

Building Next Generation Apps with TypeScript

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Agenda

- TypeScript Intro
- Tools
- Compilation
- Types
- Classes
- Inheritance
- Debugging
- Web and Apps

Get TypeScript

<http://www.typescriptlang.org>

TypeScript
PREVIEW

TypeScript in the Wild

- Bing
- Monaco

TypeScript Features

Superset of
JavaScript

ES5 / ES6

Type Checking

Visual Studio
Webstorm
Browser tools

Next-gen
JavaScript for
the enterprise

Syntactic
Sugar

Generics &
Arrow
Functions

Classes

Dot notation for properties

TypeScript
PREVIEW

Why use TypeScript?

JavaScript was designed for a

SPA App

More and more server side logic using JavaScript (Node.JS)



Horse JS @horse_js

15 Sep

folks may be under the misguided illusion that I'm a JS expert

Expand

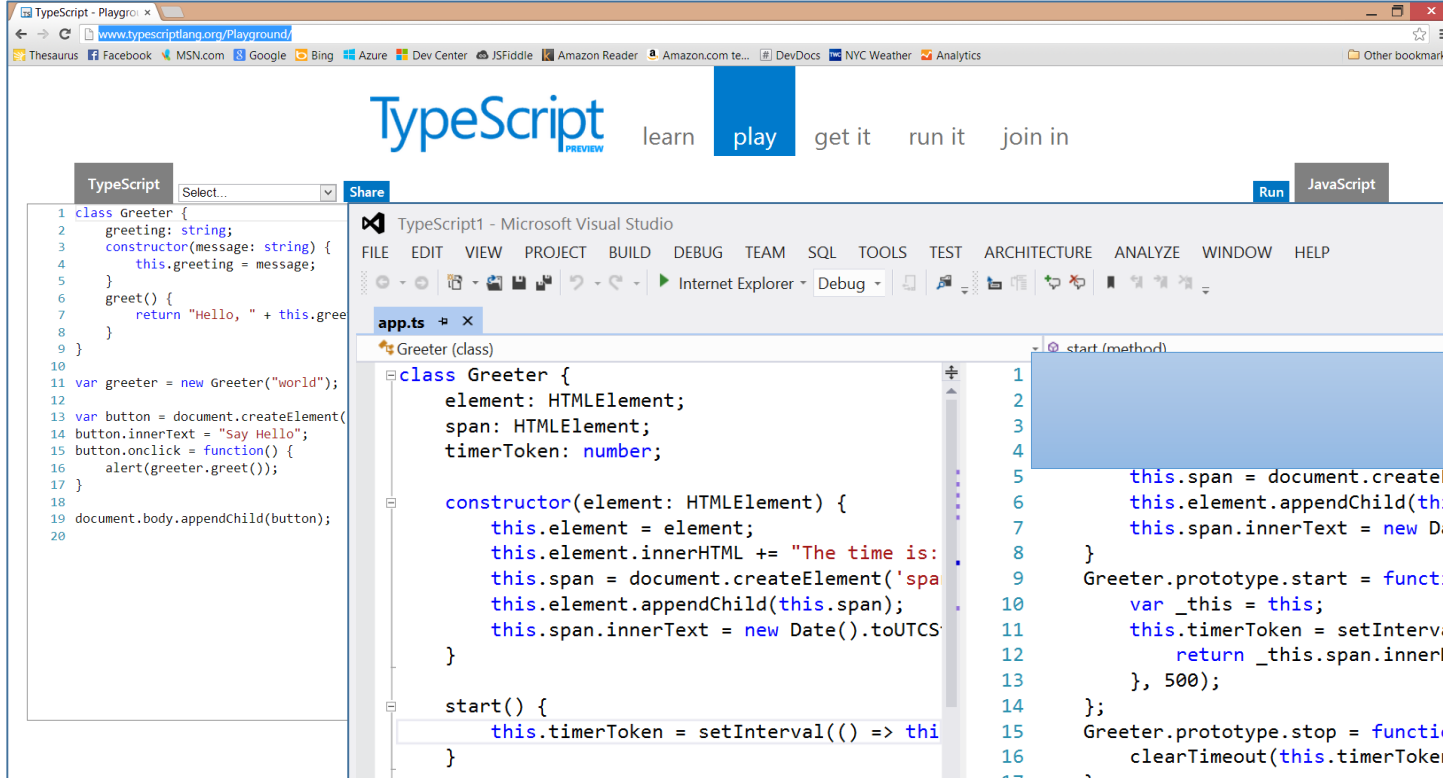
OOP is easier

C# coders forced into JavaScript

are becoming quite complex

TypeScript
PREVIEW

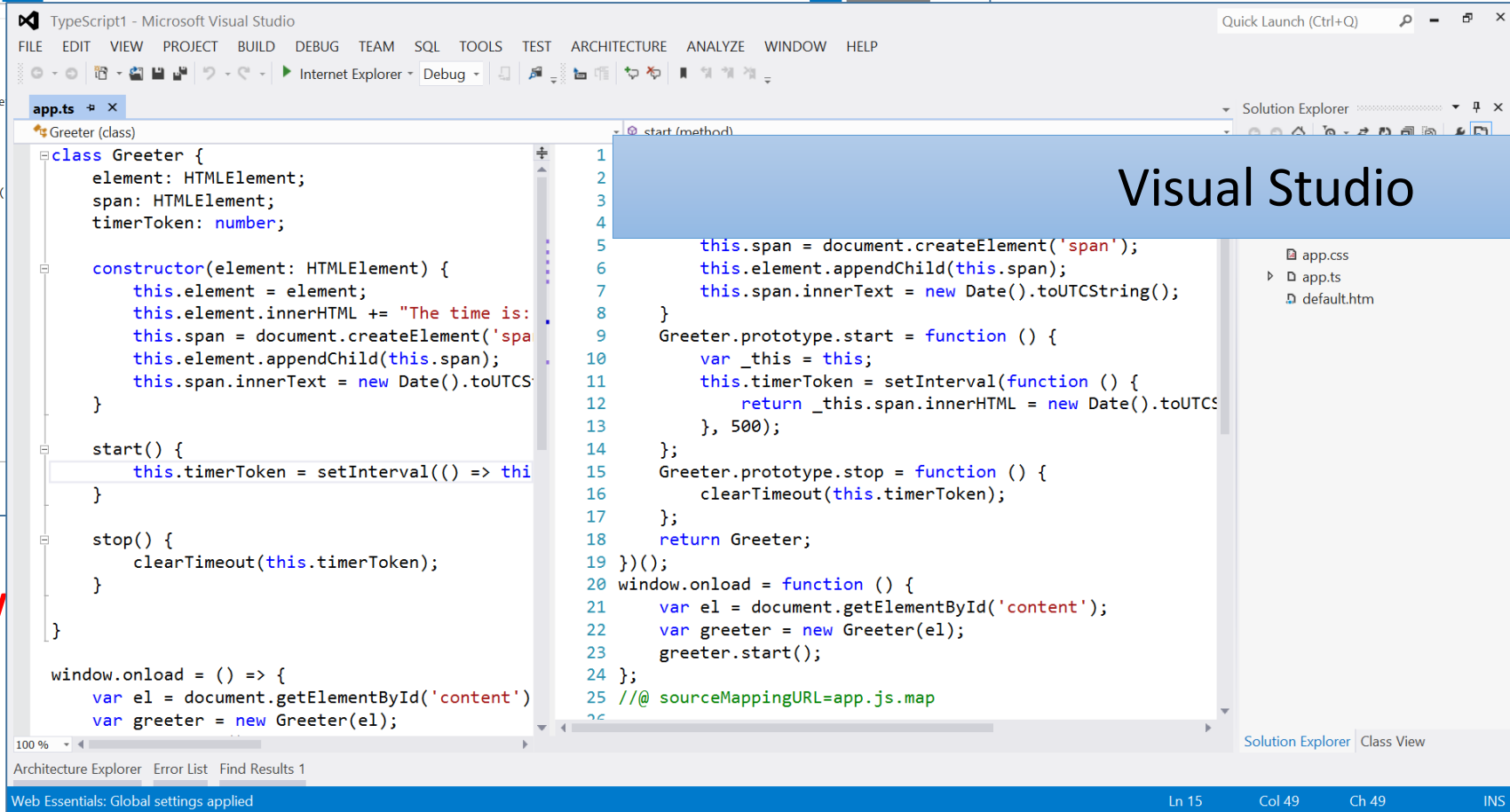
<http://www.typescriptlang.org/playground>



