Agile Software Requirements

Matthew Renze

Iowa State University

COMS 409 – Software Requirements

Purpose

- Introduce you to Agile software development
- Discuss Agile software requirements

Overview

- What is Agile?
- Waterfall vs. Agile
- User Stories
- Embedded Documentation
- Non-functional Requirements
- Q & A

About Me

- Independent software consultant
- 14 years of professional Agile software development experience
- Data-driven desktop, server, and web apps
 - Web-based GIS data warehouse
 - Energy data ETL application
 - Global data management system
 - Intelligent lighting control systems
 - Open source data explorer



Education

- BS in Computer Science
- BA in Philosophy
 - Minor in Economics
 - Focus on Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning
- AS in MIS
- AS in Business Administration





Public Speaking

• Events:

- Iowa Code Camp
- Nebraska Code Camp
- Iowa .NET Users Group
- Agile Iowa

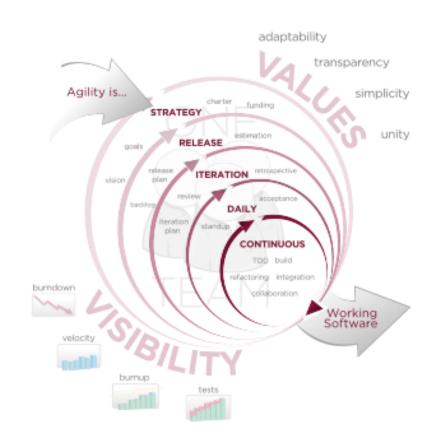
• Topics:

- Lean / Agile
- Data Analysis
- Patterns, Practices, and Principles

What is Agile?

What is Agile?

- Started with the Agile Manifesto
 - 4 value propositions
 - 12 principles
- Common set of practices across several methodologies



Source: Wikipedia

Agile Values

- Individuals and interactions
 - over processes and tools
- Working software
 - over comprehensive documentation
- Customer collaboration
 - over contract negotiation
- Responding to change
 - over following a plan



Source: http://agilemanifesto.org/

12 Principles of Agile

- 1. Continuous delivery of value
- 2. Embrace changing requirements
- 3. Frequent deployment
- 4. Customer collaboration
- 5. Motivated individuals
- 6. Face-to-face conversation

12 Principles of Agile

- 7. Working software as measure of progress
- 8. Sustainable development
- 9. Technical excellence
- 10. Simplicity
- 11. Self-organization
- 12. Continuous improvement

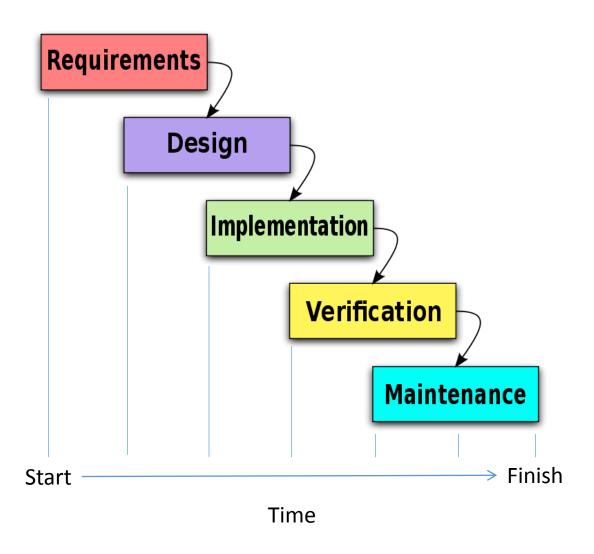
Agile Methodologies

- Scrum
- XP
- Kanban
- Lean
- And many more...

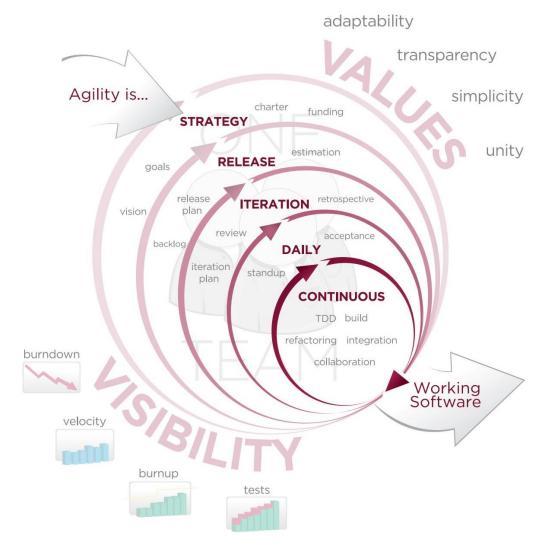


Waterfall vs. Agile

Waterfall



Agile



Source: Wikipedia

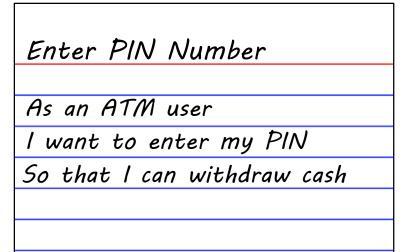
Waterfall vs. Agile Processes

	Waterfall	Agile
Measure of Success	Execution of the plan	Working software
Management Culture	Command and control	Self-organization
Requirements / Design	Big and upfront	Just-in-time / minimal
Code / Implementation	Code first and test later	Test and code together
Testing and QA	Big test plan / test last	Test early / continuously
Planning and Scheduling	Large detailed plan	Short, iterative increments

User Stories

User Story

- Short description of functionality that will provide value to a user
- Contains:
 - Title
 - Description
 - Acceptance Criteria
- Placeholder for a conversation to occur



