# Exploratory Data Analysis with R

Matthew Renze

@matthewrenze

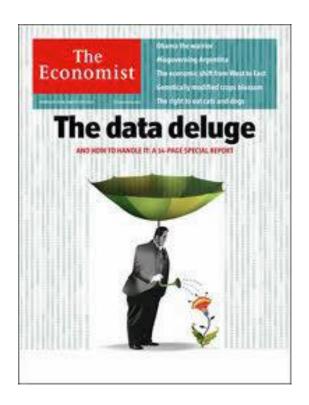


#### Motivation

The ability to take data—to be able to understand it, to process it, to extract value from it, to visualize it, to communicate it—that's going to be a hugely important skill in the next decades, ... because now we really do have essentially free and ubiquitous data. So the complimentary scarce factor is the ability to understand that data and extract value from it.

Hal Varian, Google's Chief Economist The McKinsey Quarterly, Jan 2009

#### Motivation



#### The New York Times

#### For Today's Graduate, Just One Word: Statistics

By STEVE LOHR Published: August 5, 2009

MOUNTAIN VIEW, Calif. — At Harvard, Carrie Grimes majored in anthropology and archaeology and ventured to places like Honduras, where she studied Mayan settlement patterns by mapping where artifacts were found. But she was drawn to what she calls "all the computer and math stuff" that was part of the job.



****		YR/YR CHANGI
SKILL	2013	CHÁNG
R	\$ 115,531	n/
NoSQL	\$ 114,796	1.69
MapReduce	\$ 114,396	n/
PMBok	\$ 112,382	1.39
Cassandra	\$ 112,382	n/
Omnigraffle	\$ 111,039	0.39
Pig	\$ 109,561	n/
SOA (Service Oriented Architecture)	\$ 108,997	-0.59
Hadoop	\$ 108,669	-5.69
Mongo DB	\$ 107,825	-0.49

Source: Dice 2014 Tech Salary Survey Results

## How Does This Apply to Me?

- As a software developer, I often:
  - ☑ Perform log file analysis
  - ☑ Analyze software performance
  - ☑ Analyze code metrics for code quality
  - ☑ Detect anomalies in source data
  - ☑ Transform or clean data files to make them usable
  - ☑ Help decision makers make decisions based on data

## A Flood of Data is Coming...





Sink

or

Swim

Source: http://www.dot.gov.nt.ca/

Source: Wikipedia

#### Overview

- Introduction
  - R
  - Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)
- Exploratory Data Analysis with R
  - Data Munging
  - Descriptive Statistics
  - Data Visualization
- Beyond R and EDA
- Q & A

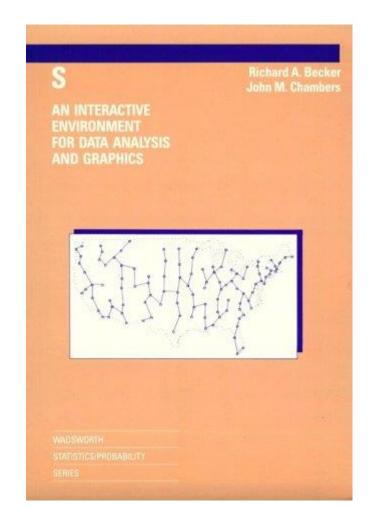
## Introduction to R

#### What is R?

• R is an open source implementation of S

#### What is S?

- Statistical programming language
- Developed at Bell Labs in 1976
- Originally implemented in Fortran
- Later rewritten in C
- Currently owned by TIBCO Software



## A Brief History of R

- 1991 R is developed by:
  - Ross Ihaka
  - Robert Gentleman
- 1995 R became open source
- 2000 R v.1.0 was released
- Today, R is at v.3.1.1



Source: https://www.stat.auckland.ac.nz/ ~ihaka/downloads/the-r-project.pdf



Source: www.auklandlifestyle.com

#### What is R?

#### R is:

- an open source implementation of S
- a language and an environment
- provides methods for both statistical and graphical data analysis
- runs on Windows, Mac, and Unix systems