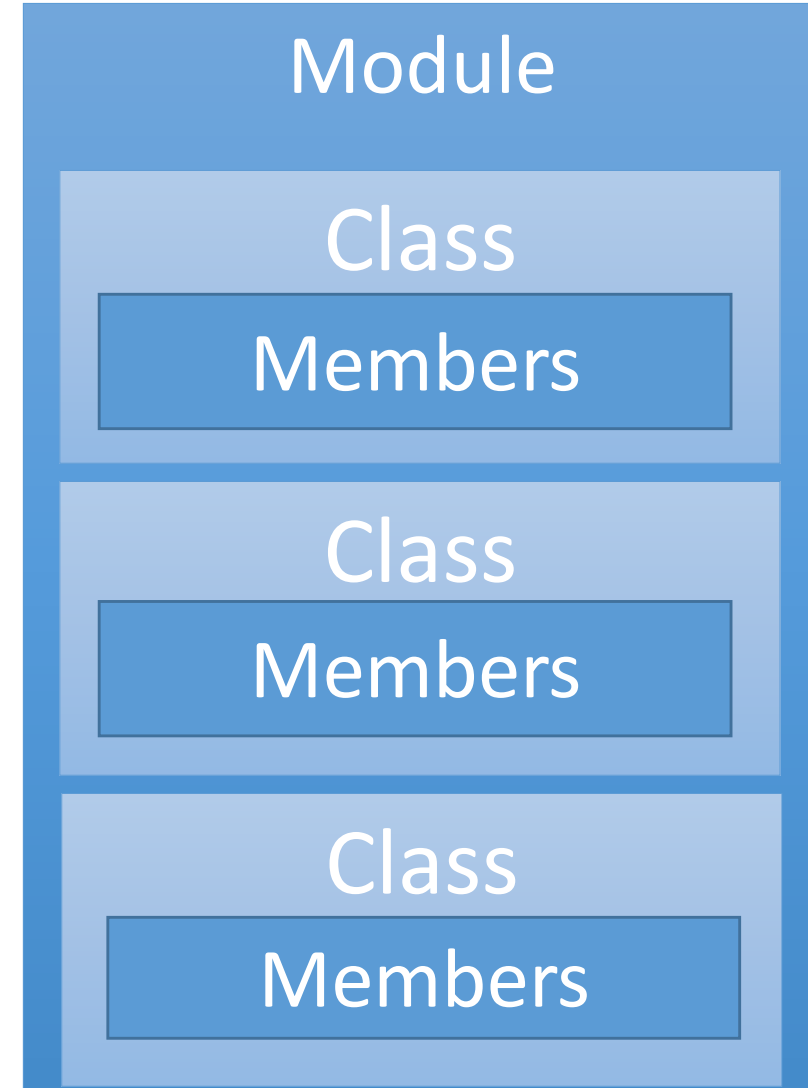
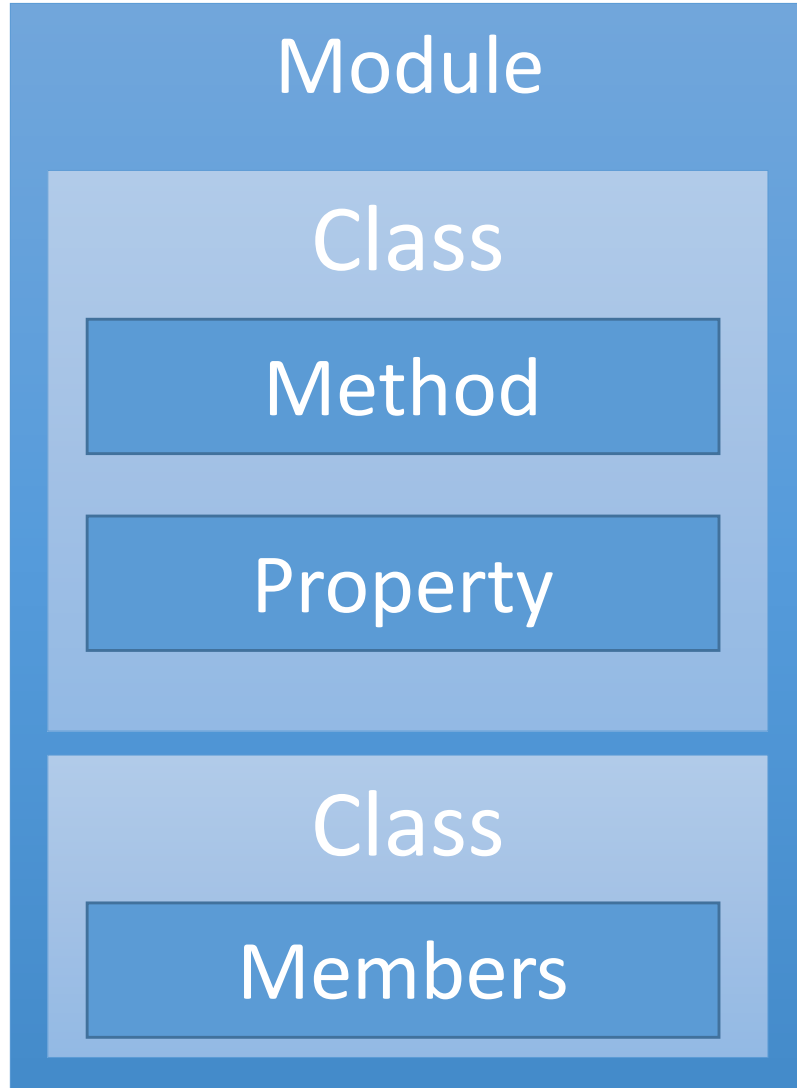
Web/HTML/ASP.NET

