# Build an EF and ASP.NET Core 2.2 App HOL

#### Lab 4

This lab walks you through creating the repositories and their interfaces for the data access library. Prior to starting this lab, you must have completed Lab 3.

## **Part 1: Create the Base Repository**

#### **Step 1: Create the Base Repository Interface**

While the DbContext can be considered an implementation of the repository pattern, it's better to create specific repositories for the entities. These repos will be added into the ASP.NET Core Dependency Injection container later today.

- 1) Create a new folder in the SpyStore.Hol.Dal project named Repos. Create a subfolder under that named Base.
- 2) Add a new interface to the Base folder named IRepo.cs
- 3) Update the using statements to the following:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Linq.Expressions;
using System.Text;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.EfStructures;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities.Base;
   4) Update the code for the IRepo.cs class to the following:
public interface IRepo<T> : IDisposable where T : EntityBase, new()
 DbSet<T> Table { get; }
  StoreContext Context { get; }
  T Find(int? id);
  T FindAsNoTracking(int id);
  T FindIgnoreQueryFilters(int id);
  IEnumerable<T> GetAll();
  IEnumerable<T> GetAll(Expression<Func<T, object>> orderBy);
  IEnumerable<T> GetRange(IQueryable<T> query, int skip, int take);
  int Add(T entity, bool persist = true);
  int AddRange(IEnumerable<T> entities, bool persist = true);
  int Update(T entity, bool persist = true);
  int UpdateRange(IEnumerable<T> entities, bool persist = true);
  int Delete(T entity, bool persist = true);
  int DeleteRange(IEnumerable<T> entities, bool persist = true);
  int SaveChanges();
}
```

#### **Step 2: Create the Base Repository**

- 1) Add a new class to the Repos/Base folder named RepoBase.cs
- 2) Add the following using statements to the class:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Linq.Expressions;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.ChangeTracking;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Storage;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.EfStructures;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Exceptions;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities.Base;

3) Make the class public and abstract, generic, and implement IDisposable and IRepo<T>:
public abstract class RepoBase<T>: IDisposable, IRepo<T> where T : EntityBase, new()
{
}
```

4) Add a Boolean flag for disposing of the context, a protected variable to represent the DbSet for the derived repo, and a public property to hold the StoreContext:

```
private readonly bool _disposeContext;
protected readonly DbSet<T> Table;
public StoreContext Context { get; }
```

5) Add a constructor that takes an instance of the StoreContext that sets the Context and Table properties. A DbSet<T> property can be referenced using the Context.Set<T>() method.

**NOTE:** This constructor is used by the DI container in ASP.NET Core. The ASP.NET Core DI container manages lifetime, so set the flag for context disposal to false.

```
protected RepoBase(StoreContext context)
{
   Context = context;
   Table = Context.Set<T>();
   _disposeContext = false;
}
```

6) Add another constructor that takes in DbContextOptions, calls the previous constructor while creating a new StoreContext using the options. Since this is not used by DI, set the disposal flag to true.

```
protected RepoBase(DbContextOptions<StoreContext> options) : this(new StoreContext(options))
{
    _disposeContext = true;
}
```

7) Implement the Dispose method: public void Dispose() if (\_disposeContext) Context.Dispose();

{

} }

> 8) Implement the three Find variations show using the built-in Find method, the AsNoTracking method, as well as the IgnoreQueryFilters method:

```
public T Find(int? id) => Table.Find(id);
public T FindAsNoTracking(int id)
  => Table.Where(x => x.Id == id).AsNoTracking().FirstOrDefault();
public T FindIgnoreQueryFilters(int id)
  => Table.IgnoreQueryFilters().FirstOrDefault(x => x.Id == id);
```

9) TheGetAll methods are virtual, allowing for the derived repos to override them. The first just returns the records in database order, the second uses LINQ expressions to return the records in a specific order.

```
public virtual IEnumerable<T> GetAll() => Table;
public virtual IEnumerable<T> GetAll(Expression<Func<T, object>> orderBy)
  => Table.OrderBy(orderBy);
```

10) The GetRange demonstrates chunking of data using Skip and Take:

```
public IEnumerable<T> GetRange(IQueryable<T> query, int skip, int take)
  => query.Skip(skip).Take(take);
```

11) The Add[Range], Update[Range], and Delete[Range] methods all take an optional parameter to signal if SaveChanges should be called immediately or not.

