

## import all Important used Library

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import plotly.offline as py
import plotly.graph_objs as go
import matplotlib.ticker as ticker
```

## Read Data in CSV format in Data Frame

```
df=pd.read_csv("311_Service_Requests_from_2010_to_Present.csv",low_memory=False)
```

The info() function is used to print a concise summary of a DataFrame. This method prints information about a DataFrame including the index dtype and column dtypes, non-null values and memory usage.

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 300698 entries, 0 to 300697
```

```
Data columns (total 53 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Unique Key	300698 non-null	int64
1	Created Date	300698 non-null	object
2	Closed Date	298534 non-null	object
3	Agency	300698 non-null	object
4	Agency Name	300698 non-null	object
5	Complaint Type	300698 non-null	object
6	Descriptor	294784 non-null	object
7	Location Type	300567 non-null	object
8	Incident Zip	298083 non-null	float64
9	Incident Address	256288 non-null	object
10	Street Name	256288 non-null	object
11	Cross Street 1	251419 non-null	object
12	Cross Street 2	250919 non-null	object
13	Intersection Street 1	43858 non-null	object
14	Intersection Street 2	43362 non-null	object
15	Address Type	297883 non-null	object
16	City	298084 non-null	object
17	Landmark	349 non-null	object
18	Facility Type	298527 non-null	object
19	Status	300698 non-null	object
20	Due Date	300695 non-null	object
21	Resolution Description	300698 non-null	object
22	Resolution Action Updated Date	298511 non-null	object

23	Community Board	300698	non-null	object
24	Borough	300698	non-null	object
25	X Coordinate (State Plane)	297158	non-null	float64
26	Y Coordinate (State Plane)	297158	non-null	float64
27	Park Facility Name	300698	non-null	object
28	Park Borough	300698	non-null	object
29	School Name	300698	non-null	object
30	School Number	300698	non-null	object
31	School Region	300697	non-null	object
32	School Code	300697	non-null	object
33	School Phone Number	300698	non-null	object
34	School Address	300698	non-null	object
35	School City	300698	non-null	object
36	School State	300698	non-null	object
37	School Zip	300697	non-null	object
38	School Not Found	300698	non-null	object
39	School or Citywide Complaint	0	non-null	float64
40	Vehicle Type	0	non-null	float64
41	Taxi Company Borough	0	non-null	float64
42	Taxi Pick Up Location	0	non-null	float64
43	Bridge Highway Name	243	non-null	object
44	Bridge Highway Direction	243	non-null	object
45	Road Ramp	213	non-null	object
46	Bridge Highway Segment	213	non-null	object
47	Garage Lot Name	0	non-null	float64
48	Ferry Direction	1	non-null	object
49	Ferry Terminal Name	2	non-null	object
50	Latitude	297158	non-null	float64
51	Longitude	297158	non-null	float64
52	Location	297158	non-null	object

dtypes: float64(10), int64(1), object(42)

memory usage: 121.6+ MB

df.head() Returns the first 5 rows of the dataframe

df.head()

	Unique Key	Created Date	Closed Date	Agency	\
0	32310363	12/31/2015 11:59:45 PM	01-01-16 0:55	NYPD	
1	32309934	12/31/2015 11:59:44 PM	01-01-16 1:26	NYPD	
2	32309159	12/31/2015 11:59:29 PM	01-01-16 4:51	NYPD	
3	32305098	12/31/2015 11:57:46 PM	01-01-16 7:43	NYPD	
4	32306529	12/31/2015 11:56:58 PM	01-01-16 3:24	NYPD	

	Agency Name	Complaint Type	\
0	New York City Police Department	Noise - Street/Sidewalk	
1	New York City Police Department	Blocked Driveway	
2	New York City Police Department	Blocked Driveway	
3	New York City Police Department	Illegal Parking	
4	New York City Police Department	Illegal Parking	

	Descriptor	Location Type	Incident Zip \
0	Loud Music/Party	Street/Sidewalk	10034.0
1	No Access	Street/Sidewalk	11105.0
2	No Access	Street/Sidewalk	10458.0
3	Commercial Overnight Parking	Street/Sidewalk	10461.0
4	Blocked Sidewalk	Street/Sidewalk	11373.0

	Incident Address ...	Bridge Highway Name	Bridge Highway Direction \
0	71 VERMILYEA AVENUE ...	NaN	NaN
1	27-07 23 AVENUE ...	NaN	NaN
2	2897 VALENTINE AVENUE ...	NaN	NaN
3	2940 BAISLEY AVENUE ...	NaN	NaN
4	87-14 57 ROAD ...	NaN	NaN

	Road Ramp	Bridge Highway Segment	Garage Lot Name	Ferry Direction \
0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

	Ferry Terminal Name	Latitude	Longitude \
0	NaN	40.865682	-73.923501
1	NaN	40.775945	-73.915094
2	NaN	40.870325	-73.888525
3	NaN	40.835994	-73.828379
4	NaN	40.733060	-73.874170

	Location
0	(40.86568153633767, -73.92350095571744)
1	(40.775945312321085, -73.91509393898605)
2	(40.870324522111424, -73.88852464418646)
3	(40.83599404683083, -73.82837939584206)
4	(40.733059618956815, -73.87416975810375)

[5 rows x 53 columns]

Pandas to\_datetime() method helps to convert string Date time into Python Date time object

And assign df['Created Date'] in same column