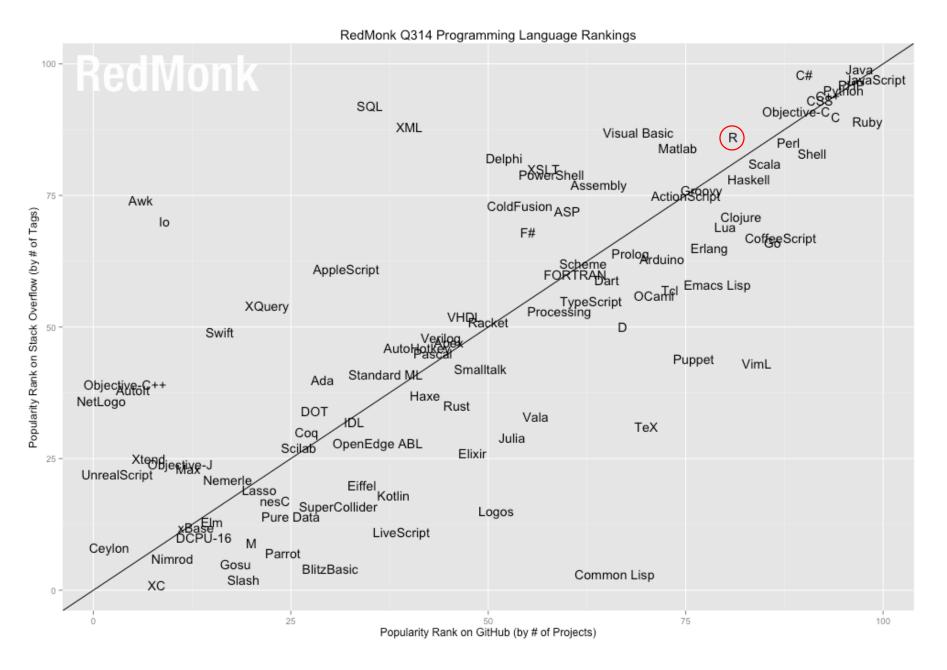


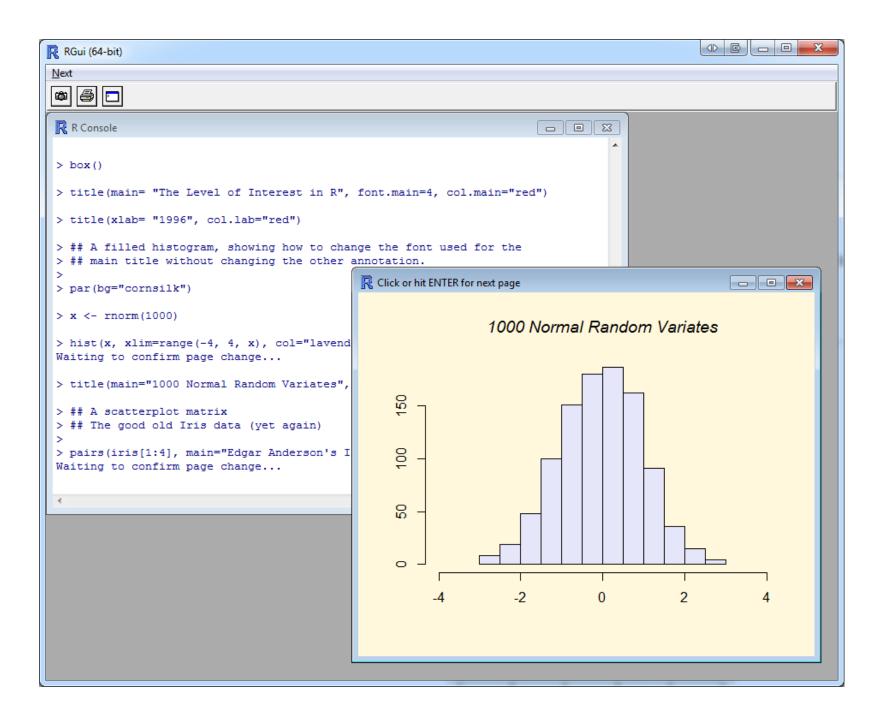
Source: www.r-project.org

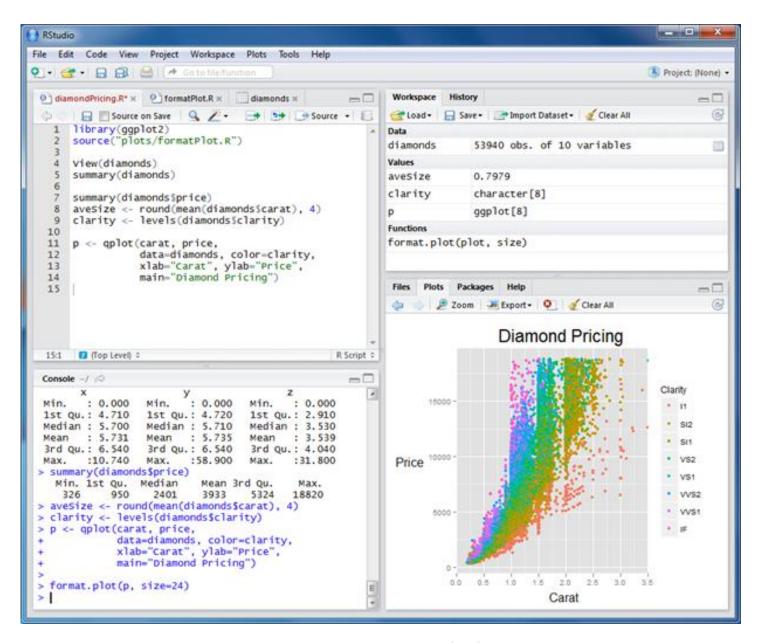
#### What is R?