User Story Example

Title: Enter Personal Identification Number (PIN)

Description:

As an ATM user
I want to enter my PIN

So that I can withdraw cash

Acceptance Criteria:

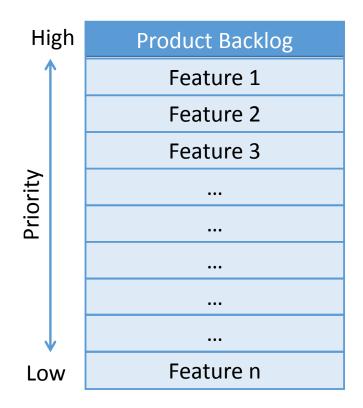
PIN must be four digits long

PIN must not allow alpha or special characters

PIN must be entered within 30 seconds or the transaction will be canceled

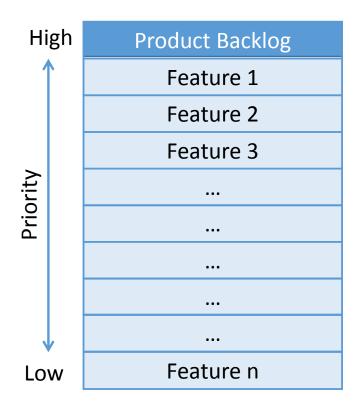
Agile Requirements

- Feature requests captured in user stories
- User stories are prioritized in product backlog
- Work on user stories in priority order



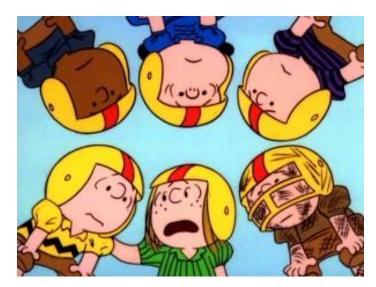
Agile Requirements

- For each user story:
 - Gather requirements through collaboration
 - Implement functionality using Agile practices
 - Requirements become embedded in code



Agile Requirements Gathering

- Minimal documentation
- Communication and collaboration are critical
- Uses whole-team approach
- On-site user representation
- Rapid feedback loop is critical to success

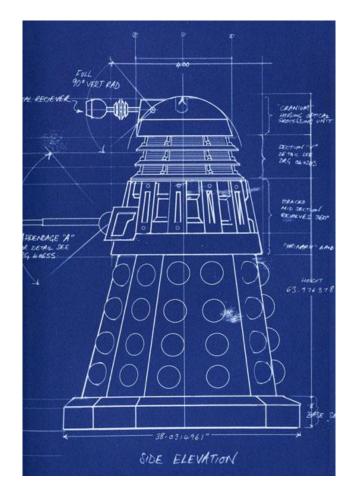


Source: http://www.dvdizzy.com/peanuts-1970s-vol2.html

Embedded Documentation

Waterfall Requirements Documentation

- In Waterfall:
 - Documentation is the blueprint
 - Code is the product being produced
- Documentation is:
 - Often out of date
 - Not read frequently
 - Not executable



Agile Requirements Documentation

• In Agile:

- Code is the blueprint
- Working software is the product being produced

• Code is:

- Always up to date
- Continuously read
- Executable
- Requirements are embedded in the code



Agile Practices for Embedded Documentation

Practice	Purpose	
Test-Driven Development (TDD)	Low-level Behaviors	
Behavior-Driven Development (BDD)	High-level Behaviors	
Domain-Driven Design (DDD)	High-level Policy / Domain Logic	
Domain-Specific Languages (DSL)	Human-readable code for business	
Clean Code	Reader-centered code for devs.	

Non-Functional Requirements

Non-Functional Requirements

- Maintainability
- Performance
- Reliability
- Security
- Testability
- Usability

Agile NFRs

Driven by Users:

- Performance
- Security
- Usability

Driven by Developers:

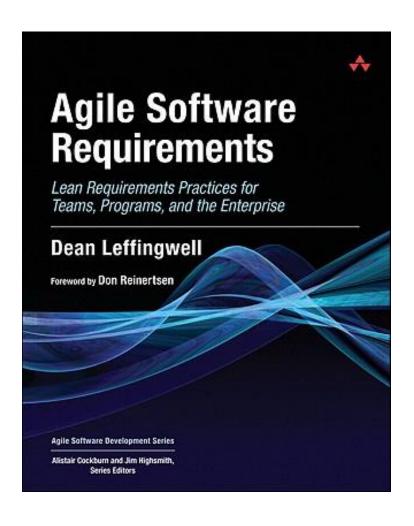
- Maintainability
- Readability
- Testability

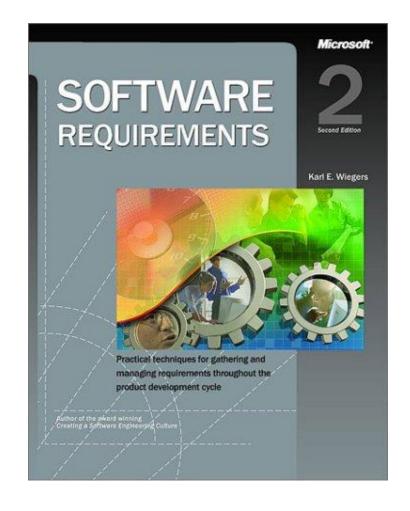
Conclusion

Conclusion

- What is Agile?
- Waterfall vs. Agile
- User Stories
- Embedded Documentation
- Non-functional Requirements

Recommended Reading





Contact Info

Matthew Renze matthew@renzeconsulting.com

Renze Consulting www.renzeconsulting.com

Data Explorer http://www.data-explorer.com

Q & A