Name	Scenario Building
Brief Description	Scenario building, also called scenario thinking, scenario analysis or planning, is a strategic planning method used to develop a vision for flexible long-term plans. In the original method, a group of analysts would generate simulation games for policy makers combining basic information on the subject matter that can function as a baseline. Participants then build different scenarios based on possible changes though time of the baseline information.
Methodology	Scenario building needs a careful preparation from the presenter, including the gathering of documents and data needed to set the baseline. During the event, the scenario building follows four main steps, after having split the participants into groups: • A brainstorming should be conducted to identify all internal and external factors that will affect achieving the vision. • Factors should be classified as in the picture below. A reduction of key factors to two or three factors helps to keep the number of possible scenarios low. • Participants start to classify possible future scenarios. The results have to be combined in order to come with the main storylines of different scenarios. • Participants write down a series of scenarios in which the factors from quadrant one of the chart provide a common background story to a set of diverging possible futures
Estimated planning time needed:	2-4h
Objective	This process should raise awareness about uncertainties, risks and constraints that could be challenging in the future.
Time estimated:	30 min - 1 hour
Composition of audience:	All audiences suit this format
Experience level required:	Comparable level of experience among participants is envisaged
Number of audience:	10-40
Level of complexity and possible challenges	High - The presenter and the participants should have good knowledge and organisational skills.