**Note:** The EF method name to delete a record is Remove, since it is technically just removing the instance from the DbSet<T>. Delete doesn't happen until SaveChanges is called. I use the name Delete in my repos because it is a more generally accepted term.

```
public virtual int Add(T entity, bool persist = true)
{
  Table.Add(entity);
  return persist ? SaveChanges() : 0;
public virtual int AddRange(IEnumerable<T> entities, bool persist = true)
{
  Table.AddRange(entities);
  return persist ? SaveChanges() : 0;
}
public virtual int Update(T entity, bool persist = true)
{
 Table.Update(entity);
  return persist ? SaveChanges() : 0;
public virtual int UpdateRange(IEnumerable<T> entities, bool persist = true)
  Table.UpdateRange(entities);
  return persist ? SaveChanges() : 0;
}
public virtual int Delete(T entity, bool persist = true)
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```

```
{
  Table.Remove(entity);
  return persist ? SaveChanges() : 0;
public virtual int DeleteRange(IEnumerable<T> entities, bool persist = true)
  Table.RemoveRange(entities);
  return persist ? SaveChanges() : 0;
}
   12) The RepoBase SaveChanges method encapsulates the Context. SaveChanges to allow for centralized error
      handling.
public int SaveChanges()
{
  try
    return Context.SaveChanges();
  catch (DbUpdateConcurrencyException ex) //A concurrency error occurred
    throw new SpyStoreConcurrencyException("A concurrency error happened.", ex);
  catch (RetryLimitExceededException ex) //DbResiliency retry limit exceeded
    throw new SpyStoreRetryLimitExceededException("There is a problem with you connection.", ex);
  }
  catch (DbUpdateException ex)
    if (ex.InnerException is SqlException sqlException)
      if (sqlException.Message
        .Contains("FOREIGN KEY constraint", StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase))
      {
        if (sqlException.Message
           .Contains("table \"Store.Products\", column 'Id'", StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase))
          throw new SpyStoreInvalidProductException($"Invalid Product Id\r\n{ex.Message}", ex);
        if (sqlException.Message
          .Contains("table \"Store.Customers\", column 'Id'", StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase))
          throw new SpyStoreInvalidCustomerException($"Invalid Customer Id\r\n{ex.Message}", ex);
        }
      }
    throw new SpyStoreException("An error occurred updating the database", ex);
  catch (Exception ex)
    throw new SpyStoreException("An error occurred updating the database", ex);
  }
}
```

## Part 2: Add the Entity Specific Interfaces

There is an interface and repo for each model that uses the base repository for the common functionality. Each specific repo extends or overwrites that base functionality as needed.

#### **Step 1: Create Interface Files**

- 1) Create a new folder under the Repos folder named Interfaces.
- 2) Create the following files in the Interfaces folder:

```
ICategoryRepo.cs
ICustomerRepo.cs
IOrderDetailRepo.cs
IOrderRepo.cs
IProductRepo.cs
IShoppingCartRepo.cs
```

#### **Step 2: Define the ICategoryRepo Interface**

The Category Repo uses the methods in the base repo, and does not add any methods.

1) Add the following using statements to the ICategoryRepo.cs class:

```
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
```

2) Update the code for the ICategoryRepo.cs class to the following:

```
public interface ICategoryRepo : IRepo<Category> { }
```

#### Step 3: Define the ICustomerRepo Interface

The Customer Repo uses the methods in the base repo, and does not add any methods.

1) Add the following using statements to the ICustomerRepo.cs class:

```
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
```

2) Make the interface public and implement IRepo<Customer>, as follows:

```
public interface ICustomerRepo : IRepo<Customer> { }
```

### **Step 4: Define the IOrderDetailRepo Interface**

1) Add the following using statements to the IOrderDetailRepo.cs class:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.ViewModels;
```

2) Make the interface public and implement IRepo<OrderDetail>. Add one method as follows:
public interface IOrderDetailRepo : IRepo<OrderDetail>
{
 IEnumerable<OrderDetailWithProductInfo> GetOrderDetailsWithProductInfoForOrder(int orderId);
}

