



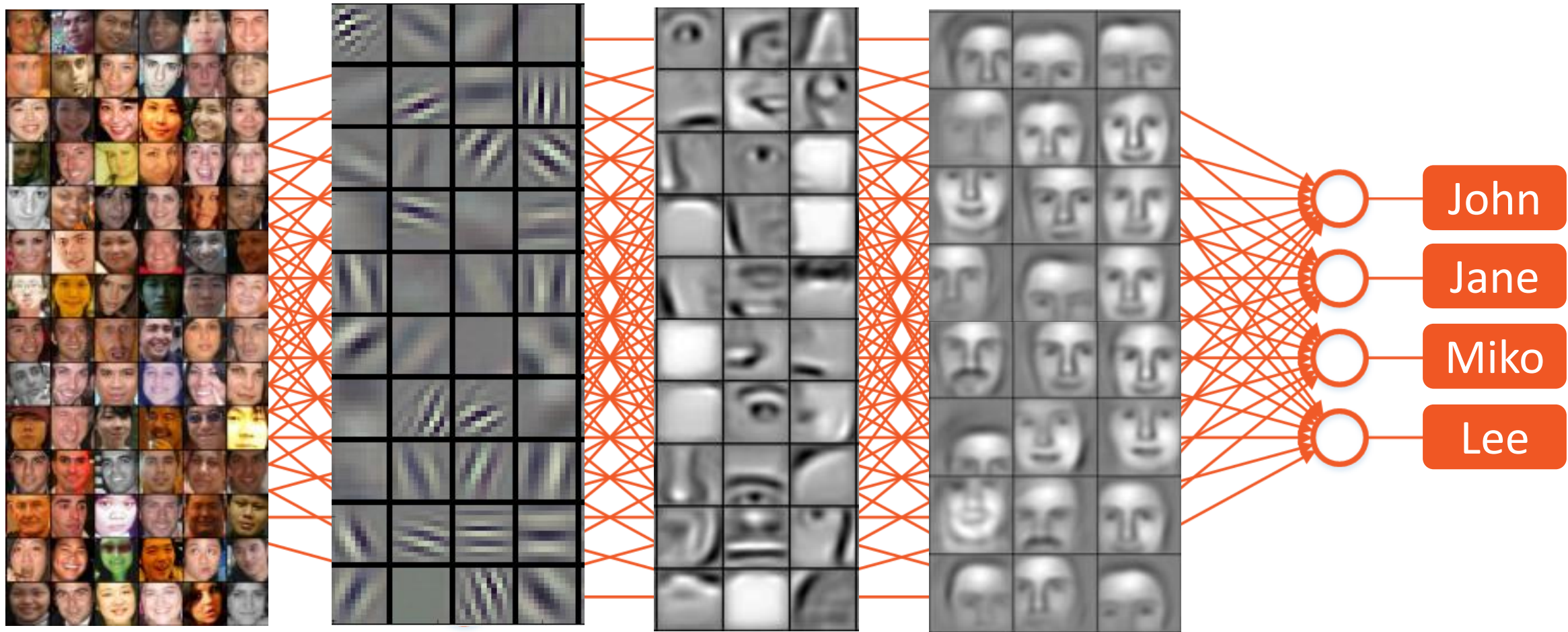
Practical Machine Learning with R

@MatthewRenze

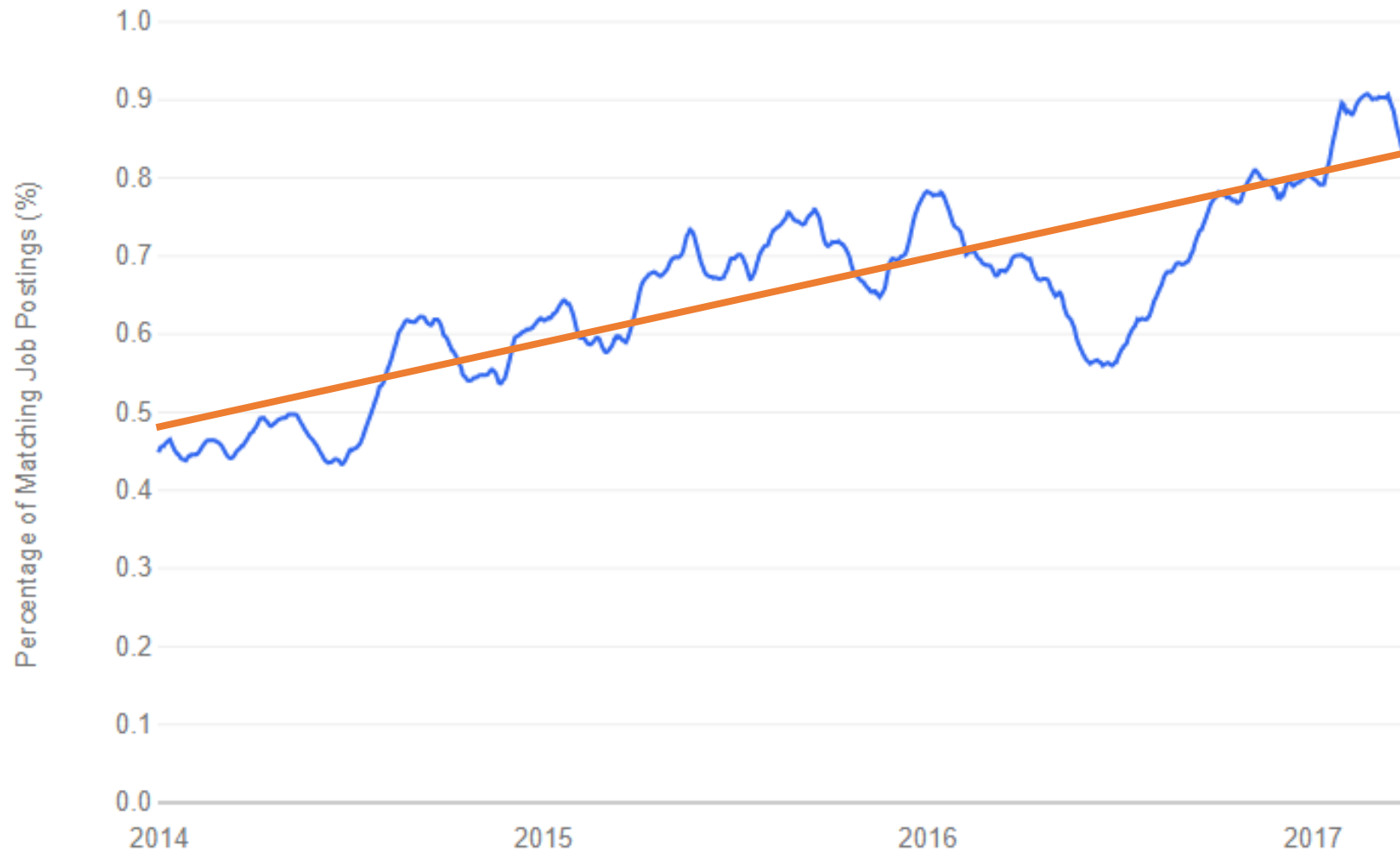




```
255 function updatePhotoDescription() {
256     if (descriptions.length > (page * 9) + (currentImageSubsting() - 1)) {
257         document.getElementById(bigImageDesc).innerHTML = descriptions[(page * 9) + (currentImageSubsting() - 1)];
258     }
259 }
260
261 function updateAllImages() {
262     var i = 1;
263     while (i < 10) {
264         var elementId = 'foto' + i;
265         var elementIdBig = 'bigImage' + i;
266         if (page * 9 + i - 1 < photos.length) {
267             document.getElementById(elementId).src = 'images/min/' + photos[(page * 9) + i - 1];
268             document.getElementById(elementIdBig).src = 'images/wide/' + photos[(page * 9) + i - 1];
269         } else {
270             document.getElementById(elementId).src = '';
```

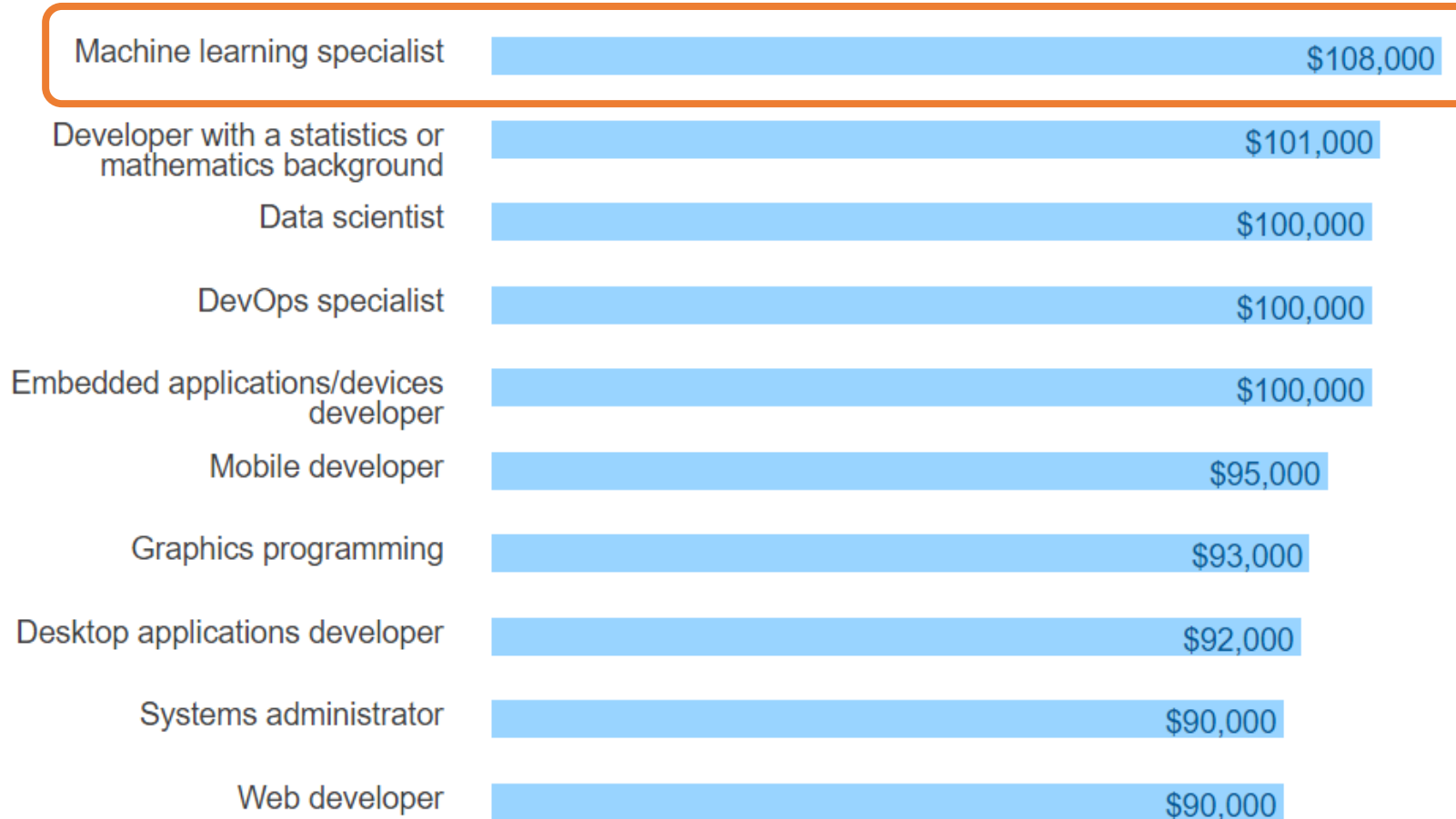



Job Postings for Machine Learning



Source: Indeed.com

Average Salary by Job Type (USA)





Overview

1. Introduction to ML
2. Introduction to R
3. Classification
4. Regression
5. Clustering
6. ML in Practice



About Me

Data Science Consultant
Education

B.S. in Computer Science

B.A. in Philosophy

Community

Public Speaker

Pluralsight Author

Microsoft MVP

ASPInsider

Open-source Software

IOWA STATE
UNIVERSITY

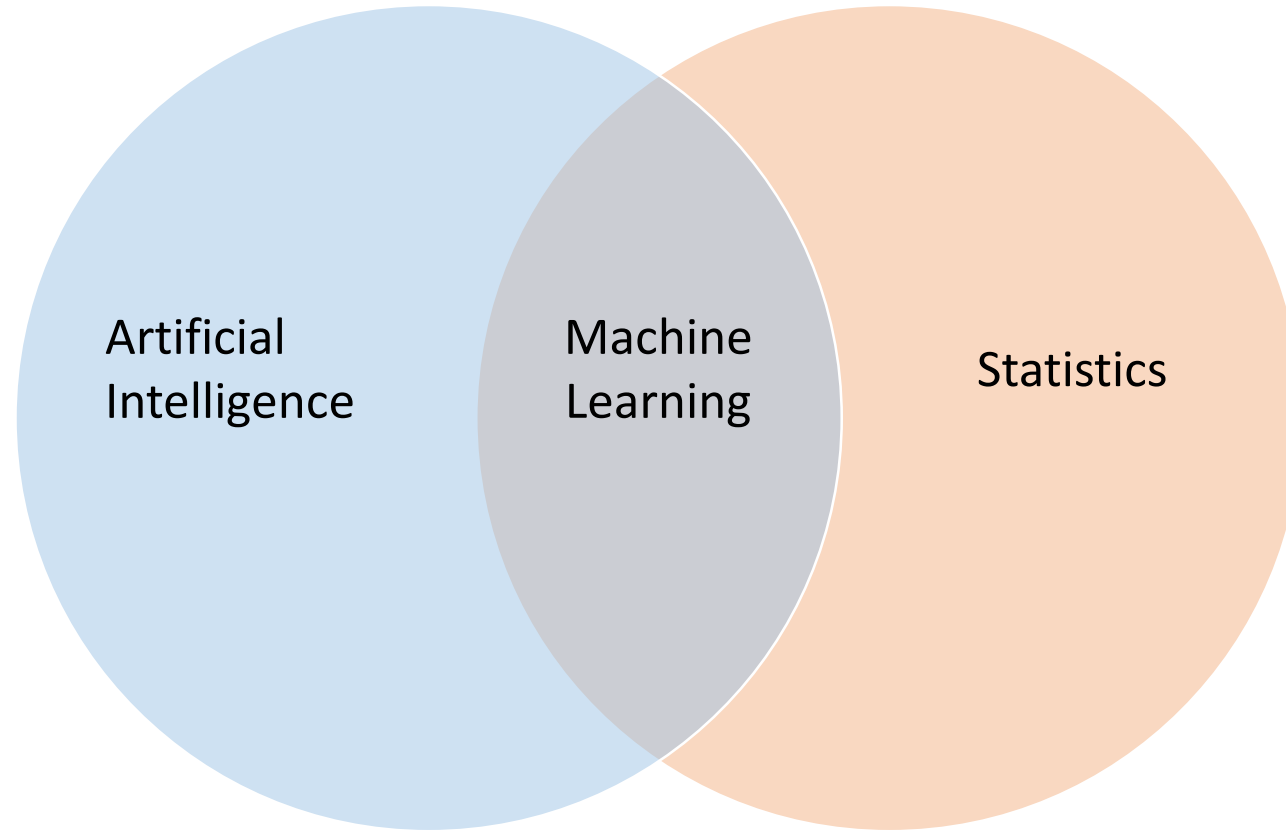


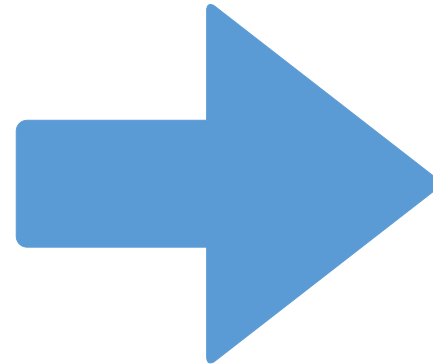
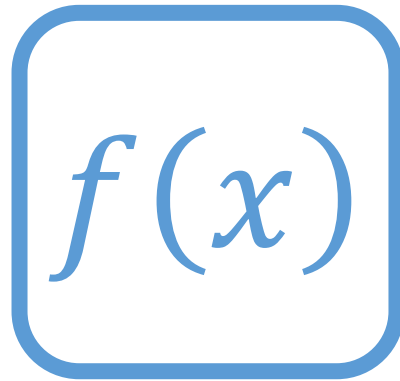
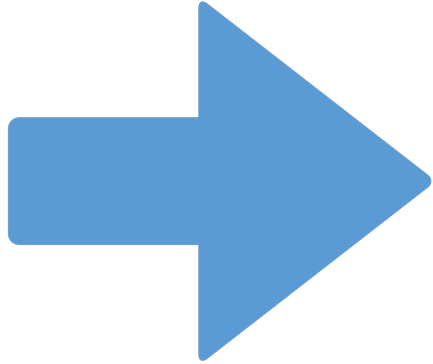
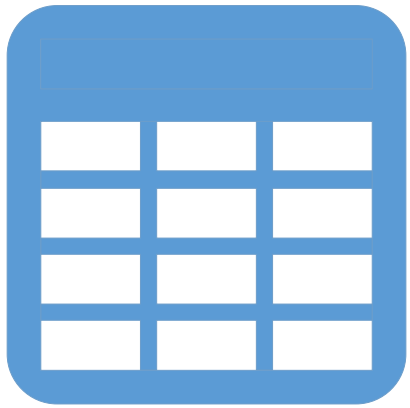
How Does This Apply to Me?

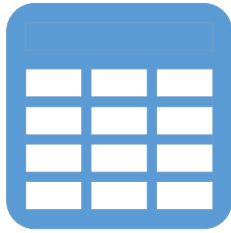
- ☑ Make decisions using data
- ☑ Make predictions using data
- ☑ Make recommendations using data
- ☑ Write code that does all these things

Introduction to Machine Learning

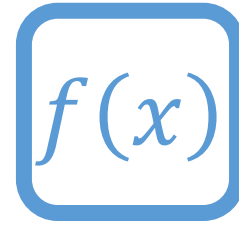
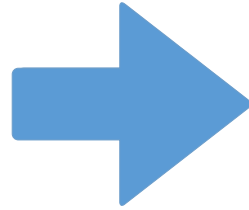
What is Machine Learning?



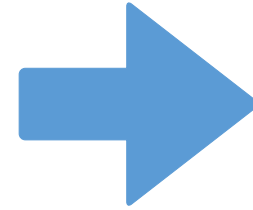




Data



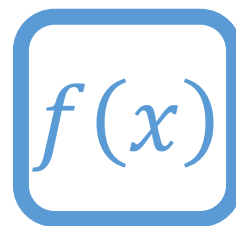
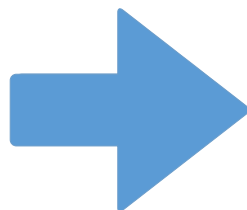
Function



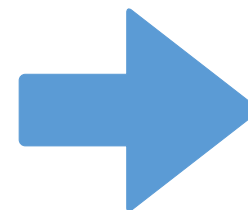
Prediction



Data



Function



Prediction



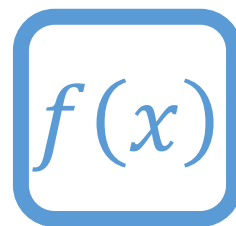
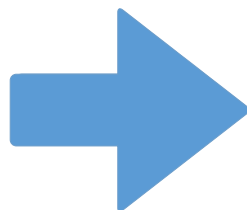
Cat



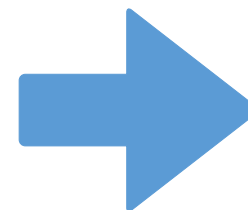
Dog



Data



Function



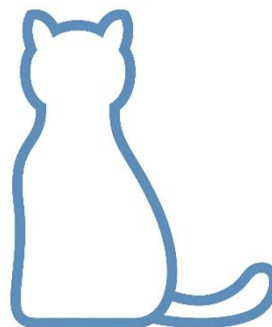
Prediction



Cat



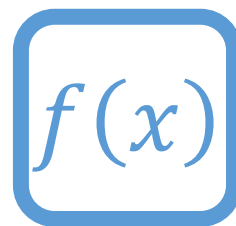
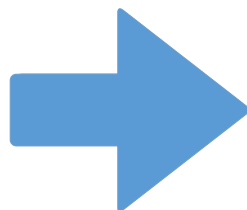
Dog



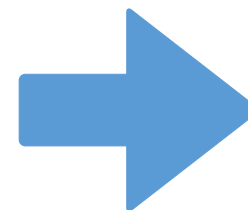
Is cat?



Data



Function



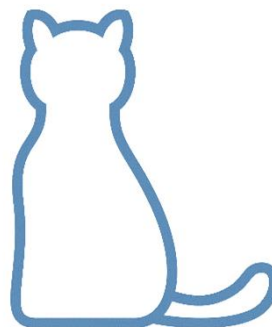
Prediction



Cat




Dog



Is cat?

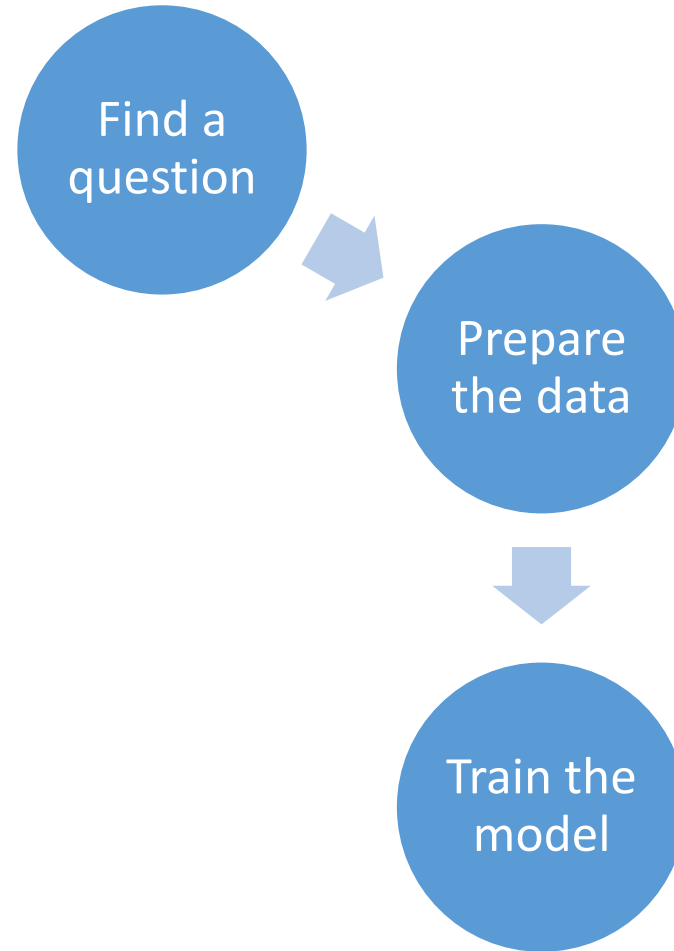


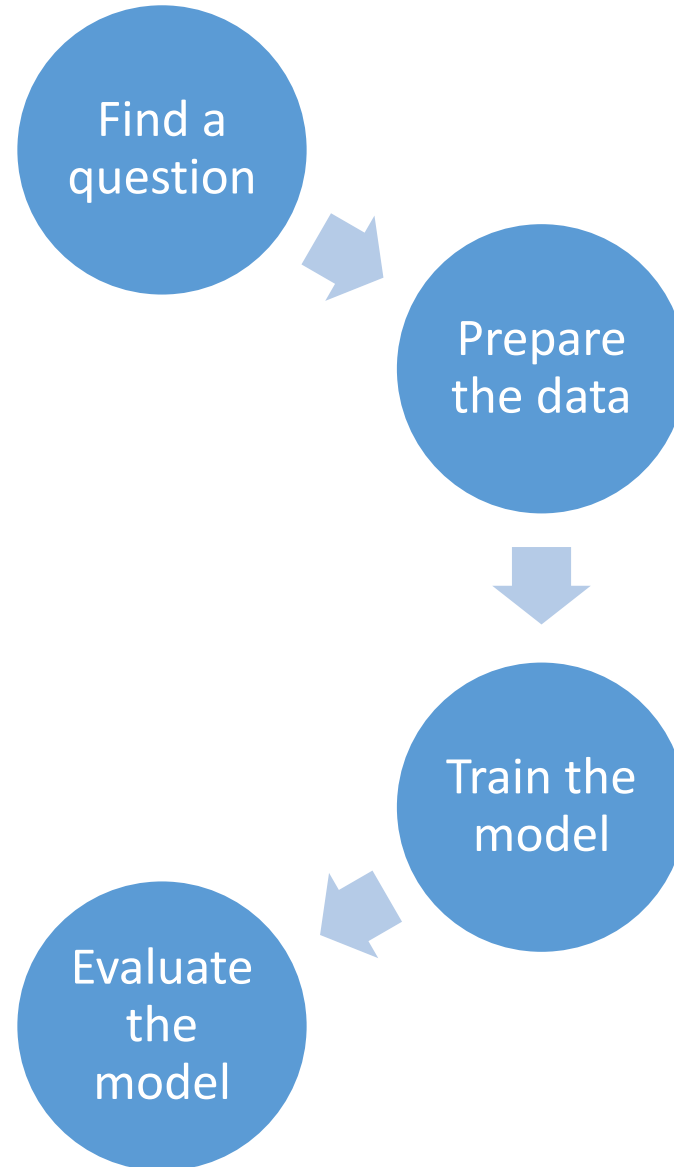
Yes

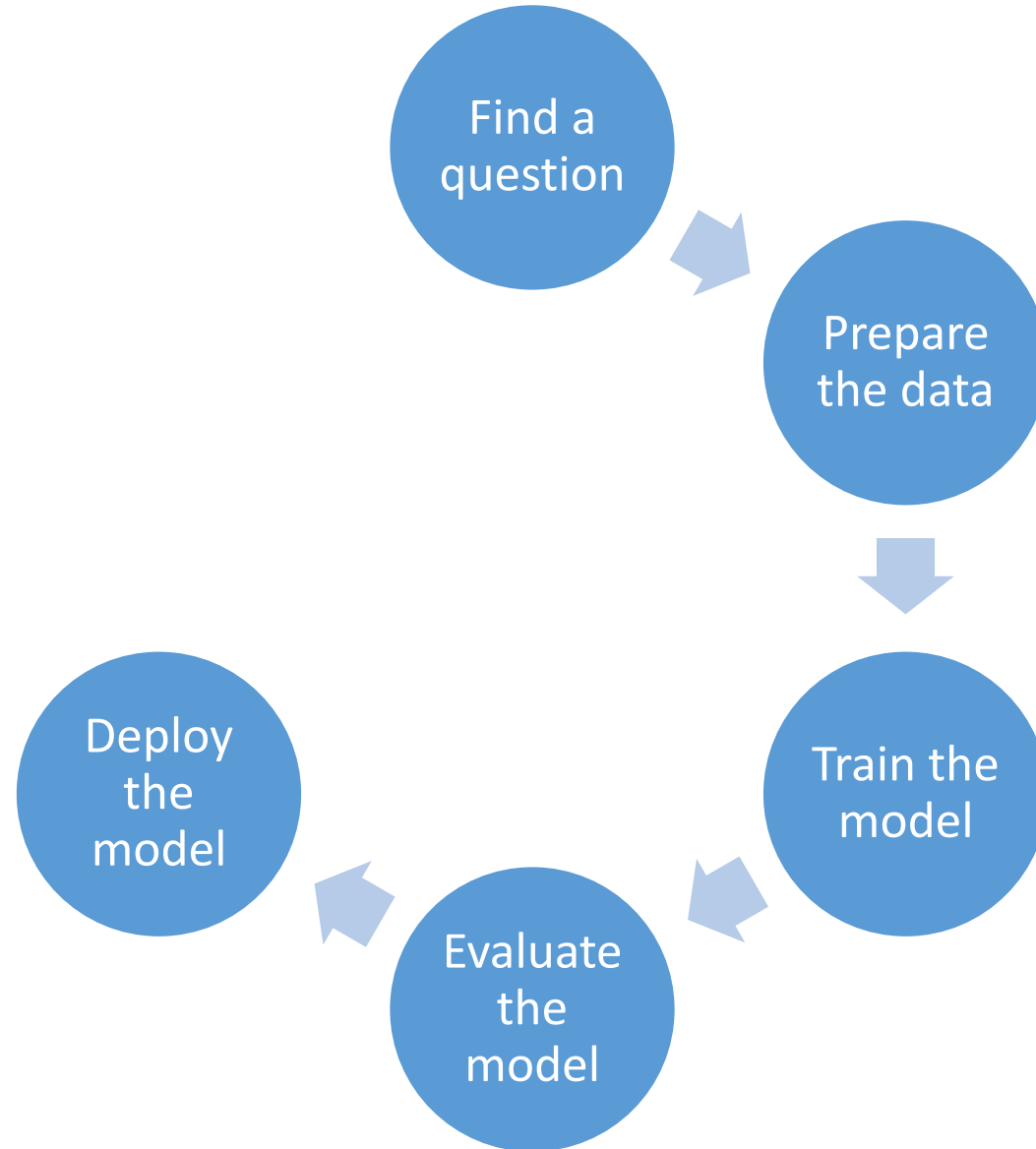
A solid blue circle with the text "Find a question" centered inside it in white font.

