Cell measurement protocol

This year we plan to go towards automation, where a 96-well plate instead of a tube is used for culturing. Prior to the full establishment of this protocol, we need to evaluate how the performance is worldwide with this as well as with parallel experiment in the test tube, which has been used as standard culturing protocol.

At the end of the experiment, you would have two plates to be measured (five for challenging version). You will measure both fluorescence and absorbance in each plate.

Prior to performing the cell measurements you should perform all three of the calibration measurements. Please do not proceed unless you have completed the three calibration protocols. Completion of the calibrations will ensure that you understand the measurement process and that you can take the cell measurements under the same conditions. For the sake of consistency and reproducibility, we are requiring all teams to use E. coli K-12 DH5-alpha. If you do not have access to this strain, you can request streaks of the transformed devices from another team near you, and this can count as a collaboration as long as it is appropriately documented on both teams' wikis. If you are absolutely unable to obtain the DH5-alpha strain, you may still participate in the InterLab study by contacting the Measurement Committee (measurement at igem dot org) to discuss your situation.

For all of these cell measurements, you must use the same plates and volumes that you used in your calibration protocol. You must also use the same settings (e.g., filters or excitation and emission wavelengths) that you used in your calibration measurements. If you do not use the same plates, volumes, and settings, the measurements will not be valid.

Protocol Materials:

- E. coli DH5 alpha (https://identifiers.org/pubchem.substance:24901740)
- LB Broth+chloramphenicol (https://identifiers.org/pubchem.substance:24901740)
- <u>chloramphenicol (https://identifiers.org/pubchem.substance:24901740)</u>
- Negative control (http://parts.igem.org/Part:BBa_J428100)
- Positive control (I20270) (http://parts.igem.org/Part:BBa_I20270)
- Test Device 1 (J364000) (http://parts.igem.org/Part:BBa_J364000)
- Test Device 2 (J36401) (http://parts.igem.org/Part:BBa_J364001)
- Test Device 3 (J36402) (http://parts.igem.org/Part:BBa_J364002)
- Test Device 4 (J364007) (http://parts.igem.org/Part:BBa_J364007)
- Test Device 5 (J364008) (http://parts.igem.org/Part:BBa_J364008)
- Test Device 6 (J364009) (http://parts.igem.org/Part:BBa_J364009)

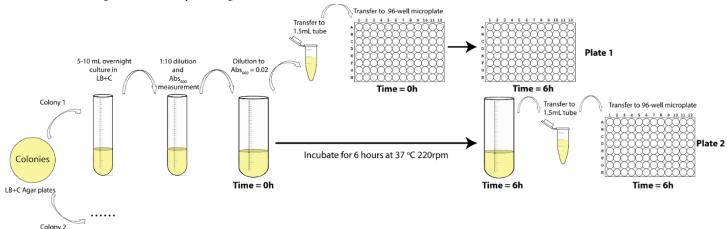
Part Locations in Distribution Kit

Part Coordinate BBa_J428100 Kit Plate 1 Well 12M BBa_I20270 Kit Plate 1 Well 1A BBa_J364000 Kit Plate 1 Well 1C BBa_J364001 Kit Plate 1 Well 1E BBa_J364002 Kit Plate 1 Well 1G BBa_J364007 Kit Plate 1 Well 1I BBa_J364008 Kit Plate 1 Well 1K BBa_J364009 Kit Plate 1 Well 1K