#### **Step 5: Define the IOrderRepo Interface**

1) Add the following using statements to the IOrderRepo.cs class:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.ViewModels;
```

2) Make the interface public and implement IRepo<0rder>.Add methods to get the order history as well as get a single order with details as follows:

```
public interface IOrderRepo : IRepo<Order>
{
    IList<Order> GetOrderHistory();
    OrderWithDetailsAndProductInfo GetOneWithDetails(int orderId);
}
```

#### **Step 6: Define the IProductRepo Interface**

1) Add the following using statements to the IProductRepo.cs class:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
```

2) Make the interface public and implement IRepo<Product>. Add methods for Search, getting all Products for a Category, get featured products with CategoryName, and get one Product with CategoryName, as follows:

```
public interface IProductRepo : IRepo<Product>
{
    IList<Product> Search(string searchString);
    IList<Product> GetProductsForCategory(int id);
    IList<Product> GetFeaturedWithCategoryName();
    Product GetOneWithCategoryName(int id);
}
```

#### **Step 7: Define the IShoppingCartRepo Interface**

1) Add the following using statements to the IShoppingCartRepo.cs class:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.ViewModels;
```

2) Make the interface public and implement IRepo<ShoppingCartRecord>. Add the seven methods needed as follows:

```
public interface IShoppingCartRepo : IRepo<ShoppingCartRecord>
{
    CartRecordWithProductInfo GetShoppingCartRecord(int id);
    IEnumerable<CartRecordWithProductInfo> GetShoppingCartRecords(int customerId);
    CartWithCustomerInfo GetShoppingCartRecordsWithCustomer(int customerId);
    ShoppingCartRecord GetBy(int productId);
    int Update(ShoppingCartRecord entity, Product product, bool persist = true);
    int Add(ShoppingCartRecord entity, Product product, bool persist = true);
    int Purchase(int customerId);
}
```

## Part 3: Implement the Entity Specific Repos

#### **Step 1: Create the Class Files**

1) Create the following files in the Repos folder:

```
CategoryRepo.cs
CustomerRepo.cs
OrderDetailRepo.cs
OrderRepo.cs
ProductRepo.cs
ShoppingCartRepo.cs
```

#### **Step 2: Implement the CategoryRepo Class**

1) Add the following using statements to the CategoryRepo.cs class:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.EfStructures;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Interfaces;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
```

2) Make the class public, inherit RepoBase<Category>, and implement ICategoryRepo. Add the two required constructors, as well as an override for the GetAll that takes the expression for selecting CategoryName, as follows:

```
public class CategoryRepo : RepoBase<Category>, ICategoryRepo
{
   public CategoryRepo(StoreContext context) : base(context) { }
   internal CategoryRepo(DbContextOptions<StoreContext> options) : base(options) { }
   public override IEnumerable<Category> GetAll() => base.GetAll(x => x.CategoryName);
}
```

#### **Step 3: Implement the CustomerRepo Class**

1) Add the following using statements to the CustomerRepo.cs class:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.EfStructures;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Interfaces;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
```

2) Make the class public, inherit RepoBase<Customer>, and implement ICustomerRepo. Add the two required constructors, as well as an override for the GetAll that takes the expression for selecting FullName, as follows:

```
public class CustomerRepo : RepoBase<Customer>, ICustomerRepo
{
  public CustomerRepo(StoreContext context) : base(context) { }
  internal CustomerRepo(DbContextOptions<StoreContext> options) : base(options) { }
  public override IEnumerable<Customer> GetAll() => base.GetAll(x => x.FullName).ToList();
}
```

### **Step 4: Implement the OrderDetailRepo Class**

1) Add the following using statements to the OrderDetailRepo.cs class:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.EfStructures;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Interfaces;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.ViewModels;
```

2) Make the class public, inherit RepoBase<OrderDetail>, and implement IOrderDetailRepo. Add the two required constructors, as well as the single method in the interface, as follows:

#### **Step 5: Implement the OrderRepo Class**

1) Add the following using statements to the OrderRepo.cs class:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.EfStructures;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Interfaces;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.ViewModels;
```

2) Make the class public, inherit RepoBase<Order>, and implement IOrderRepo. This repo also needs an instance of an IOrderDetail repo, and a private variable to hold that instance. Add the required constructors with the addition of the IOrderDetail repo. This entity has a global query filter, so CustomerId does not need to be included in the queries. Add the two implementations of the interface methods, as follows:

```
public class OrderRepo : RepoBase<Order>,IOrderRepo
  private readonly IOrderDetailRepo _orderDetailRepo;
  public OrderRepo(StoreContext context, IOrderDetailRepo orderDetailRepo) : base(context)
    orderDetailRepo = orderDetailRepo;
  internal OrderRepo(DbContextOptions<StoreContext> options, IOrderDetailRepo orderDetailRepo)
    : this(new StoreContext(options),orderDetailRepo) { }
  public IList<Order> GetOrderHistory() => GetAll(x => x.OrderDate).ToList();
  public OrderWithDetailsAndProductInfo GetOneWithDetails(int orderId)
  {
    var order = Table.IgnoreQueryFilters().Include(x=>x.CustomerNavigation)
      .FirstOrDefault(x => x.Id == orderId);
    if (order == null)
      return null;
    }
    var orderDetailsWithProductInfoForOrder =
      orderDetailRepo.GetOrderDetailsWithProductInfoForOrder(order.Id);
    var orderWithDetailsAndProductInfo = OrderWithDetailsAndProductInfo
         .Create(order,order.CustomerNavigation, orderDetailsWithProductInfoForOrder);
    return orderWithDetailsAndProductInfo;
}
```

#### **Step 6: Implement the ProductRepo Class**

1) Add the following using statements to the ProductRepo.cs class:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.EfStructures;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Interfaces;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
```

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2) Make the class public, inherit RepoBase<Product>, and implement IProductRepo. Add the standard constructors and the interface implementations, as shown below. The Search method uses the SQL Server Like operator:

```
public class ProductRepo : RepoBase<Product>,IProductRepo
  public ProductRepo(StoreContext context) : base(context) { }
  internal ProductRepo(DbContextOptions<StoreContext> options) : base(options) { }
  public override IEnumerable<Product> GetAll() => base.GetAll(x => x.Details.ModelName);
  public IList<Product> Search(string searchString)
    => Table.Where(p => EF.Functions.Like(p.Details.Description, $"%{searchString}%")
                     || EF.Functions.Like(p.Details.ModelName, $"%{searchString}%"))
            .Include(p => p.CategoryNavigation)
            .OrderBy(x => x.Details.ModelName)
            .ToList();
  public IList<Product> GetProductsForCategory(int id)
    => Table.Where(p => p.CategoryId == id)
            .Include(p => p.CategoryNavigation)
            .OrderBy(x => x.Details.ModelName)
            .ToList();
  public IList<Product> GetFeaturedWithCategoryName()
   => Table.Where(p => p.IsFeatured)
           .Include(p => p.CategoryNavigation)
           .OrderBy(x => x.Details.ModelName)
           .ToList();
  public Product GetOneWithCategoryName(int id)
    => Table.Where(p => p.Id == id)
            .Include(p => p.CategoryNavigation)
            .FirstOrDefault();
}
```

#### **Step 7: Implement the ShoppingCartRepo Class**

The ShoppingCartRepo does the majority of the work for the sample application.

1) Add the following using statements to the ShoppingCartRepo.cs class:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Linq;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.EfStructures;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Exceptions;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Base;
using SpyStore.Hol.Dal.Repos.Interfaces;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.Entities;
using SpyStore.Hol.Models.ViewModels;
```

2) Make the class public, inherit RepoBase<ShoppingCartRecord>, and implement IShoppingCartRepo. This repo needs an instance of the ICustomerRepo, so add that to the standard constructors.

```
public class ShoppingCartRepo : RepoBase<ShoppingCartRecord>, IShoppingCartRepo
{
    private readonly IProductRepo _productRepo;
    private readonly ICustomerRepo _customerRepo;
    public ShoppingCartRepo(
        StoreContext context, IProductRepo productRepo, ICustomerRepo customerRepo) : base(context)
    {
        _productRepo = productRepo;
        _customerRepo = customerRepo;
    }
    internal ShoppingCartRepo(
        DbContextOptions<StoreContext> options, IProductRepo productRepo, ICustomerRepo customerRepo)
        : this(new StoreContext(options),productRepo,customerRepo) { }
}
```

3) This entity has a global query filter, so the queries against DbSet<ShoppingCartRecord> do not need a CustomerId.