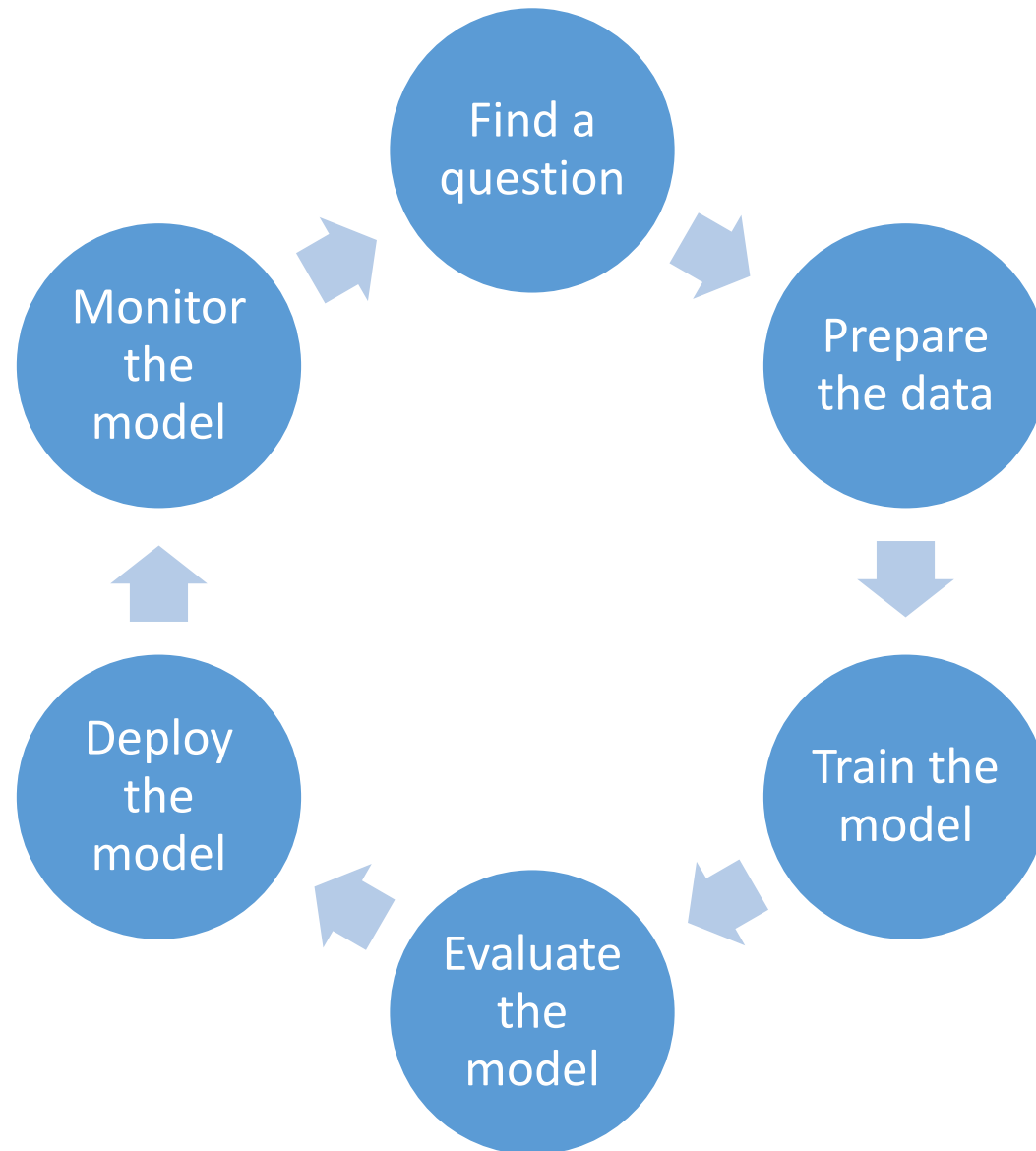
Find a
question

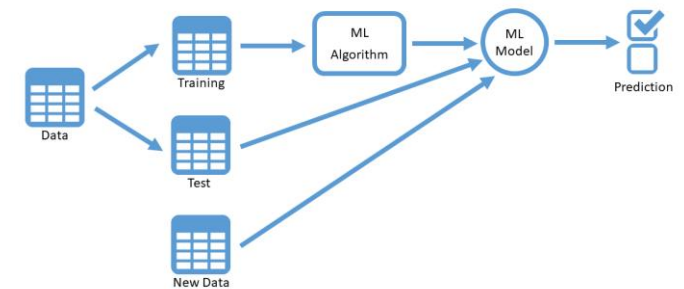
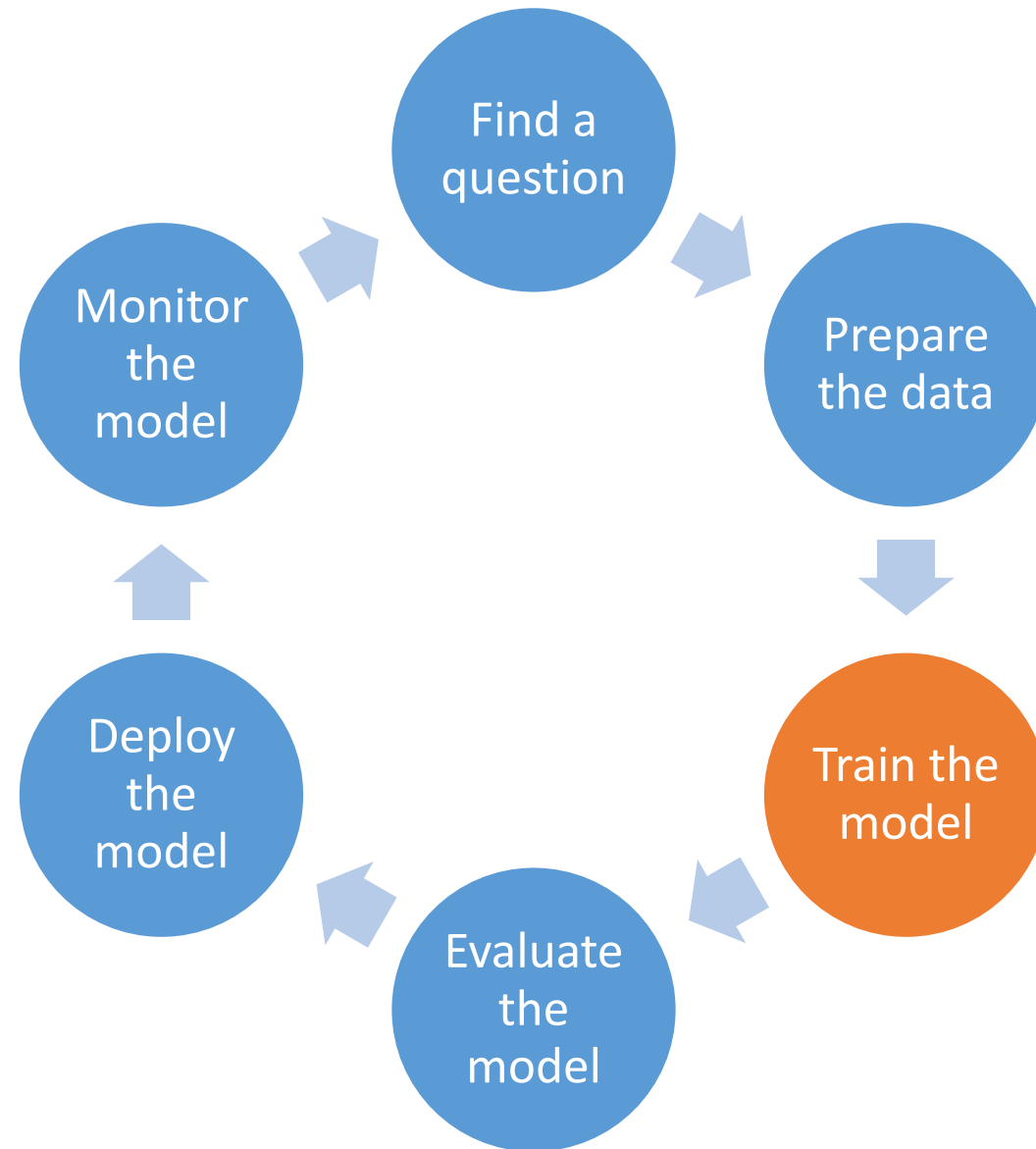


