Name	Delphi survey  The Delphi survey (also known as the Delphi study or the Delphi procedure) is a systematic, multi-stage process in which experts are asked about specific topics. It is widely accepted as a method for achieving a convergence of opinion regarding real-world knowledge and for forecasting future changes.			
Brief Description				
Methodology	The Delphi survey is an iterative method for finding consensus. It runs through three main stages, that can be repeated until a consensus base is reached.			
	<ul> <li>First, the group facilitator selects a number of experts based on the topic.</li> <li>Once all participants are confirmed, each member of the group receives a questionnaire with instructions to comment based on personal opinion, experience, or previous research.</li> <li>The questionnaires are returned to the facilitator who groups the comments and summarizes the information into a single document.</li> </ul>			
	At the end of each comment session, the facilitator decides if another round is necessary based on conflicting opinions from participants; the questionnaire rounds can be repeated as many times as necessary to achieve a general sense of consensus.			
Estimated planning time needed:	> 20h			
Estimated budget needed:	Low to medium			
Objective	used to build knowledge about a contemporary issue or to support the forecasting of future conditions and developments. The main aim of the Delphi Method is to build consensus among participants.			
Time estimated:	> 6h - ideally more than 1 week			
Target Audience:	All target audiences suit this format, however targets 1 stakeholder group			
Number of audience:	10-40			
Group composition:	Homogeneous			
Level of Knowledge required and possible challenges	The participants should have a similar level of knowledge on the topic discussed			
Facilitator profile	experienced			
Example				
Relevant sources	https://www.partizipation.at/delphi-befragung.html https://www.eltis.org/it/glossary/delphi-survey			