
 - Present mainly in some plants, fungi, bacteria, etc.
 eg. Dougs, scents, spices, rubber, etc.

Table 9.3 Some Secondary Metabolites

Pigments	Carotenoids, Anthocyanins, etc.
Alkaloids	Morphine, Codeine, etc.
Terpenoides	Monoterpenes, Diterpenes etc.
Essential oils	Lemon grass oil, etc.
Toxins	Abrin, Ricin
Lectins	Concanavalin A
Drugs	Vinblastin, curcumin, etc.
Polymeric substances	Rubber, gums, cellulose