#### R is also:

- actively under development
- has a large user community
- is very modular and extensible
- has over 4000 extension packages
- is free (as in beer... and as in speech)







## Code Demo

## Exploratory Data Analysis

## Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- One of many approaches to data analysis
- Objectives:
  - Discover patterns
  - Identify anomalies
  - Suggest hypotheses
  - Check assumptions
- Promoted by John Tukey

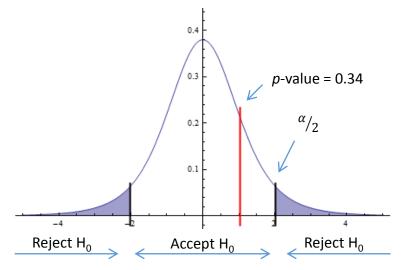


Source: Time Magazine

## Confirmatory vs. Exploratory Data Analysis

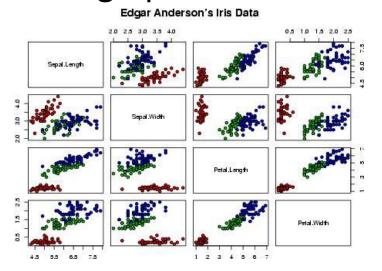
#### Confirmatory

- Start with hypothesis
- Test the null hypothesis
- Uses statistical models



#### **Exploratory**

- No hypothesis at first
- Generating hypothesis
- Uses graphical methods



#### Problems with EDA

- Not rigorous like formal statistical methods
  - Susceptible to specific types of statistical biases
- Not useful for inference or prediction
- Not efficient for massive data sets

Note: There are ways to avoid some of these issues

## Don't Practice Statistics without a License!

## Data Munging

## Data Munging

- Transforming data from a raw form to a usable form
- aka: Data cleaning or data wrangling
- Many data sets are not initially ready for data analysis
- Data must be transformed or cleaned first in order to be analyzed



Source: Wikimedia

## Data Munging Tasks

- Renaming variables
- Data type conversion
- Encoding, decoding, or recoding data
- Merging data sets
- Transforming data
- Handling missing data (imputing)
- Handling anomalous values

## Loading Data in R

- R supports a wide variety of data sources
  - File-based data
    - CSV, TAB, Excel, etc.
  - Web-based data
    - XML, HTML, JSON, etc.
  - Databases
    - JDBC, ODBC, SQL Server, Oracle, MySQL, Access, etc.
  - Statistical data
    - SAS, SPSS, Stata
  - And many more...

## Cleaning Data

- This step is often the:
  - Most difficult
  - Most time consuming
- TIP: Record all steps using a script so you can reapply the steps whenever they are needed



Source: Wikimedia

## Code Demo: Lending Club Dataset

- Sample of 2,500 peer-topeer loans
- 14 measures include:
  - Amount Requested
  - Amount Funded
  - Interest Rate
  - Monthly Income
  - FICO Score
- Problem: The data are not in a digestible format
- Goal: Prepare the data for analysis



Source: www.lendingclub.com

## Code Demo

## Descriptive Statistics

## Descriptive Statistics

- Describe data in quantitative or qualitative ways
- Provides a summary of the shape of the data
- aka: Summary statistics

Interest Rate				
Statistic	Value			
Minimum	5.42			
1 <sup>st</sup> Quartile	10.16			
Median	13.11			
Mean	13.07			
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quartile	15.80			
Maximum	24.89			
Variance	17.45			
Standard Deviation	4.17			