```
public override IEnumerable<ShoppingCartRecord> GetAll()
    => base.GetAll(x => x.DateCreated).ToList();
public ShoppingCartRecord GetBy(int productId)
    => Table.FirstOrDefault(x => x.ProductId == productId);
```

4) The queries against the query types do not have a filter, so for those methods the CustomerId is required unless the primary key is specified.

```
5) The update checks the resulting quantity. If zero or less, the record is deleted.
public override int Update(ShoppingCartRecord entity, bool persist = true)
{
  var product = _productRepo.FindAsNoTracking(entity.ProductId);
  if (product == null)
  {
    throw new SpyStoreInvalidProductException("Unable to locate product");
  return Update(entity, product, persist);
}
public int Update(ShoppingCartRecord entity, Product product, bool persist = true)
  if (entity.Quantity <= 0)</pre>
  {
    return Delete(entity, persist);
  if (entity.Quantity > product.UnitsInStock)
    throw new SpyStoreInvalidQuantityException("Can't add more product than available in stock");
  var dbRecord = Find(entity.Id);
  if (entity.TimeStamp != null && dbRecord.TimeStamp.SequenceEqual(entity.TimeStamp))
    dbRecord.Quantity = entity.Quantity;
    dbRecord.LineItemTotal = entity.Quantity * product.CurrentPrice;
    return base.Update(dbRecord, persist);
  throw new SpyStoreConcurrencyException("Record was changed since it was loaded");
}
public override int UpdateRange(IEnumerable<ShoppingCartRecord> entities, bool persist = true)
{
  int counter = 0;
 foreach (var item in entities)
    var product = _productRepo.FindAsNoTracking(item.ProductId);
    counter += Update(item, product, false);
  return persist ? SaveChanges() : counter;
}
   6) The Add methods check to make sure the product isn't already in the cart. If it is, it increases the
      quantity. If it isn't, it creates a new record.
public override int Add(ShoppingCartRecord entity, bool persist = true)
  var product = _productRepo.FindAsNoTracking(entity.ProductId);
  if (product == null)
  {
    throw new SpyStoreInvalidProductException("Unable to locate the product");
  return Add(entity, product, persist);
}
```

```
public int Add(ShoppingCartRecord entity, Product product, bool persist = true)
 var item = GetBy(entity.ProductId);
  if (item == null)
  {
    if (entity.Quantity > product.UnitsInStock)
      throw new SpyStoreInvalidQuantityException(
        "Can't add more product than available in stock");
    entity.LineItemTotal = entity.Quantity * product.CurrentPrice;
    return base.Add(entity, persist);
  item.Quantity += entity.Quantity;
  return item.Quantity <= 0 ? Delete(item, persist) : Update(item, product, persist);</pre>
}
public override int AddRange(IEnumerable<ShoppingCartRecord> entities, bool persist = true)
{
  int counter = 0;
  foreach (var item in entities)
    var product = _productRepo.FindAsNoTracking(item.ProductId);
    counter += Add(item, product, false);
  return persist ? SaveChanges() : counter;
}
   7) The Purchase method calls the stored procedure to convert the shopping cart records to an order and
      order details.
public int Purchase(int customerId)
  var customerIdParam = new SqlParameter("@customerId", SqlDbType.Int)
    Direction = ParameterDirection.Input,
    Value = customerId
  var orderIdParam = new SqlParameter("@orderId", SqlDbType.Int)
    Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
  };
  try
    Context
     .Database
     .ExecuteSqlCommand("EXEC [Store].[PurchaseItemsInCart] @customerId, @orderid out",
        customerIdParam, orderIdParam);
  }
  catch (Exception ex)
    return -1;
  return (int)orderIdParam.Value;
}
```

## **Summary**

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The lab created all of the repositories and their interfaces.

Next steps

In the next part of this tutorial series, you will create a data initializer.