```
df['Created Date']=pd.to_datetime(df['Created Date'])
```

```
df['Closed Date']=pd.to_datetime(df['Closed Date'])
```

df.info() - check df['Closed Date'] Dtype are conver or not. its converted

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 300698 entries, 0 to 300697
```

```
Data columns (total 53 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Unique Key	300698 non-null	int64
1	Created Date	300698 non-null	datetime64[ns]
2	Closed Date	298534 non-null	datetime64[ns]
3	Agency	300698 non-null	object
4	Agency Name	300698 non-null	object
5	Complaint Type	300698 non-null	object
6	Descriptor	294784 non-null	object
7	Location Type	300567 non-null	object
8	Incident Zip	298083 non-null	float64
9	Incident Address	256288 non-null	object
10	Street Name	256288 non-null	object
11	Cross Street 1	251419 non-null	object
12	Cross Street 2	250919 non-null	object
13	Intersection Street 1	43858 non-null	object
14	Intersection Street 2	43362 non-null	object
15	Address Type	297883 non-null	object
16	City	298084 non-null	object
17	Landmark	349 non-null	object
18	Facility Type	298527 non-null	object
19	Status	300698 non-null	object
20	Due Date	300695 non-null	object
21	Resolution Description	300698 non-null	object
22	Resolution Action Updated Date	298511 non-null	object
23	Community Board	300698 non-null	object
24	Borough	300698 non-null	object
25	X Coordinate (State Plane)	297158 non-null	float64
26	Y Coordinate (State Plane)	297158 non-null	float64
27	Park Facility Name	300698 non-null	object
28	Park Borough	300698 non-null	object
29	School Name	300698 non-null	object
30	School Number	300698 non-null	object
31	School Region	300697 non-null	object
32	School Code	300697 non-null	object
33	School Phone Number	300698 non-null	object
34	School Address	300698 non-null	object
35	School City	300698 non-null	object
36	School State	300698 non-null	object
37	School Zip	300697 non-null	object
38	School Not Found	300698 non-null	object
39	School or Citywide Complaint	0 non-null	float64

```

40 Vehicle Type          0 non-null      float64
41 Taxi Company Borough  0 non-null      float64
42 Taxi Pick Up Location  0 non-null      float64
43 Bridge Highway Name    243 non-null    object
44 Bridge Highway Direction 243 non-null    object
45 Road Ramp              213 non-null    object
46 Bridge Highway Segment 213 non-null    object
47 Garage Lot Name        0 non-null      float64
48 Ferry Direction        1 non-null      object
49 Ferry Terminal Name    2 non-null      object
50 Latitude               297158 non-null float64
51 Longitude              297158 non-null float64
52 Location               297158 non-null object
dtypes: datetime64[ns](2), float64(10), int64(1), object(40)
memory usage: 121.6+ MB

```

Read or convert the columns 'Created Date' and Closed Date' to datetime datatype and create a new column 'Request\_Closing\_Time' as the time elapsed between request creation and request closing.