Visual Studio

Window



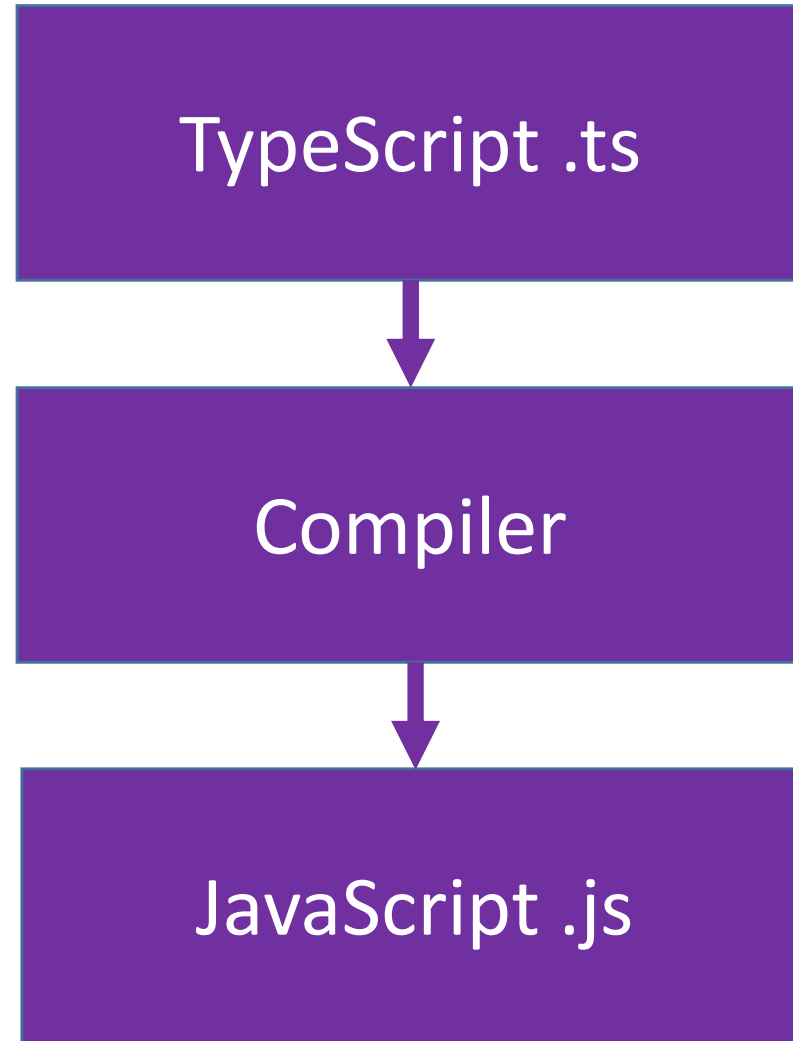
Program



DEMO

- TypeScript programs in Visual Studio

TypeScript Compilation



TypeScript compilation

The image displays the Microsoft Visual Studio IDE with a TypeScript project named 'TypeScript1'. The left pane shows the source file 'BankAccount.ts' with the following code:

```
1 class BankAccount {
2   AccountHolderName: string;
3   Balance: number;
4   InterestRate: number;
5
6   constructor()
7   {
8     this.AccountHolderName = "Chris P. Bacon";
9     this.InterestRate = .01;
10    this.Balance = 500;
11  }
12
13  calculateInterest(){
14    this.Balance = (this.Balance * this.InterestRate);
15  }
16 }
17
18 window.onload = () => {
19   var elem = document.getElementById('content');
20   var account = new BankAccount();
21   elem.innerText = account.Balance.toString();
22 };
```

The right pane shows the compiled JavaScript output in 'app.js' (labeled as 'calculateInterest (method)' in the editor):

```
1 var BankAccount = (function () {
2   function BankAccount() {
3     this.AccountHolderName = "Chris P. Bacon";
4     this.InterestRate = .01;
5     this.Balance = 500;
6   }
7   BankAccount.prototype.calculateInterest = function () {
8     this.Balance = (this.Balance * this.InterestRate);
9   };
10  return BankAccount;
11 })();
12 window.onload = function () {
13   var elem = document.getElementById('content');
14   var account = new BankAccount();
15   elem.innerText = account.Balance.toString();
16 };
17
```

The Solution Explorer on the right shows the project structure:

- Solution 'TypeScript1' (1 project)
 - TypeScript1
 - References
 - app.css
 - app.ts
 - app.js
 - BankAccount.ts
 - BankAccount.js
 - BankAccount.min.js
 - default.htm
 - web.config

Types

- Primitive and Object
- Any
- Number
- Boolean
- String
- Null *
- Undefined *
- Object
- Void *
- HTMLElement
- Functions
- Enum

Type annotations

- Argument types
- Return types
- Type inference

DEMO

- Types and annotations

Classes

```
class BankAccount {}
```

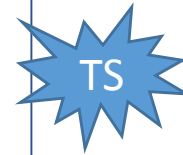
TS

```
var BankAccount = (function () {  
    function BankAccount() { }  
    return BankAccount;  
})();
```