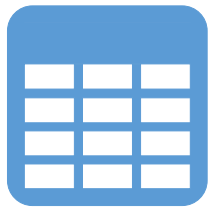




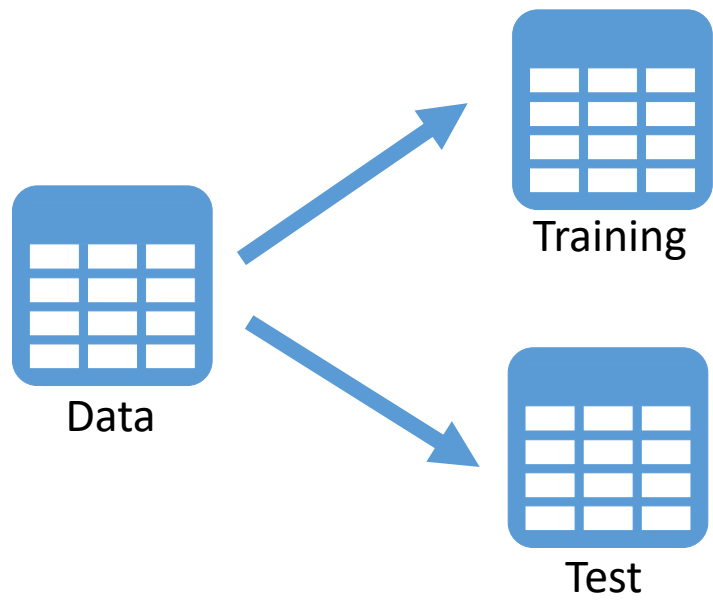


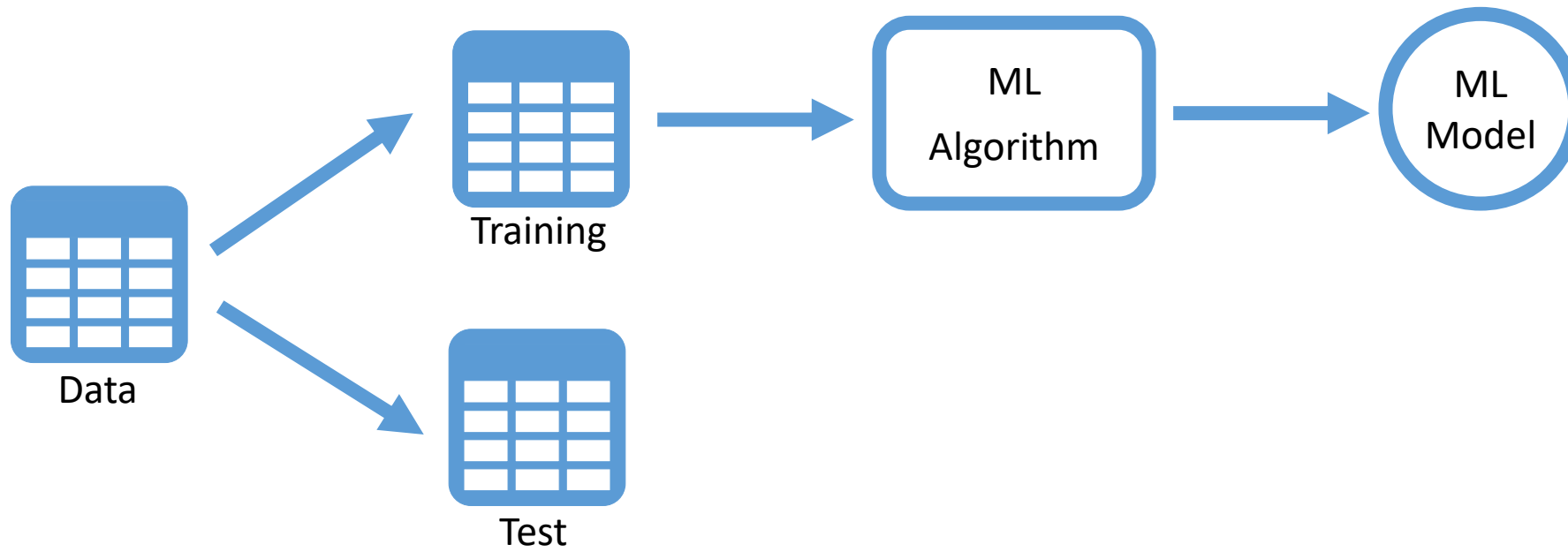


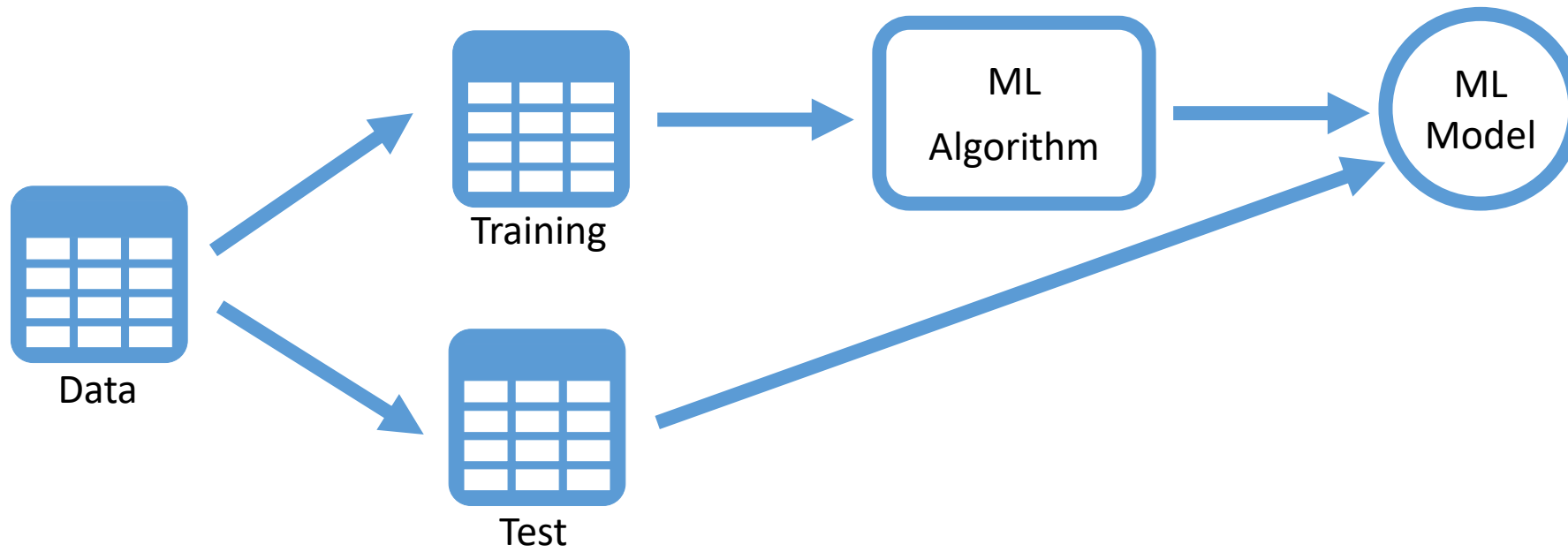


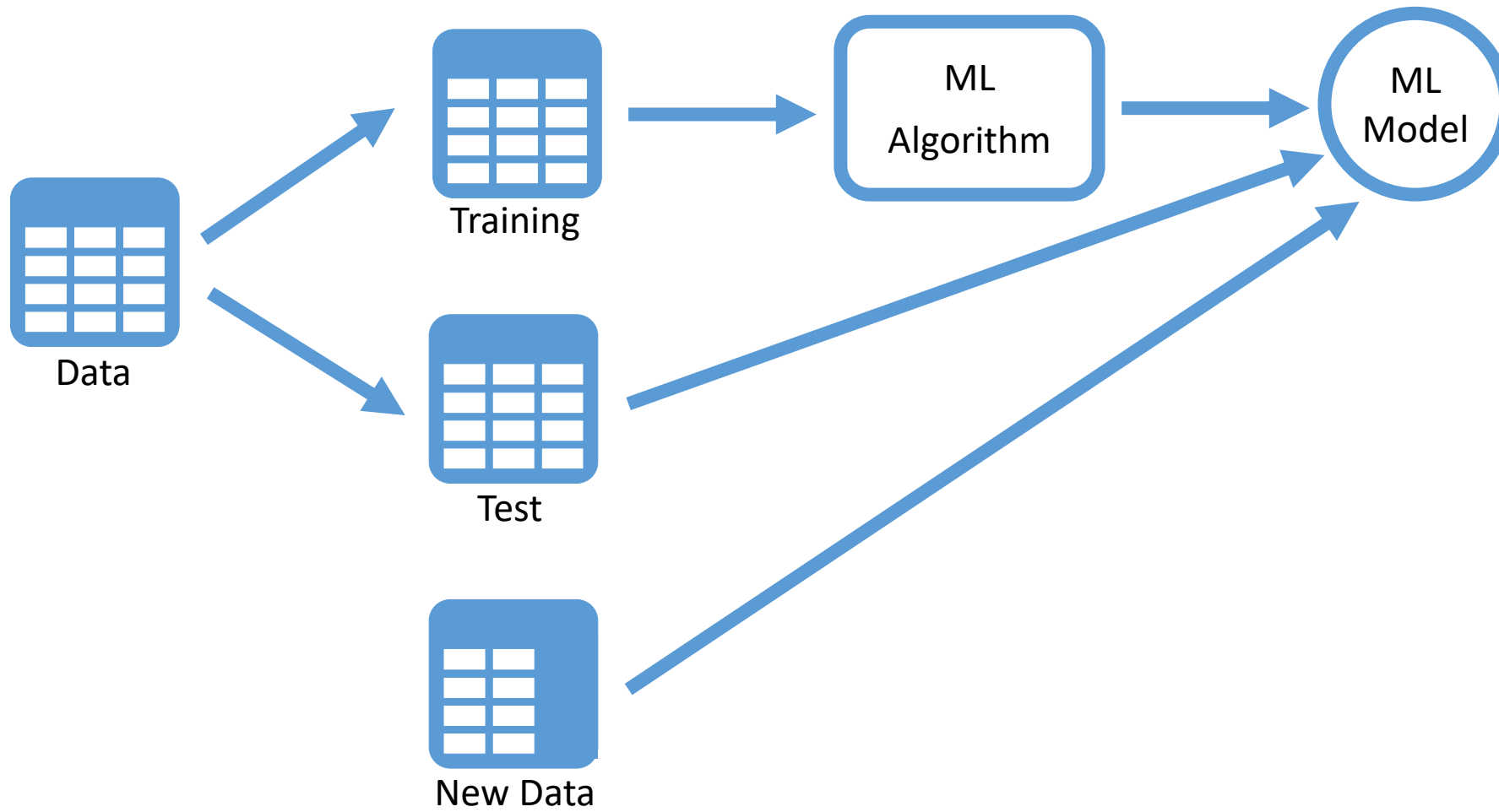


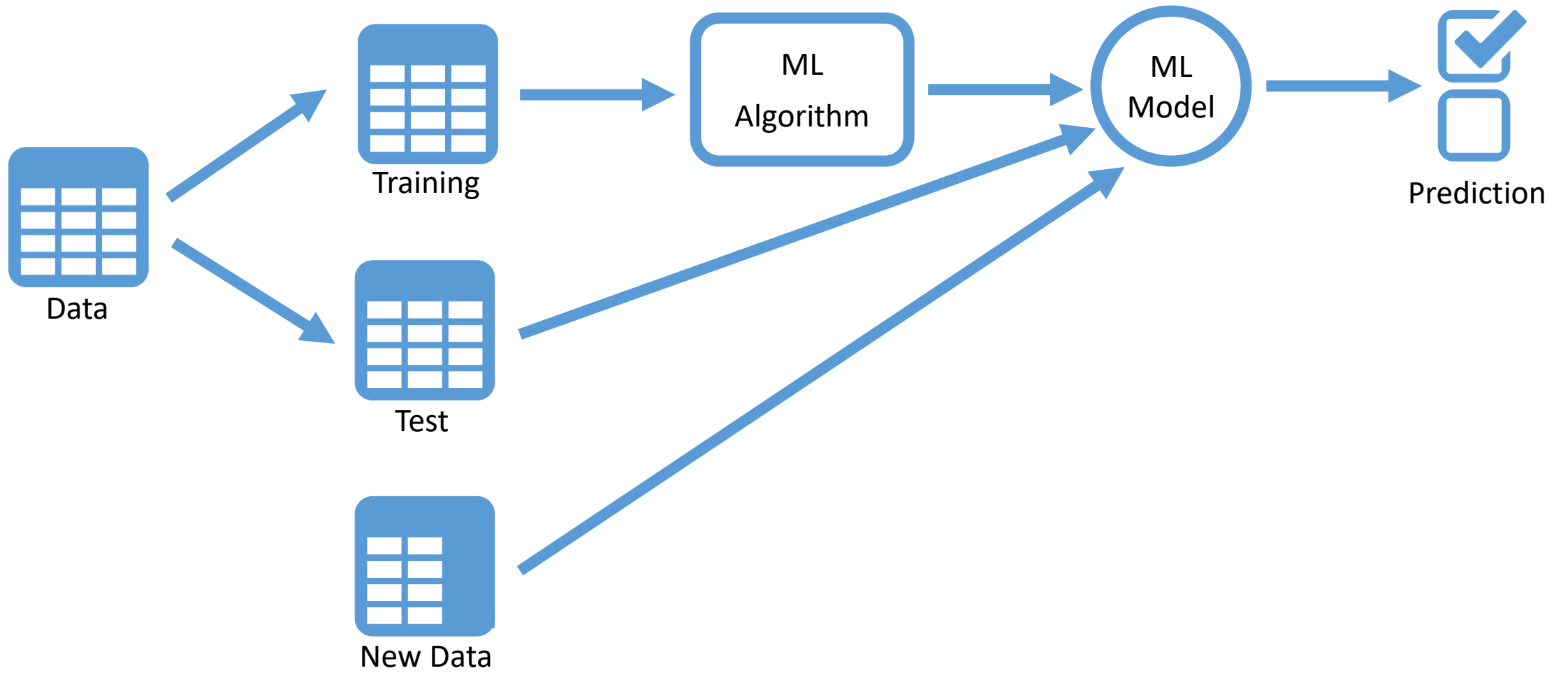
Data



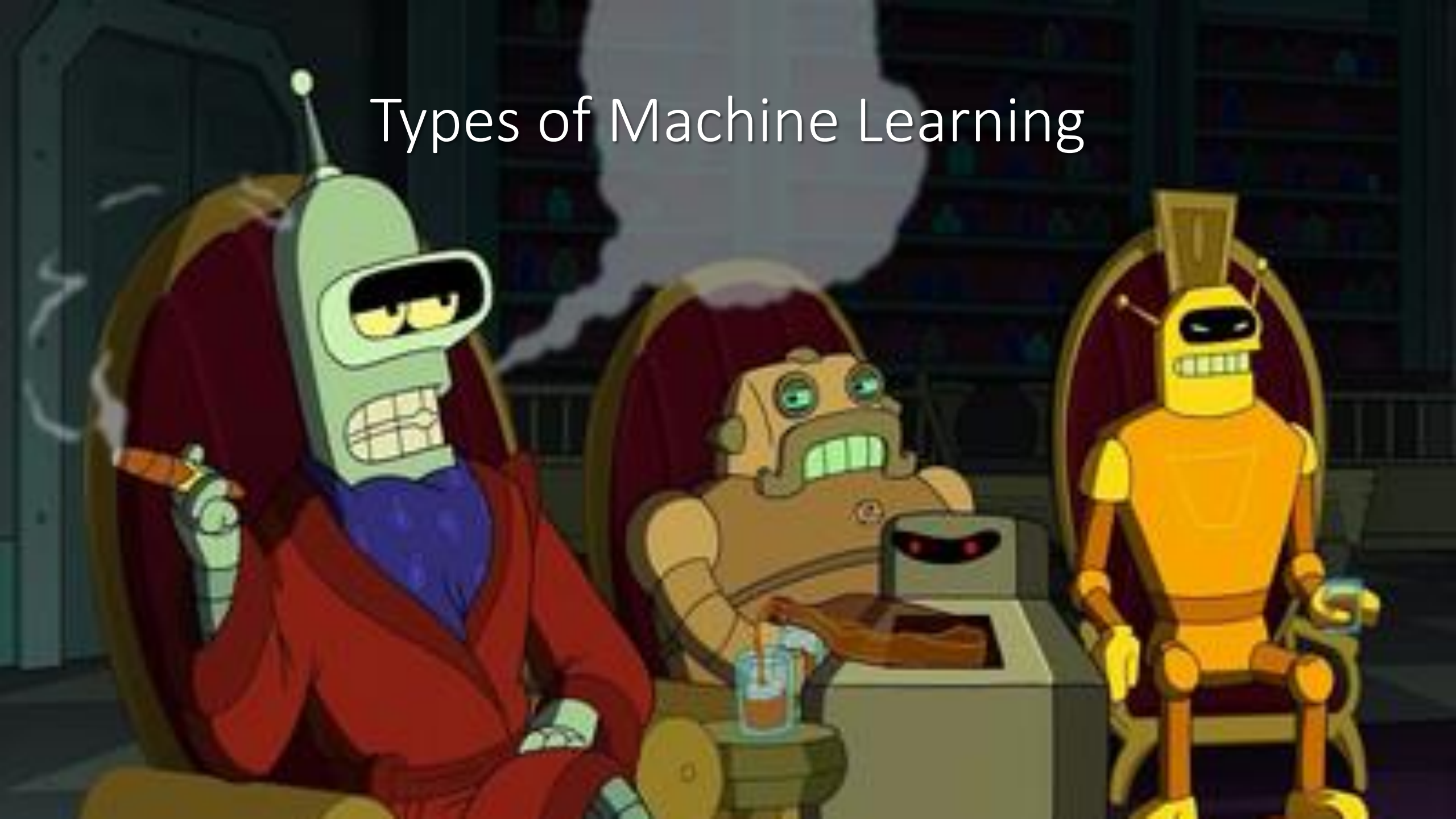




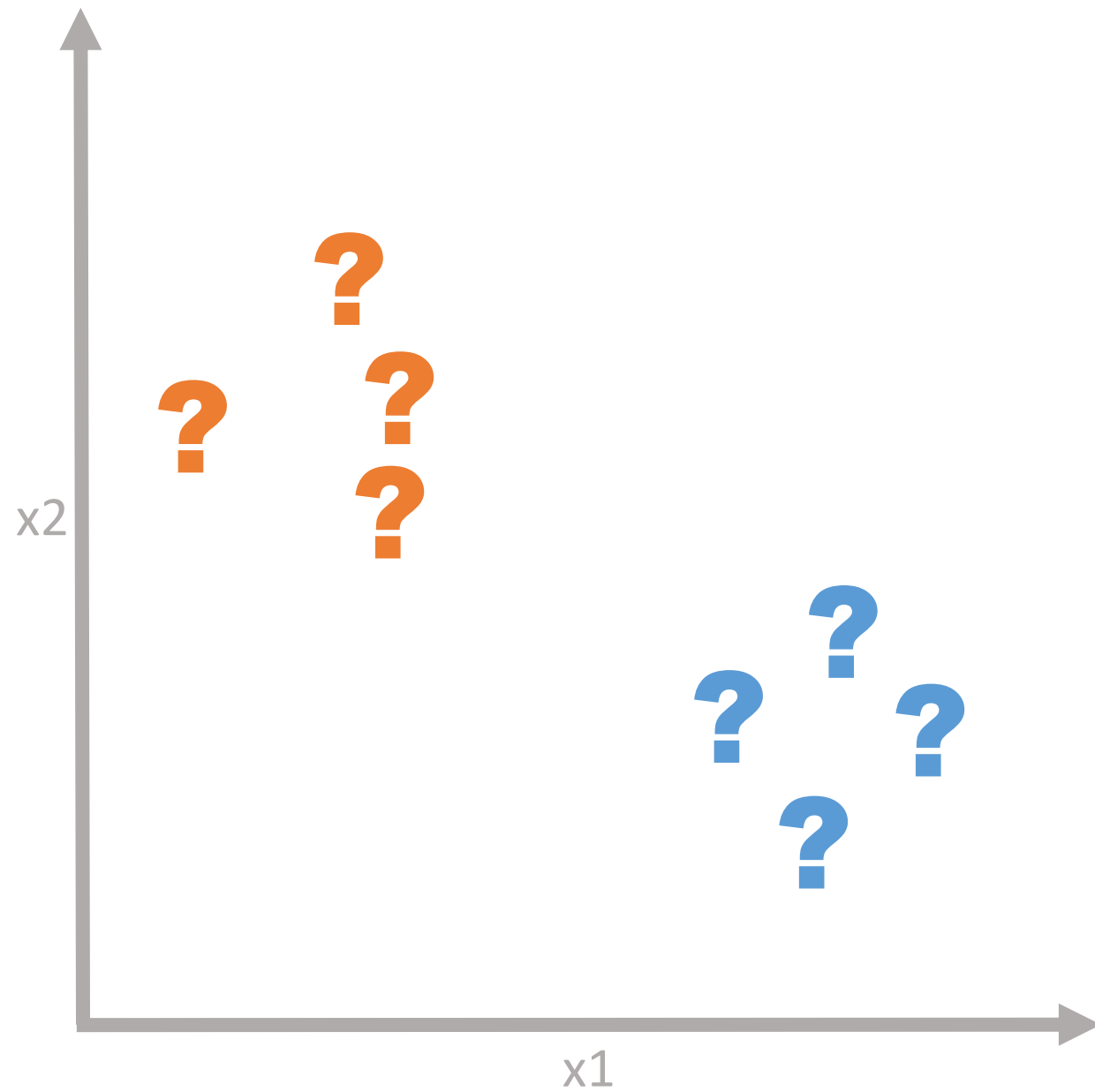


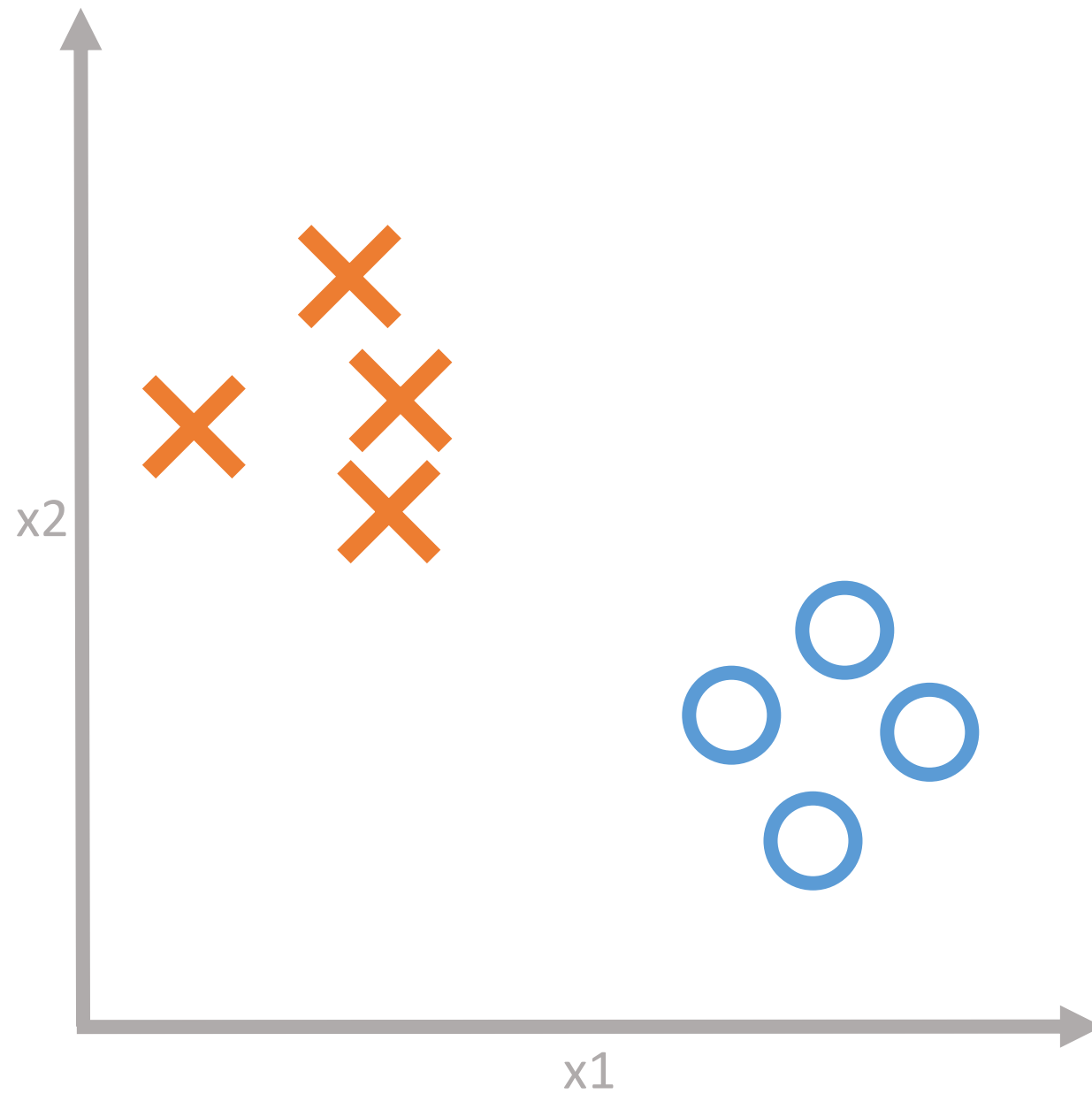


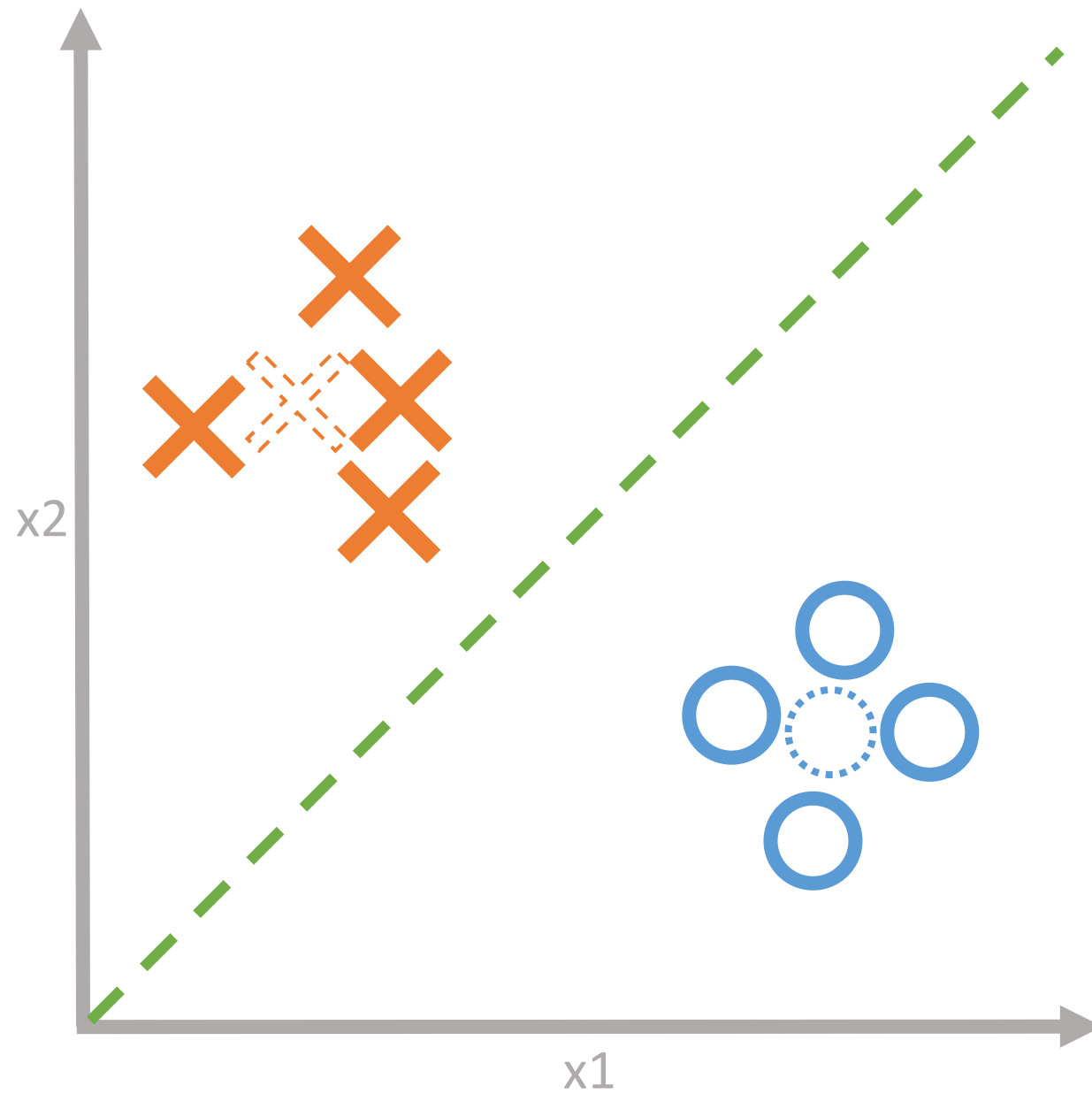
Types of Machine Learning



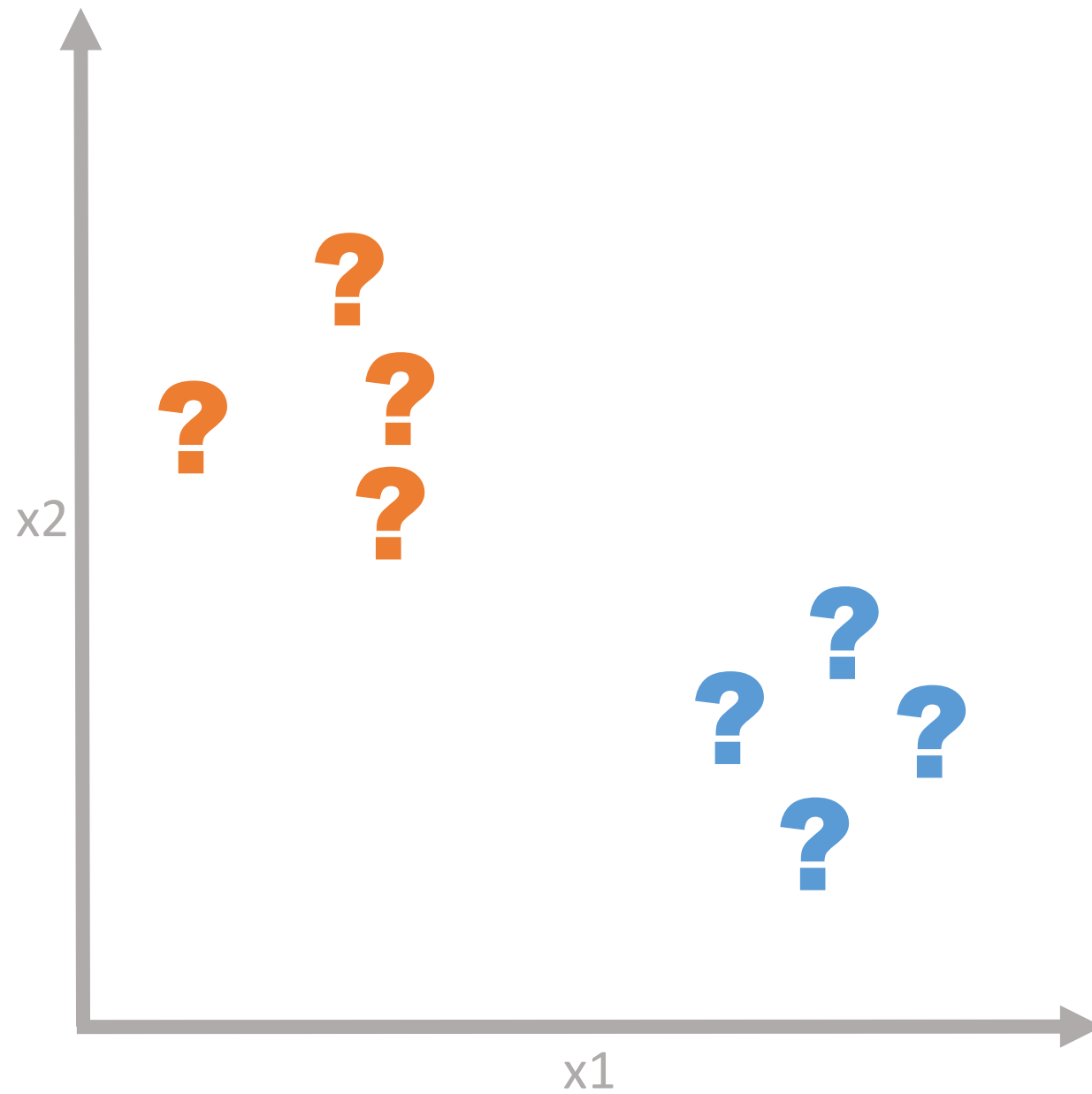
Supervised Learning

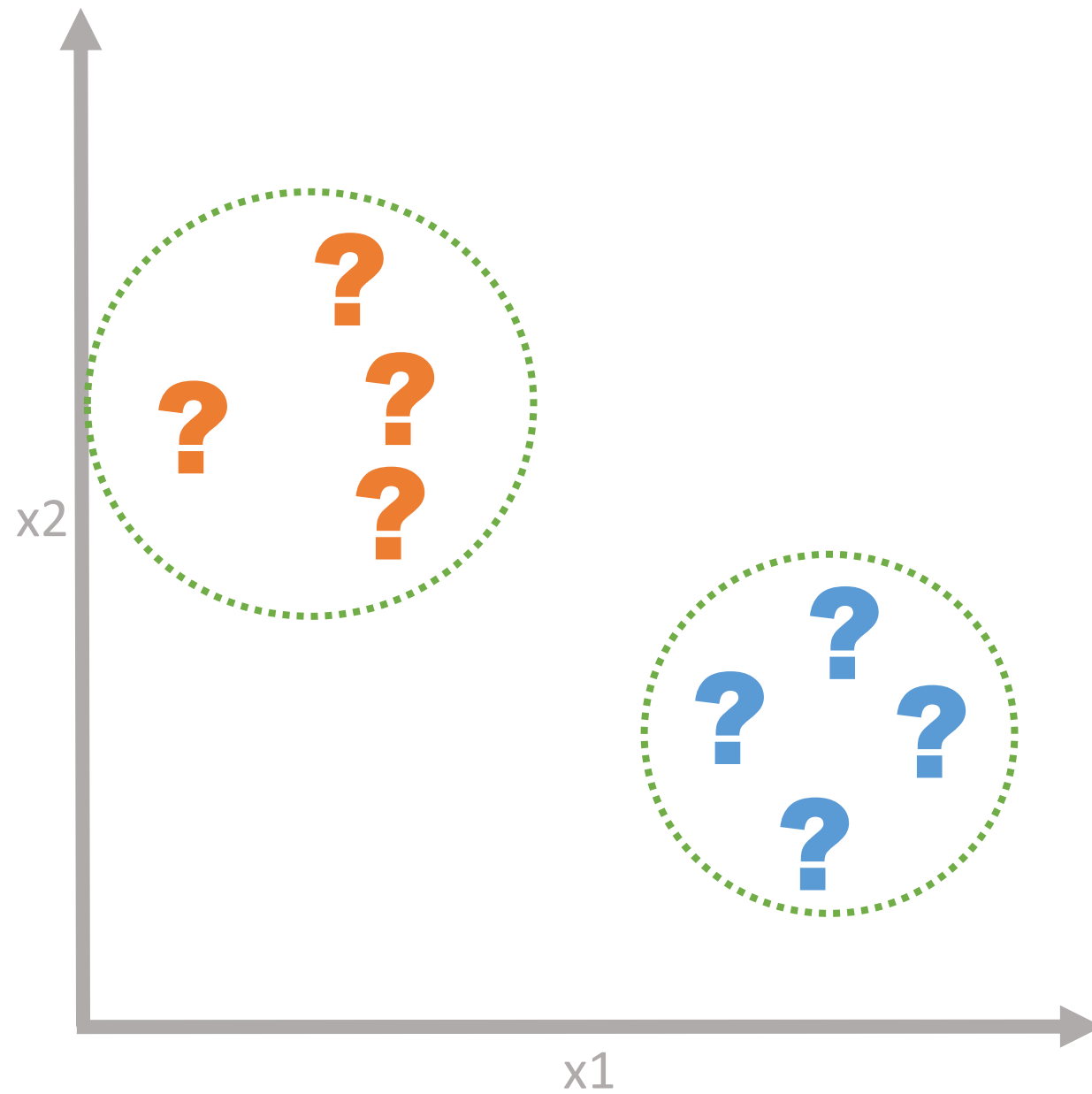


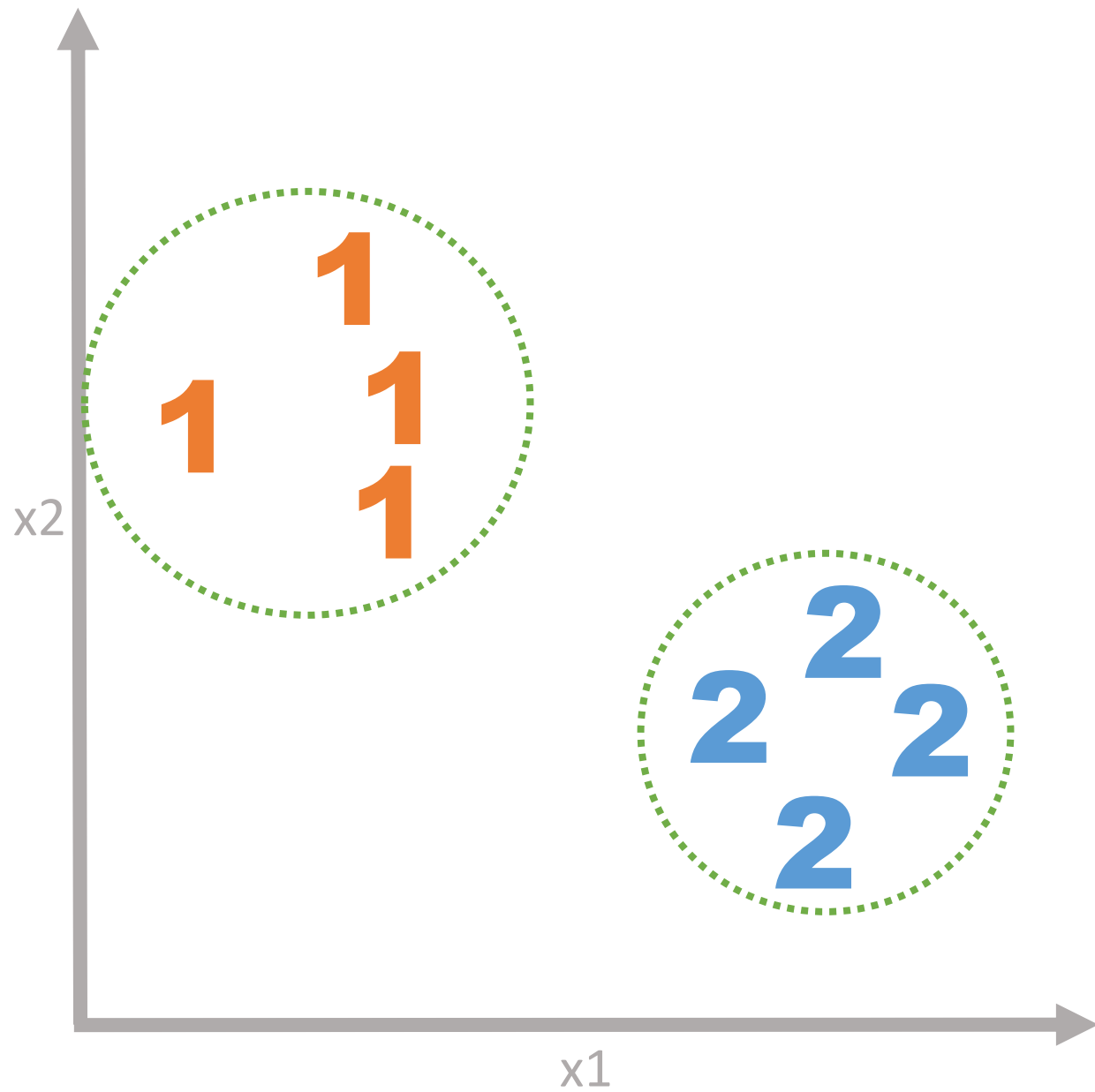


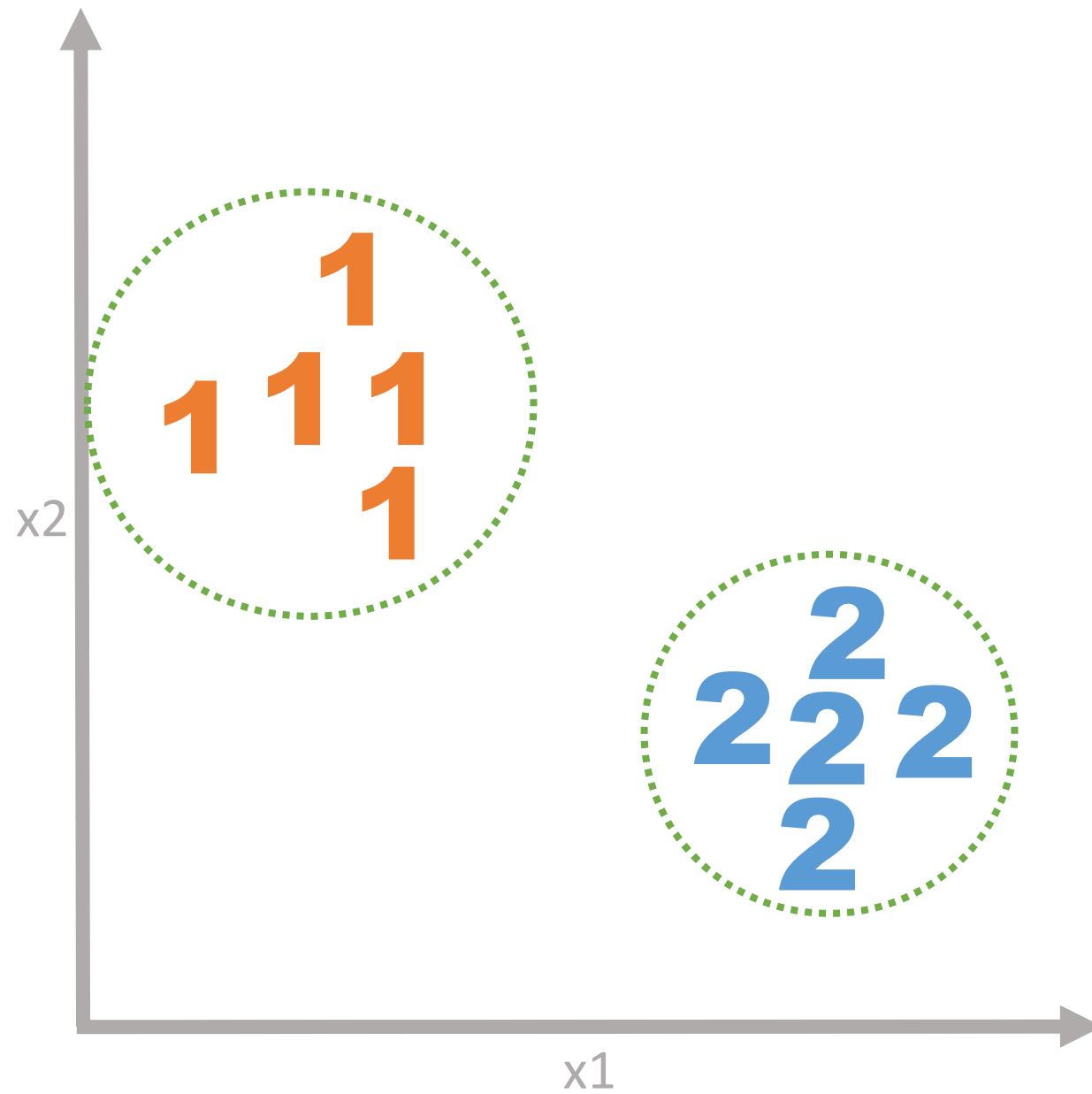


Unsupervised Learning

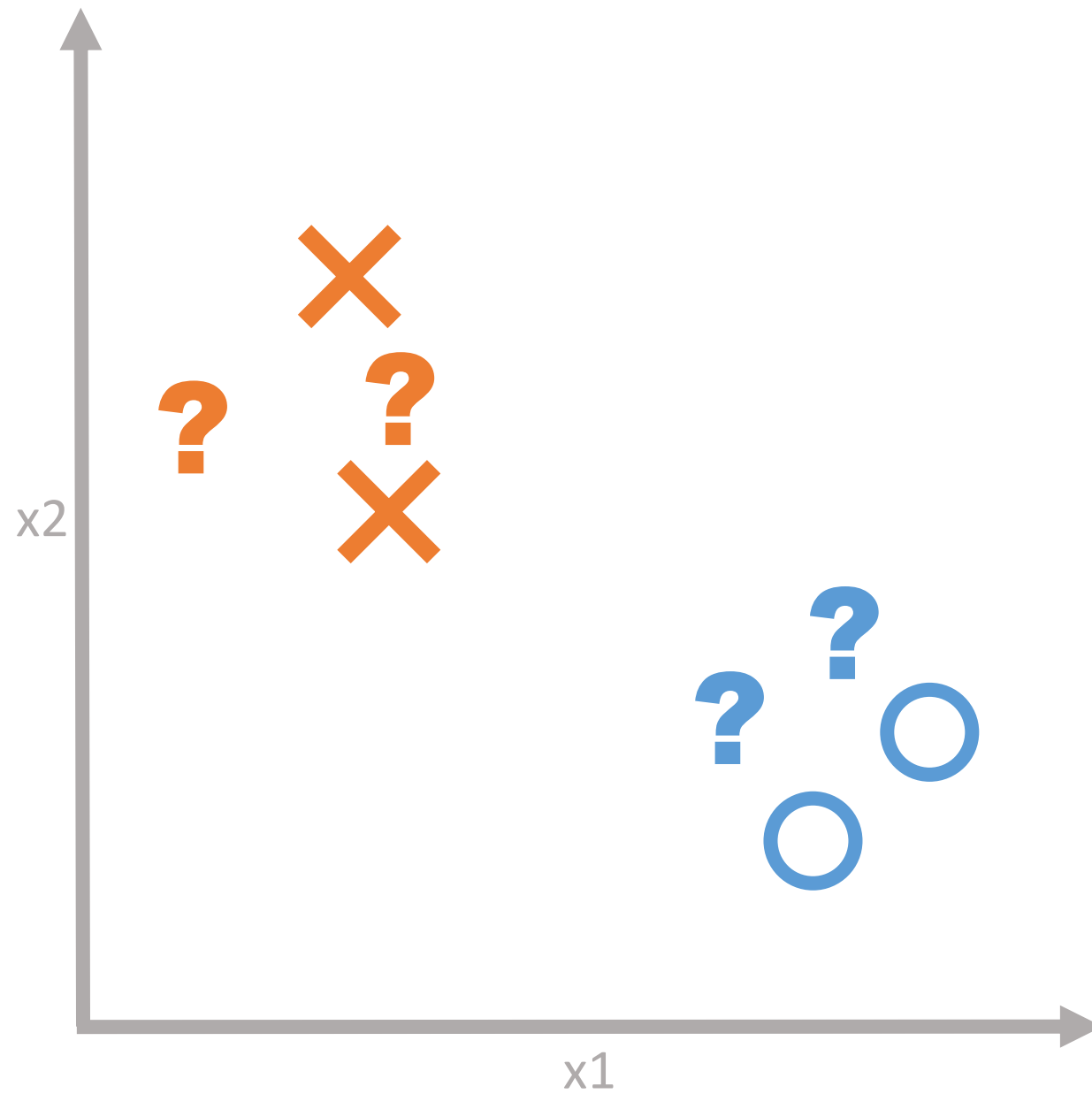


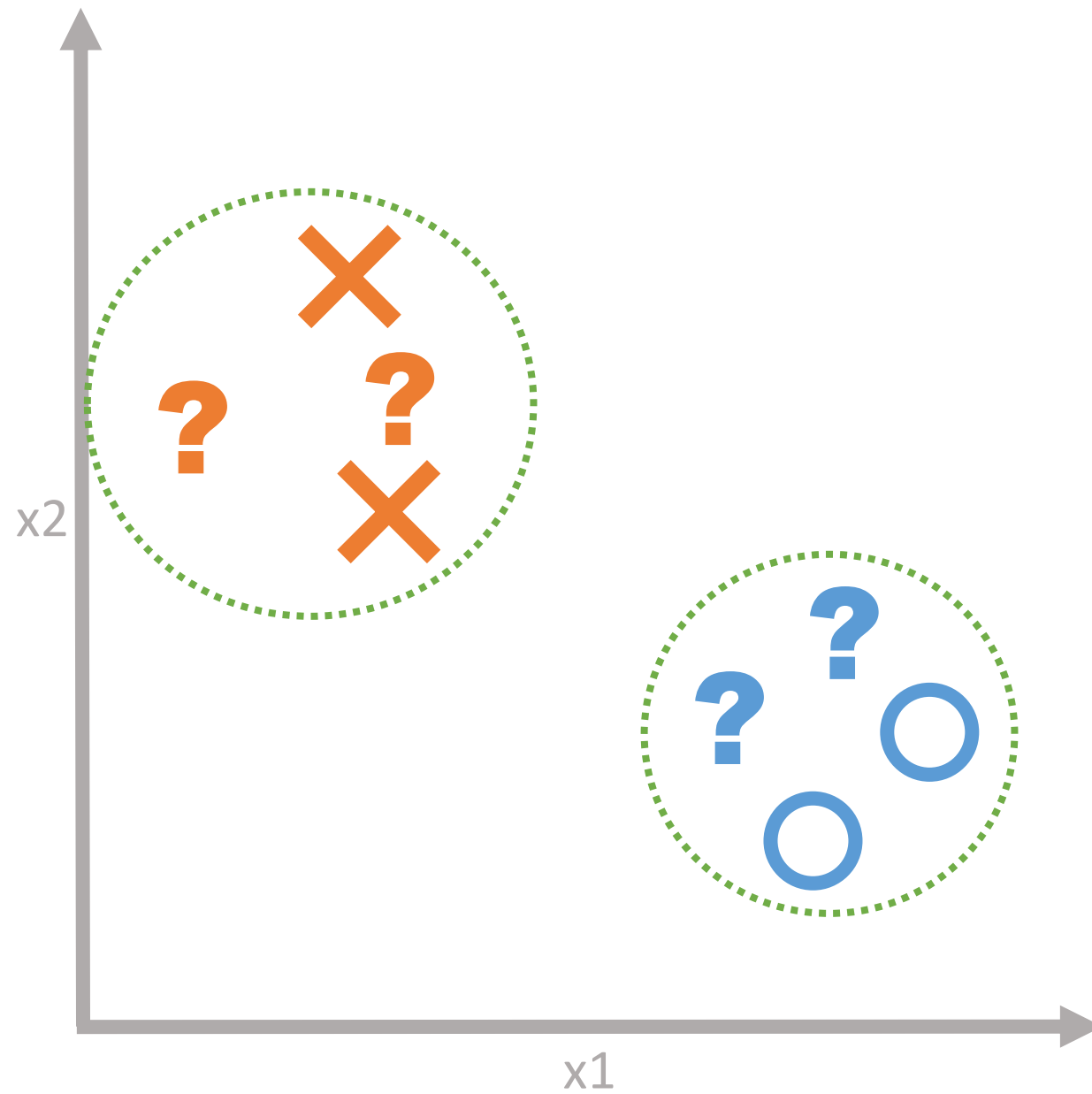


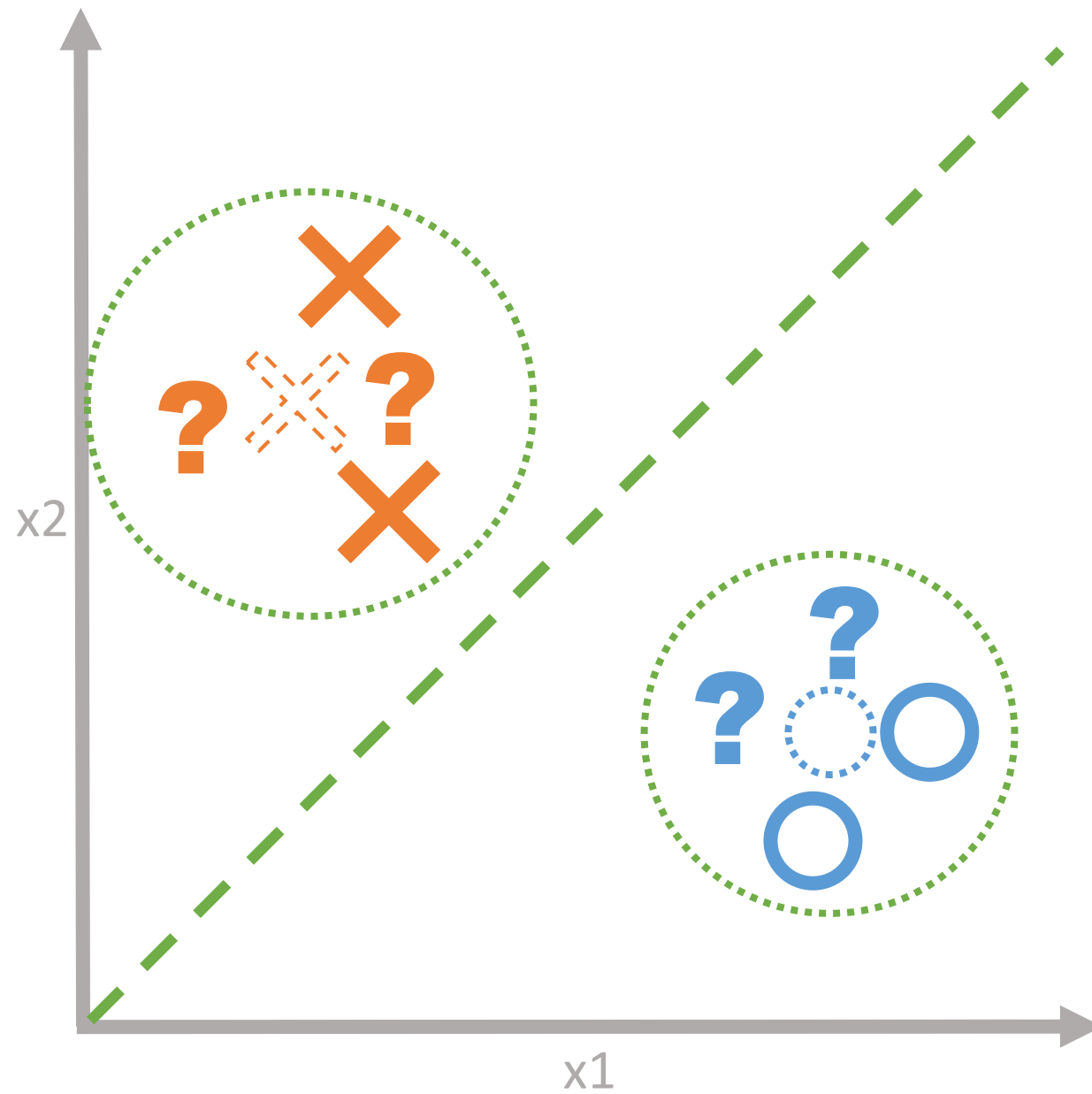




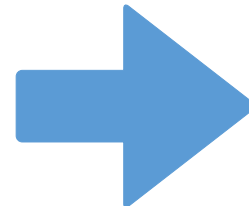
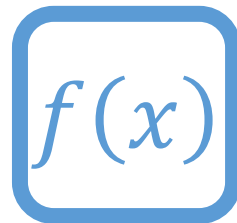
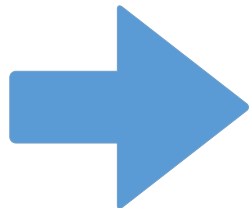
Semi-supervised Learning

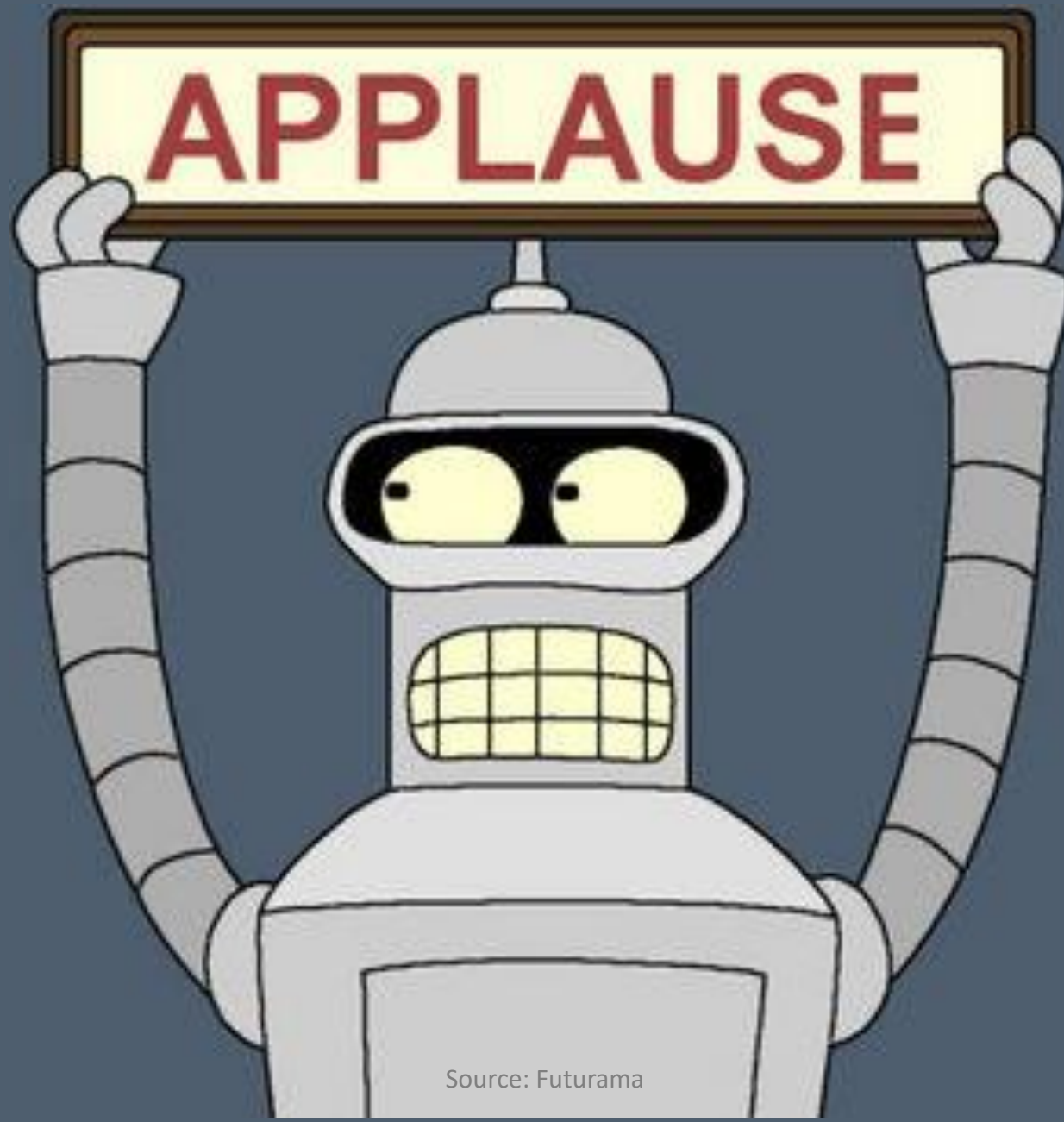






What Can Machine Learning Do?





Source: Futurama

Introduction to R

What is R?

Open source

Language and environment

Numerical and graphical analysis

Cross platform



What is R?