```
df['Request_Closing_Time']=df['Closed Date'] - df['Created Date']
```

```
df
```

	Unique Key	Created Date	Closed Date	Agency	\
0	32310363	2015-12-31 23:59:45	2016-01-01 00:55:00	NYPD	
1	32309934	2015-12-31 23:59:44	2016-01-01 01:26:00	NYPD	
2	32309159	2015-12-31 23:59:29	2016-01-01 04:51:00	NYPD	
3	32305098	2015-12-31 23:57:46	2016-01-01 07:43:00	NYPD	
4	32306529	2015-12-31 23:56:58	2016-01-01 03:24:00	NYPD	
...	...	...	...	...	...
300693	30281872	2015-03-29 00:33:41	NaT	NYPD	
300694	30281230	2015-03-29 00:33:28	2015-03-29 02:33:59	NYPD	
300695	30283424	2015-03-29 00:33:03	2015-03-29 03:40:20	NYPD	
300696	30280004	2015-03-29 00:33:02	2015-03-29 04:38:35	NYPD	
300697	30281825	2015-03-29 00:33:01	2015-03-29 04:41:50	NYPD	

	Agency Name	Complaint Type	\
0	New York City Police Department	Noise - Street/Sidewalk	
1	New York City Police Department	Blocked Driveway	
2	New York City Police Department	Blocked Driveway	
3	New York City Police Department	Illegal Parking	
4	New York City Police Department	Illegal Parking	
...	...	...	...
300693	New York City Police Department	Noise - Commercial	
300694	New York City Police Department	Blocked Driveway	
300695	New York City Police Department	Noise - Commercial	
300696	New York City Police Department	Noise - Commercial	
300697	New York City Police Department	Noise - Commercial	

```
Descriptor          Location Type  Incident
```

Zip \		
0	Loud Music/Party	Street/Sidewalk
10034.0		
1	No Access	Street/Sidewalk
11105.0		
2	No Access	Street/Sidewalk
10458.0		
3	Commercial Overnight Parking	Street/Sidewalk
10461.0		
4	Blocked Sidewalk	Street/Sidewalk
11373.0		
...	...	...
.		..
300693	Loud Music/Party	Club/Bar/Restaurant
NaN		
300694	Partial Access	Street/Sidewalk
11418.0		
300695	Loud Music/Party	Club/Bar/Restaurant
11206.0		
300696	Loud Music/Party	Club/Bar/Restaurant
10461.0		
300697	Loud Music/Party	Store/Commercial
10036.0		

	Incident Address	...	Bridge Highway Direction	Road
Ramp \				
0	71 VERMILYEA AVENUE	...		NaN
NaN				
1	27-07 23 AVENUE	...		NaN
NaN				
2	2897 VALENTINE AVENUE	...		NaN
NaN				
3	2940 BAISLEY AVENUE	...		NaN
NaN				
4	87-14 57 ROAD	...		NaN
NaN				
...		...	...	.
..				
300693	CRESCENT AVENUE	...		NaN
NaN				
300694	100-17 87 AVENUE	...		NaN
NaN				
300695	162 THROOP AVENUE	...		NaN
NaN				
300696	3151 EAST TREMONT AVENUE	...		NaN
NaN				
300697	251 WEST 48 STREET	...		NaN
NaN				

Bridge Highway Segment Garage Lot Name Ferry Direction \

0	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	NaN	NaN	NaN
...	...	...	...
300693	NaN	NaN	NaN
300694	NaN	NaN	NaN
300695	NaN	NaN	NaN
300696	NaN	NaN	NaN
300697	NaN	NaN	NaN

	Ferry Terminal Name	Latitude	Longitude \
0	NaN	40.865682	-73.923501
1	NaN	40.775945	-73.915094
2	NaN	40.870325	-73.888525
3	NaN	40.835994	-73.828379
4	NaN	40.733060	-73.874170
...	...	...	...
300693	NaN	NaN	NaN
300694	NaN	40.694077	-73.846087
300695	NaN	40.699590	-73.944234
300696	NaN	40.837708	-73.834587
300697	NaN	40.760583	-73.985922

	Location	Request_Closing_Time
0	(40.86568153633767, -73.92350095571744)	0 days 00:55:15
1	(40.775945312321085, -73.91509393898605)	0 days 01:26:16
2	(40.870324522111424, -73.88852464418646)	0 days 04:51:31
3	(40.83599404683083, -73.82837939584206)	0 days 07:45:14
4	(40.733059618956815, -73.87416975810375)	0 days 03:27:02
...	...	...
300693	NaN	NaT
300694	(40.69407728322387, -73.8460866160573)	0 days 02:00:31
300695	(40.69959035300927, -73.94423377144169)	0 days 03:07:17
300696	(40.8377075854206, -73.83458731019586)	0 days 04:05:33
300697	(40.76058322950115, -73.98592204392392)	0 days 04:08:49

[300698 rows x 54 columns]