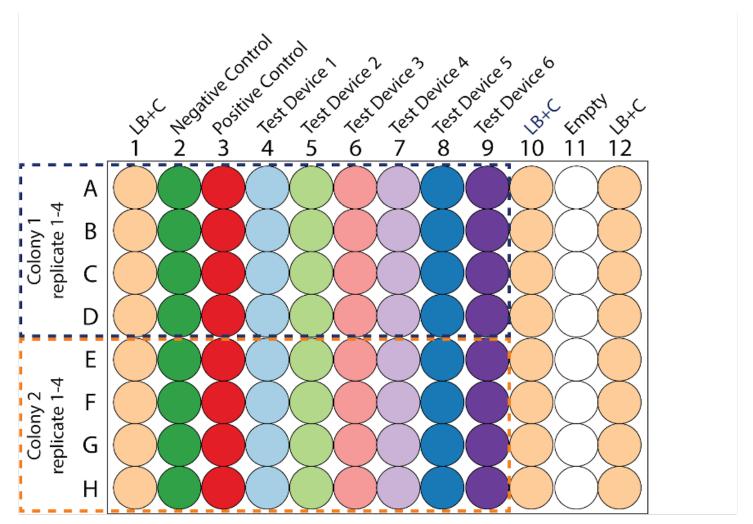
Protocol Steps:

- 1. Transform Negative control DNA into *E. coli* DH5 alpha and plate transformants on LB Broth+chloramphenicol. Repeat for the remaining transformant DNA: Positive control (I20270), Test Device 1 (J364000), Test Device 2 (J36401), Test Device 3 (J364002), Test Device 4 (J364007), Test Device 5 (J364008), and Test Device 6 (J364009).
- 2. Provision 16 x culture tubes to contain culture (day 1)
- 3. Inoculate *E. coli* DH5 alpha+Negative control transformant into 5.0 milliliter of LB Broth+chloramphenicol in culture (day 1) and grow for 16.0 hour at 37.0 degree Celsius and 220.0 rpm. Repeat this procedure for the other inocula: *E. coli* DH5 alpha+Positive control (I20270) transformant, *E. coli* DH5 alpha+Test Device 1 (J364000) transformant, *E. coli* DH5 alpha+Test Device 2 (J36401) transformant, *E. coli* DH5 alpha+Test Device 3 (J36402) transformant, *E. coli* DH5 alpha+Test Device 4 (J364007) transformant, *E. coli* DH5 alpha+Test Device 5 (J364008) transformant, and *E. coli* DH5 alpha+Test Device 6 (J364009) transformant. Inoculate 2 replicates for each transformant, for a total of 16 cultures.
- 4. Provision 16 x culture tubes to contain culture (day 2)
- 5. Dilute each of 16 culture (day 1) samples with LB Broth+chloramphenicol into the culture tube at a 1:10 ratio and final volume of 5.0 milliliter. Maintain at 4.0 degree Celsius while performing dilutions.
- 6. Provision 16 x 1.5 mL microfuge tubes to contain cultures (0 hr timepoint)
- 7. Hold cultures (0 hr timepoint) at 4.0 degree Celsius. This will prevent cell growth while transferring samples.

- 8. Transfer 1.0 milliliter of each of 16 culture (day 2) samples to 1.5 mL microfuge tube containers to contain a total of 16 cultures (0 hr timepoint) samples. Maintain at 4.0 degree Celsius during transfer.
- 9. Measure baseline absorbance of culture (day 2) of cultures (0 hr timepoint) at 600.0 nanometer.
- 10. Provision 16 x 50 ml conical tubes to contain back-diluted culture The conical tube should be opaque, amber-colored, or covered with foil.
- 11. Back-dilute each of 16 culture (day 2) samples to a target OD of 0.02 using LB Broth+chloramphenical as diluent to a final volume of 12.0 milliliter. Maintain at 4.0 degree Celsius while performing dilutions.



- 12. Provision 16 x 1.5 mL microfuge tubes to contain back-diluted culture aliquots
- 13. Hold back-diluted culture aliquots at 4.0 degree Celsius. This will prevent cell growth while transferring samples.
- 14. Transfer 1.0 milliliter of each of 16 back-diluted culture samples to 1.5 mL microfuge tube containers to contain a total of 16 back-diluted culture aliquots samples. Maintain at 4.0 degree Celsius during transfer.
- 15. Provision a 96 well microplate to contain plate 1
- 16. Hold plate 1 at 4.0 degree Celsius.
- 17. Transfer 100.0 microliter of each cultures (0 hr timepoint) sample to 96 well microplate plate 1 in the wells indicated in the plate layout. Maintain at 4.0 degree Celsius during transfer.
- 18. Transfer 100.0 microliter of LB Broth+chloramphenicol sample to wells A1:H1, A10:H10, A12:H12 of 96 well microplate plate 1. Maintain at 4.0 degree Celsius during transfer. These samples are blanks.