Active development

Large user community

Modular and extensible

9000+ extensions

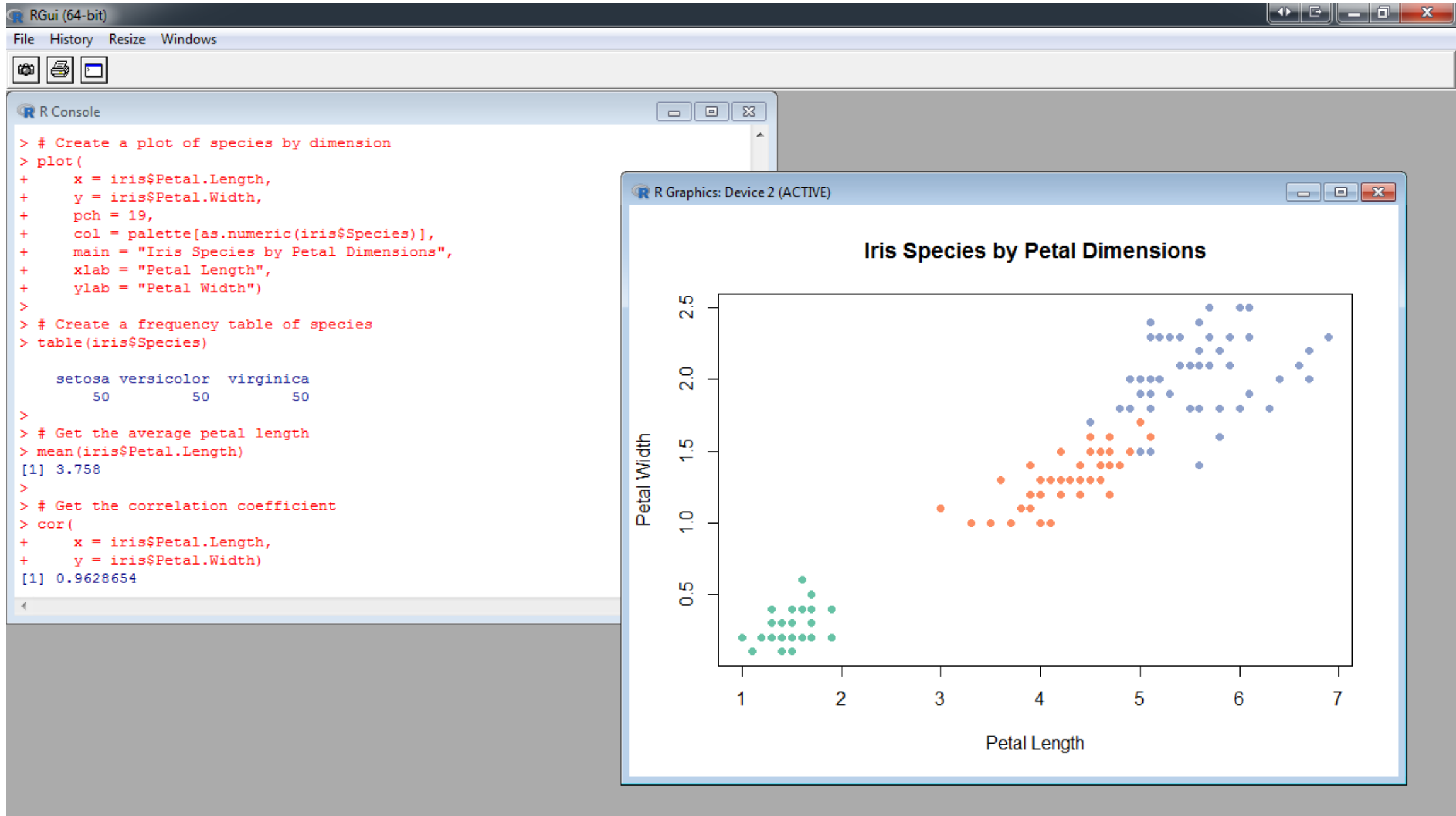


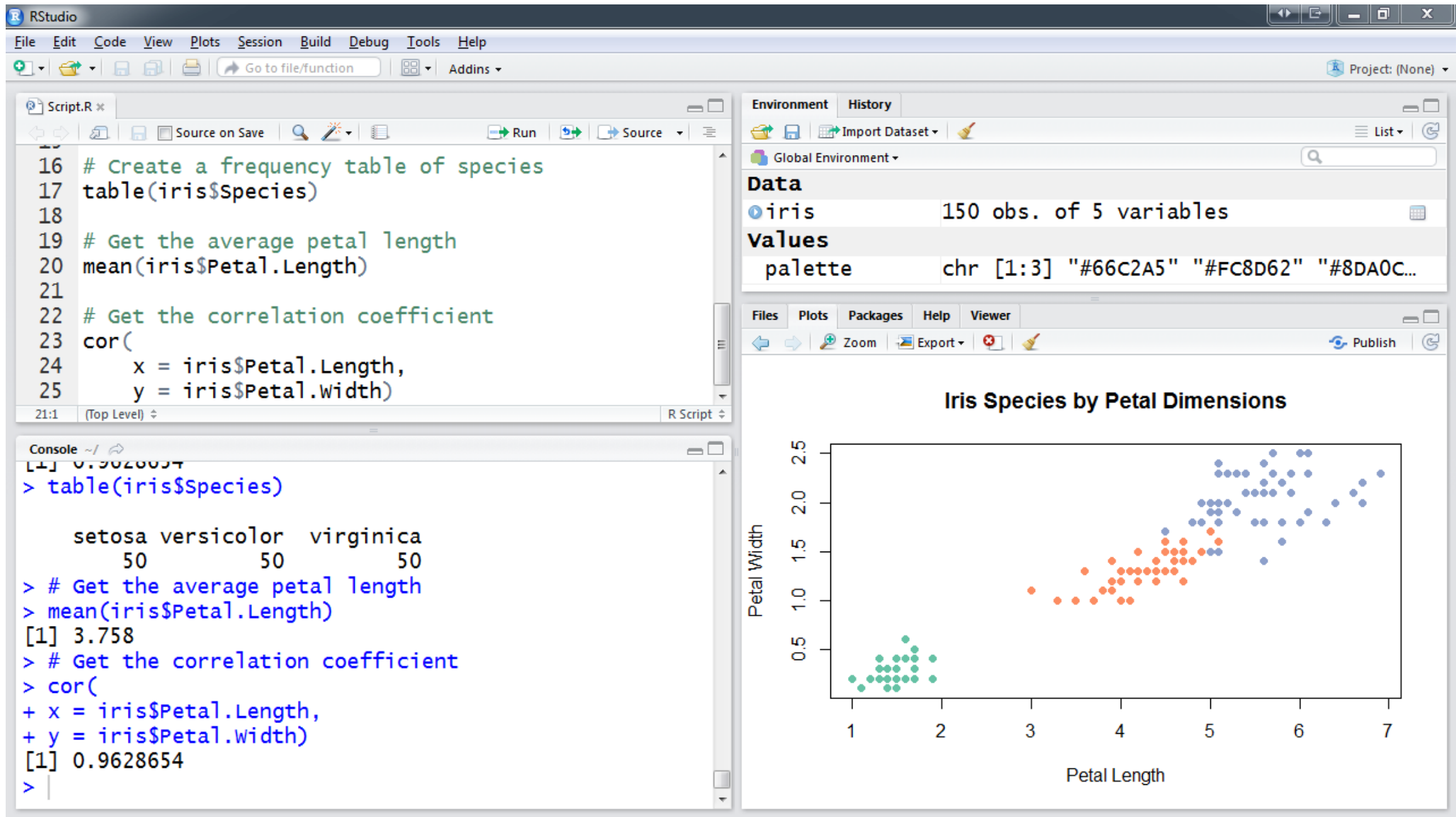


FREE

FREE







Script.R - Microsoft Visual Studio

FileEditViewNCRunchProjectDebugTeamToolsArchitectureTestReSharperR ToolsAnalyzeWindowHelp

Quick Launch (Ctrl+Q)

Matthew Renze

Script.R

```
main = "Iris Species by Petal Dimensions",
xlab = "Petal Length",
ylab = "Petal Width")

# Create a frequency table of species
table(iris$Species)

# Get the average petal length
mean(iris$Petal.Length)

# Get the correlation coefficient
cor(
  x = iris$Petal.Length,
  y = iris$Petal.Width)
```

Variable Explorer

Search

.GlobalEnv

Name	Value	Class	Type
iris	150 obs. of 5 variables	data.frame	list
palette	chr [1:3] "#66C2A5" "#FC8D62" "#8DA0CB"	character	character

Variable ExplorerR History

R Interactive

Attach Debugger

~

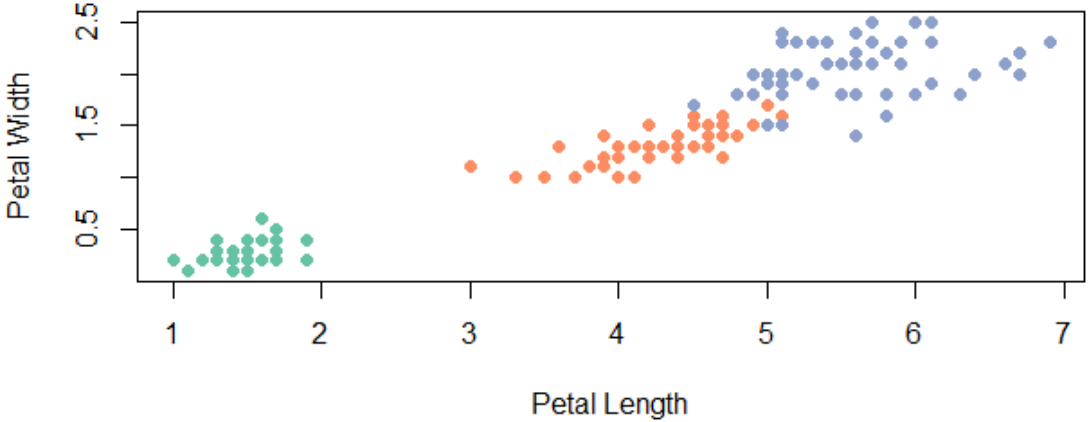
```
> # Create a frequency table of species
> table(iris$Species)

      setosa versicolor virginica 
        50         50         50 

> # Get the average petal length
> mean(iris$Petal.Length)
[1] 3.758
> # Get the correlation coefficient
> cor(
+   x = iris$Petal.Length,
+   y = iris$Petal.Width)
[1] 0.9628654
>
```

R Plot

Iris Species by Petal Dimensions



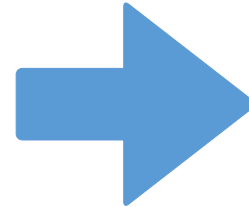
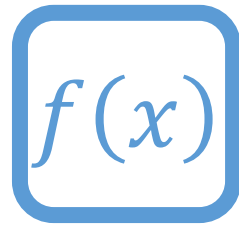
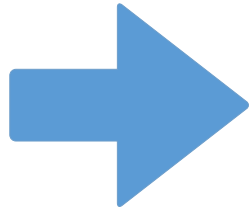
Solution ExplorerR PlotR Package ManagerR Help

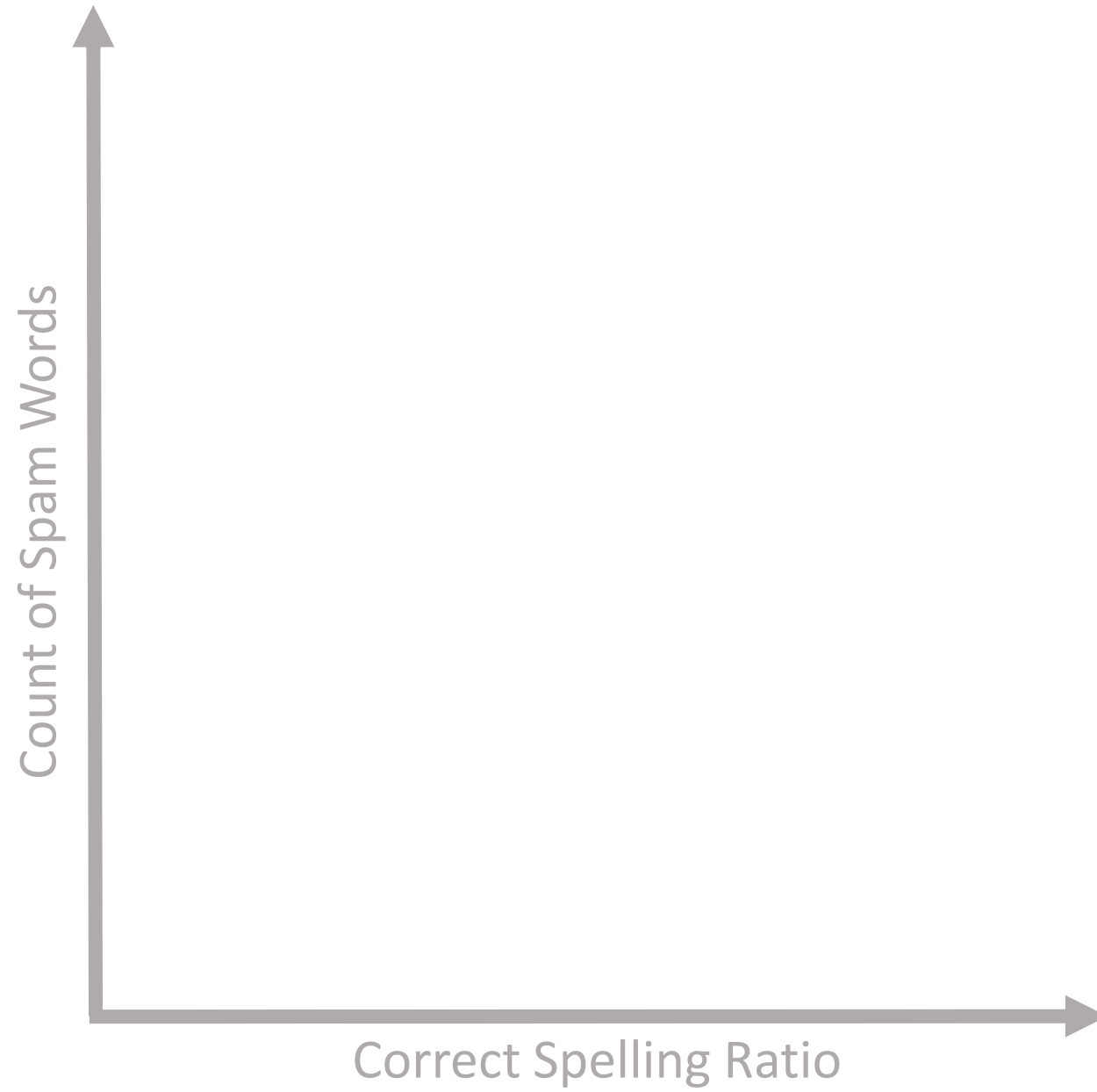
Error ListOutputAzure App Service Activity

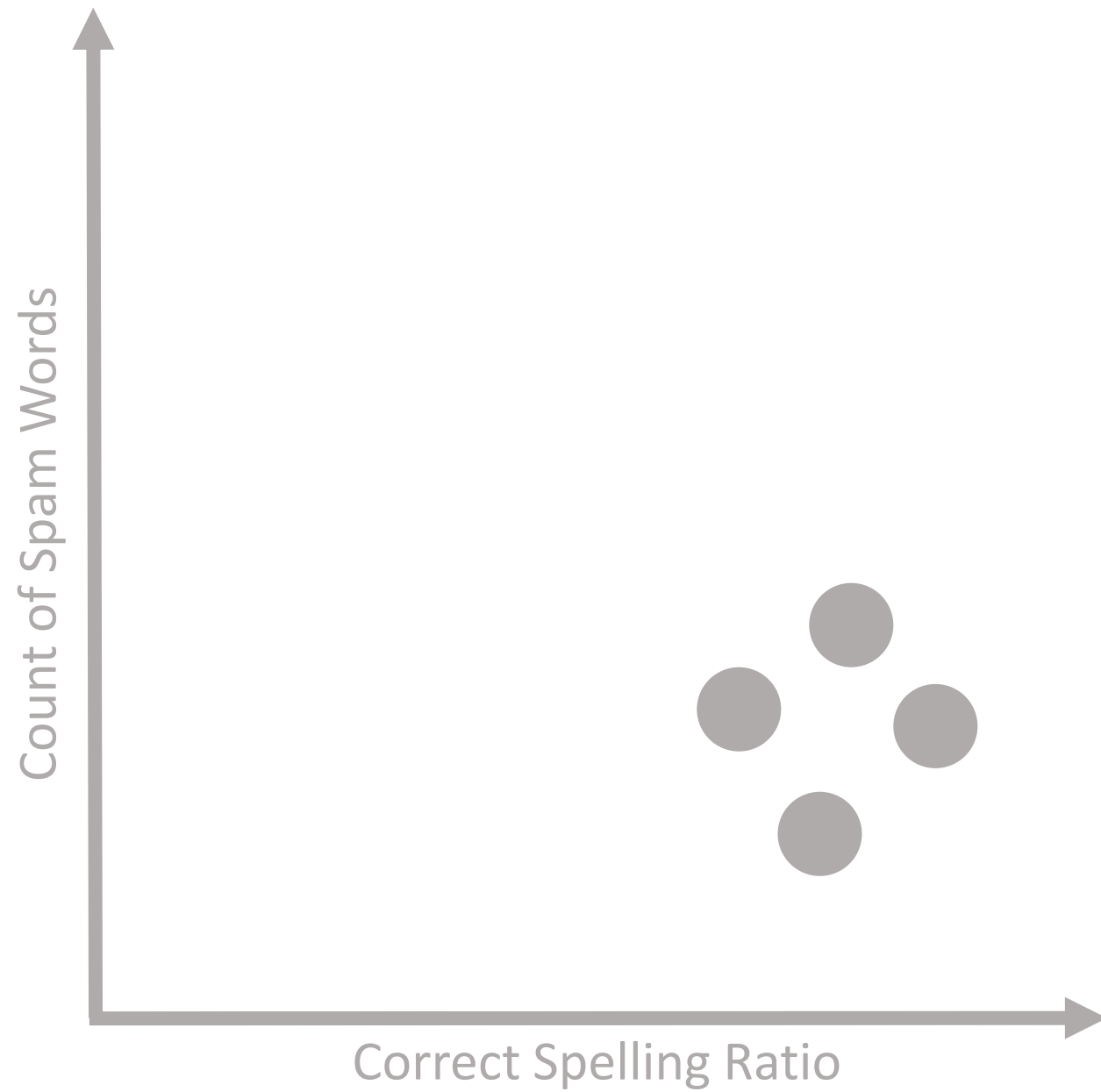
ReadyLn 30Col 1Ch 1INS70Rootmaster

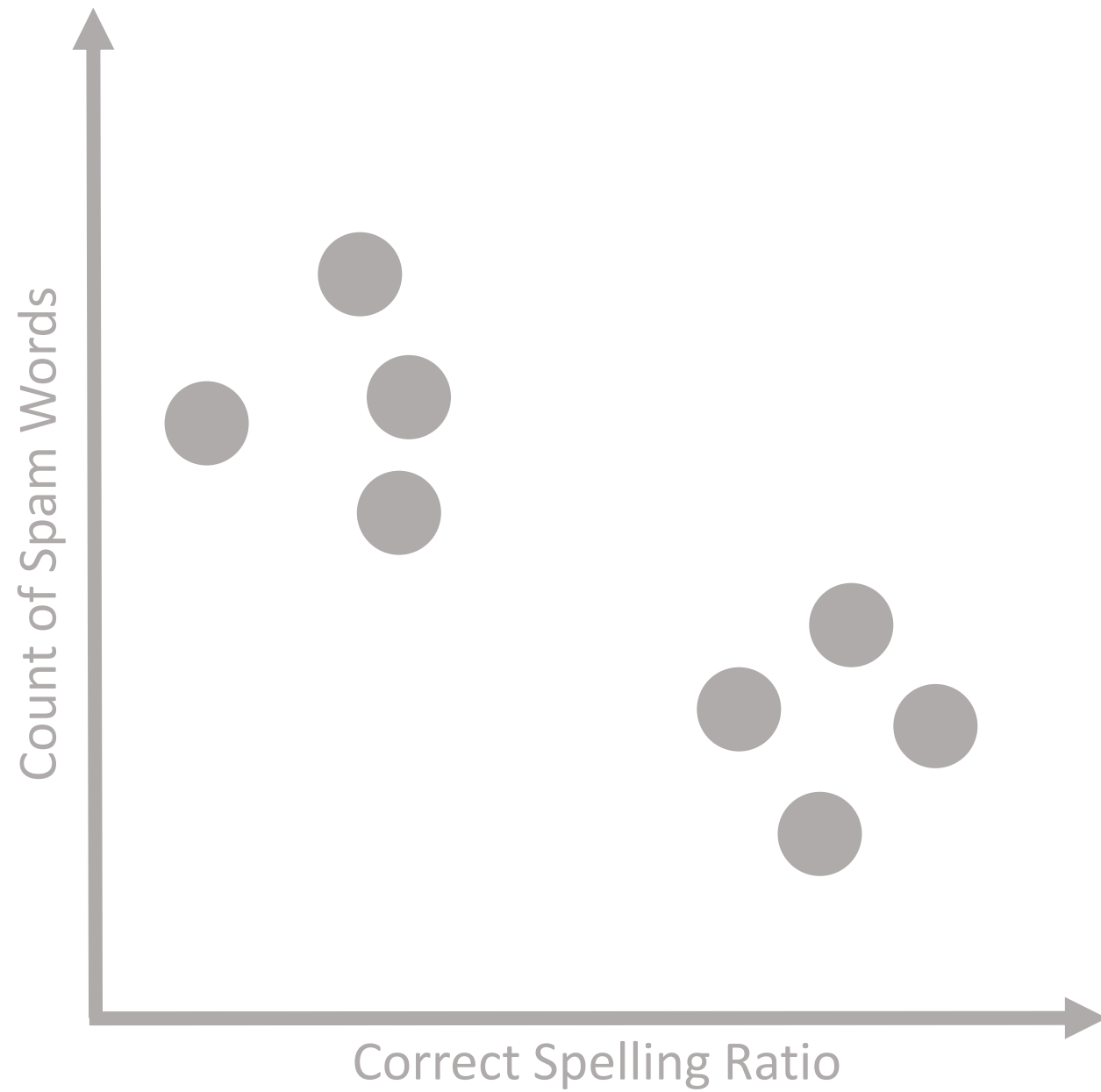
Code Demo

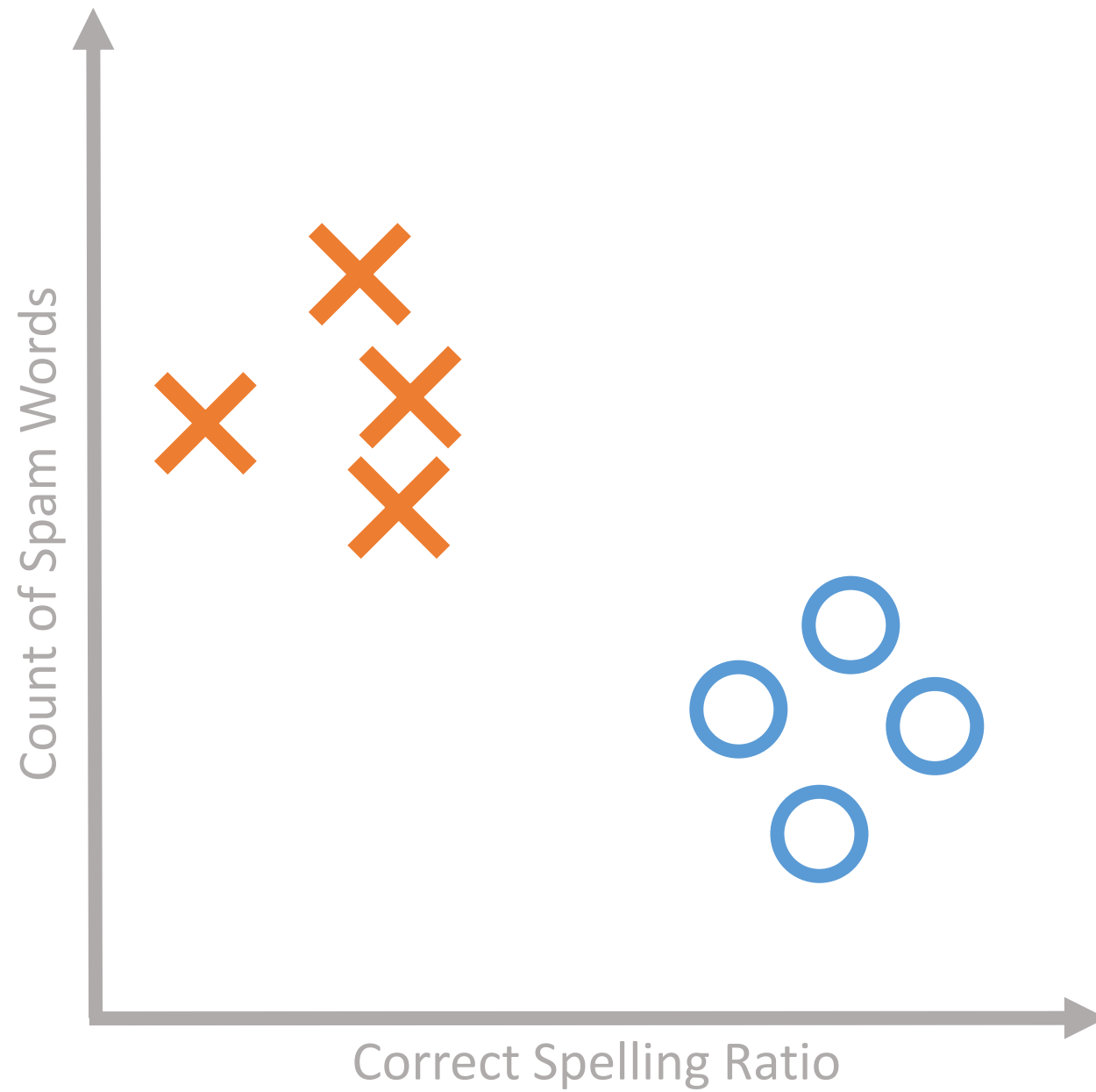
Classification

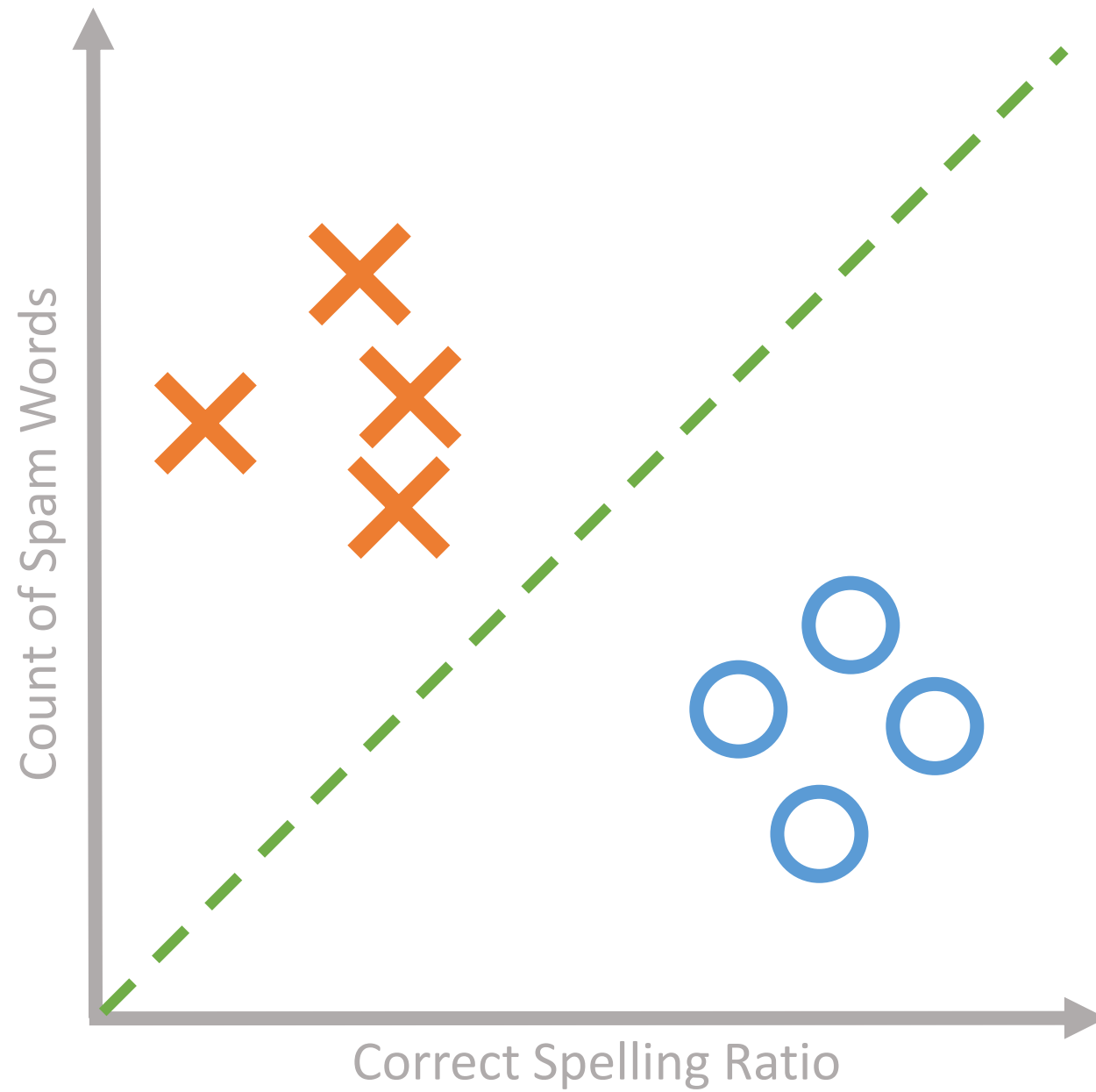


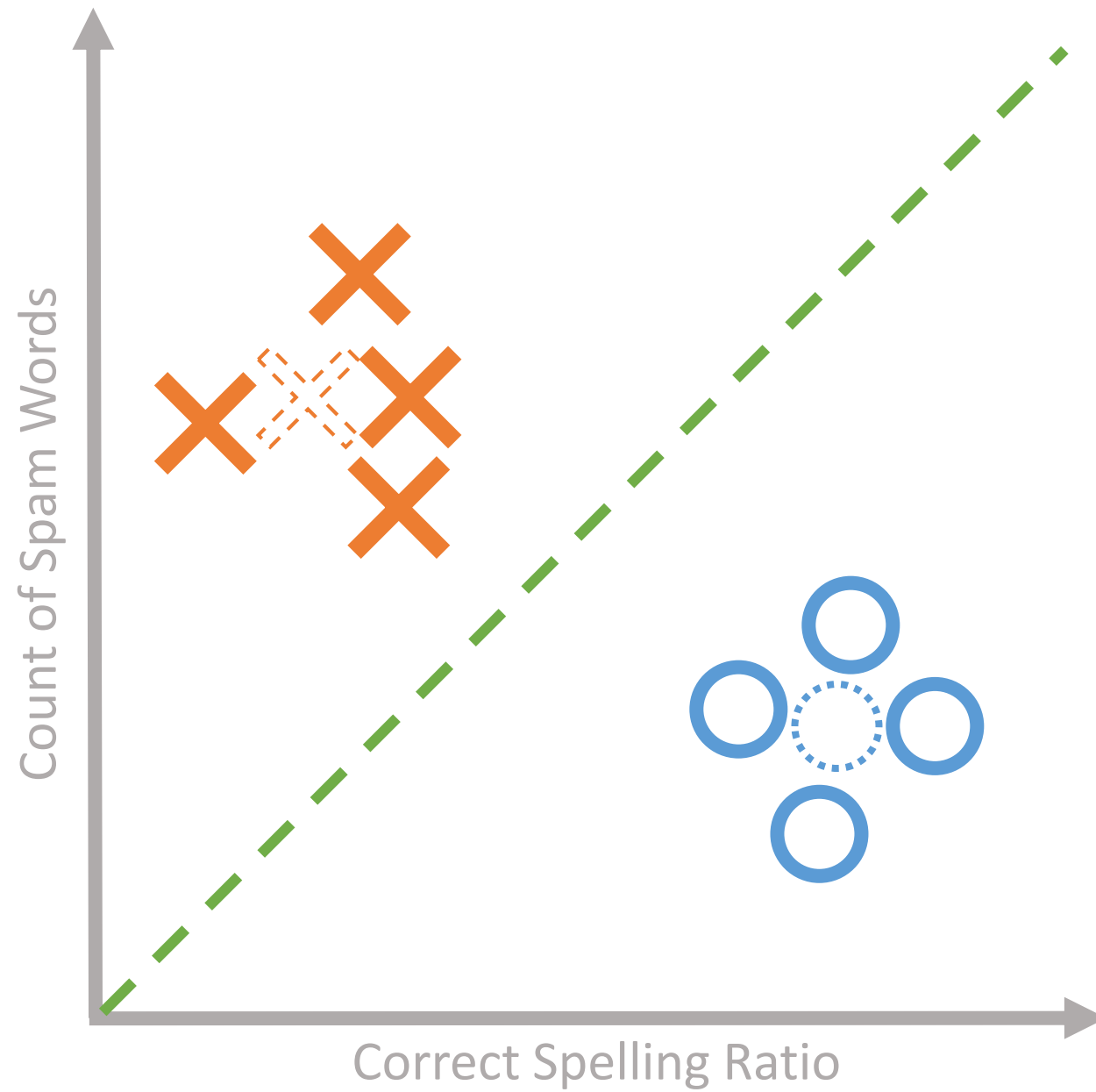






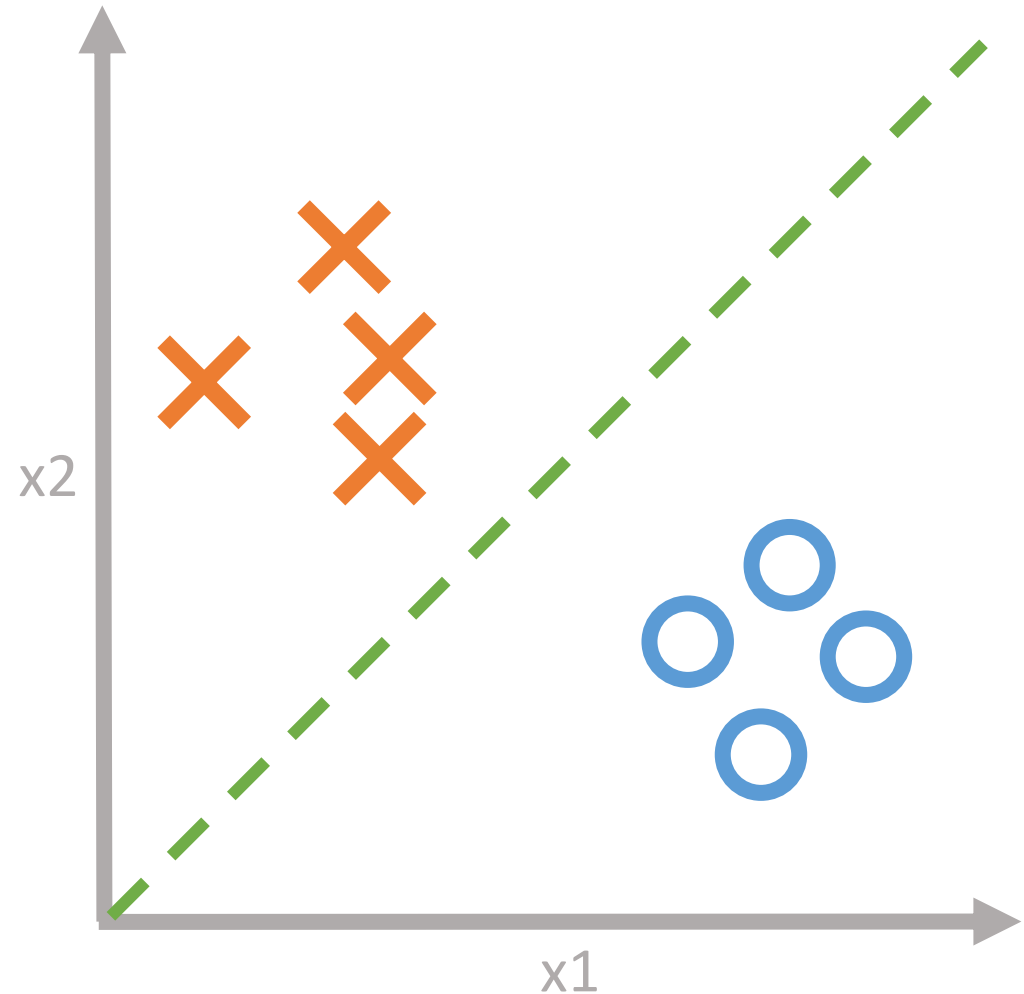






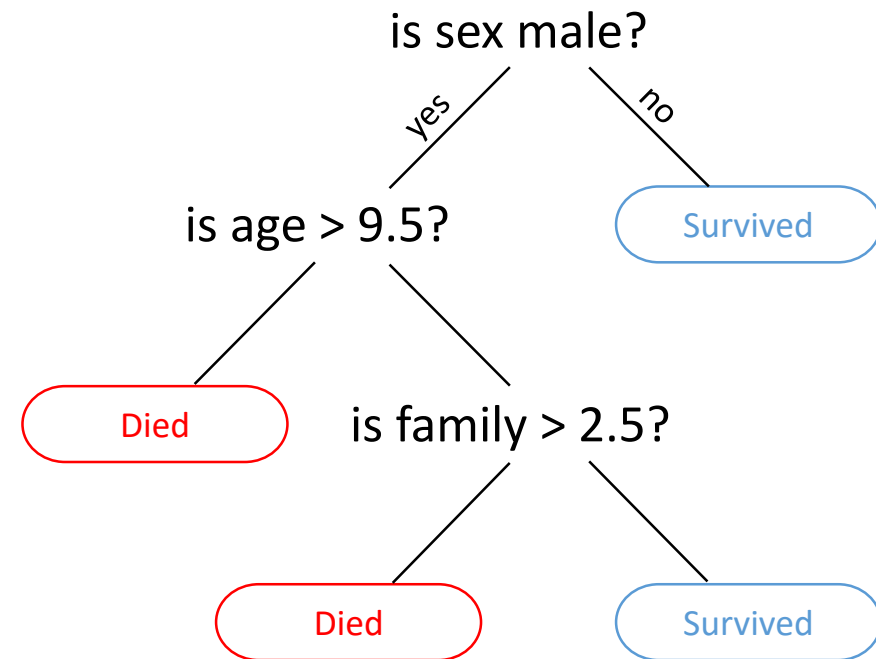
Classification Algorithms

Decision Tree Classifier
Naïve Bayes Classifier
Support Vector Machine
Neural Network