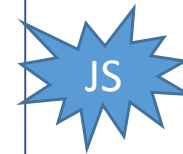
JS

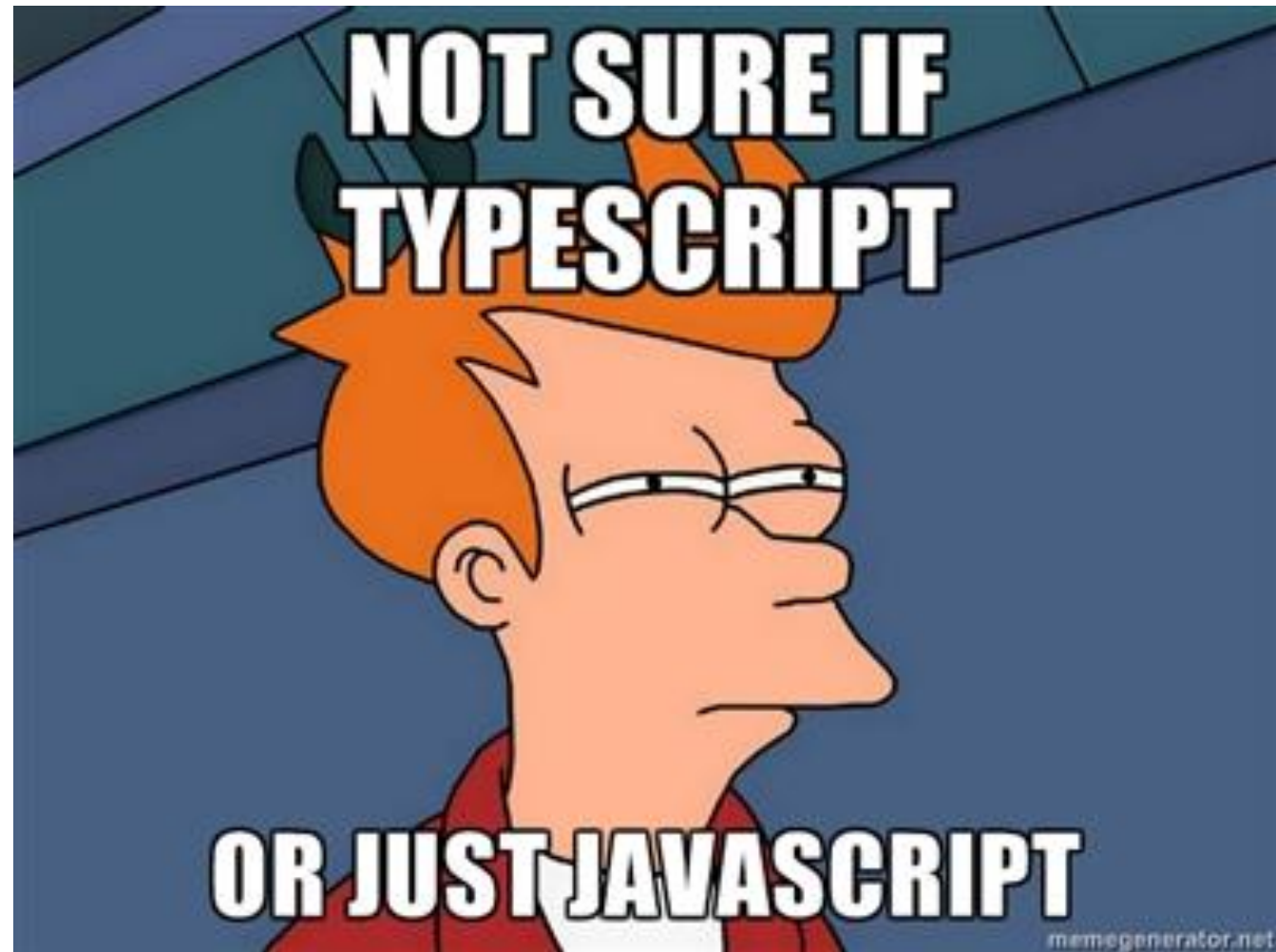
Classes: Constructors

```
constructor()  
{  
    this.AccountHolderName = "Chris P. Bacon";  
    this.InterestRate = .01;  
    this.Balance = 500;  
}
```



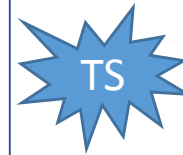
```
function BankAccount() {  
    this.AccountHolderName = "Chris P. Bacon";  
    this.InterestRate = .01;  
    this.Balance = 500;  
}
```





Classes: Members

```
deposit(amount: number) {  
    this.Balance += amount;  
}  
  
calculateInterest() : number {  
    this.Balance = (this.Balance * this.InterestRate);  
    return this.Balance;  
}
```



```
BankAccount.prototype.deposit = function (amount) {  
    this.Balance += amount;  
};  
BankAccount.prototype.calculateInterest = function () {  
    this.Balance = (this.Balance * this.InterestRate);  
    return this.Balance;  
};
```



Enums

```
enum AccountType {  
    PreferredCustomers=1,  
    MehCustomers=2  
}
```

Classes: Access modifiers

```
class BankAccount {  
    public AccountHolderName: string;  
    public Balance: number;  
    private InterestRate: number;  
  
    public deposit(amount: number) {  
        this.Balance = this.Balance + amount;  
    }  
  
    public calculateInterest() : number {  
        this.Balance = (this.Balance * this.InterestRate);  
        return this.Balance;  
    }  
}
```

Accessing a Class and its members

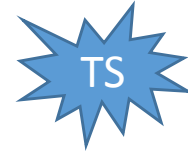
```
window.onload = () => {  
    var elem = document.getElementById('content');  
    var account = new BankAccount();  
    account.deposit(500);  
    elem.innerText = account.Balance.toString();  
};
```