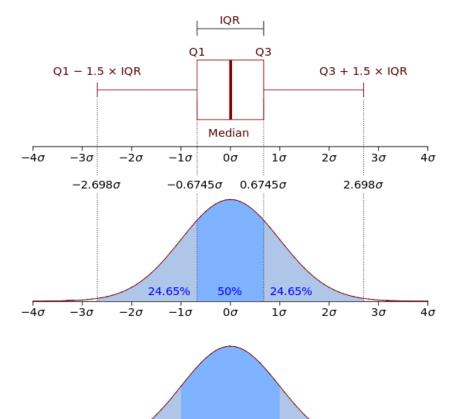
#### Statistical Terms

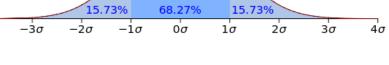
- Observations
  - Rows in the table
- Variables
  - Columns in the table
- Qualitative variable
  - Categorical values
- Quantitative variable
  - Numeric values

ID	Date	Customer	Product	Quantity
1	2012-10-27	John	Pizza	2
2	2012-10-27	John	Soda	2
3	2012-10-27	Jill	Salad	1
4	2012-10-27	Bob	Milk	1
5	2012-10-28	Sue	Soda	3
6	2012-10-28	Bob	Pizza	2
7	2012-10-28	Jill	Pizza	1
8	2012-10-28	Jill	Soda	3

## Univariate Analysis

- Analysis of a single variable
- Measures include:
  - Central tendency
    - Mean
    - Median
    - Mode
  - Dispersion
    - Min
    - Max
    - Range
    - Quartiles
    - Variance
    - Standard deviation



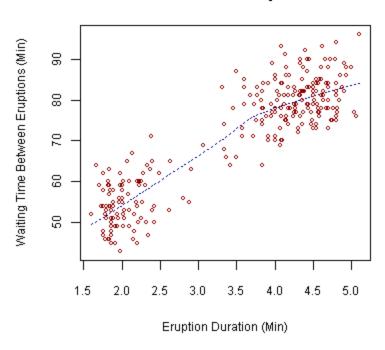


Source: Wikipedia

## Bivariate Analysis

- Analysis of the relationship between two variables
  - Predictor
  - Outcome
- Measures include:
  - Covariance
  - Correlation

#### **Old Faithful Eruptions**



Source: Wikipedia

## Code Demo: Movies Data Set

- Collection of movies from 2003
- Measurements include:
  - Movie Name
  - Rating (e.g., G, PG, R)
  - Genre (e.g., Action)
  - Running Length (min)
  - Rotten Tomatoes Score
  - Box Office Revenue (\$)
- Goal: Determine what types of movies made the most money























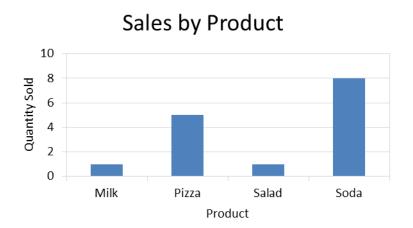


## Code Demo

## Data Visualization

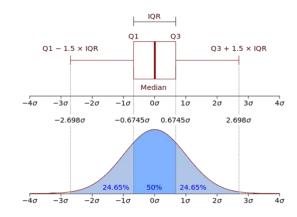
#### Data Visualization

- Representation of data via visual means
- Human brain is exceptionally good at visual pattern recognition
- Map dimensions of data to visual characteristics:
  - Location
  - Size
  - Color
  - Shape

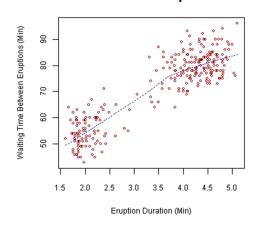


### Types of Data Visualizations

- Several types of data visualizations based on:
  - Type of Variable(s)
    - Qualitative (Categorical)
    - Quantitative (Numerical)
  - Number of Variables
    - Univariate
    - Bivariate
    - Multivariate



#### **Old Faithful Eruptions**



Source: Wikipedia

### Code Demo: Movies Data Set

 Goal: Visualize what types of movies make the most money













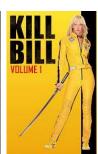












Source: http://www.rossmanchance.com/iscam2/files.html

### Code Demo

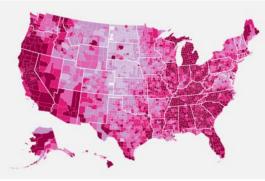
# Beyond R and EDA

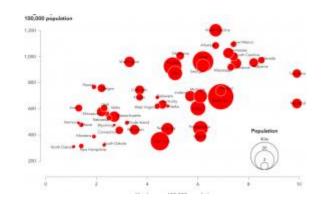
## This is just the tip of the iceberg!