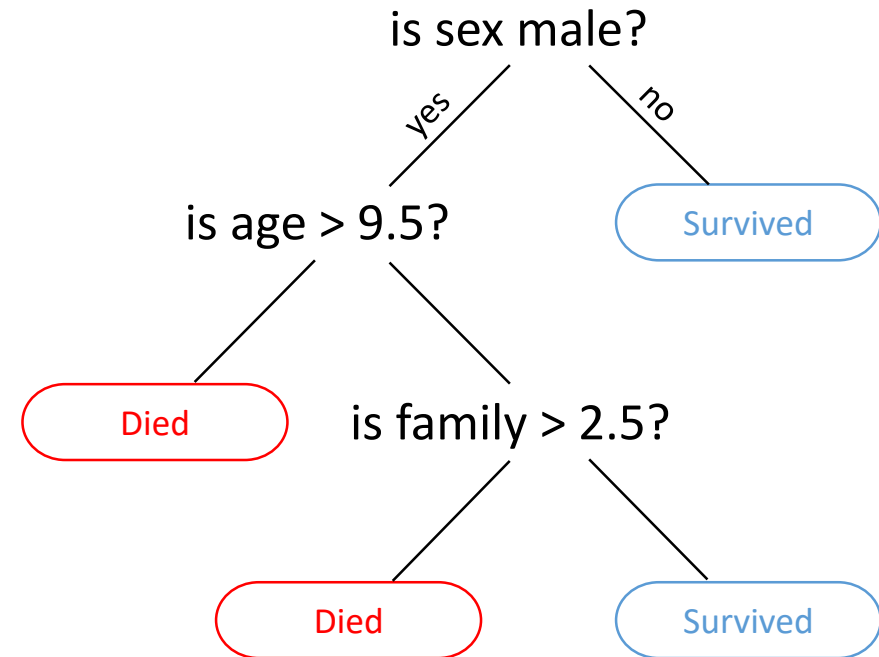
Decision Tree Classifier

Supervised learning



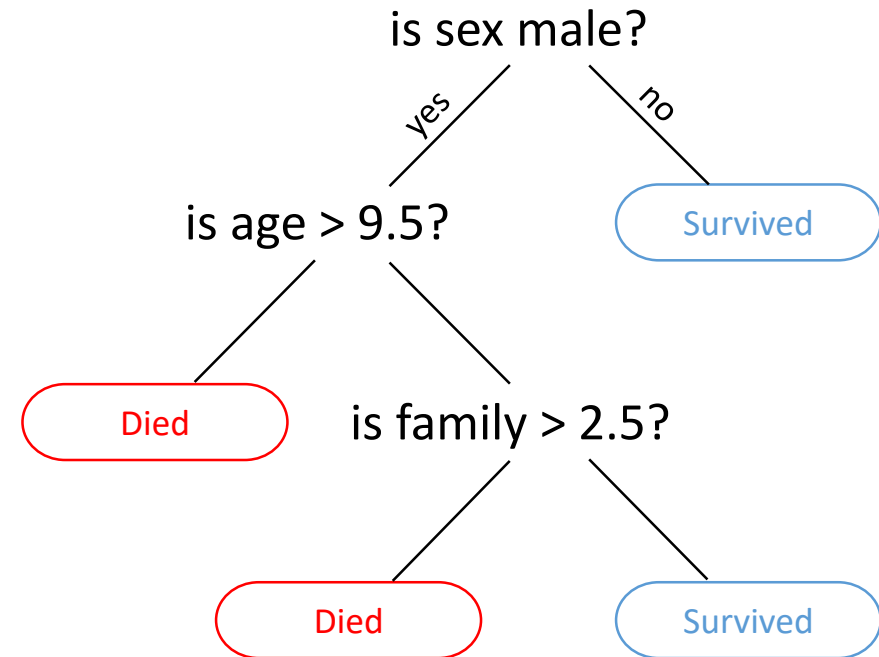
Decision Tree Classifier

Supervised learning
Tree of decisions



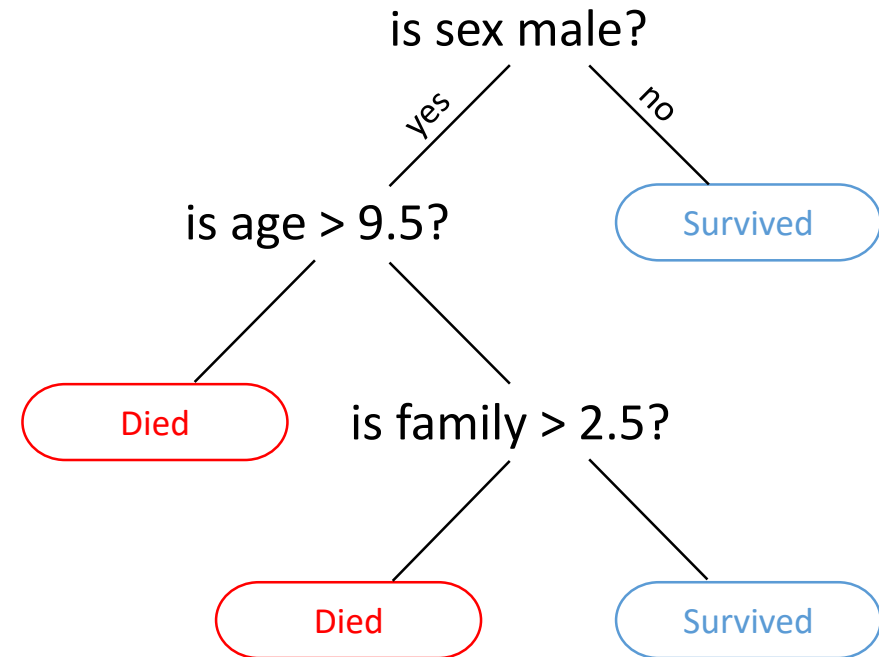
Decision Tree Classifier

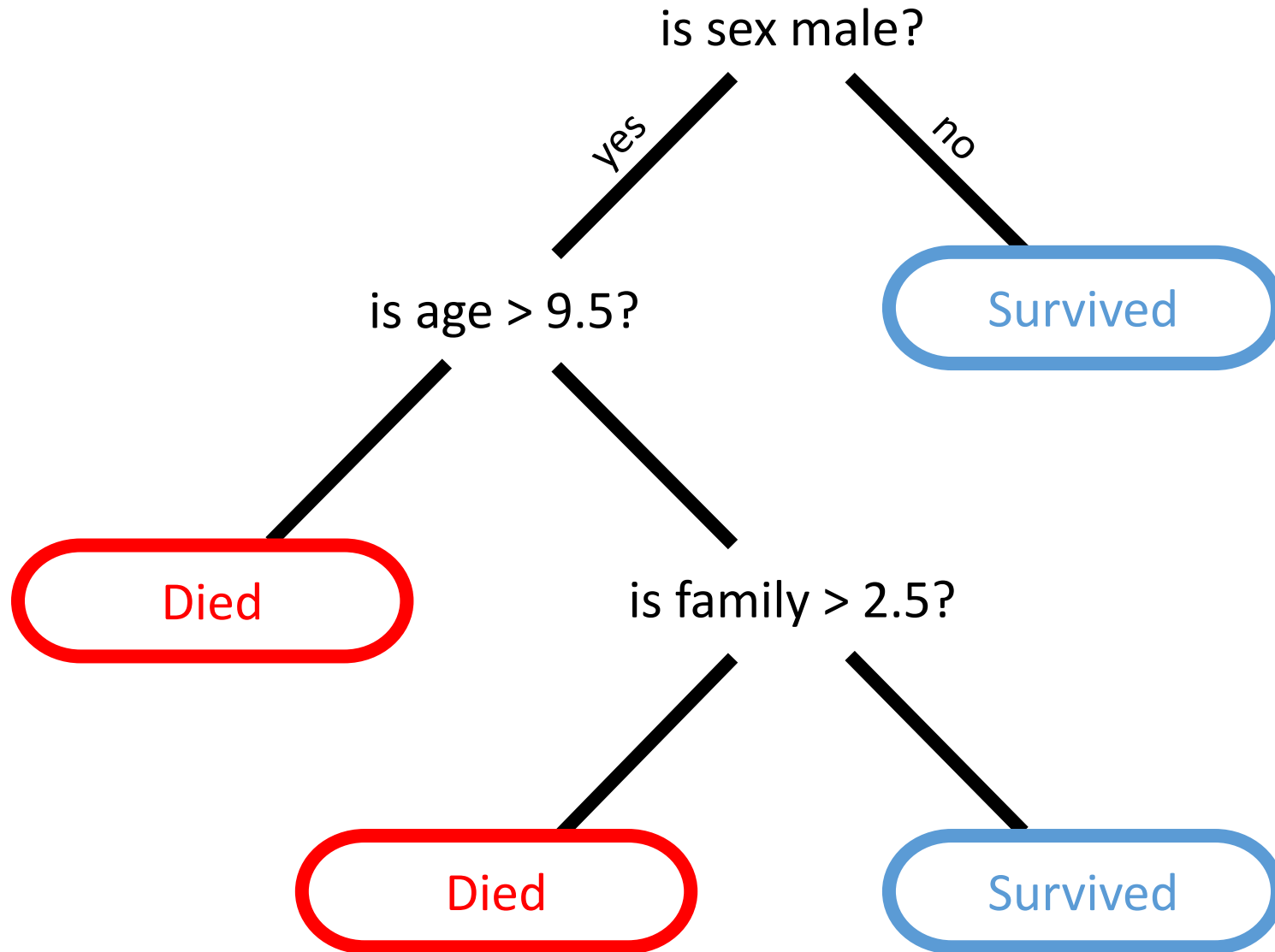
Supervised learning
Tree of decisions
Easy to understand



Decision Tree Classifier

Supervised learning
Tree of decisions
Easy to understand
Transparent





Iris Data Set



Iris Setosa



Iris Versicolor



Iris Virginica

Iris Data Set

Fisher's Iris Data				
Species	Petal Length	Petal Width	Sepal Length	Sepal Width
setosa	1.1	0.1	4.3	3
setosa	1.4	0.2	4.4	2.9
setosa	1.3	0.2	4.4	3
setosa	1.3	0.2	4.4	3.2
setosa	1.3	0.3	4.5	2.3
...	

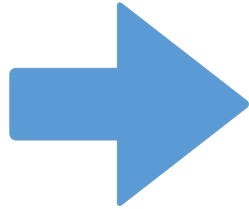
Classification Demo

Goal: Predict species based on
petal and sepal measurements

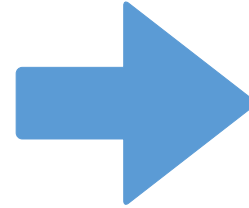
Real-World Examples

- Should we approve this loan?
- Will this customer buy from us?
- Should we replace this part?
- Does this person have cancer?