- 19. Cover plate 1 samples in 96 well microplate with your choice of material to prevent evaporation.
- 20. Measure 0 hr absorbance timepoint of plate 1 at 600.0 nanometer.
- 21. Measure 0 hr fluorescence timepoint of plate 1 with excitation wavelength of 488.0 nanometer and emission filter of 530.0 nanometer and 30.0 nanometer bandpass.
- 22. Incubate all back-diluted culture samples for 6.0 hour at 37.0 degree Celsius at 220.0 rpm.
- 23. Incubate all plate 1 samples for 6.0 hour at 37.0 degree Celsius at 220.0 rpm.
- 24. Hold all cultures (0 hr timepoint) samples at 4.0 degree Celsius. This will inhibit cell growth during the subsequent pipetting steps.
- 25. Hold all plate 1 samples at 4.0 degree Celsius. This will inhibit cell growth during the subsequent pipetting steps.
- 26. Provision 16 x 1.5 mL microfuge tubes to contain 6hr timepoint
- 27. Provision a 96 well microplate to contain plate 2
- 28. Hold 6hr timepoint at 4.0 degree Celsius. This will prevent cell growth while transferring samples.
- 29. Hold plate 2 at 4.0 degree Celsius.
- 30. Transfer 1.0 milliliter of each of 16 back-diluted culture samples to 1.5 mL microfuge tube containers to contain a total of 16 6hr timepoint samples. Maintain at 4.0 degree Celsius during transfer.
- 31. Transfer 100.0 microliter of each 6hr timepoint sample to 96 well microplate plate 2 in the wells indicated in the plate layout. Maintain at 4.0 degree Celsius during transfer.
- 32. Transfer 100.0 microliter of LB Broth+chloramphenicol sample to wells A1:H1, A10:H10, A12:H12 of 96 well microplate plate 2. Maintain at 4.0 degree Celsius during transfer. These are the blanks.
- 33. Cover plate 1 samples in 96 well microplate with your choice of material to prevent evaporation.
- 34. Measure 6 hr absorbance timepoint of plate 1 at 600.0 nanometer.
- 35. Measure 6 hr fluorescence timepoint of plate 1 with excitation wavelength of 485.0 nanometer and emission filter of 530.0 nanometer and 30.0 nanometer handness
- 36. Measure 6 hr absorbance timepoint of plate 2 at 600.0 nanometer.
- 37. Measure 6 hr fluorescence timepoint of plate 2 with excitation wavelength of 485.0 nanometer and emission filter of 530.0 nanometer and 30.0 nanometer bandpass.

38. Import data for baseline absorbance of culture (day 2) measurements of cultures (0 hr timepoint),0 hr absorbance timepoint measurements of plate 1,0 hr fluorescence timepoint measurements of plate 1,6 hr absorbance timepoint measurements of plate 1,6 hr fluorescence timepoint measurements of plate 2,6 hr fluorescence timepoint measurements of plate 2 into provided Excel file.

Protocol Outputs:

- baseline absorbance of culture (day 2) measurements of cultures (0 hr timepoint)
- 0 hr absorbance timepoint measurements of plate 1
- 0 hr fluorescence timepoint measurements of plate 1
- 6 hr absorbance timepoint measurements of plate 1
- 6 hr fluorescence timepoint measurements of plate 1
- 6 hr absorbance timepoint measurements of plate 2
- 6 hr fluorescence timepoint measurements of plate 2

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