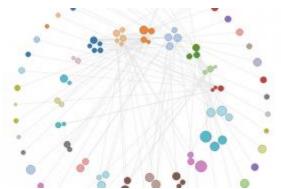


### Advanced Visualizations with R

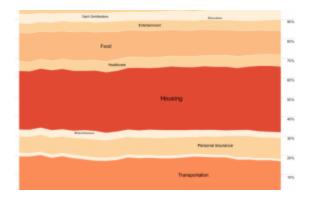








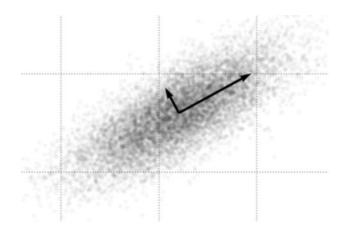


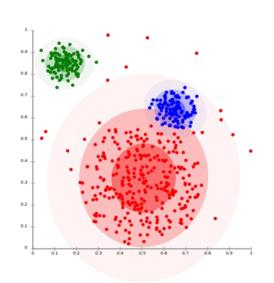


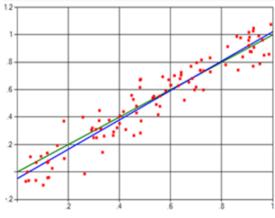
Source: Flowing Data

#### Advanced EDA with R

- Cluster Analysis
- Statistical Modeling
- Dimensionality Reduction
- Analysis of Variance (ANOVA)

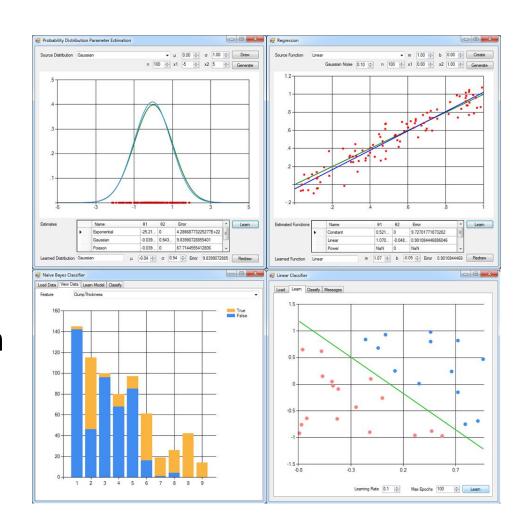






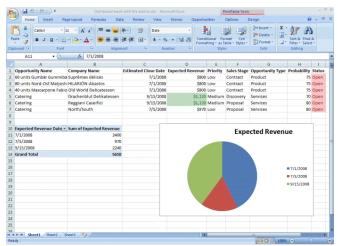
#### Machine-based EDA with R

- EDA uses human for pattern recognition
- Doesn't scale well for higher dimensional data
- Need to use machines for pattern recognition
  - Data Mining
  - Machine Learning

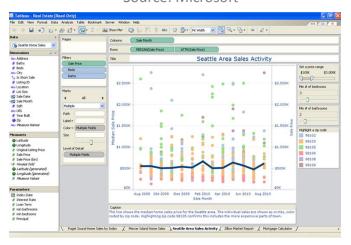


#### Alternatives to R for EDA

- Spreadsheets
- Interactive Data
   Visualization Tools
- Statistical Analysis Software
- Other Statistical Programming Languages
- General-Purpose
   Programming Languages



Source: Microsoft



Source: Tableau



#### Where to Go Next...

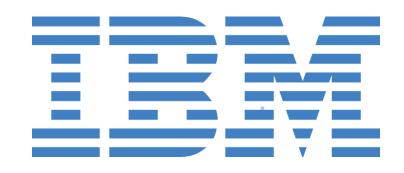
- R website: <a href="http://www.cran.r-project.org">http://www.cran.r-project.org</a>
- R Studio: <a href="http://www.rstudio.com">http://www.rstudio.com</a>
- Coursera: https://www.coursera.org/
- Revolutions: http://blog.revolutionanalytics.com/
- Flowing Data: <a href="http://flowingdata.com">http://flowingdata.com</a>
- R-Blogger: <a href="http://www.r-bloggers.com/">http://www.r-bloggers.com/</a>
- R Quick Reference Card: http://cran.r-project.org/doc/contrib/Short-refcard.pdf

# Conclusion

#### Conclusion

- R is a very popular language for data analysis
- EDA can provide rapid understanding of data
- R + EDA = Powerful insight into your data!

### Thank You to Our Sponsors!























#### Feedback

- Feedback is very important to me
- Specific feedback I'm looking for:
  - One thing you liked about the presentation
  - One thing you think I could improve on

### Contact Info

Matthew Renze<br/>
@matthewrenze

Renze Consulting www.renzeconsulting.com