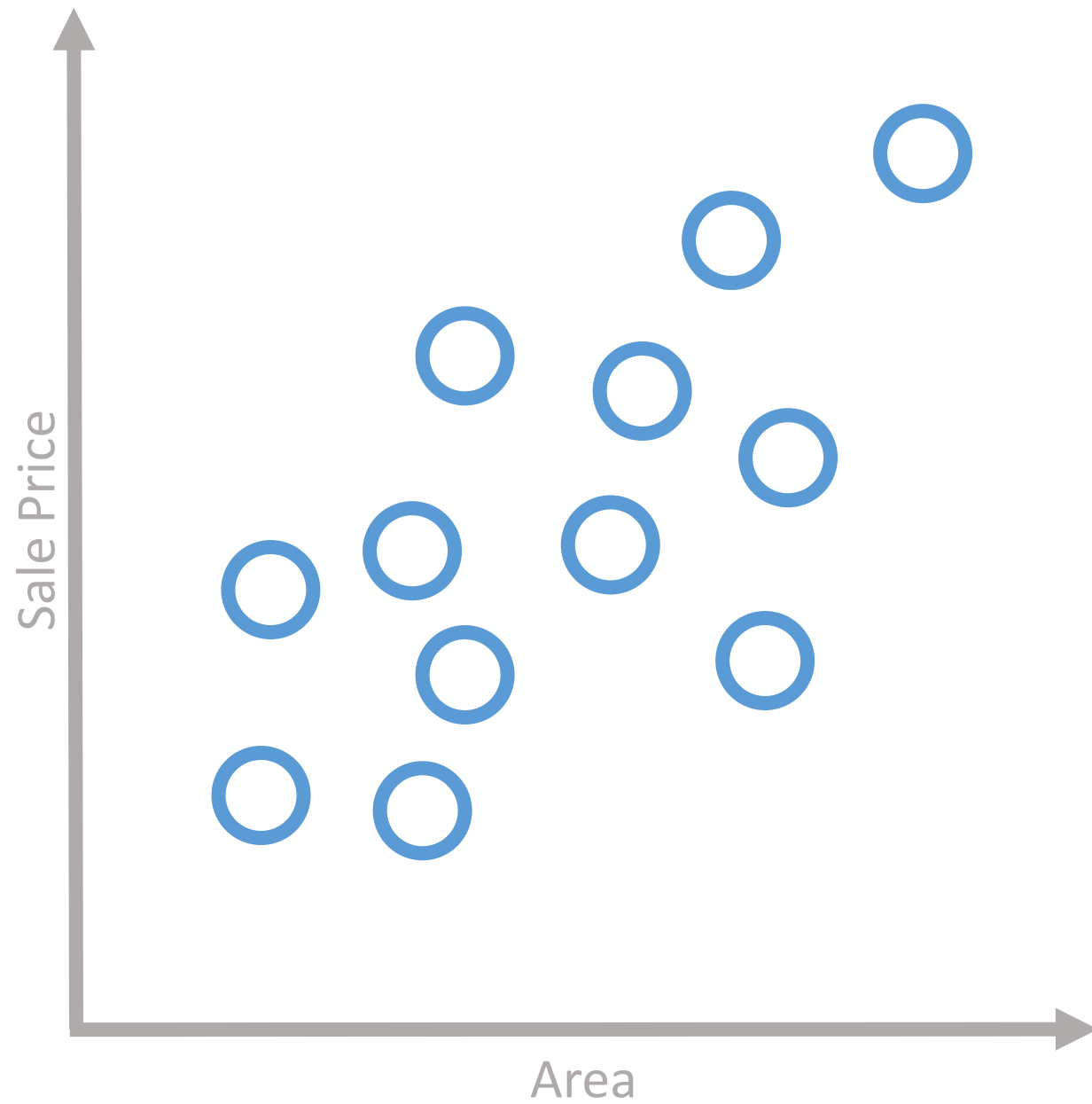
Regression

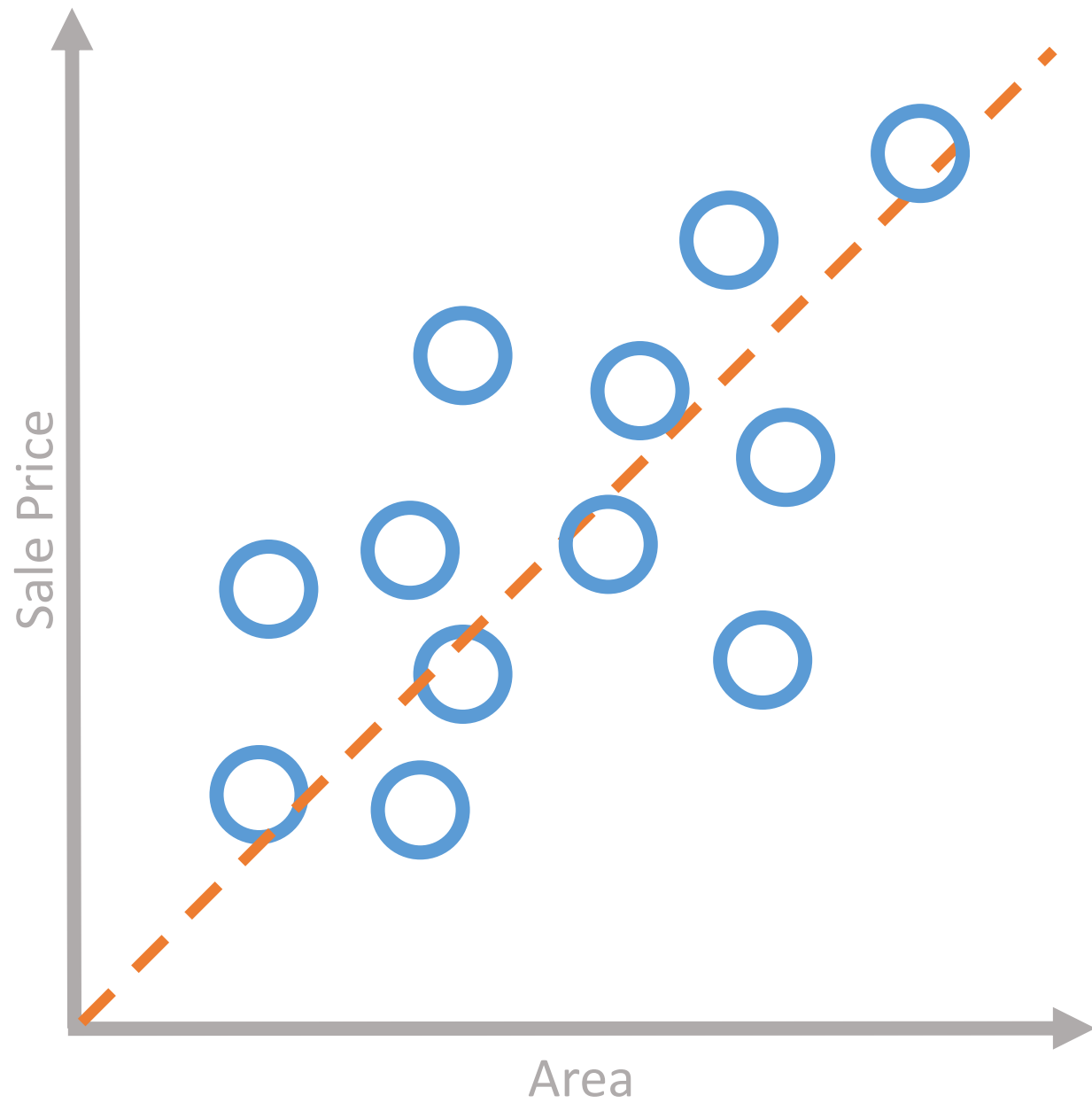


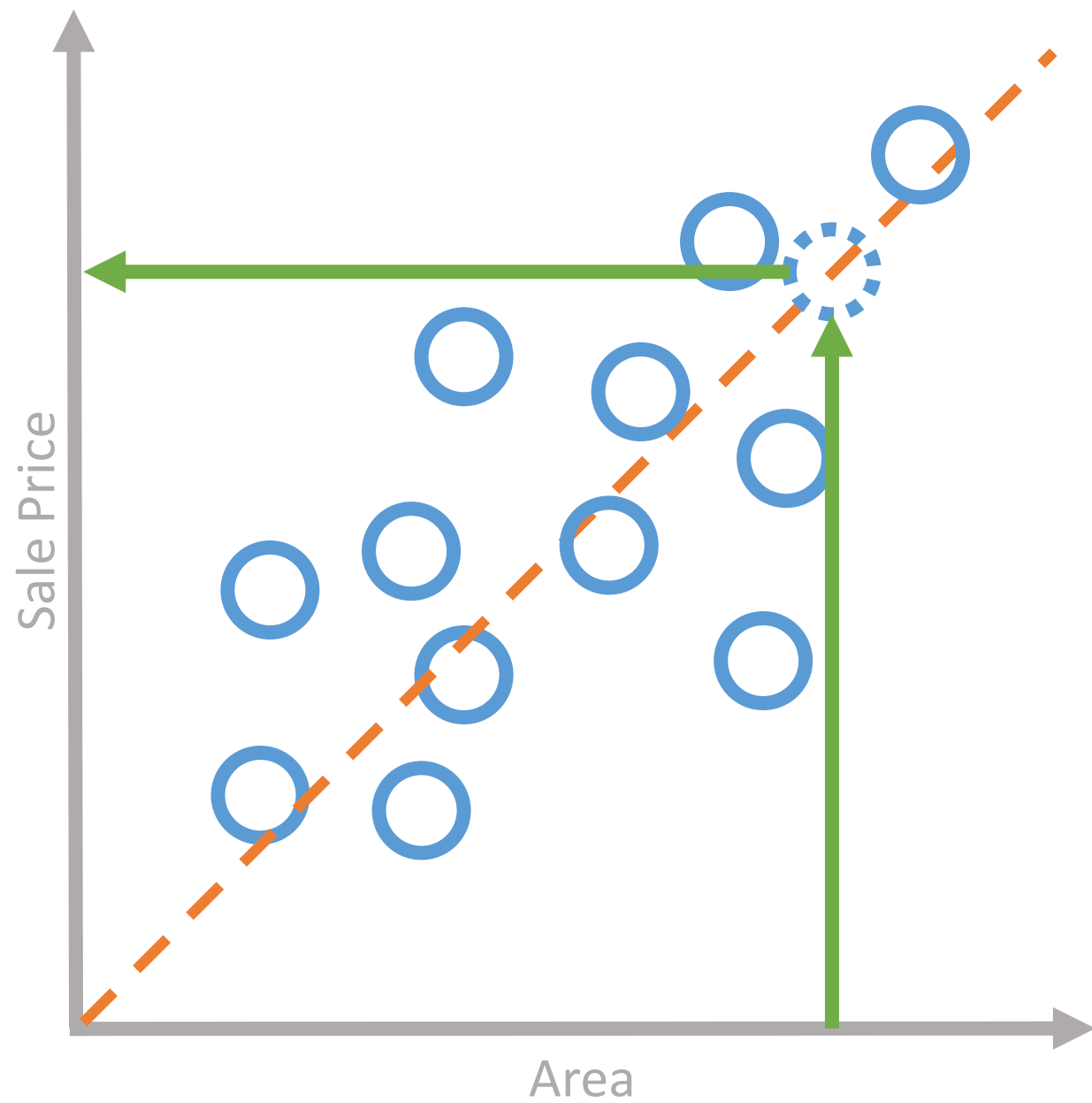
$$f(x)$$



1.23







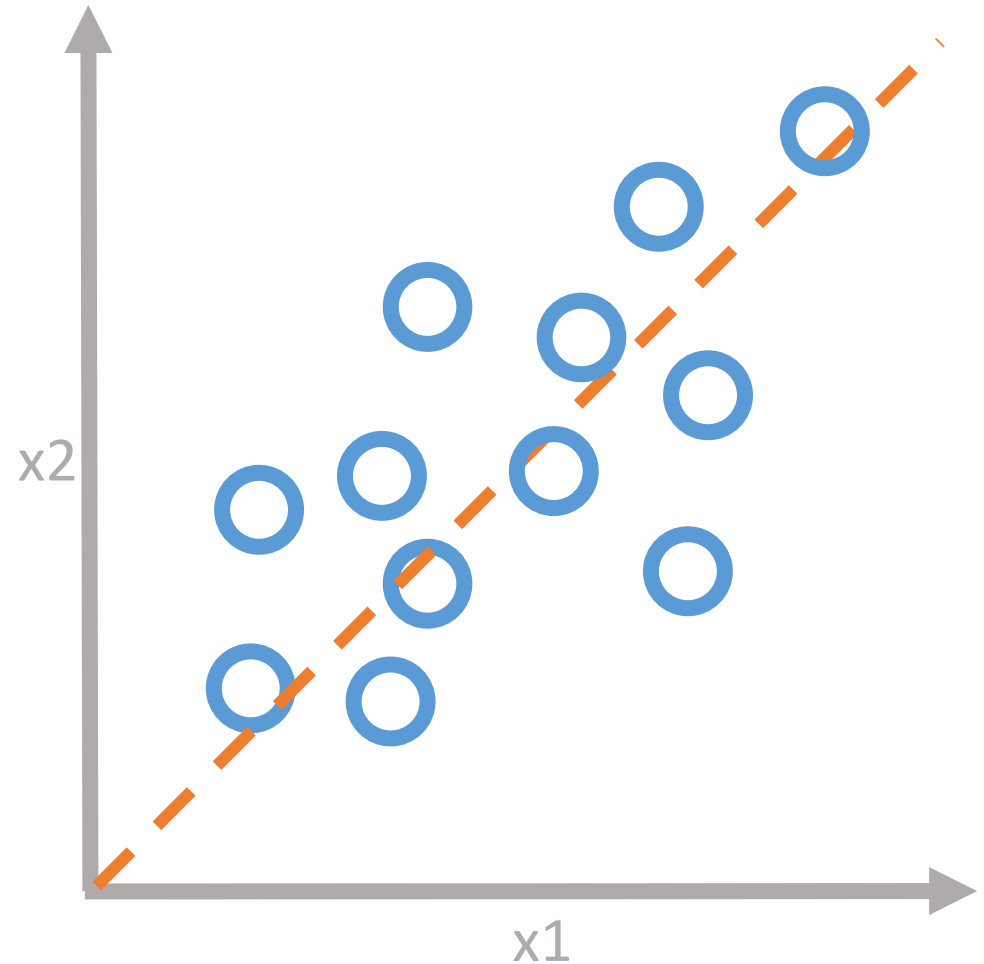
Regression Algorithms

Linear Regression

Polynomial Regression

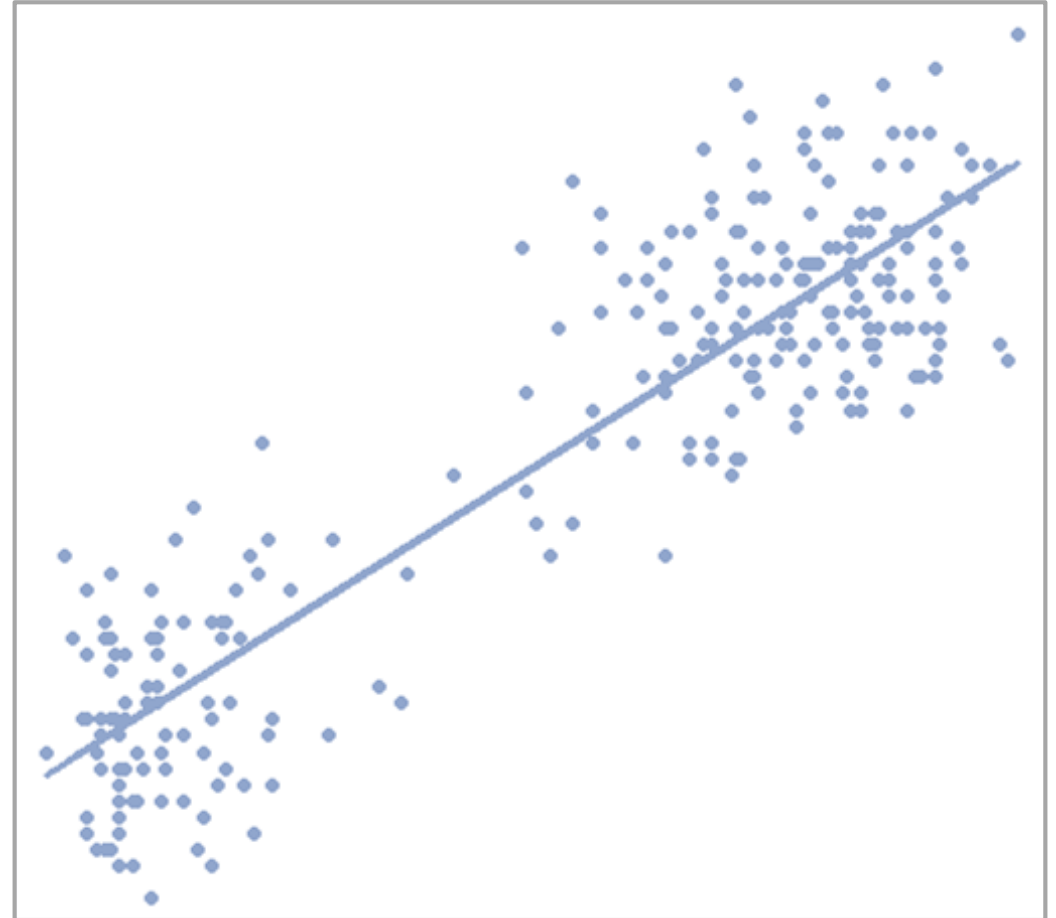
Lasso Regression

ElasticNet Regression



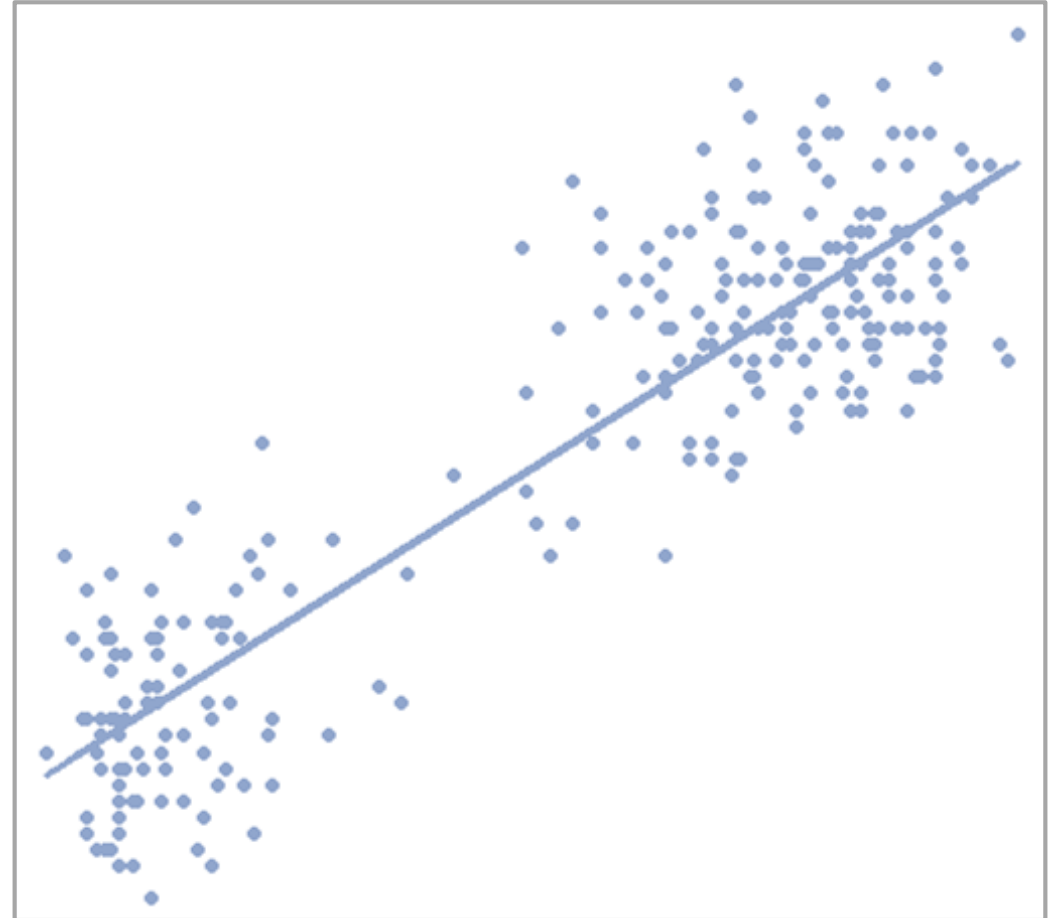
Simple Linear Regression

Relationship



Simple Linear Regression

Relationship
Linear model

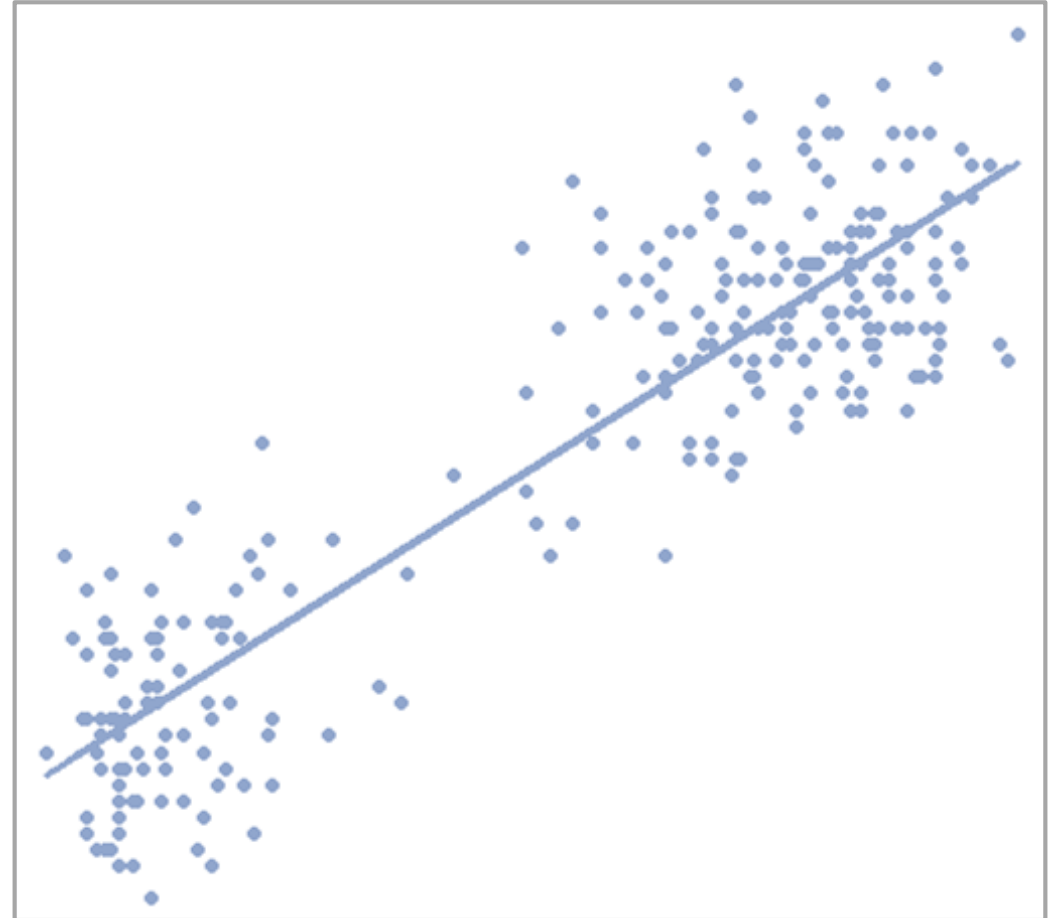


Simple Linear Regression

Relationship

Linear model

Explanatory variable



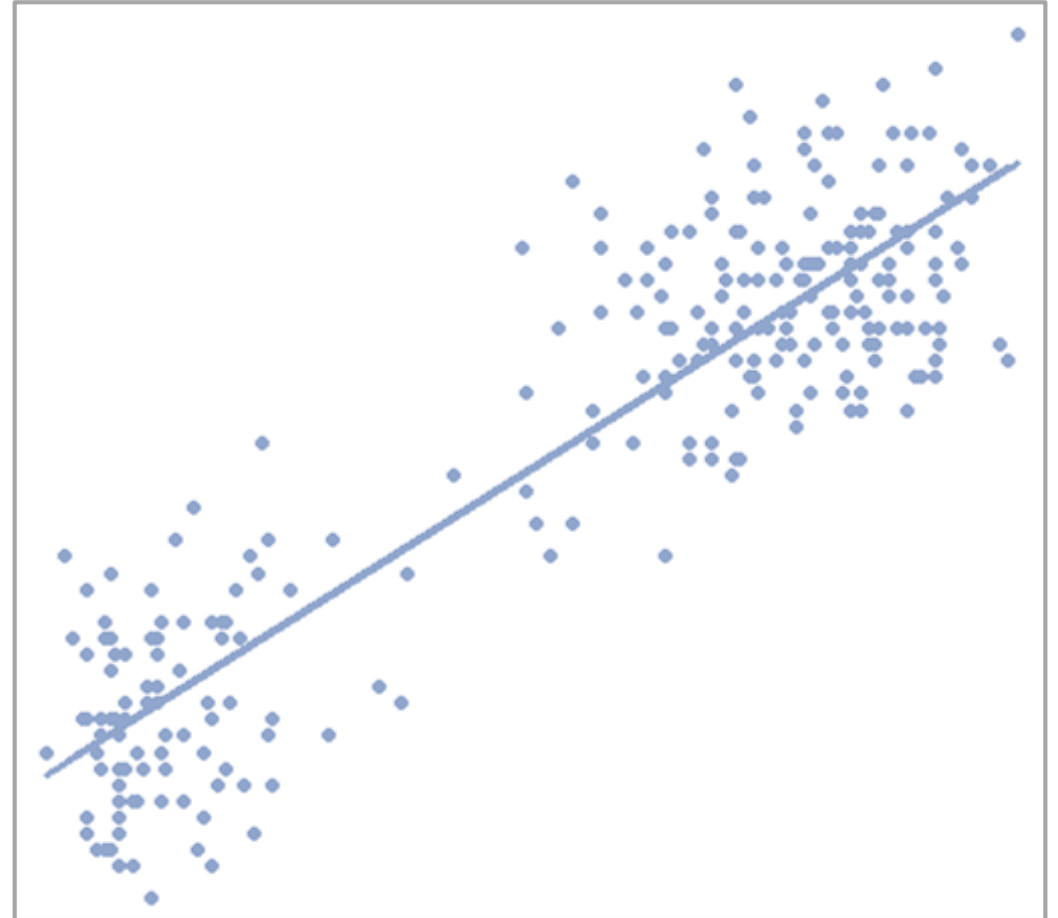
Simple Linear Regression

Relationship

Linear model

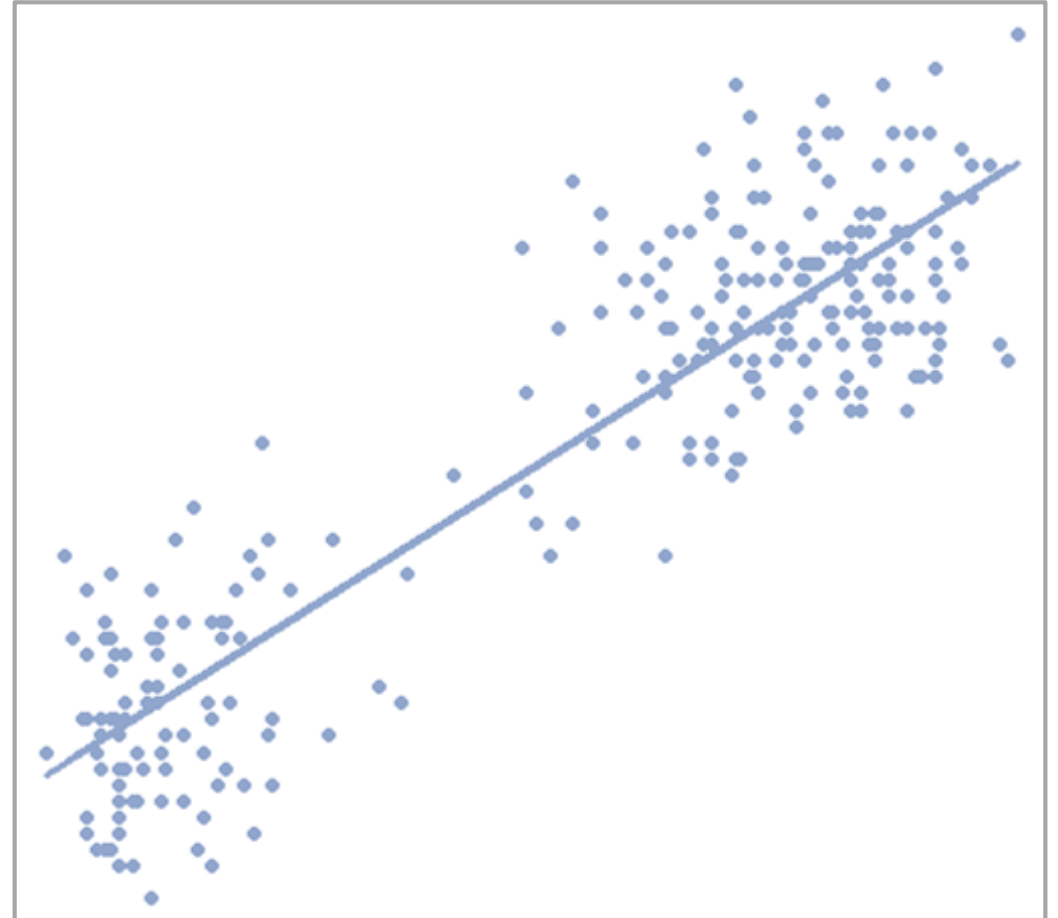
Explanatory variable

Outcome variable



Simple Linear Regression

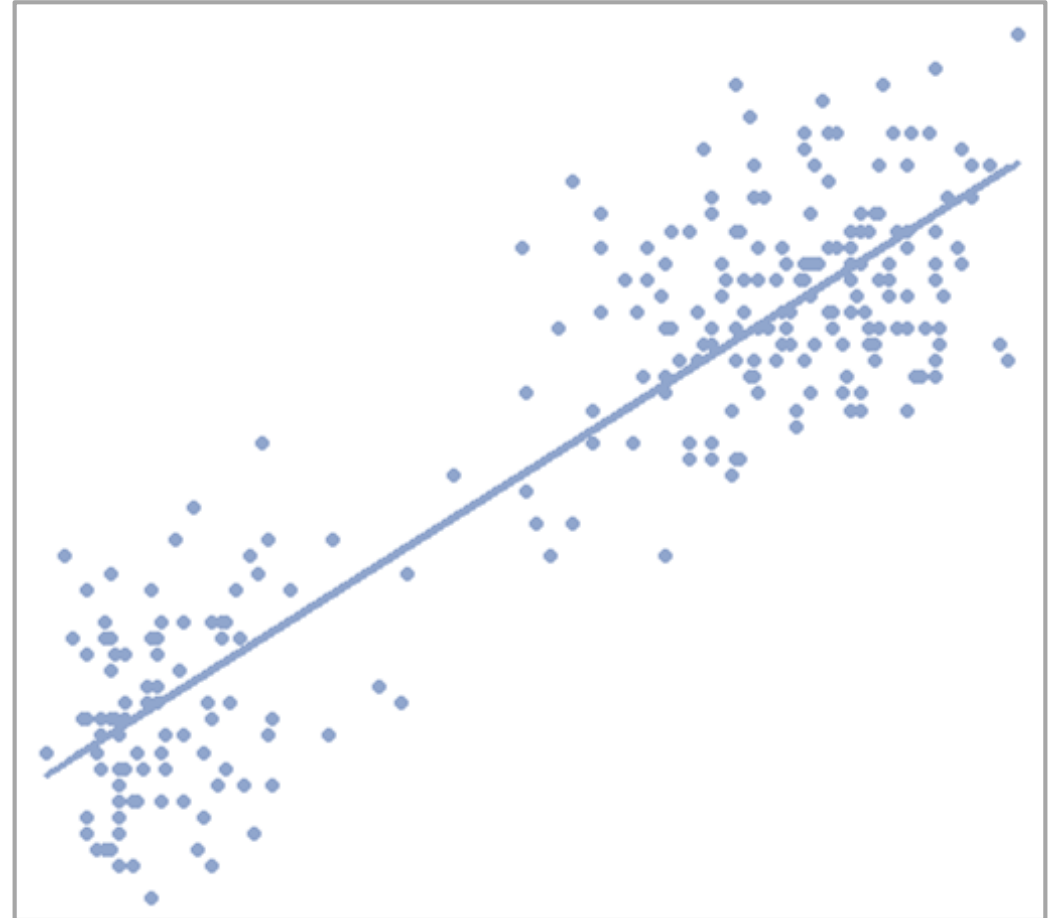
Linear predictor function



Simple Linear Regression

Linear predictor function

$$y = m \cdot x + b$$

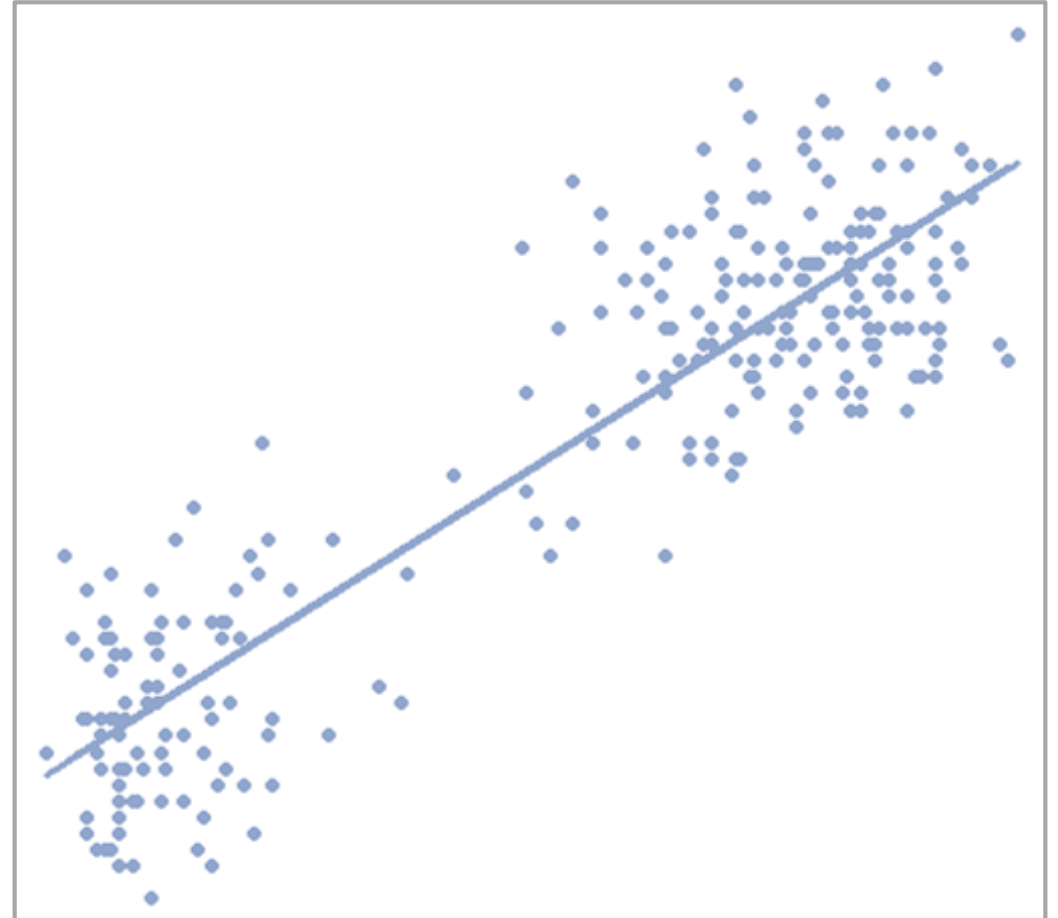


Simple Linear Regression

Linear predictor function

$$y = m \cdot x + b$$

Parameters estimated



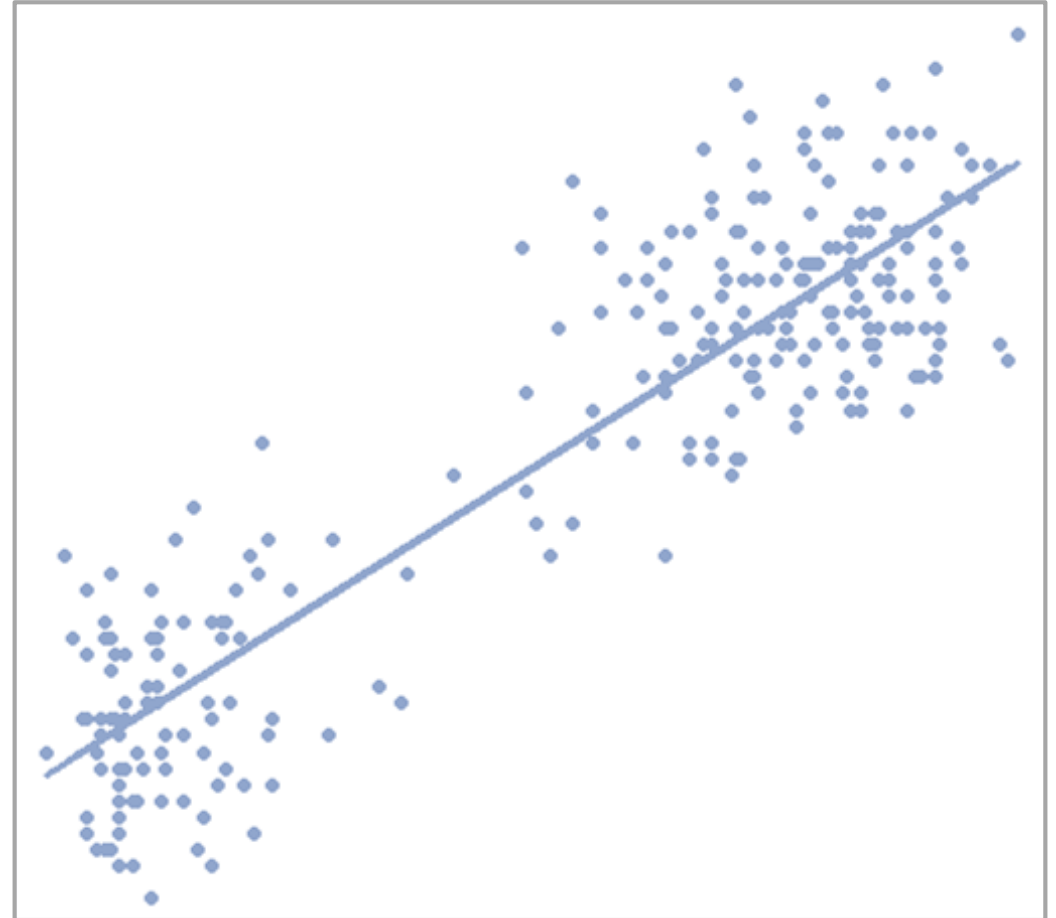
Simple Linear Regression

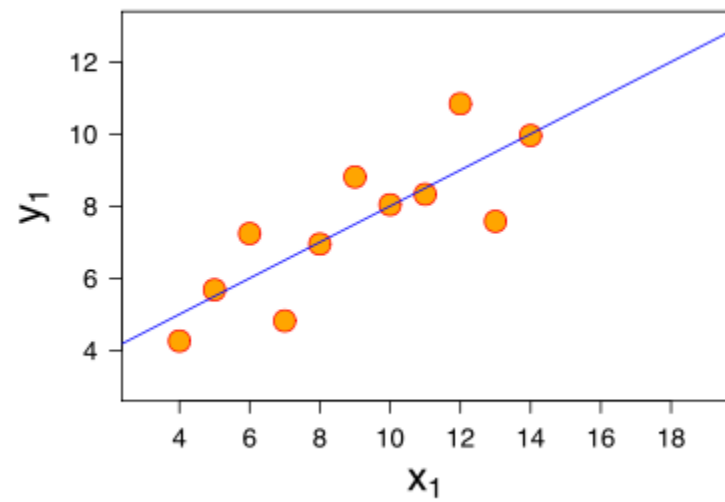
Linear predictor function

$$y = m \cdot x + b$$

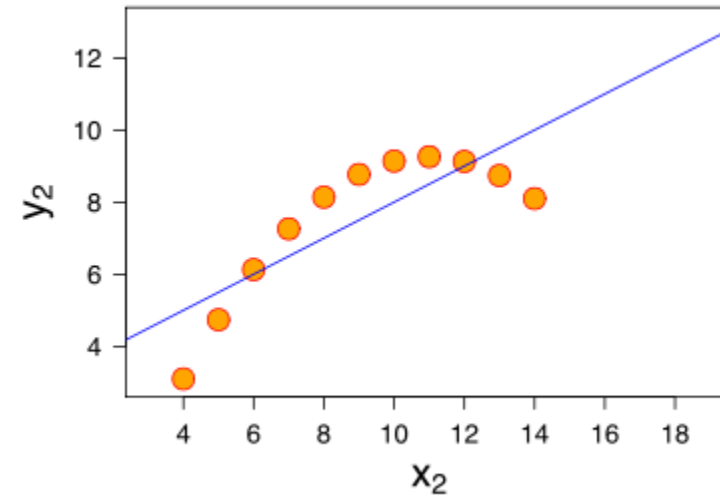
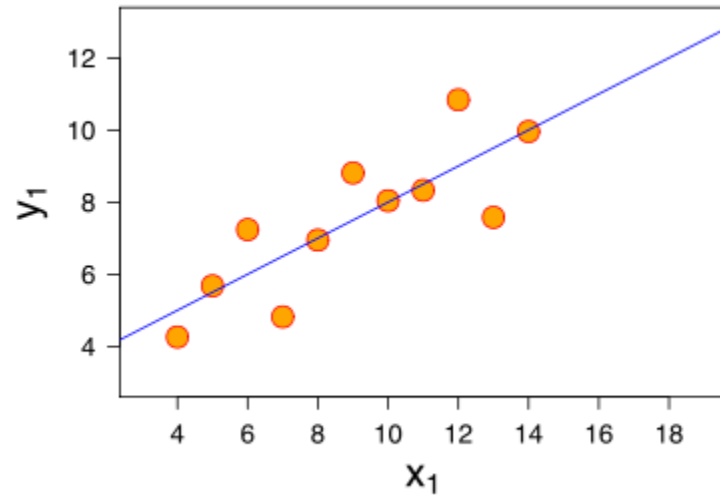
Parameters estimated

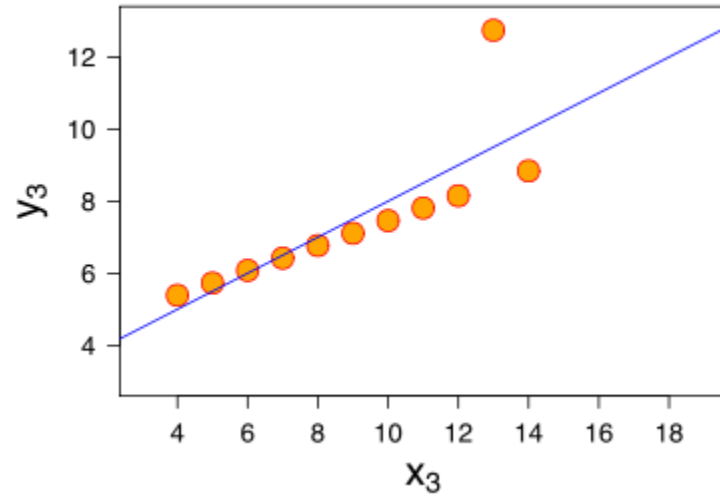
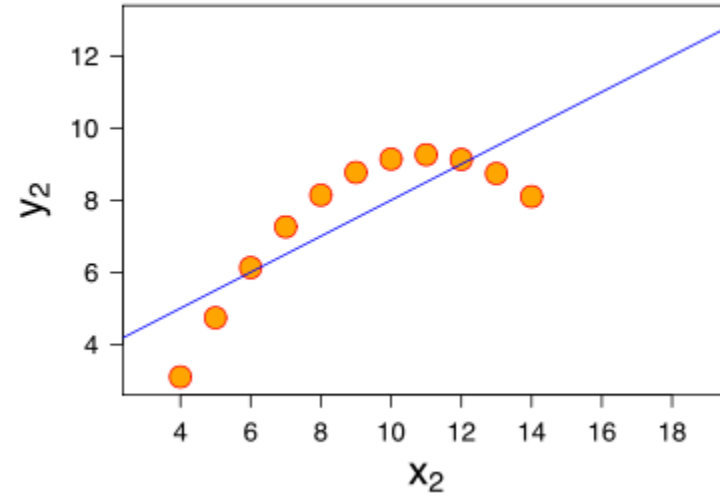
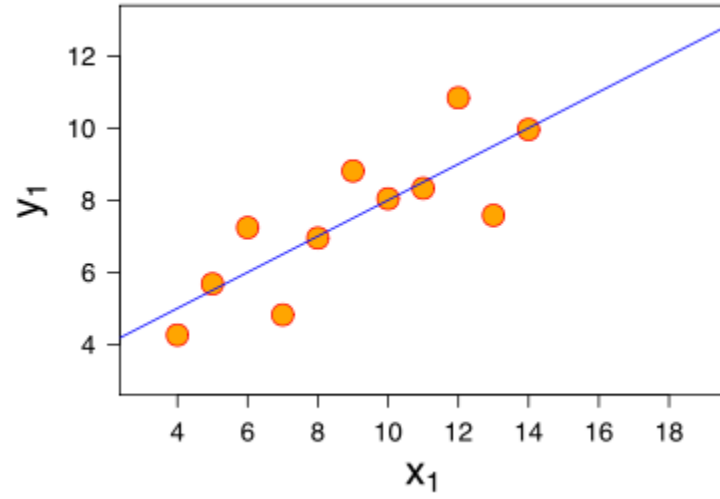
Relies on assumptions



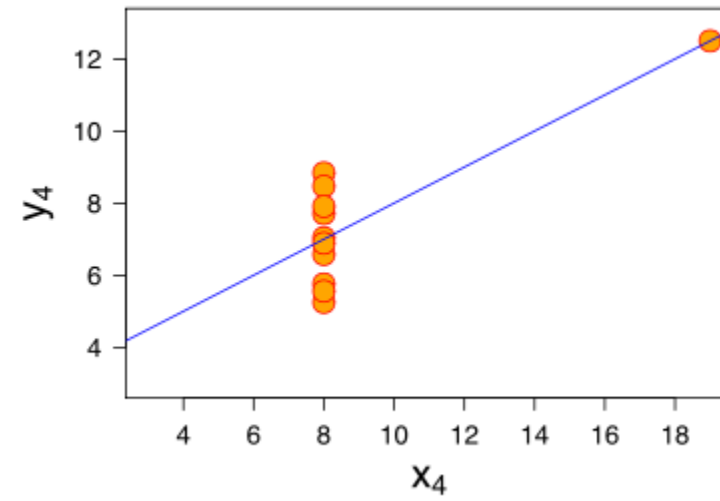
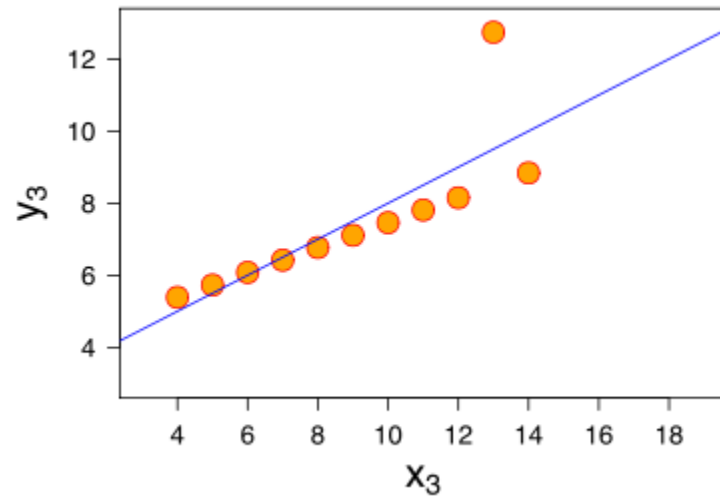
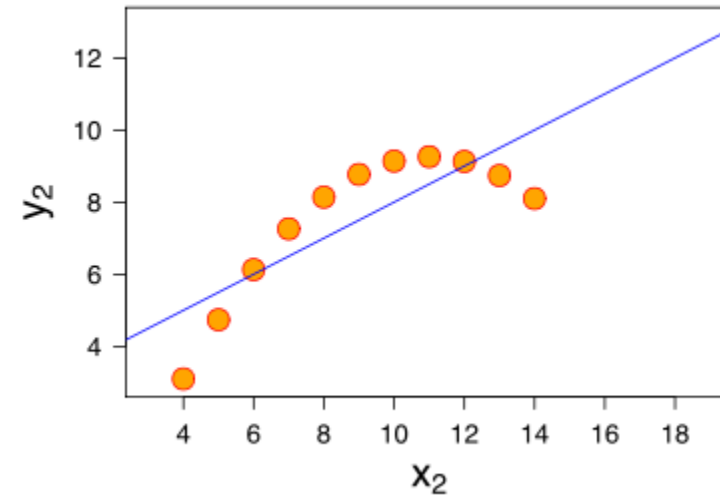
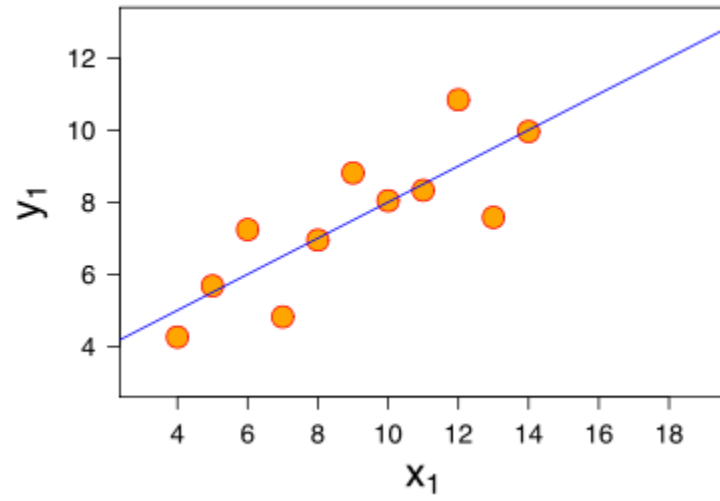


Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anscombe%27s_quartet





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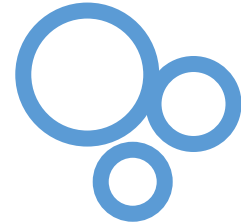
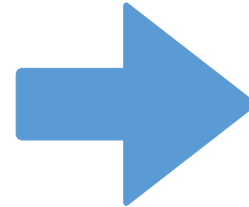
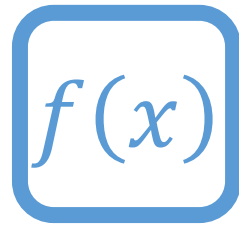
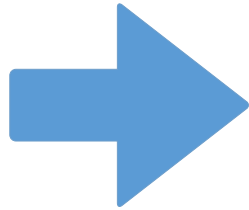
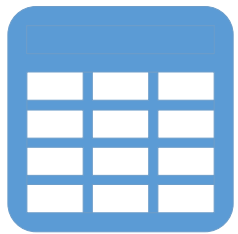
Regression Demo

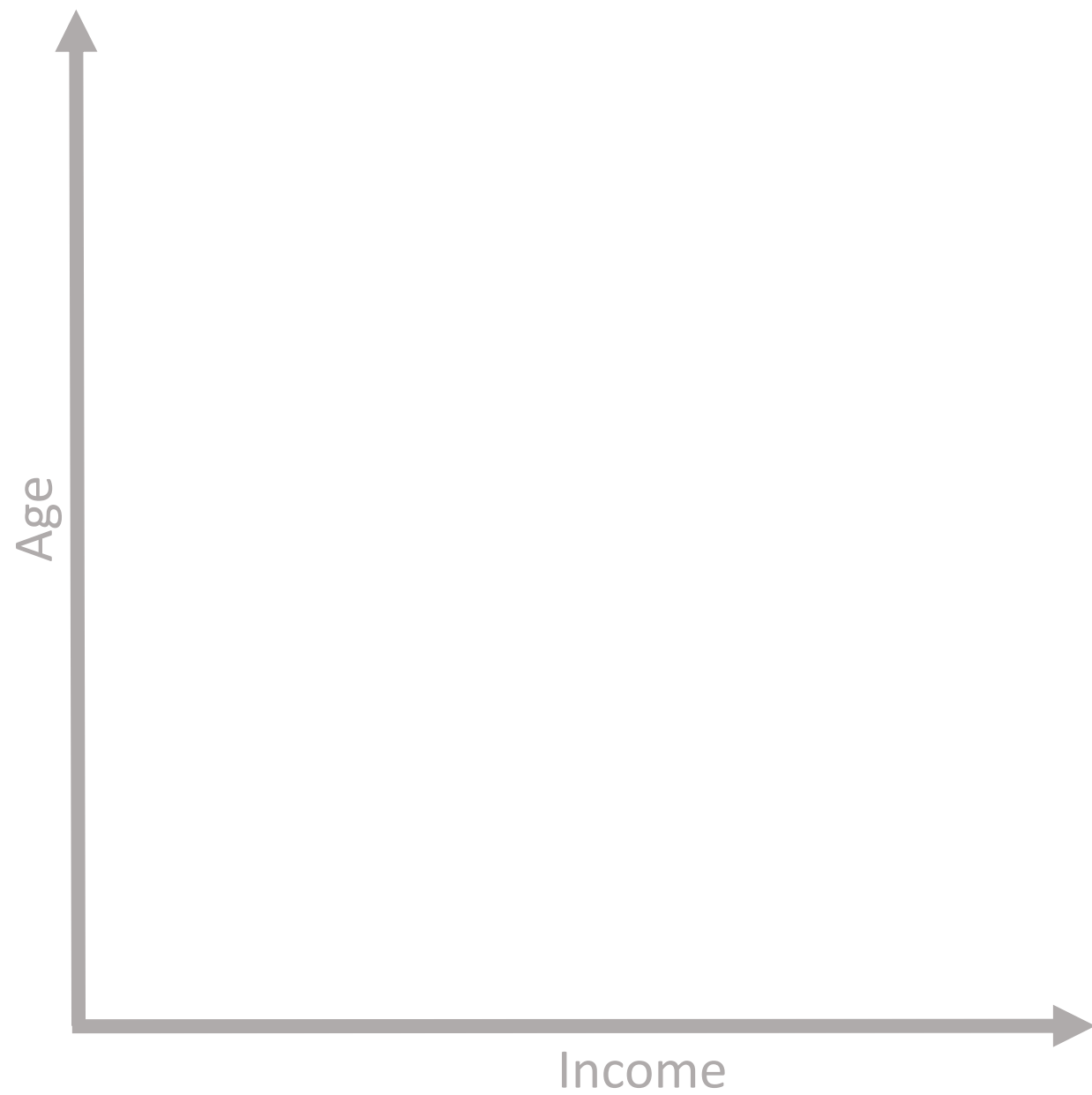
Goal: Predict petal width
based on petal length

