## <u>Lab 1</u>

```
^{\prime *} program to draw a line by using build in function line ()*/
   #include<stdio.h>
   #include<graphics.h>
   #include<conio.h>
   #include<dos.h> //for including delay function
   void main()
   int gd = DETECT,gm;
   //gd = detects best available graphics driver, gm=graphics mode
   initgraph(&gd,&gm,"C:\\TurboC3\\BGI"); // initializing graph mode
   line(100,100,200,200); //draw a line segment
   getch();
   }
```

## Lab 2

```
DDA line drawing Algorithm
void lineDDA (in x_1, int y_1 int x_2, int y_2)
           int dx, dy, steps, k;
           float incrx, incry, x,y;
           dx = x_2 - x_1;
           dy = y_2 - y_1;
           if (abs(dx) > abs(dy))
                     steps = abs(dx);
           else
                     steps = abs(dy);
           incrx = dx/steps;
           incry = dy/steps;
           x = x_1; /* first point to plot */
           y = y_1;
           putpixel(round(x), round(y),1);
                                                     //1 is color parameter
           for (k = 1; k \le steps; k++)
                     x = x + incrx;
                     y = y + incry;
                     putpixel(round(x),round(y),1);
           }
}
/* C- Program for DDA line drawing algorithm */
  #include <graphics.h>
  #include <stdio.h>
  #include <conio.h>
  #include <math.h>
  void main() {
        int gd = DETECT, gm = DETECT, s, dx, dy, m, x1, y1, x2, y2;
        float xi, yi, x, y;
        clrscr();
        printf("Enter the starting point x1 & y1\n");
        scanf("%d%d", &x1, &y1);
```

```
printf("Enter the end point x2 & y2\n");
     scanf("%d%d", &x2, &y2);
      initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
      cleardevice();
      dx = x2 - x1;
      dy = y2 - y1;
      if (abs(dx) > abs(dy))
              s = abs(dx); else
              s = abs(dy);
     xi = dx / (float) s;
     yi = dy / (float) s;
     x = x1;
     y = y1;
      putpixel(x1, y1, 4);
     for (m = 0; m < s; m++) {
              x += xi;
              y += yi;
              putpixel(x, y, 4);
     }
      getch();
}
```

## Lab 3

## Bresenham line Drawing Algorithm

```
void lineBresenham (int x_1, int y_1, int x_2, int y_2){
            int dx = abs(x_2-x_1), dy=abs(y_2-y_1);
            int pk, xEnd;
            pk=2*dy-dx;
            //determine which point to use as start, which as end
            if(x_1>x_2){
                       x = x_2;
                       y = y_2;
                       xEnd = x_1;
            else {
                       \chi = \chi_1;
                       y = y_1;
                       xEnd = x_2;
            putixel (x,y,1);
            while (x < xEnd)
                       X++;
                       if(pk<0)
                                  pk=pk+2*dy;
                       else
                       {
                                  pk= pk+2*dy-2*dx
                       putpixel (x,y,1);
            }
}
/* C- Program for Bresenham Line Drawing Algorithm */
#include<graphics.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
int x,y,x1,y1,delx, dely, m, grtr_d,smlr_d,d;
```

```
int gm,gd=DETECT;
initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TurboC3\\BGI");
printf("enter initial coordinate = ");
scanf("%d%d",&x,&y);
printf("enter final coordinate = ");
scanf("%d%d",&x1,&y1);
delx=x1-x;
dely=y1-y;
grtr_d=2*dely-2*delx; //when d>0
smlr_d=2*dely; //when d<0
d=(2*dely)-delx;
do{
putpixel(x,y,1);
if(d<0){
d=smlr_d+d;
}
else{
d=grtr_d+d;
y=y+1;
```

```
}
x=x+1;

}while(x<x1);
getch();
}</pre>
```