DEMO

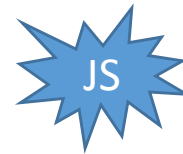
- Creating and using a class

Inheritance

```
class CheckingAccount extends BankAccount {}
```



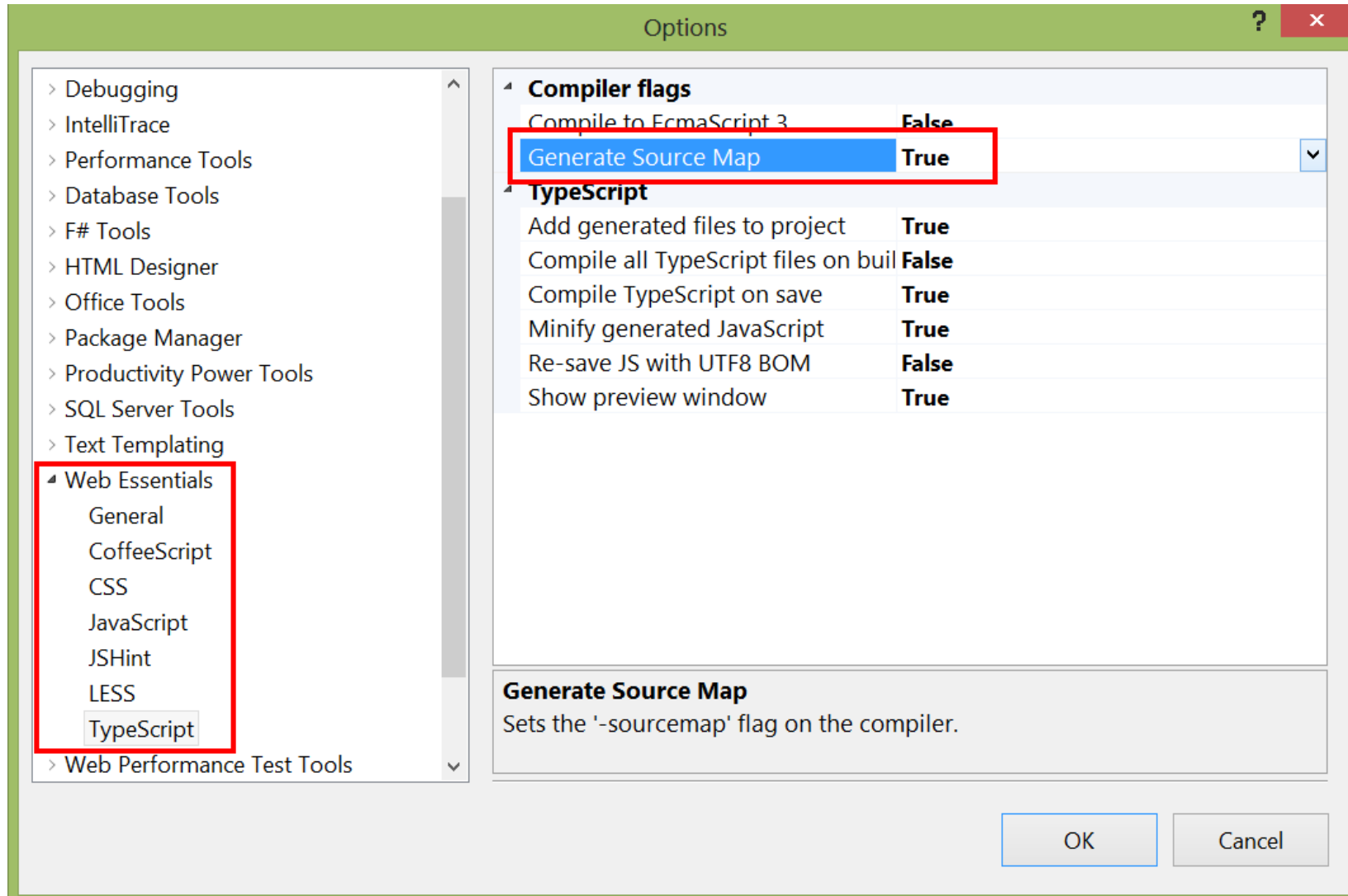
```
var CheckingAccount = (function (_super) {  
    __extends(CheckingAccount, _super);  
    function CheckingAccount() {  
        _super.apply(this, arguments);  
    }  
    return CheckingAccount;  
})(BankAccount);
```



DEMO

- Inheritance

Debugging TypeScript



DEMO

- Debugging

Web and Apps

- HTML
- ASP.NET WebForms and ASP.NET MVC
- Windows Store JavaScript apps

<http://bit.ly/15iOfFt>



Horse JS @horse_js

so I try starting a project from scratch. Then I get into an incredible mess

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Thank You!
Rachel Appel

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