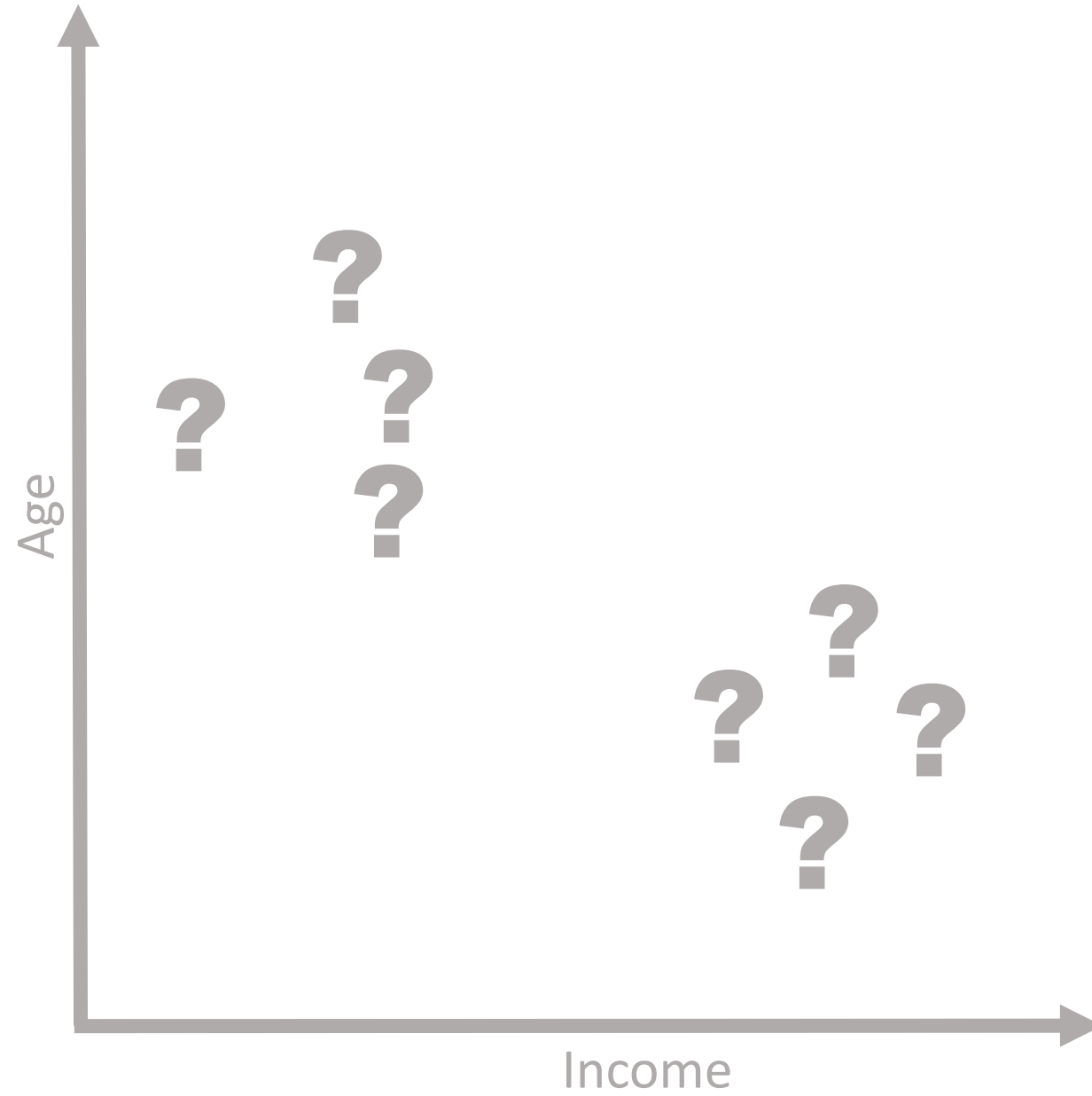
Real-World Examples

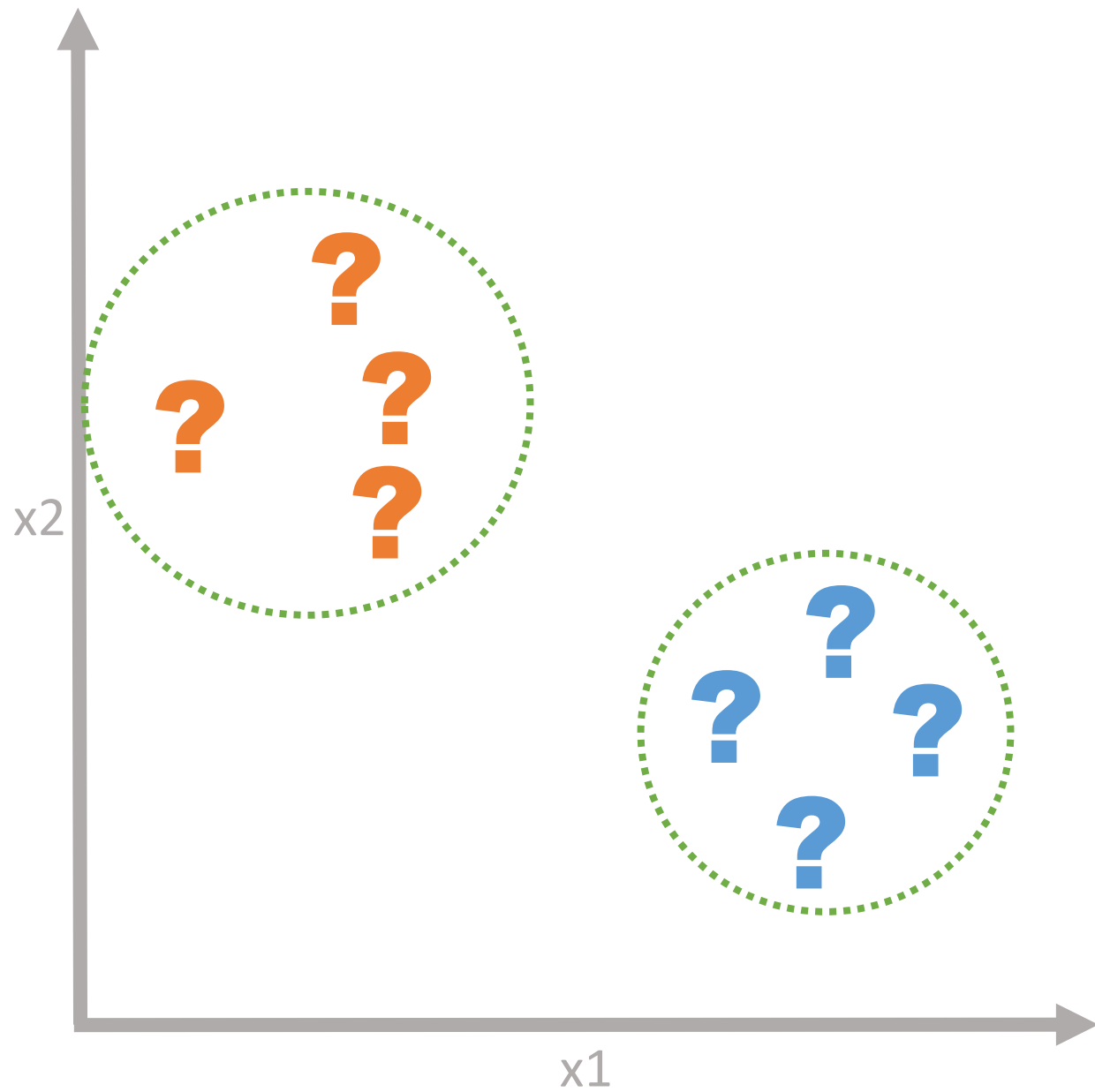
- How much profit will we make?
- What will the price be tomorrow?
- How many will this person buy?
- How long until this part fails?

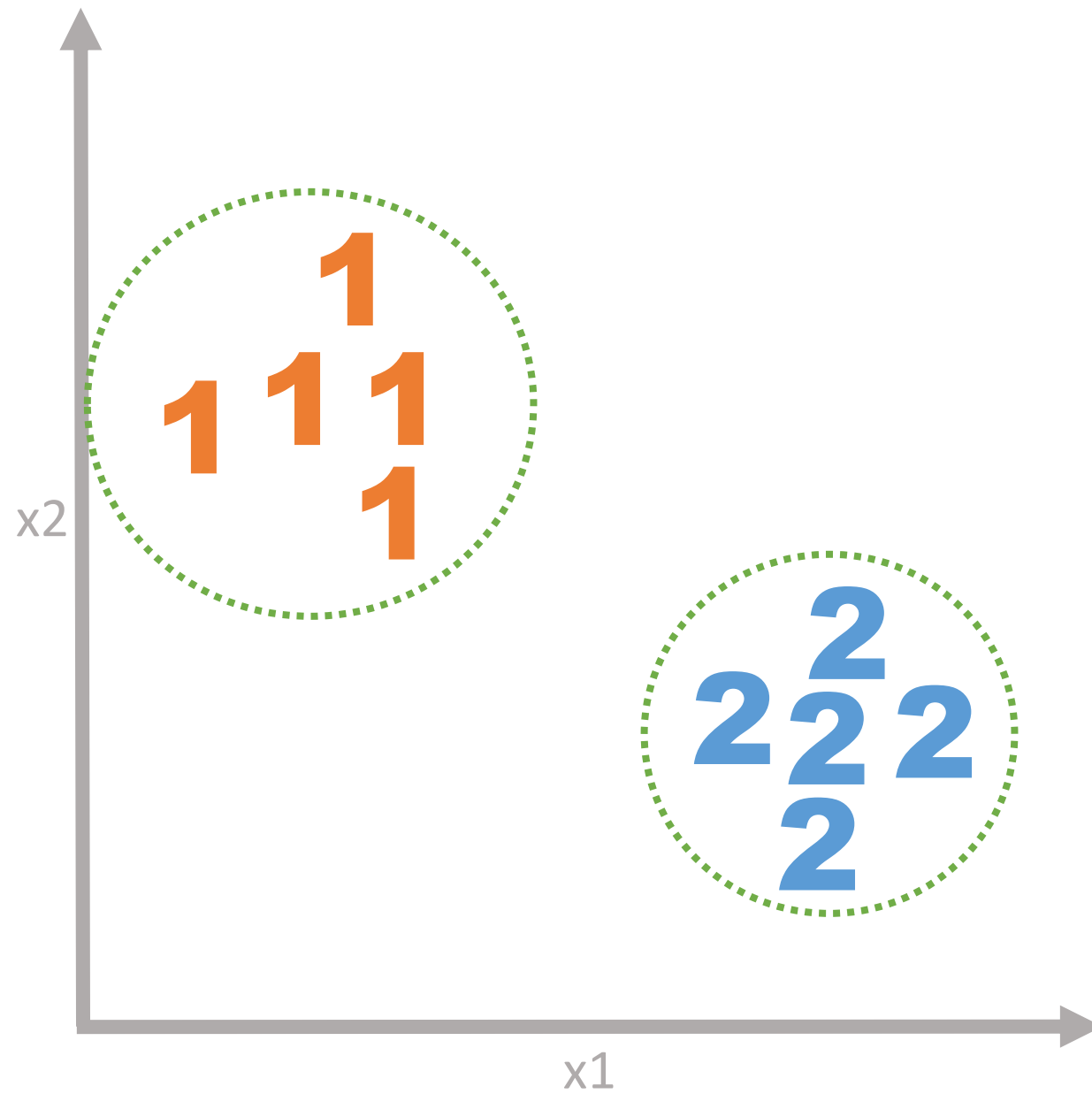
Clustering









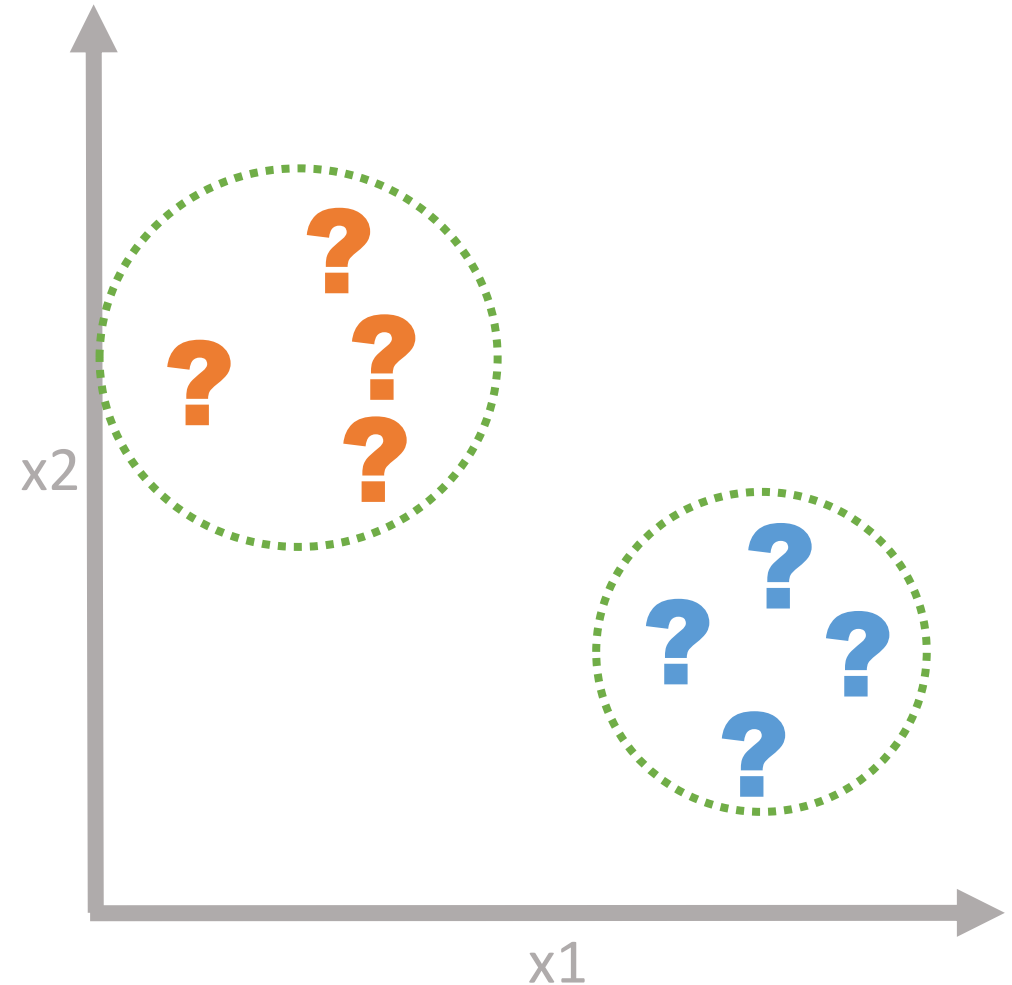


Clustering Algorithms

K-means

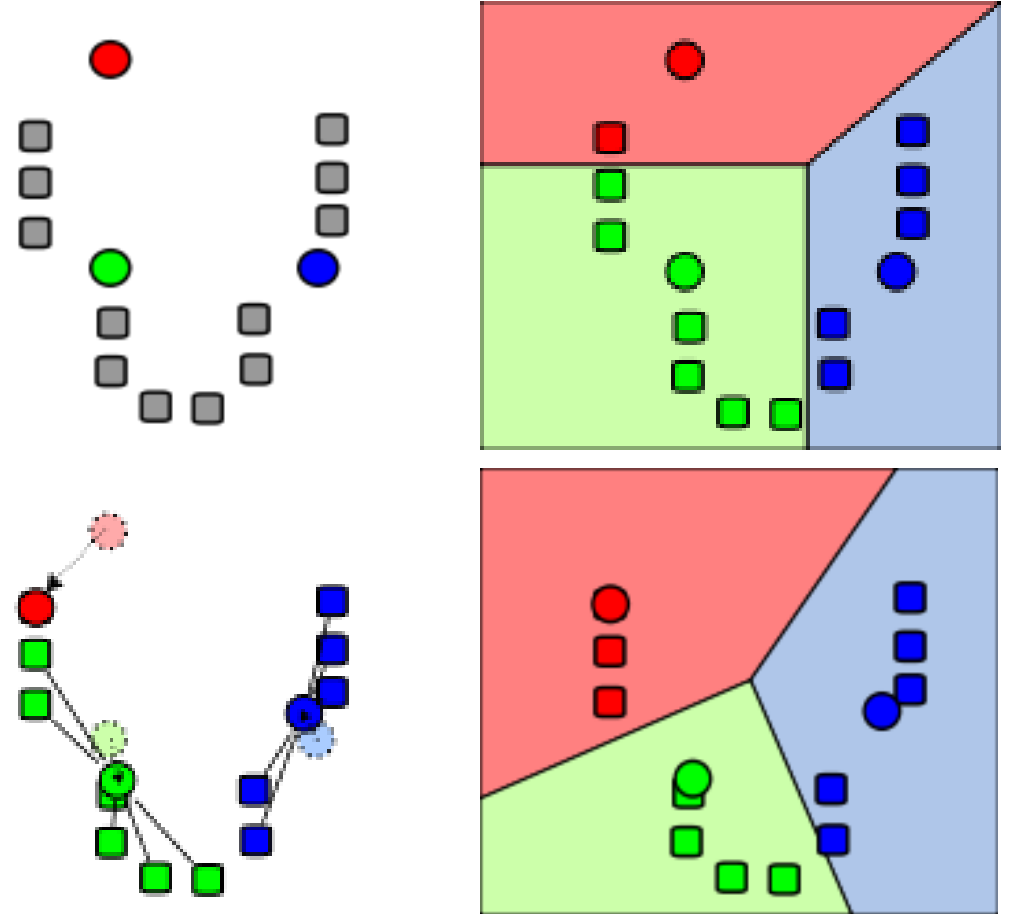
Hierarchical clustering

Expectation maximization



k-Means Clustering

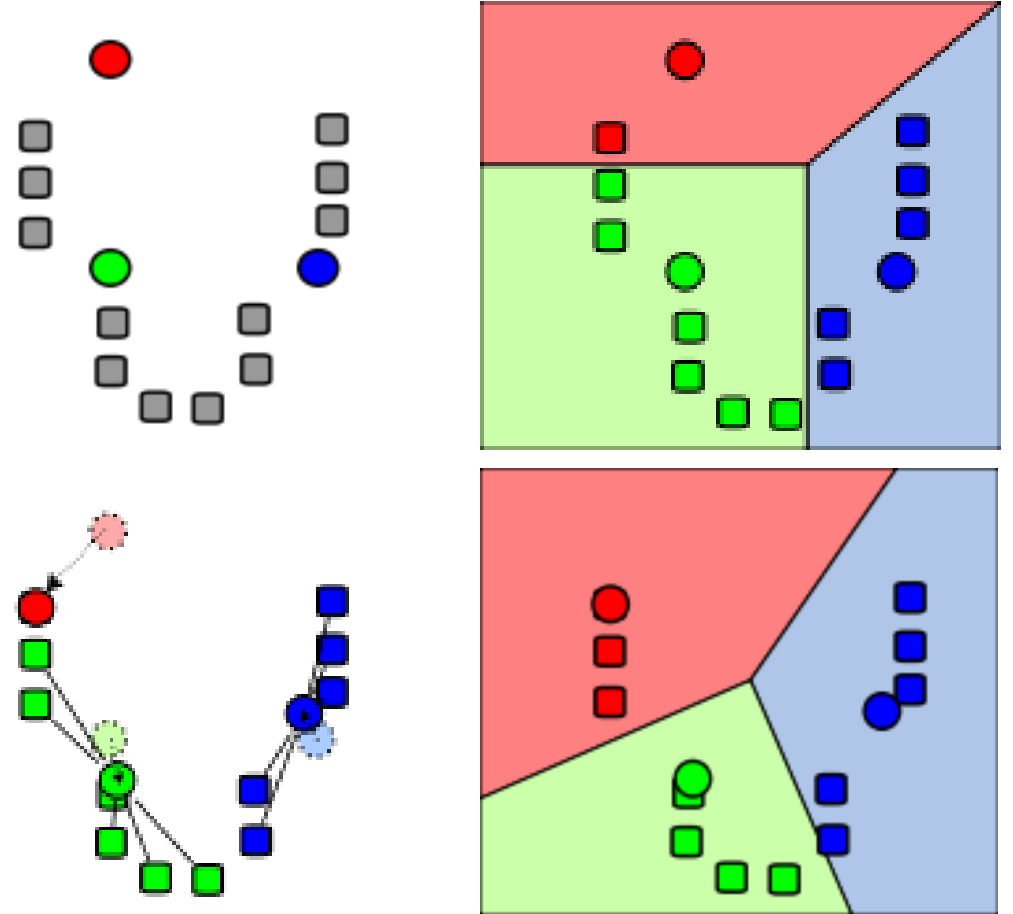
Unsupervised learning



Source: Wikipedia

k-Means Clustering

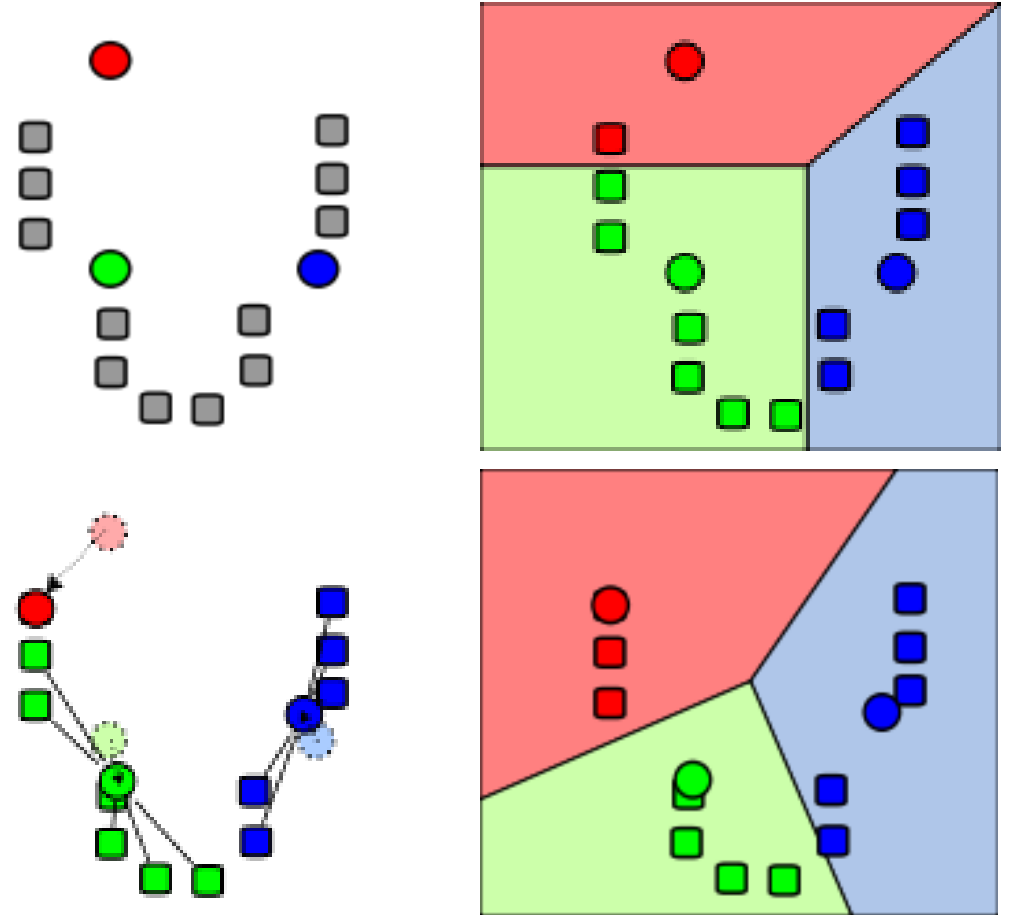
Unsupervised learning
Specify k (# of clusters)



Source: Wikipedia

k-Means Clustering

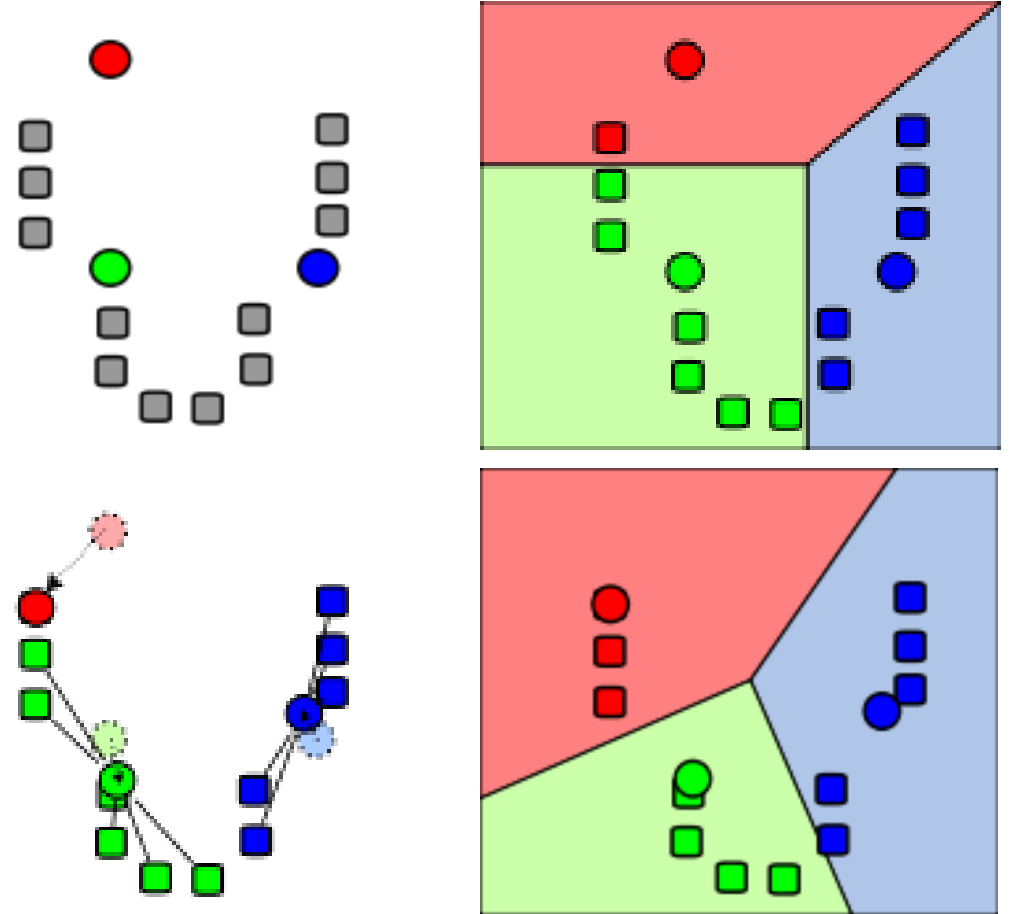
Unsupervised learning
Specify k (# of clusters)
Algorithm finds centers



Source: Wikipedia

k-Means Clustering

Unsupervised learning
Specify k (# of clusters)
Algorithm finds centers
Random restarts



Source: Wikipedia

Clustering Demo

Real-world Examples

- Market segmentation
- Document classification
- Recommendation systems
- Market basket analysis

Beyond the Basics



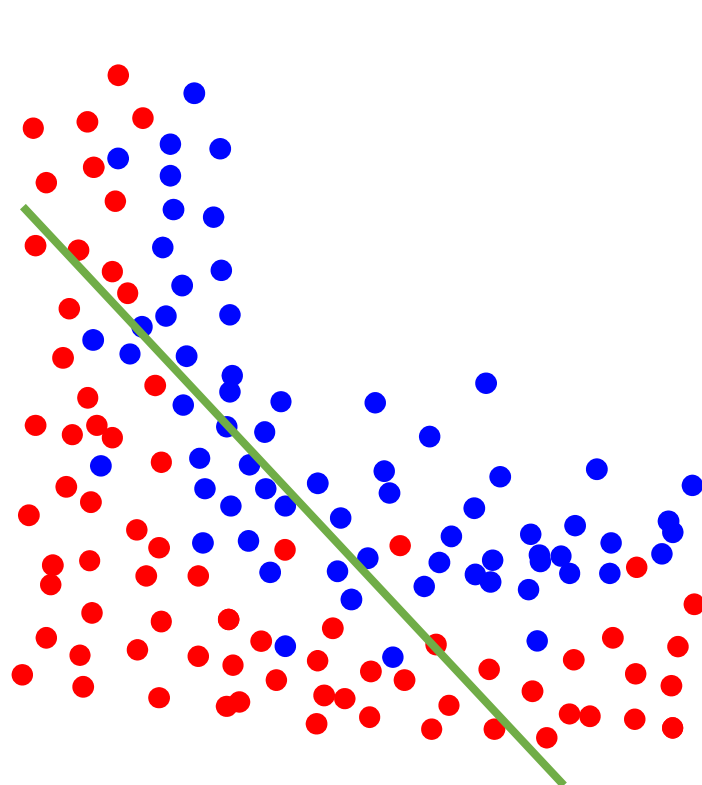
This is just the tip of the iceberg!

Robust Models

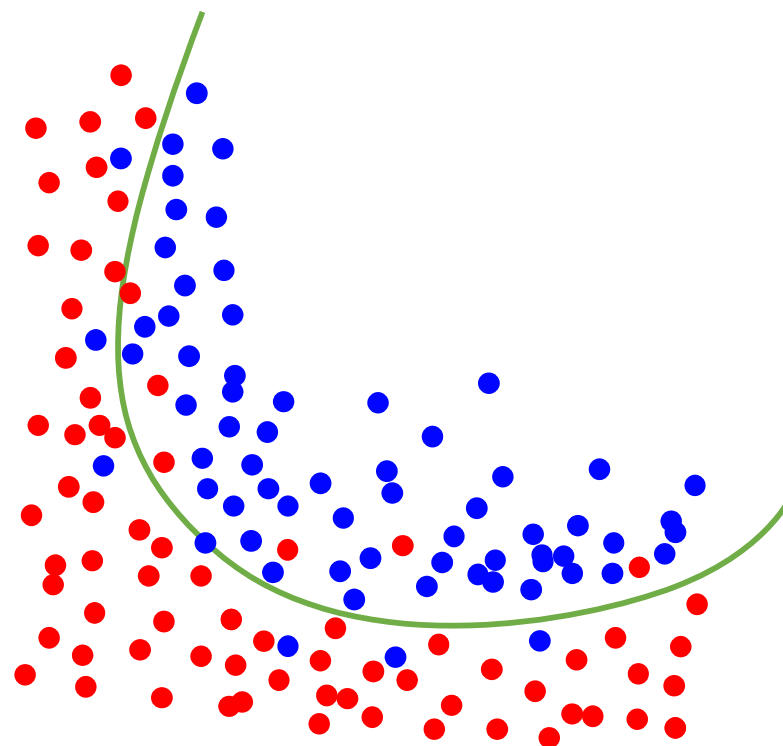
Cleaning and Transforming Data

Data are messy
80% of work
R helps a lot
Record all steps

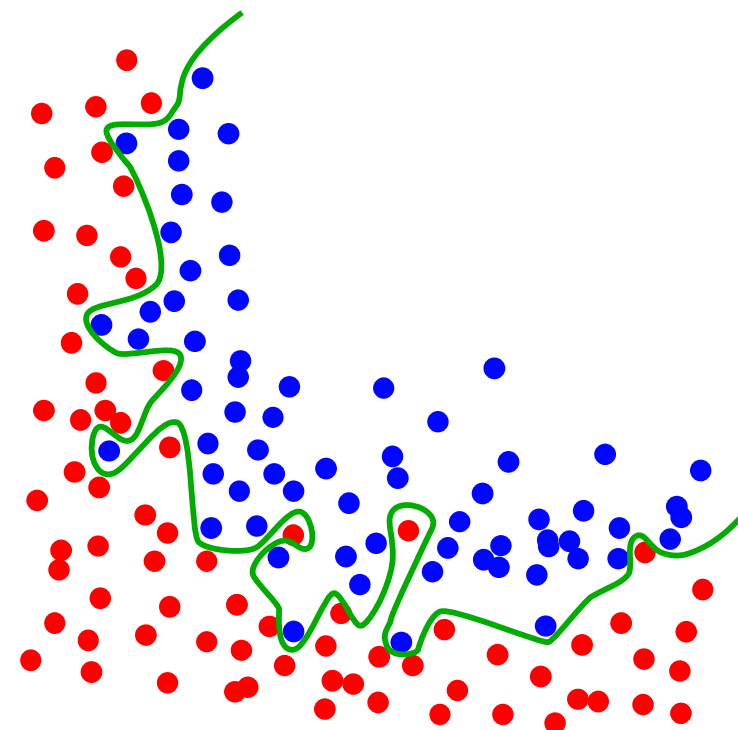




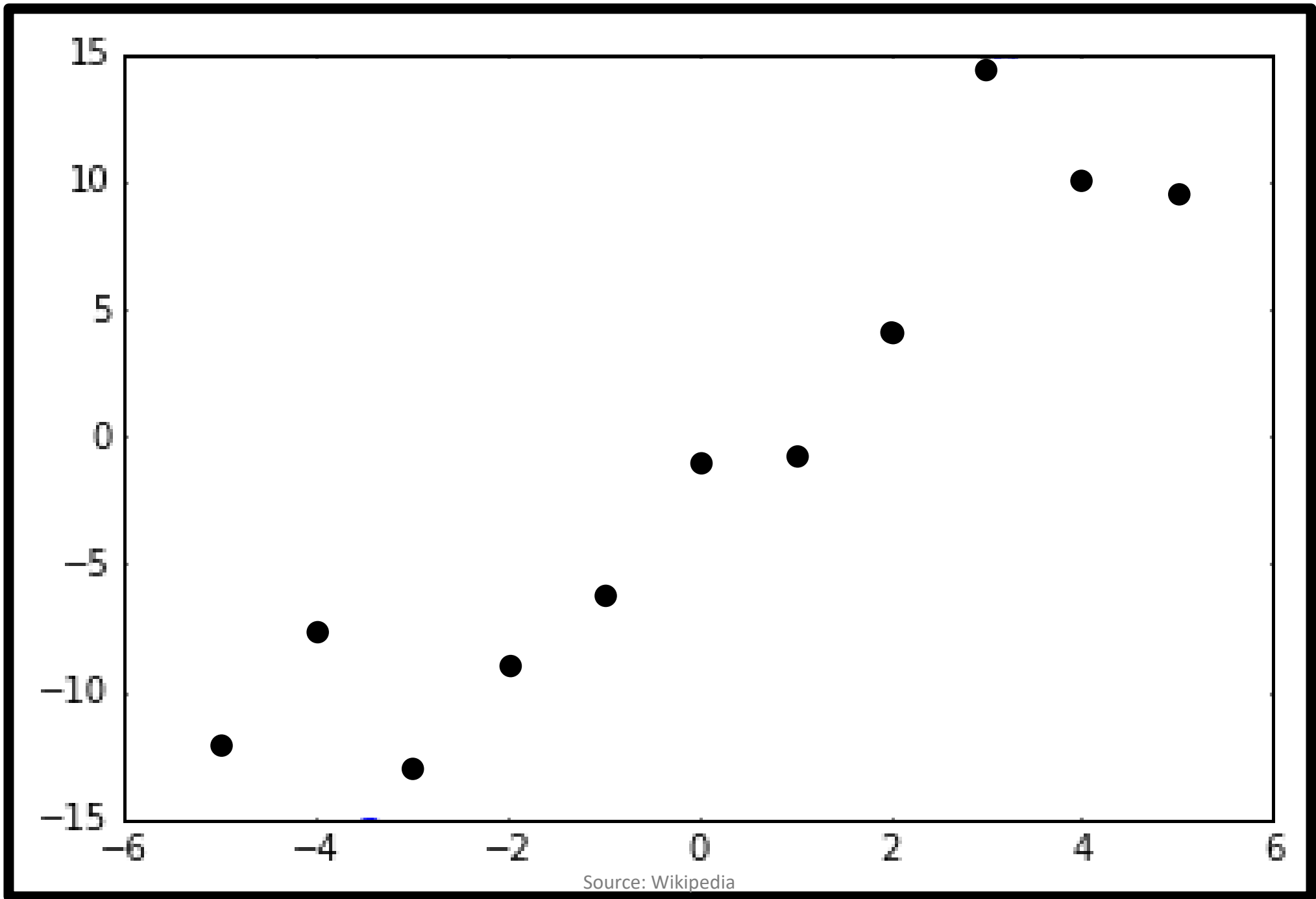
Underfit

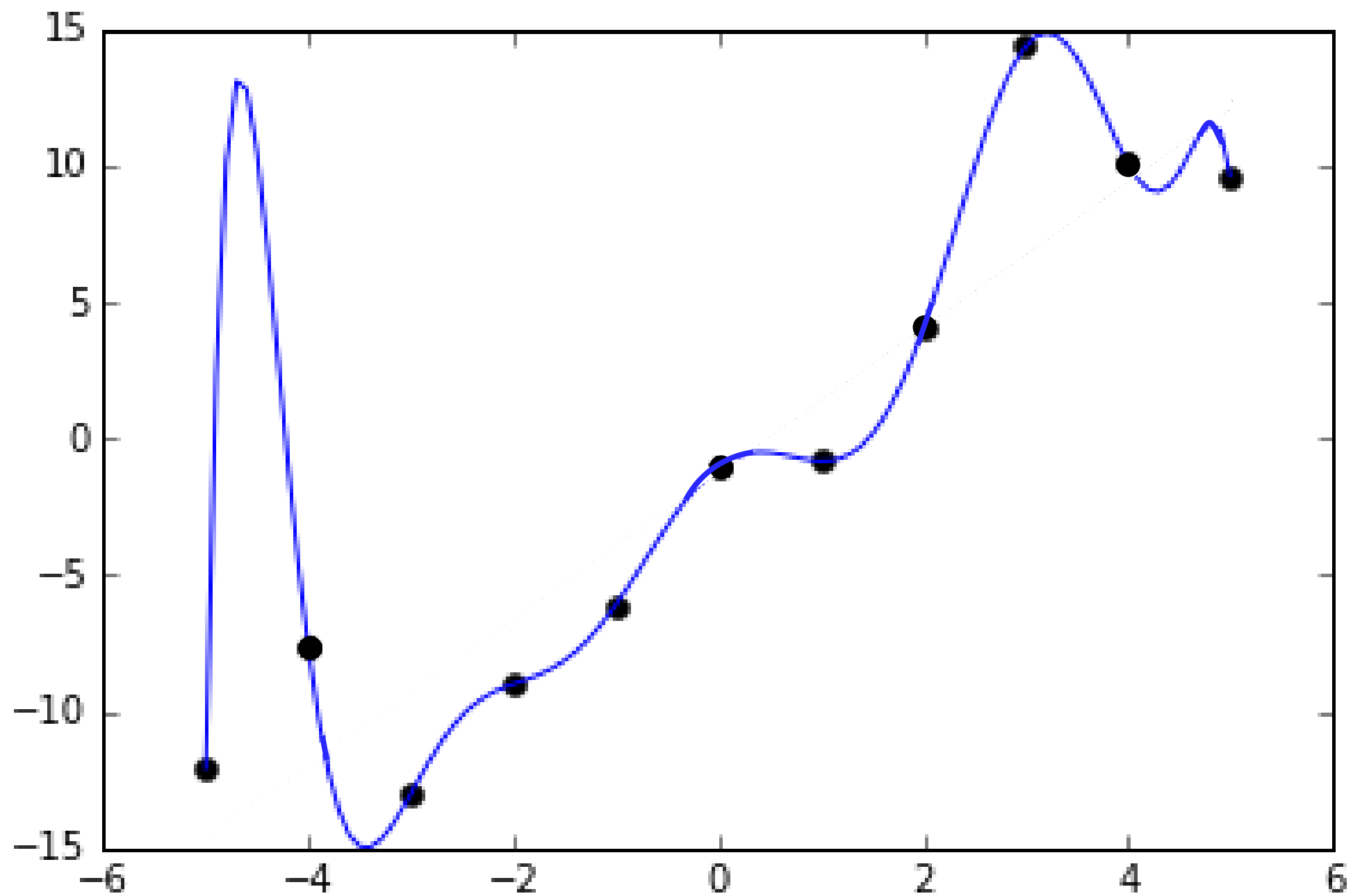


Good fit

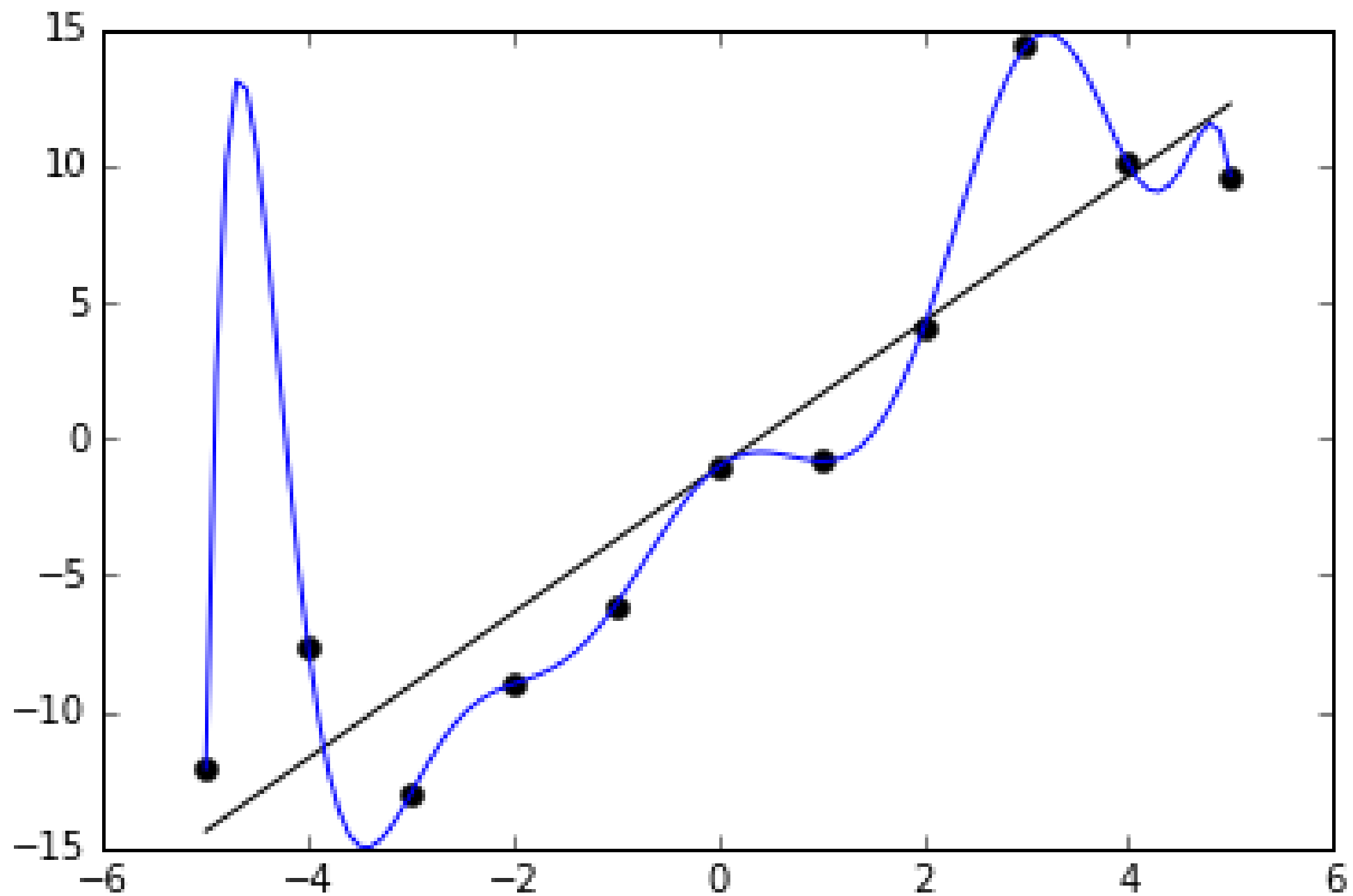


Overfit





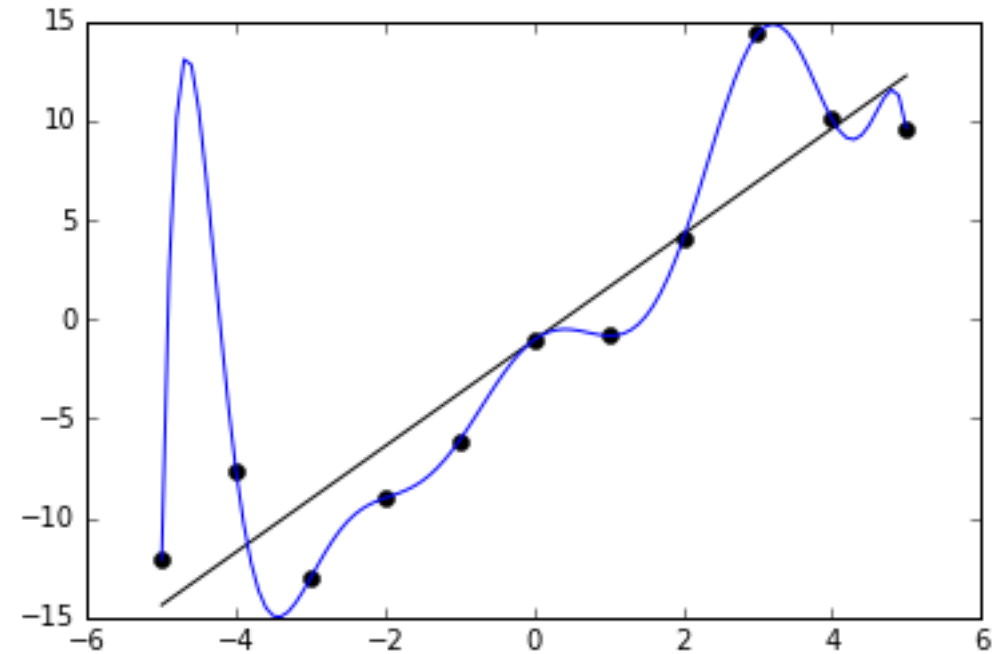
Source: Wikipedia



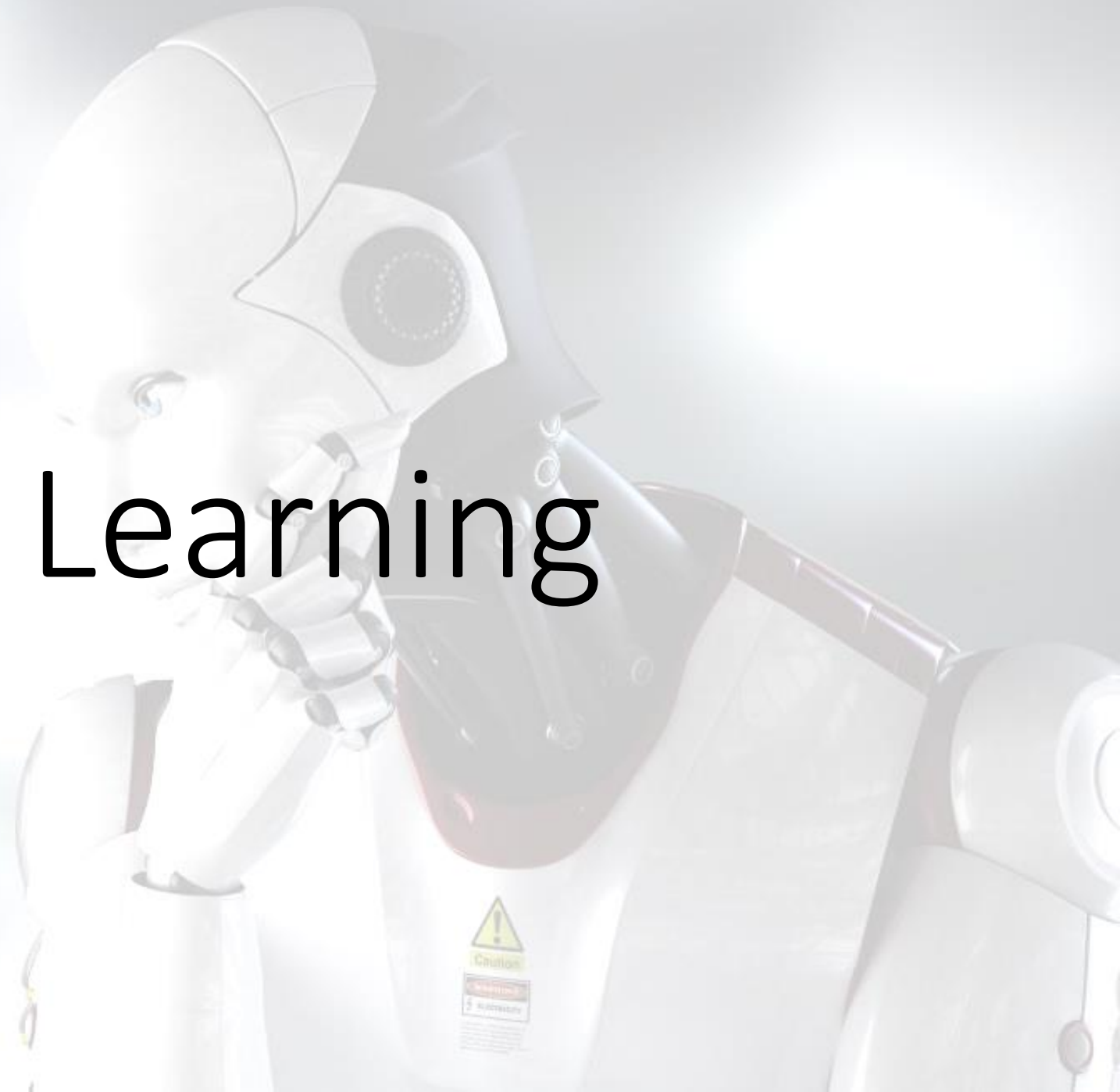
Source: Wikipedia

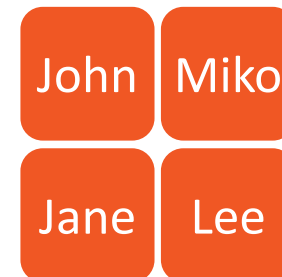
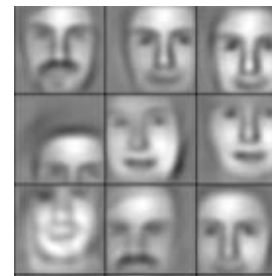
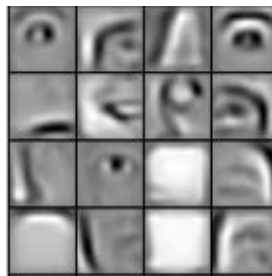
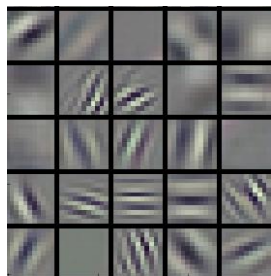
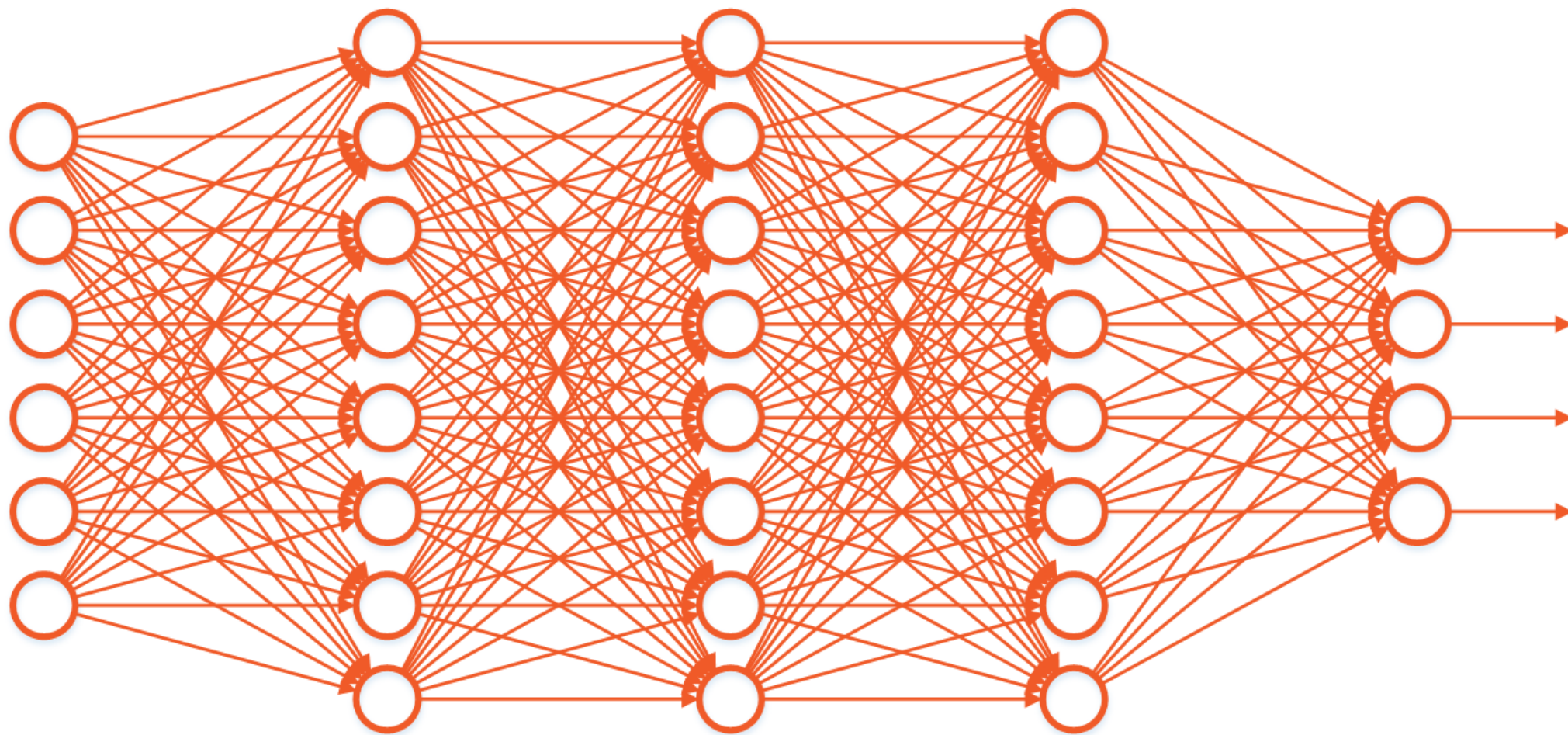
Regularization Techniques

Early stopping
Pruning (trees)
Adding noise
Parameter tuning

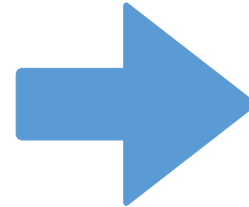
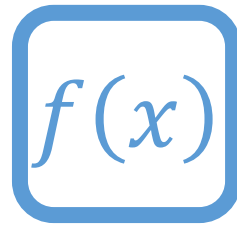
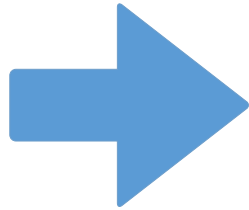
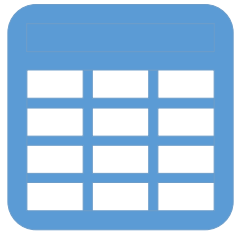


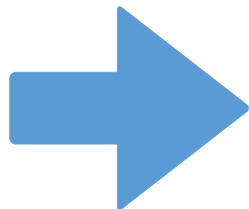
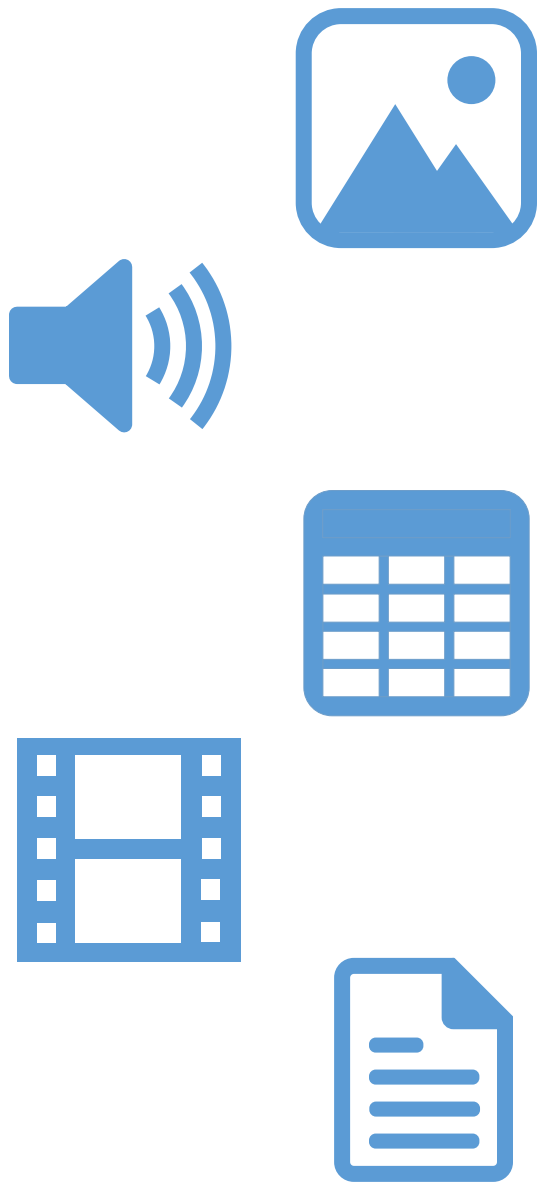
Deep Learning



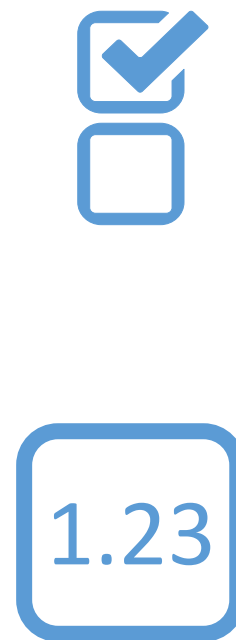
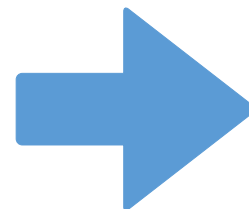


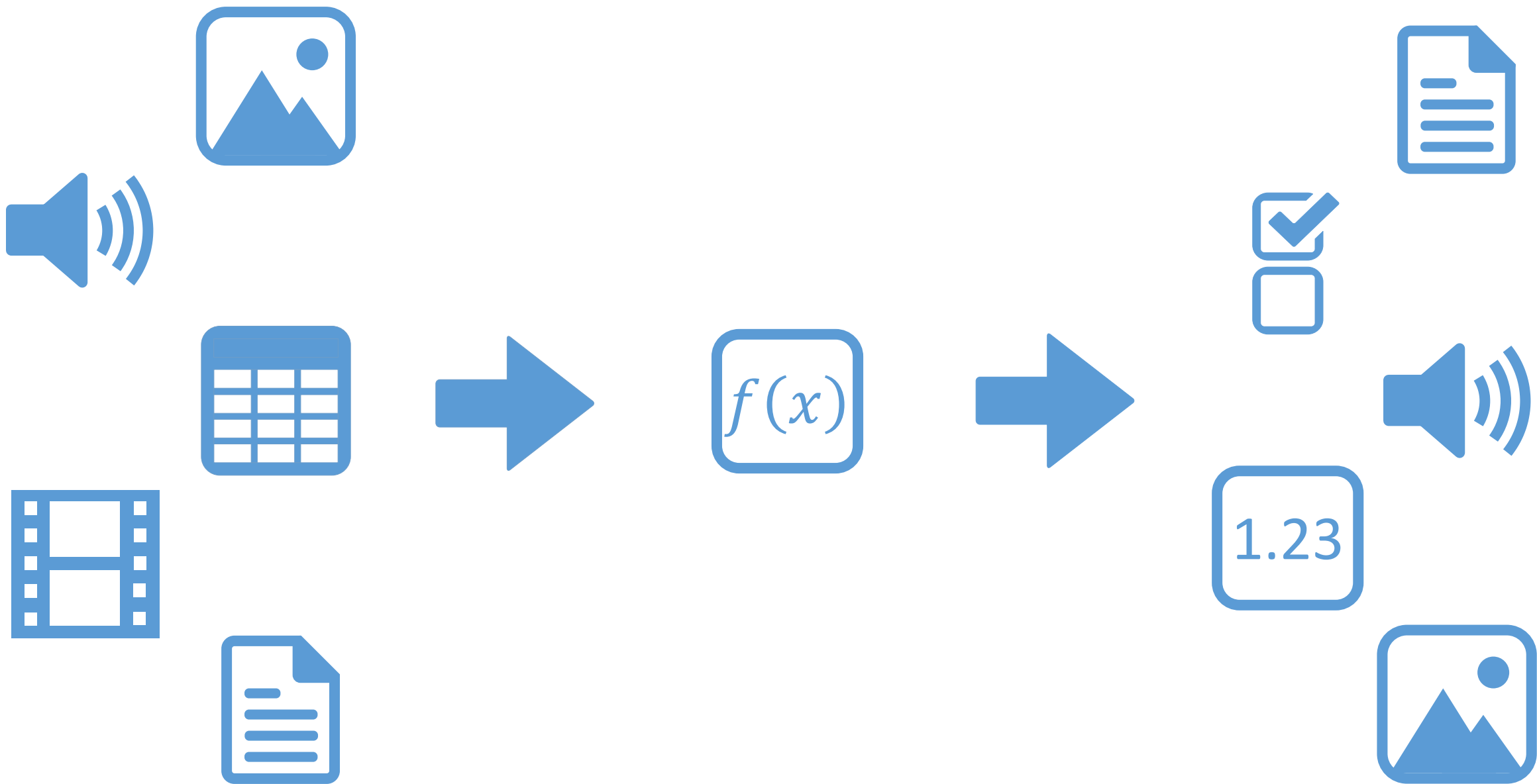






$$f(x)$$







Where to Go Next

Pluralsight: <https://www.pluralsight.com>

Coursera: <https://www.coursera.org>

Data Camp: <https://www.datacamp.com>

Tensorflow: <http://playground.tensorflow.org>

My Website

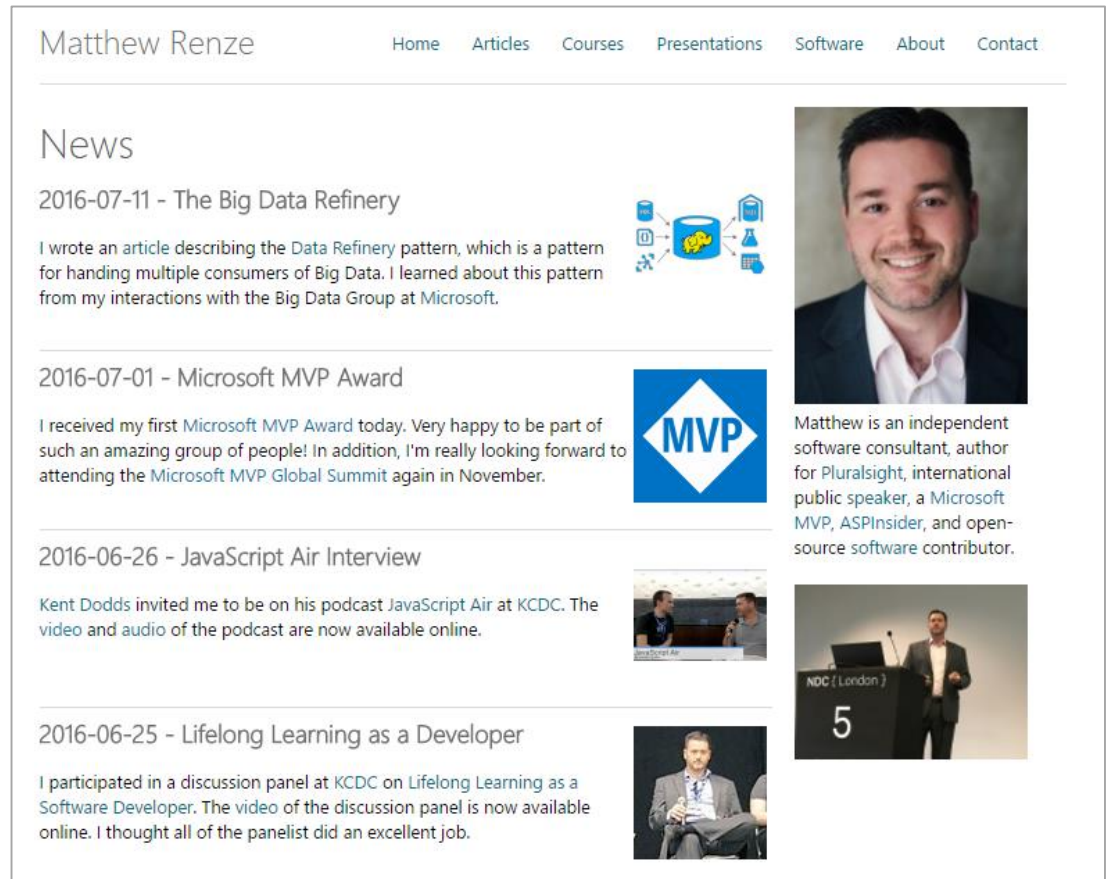
Articles

Presentations

Source Code

Videos

Workshops



www.matthewrenze.com



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Conclusion

Conclusion

1. Introduction to ML
2. Introduction to R
3. Classification
4. Regression
5. Clustering
6. ML in Practice



Feedback

Very important to me!

What did you like?

What could I improve?



Contact Info

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Thank You! :)