```
df['Created Date'].value_counts()
```

```
2015-07-11 23:04:00    9
2015-11-06 23:34:00    9
2015-06-06 22:23:00    9
2015-10-09 23:56:00    8
2015-11-01 22:12:00    8
```

```
..
2015-09-22 17:52:17    1
2015-09-22 17:50:43    1
2015-09-22 17:49:55    1
2015-09-22 17:49:47    1
2015-03-29 00:33:01    1
```

Name: Created Date, Length: 259493, dtype: int64

```
df['Closed Date'].value_counts()
```

```
2015-11-08 07:34:00    24
2015-10-11 07:03:00    22
2015-12-08 07:44:00    18
2015-05-10 07:01:00    18
2015-12-07 23:17:00    17
```

```
..
2015-09-21 11:03:55    1
2015-09-21 08:52:27    1
2015-09-21 09:13:15    1
2015-09-21 08:26:57    1
2015-03-29 04:41:50    1
```

Name: Closed Date, Length: 237165, dtype: int64

```
df['Complaint Type'].value_counts()
```

```
Blocked Driveway          77044
Illegal Parking           75361
Noise - Street/Sidewalk   48612
Noise - Commercial       35577
Derelict Vehicle         17718
Noise - Vehicle          17083
Animal Abuse             7778
Traffic                  4498
Homeless Encampment      4416
Noise - Park             4042
Vending                  3802
Drinking                 1280
Noise - House of Worship  931
Posting Advertisement     650
Urinating in Public       592
Bike/Roller/Skate Chronic 427
```



Panhandling	307
Disorderly Youth	286
Illegal Fireworks	168
Graffiti	113
Agency Issues	6
Squeegee	4
Ferry Complaint	2
Animal in a Park	1

Name: Complaint Type, dtype: int64

A groupby operation involves some combination of splitting the object, applying a function, and combining the results.

This can be used to group large amounts of data and compute operations on these groups.

gropping two column Complaint Type and Unique Key and assign their value is complaint

```
complaint=df.groupby(['Complaint Type'])['Unique Key'].count()
```

complaint

Complaint Type	
Agency Issues	6
Animal Abuse	7778
Animal in a Park	1
Bike/Roller/Skate Chronic	427
Blocked Driveway	77044
Derelict Vehicle	17718
Disorderly Youth	286
Drinking	1280
Ferry Complaint	2
Graffiti	113
Homeless Encampment	4416
Illegal Fireworks	168
Illegal Parking	75361
Noise - Commercial	35577
Noise - House of Worship	931
Noise - Park	4042
Noise - Street/Sidewalk	48612
Noise - Vehicle	17083
Panhandling	307
Posting Advertisement	650
Squeegee	4
Traffic	4498
Urinating in Public	592
Vending	3802

Name: Unique Key, dtype: int64

Pandas reset\_index() is a method to reset index of a Data Frame. reset\_index() method sets a list of integer ranging from 0 to length of data as index.

Create a new Data Frame there has two col. "Complaint Type and Unique Key" then reset there index.

```
type_comp=pd.DataFrame(complaint).reset_index()
```

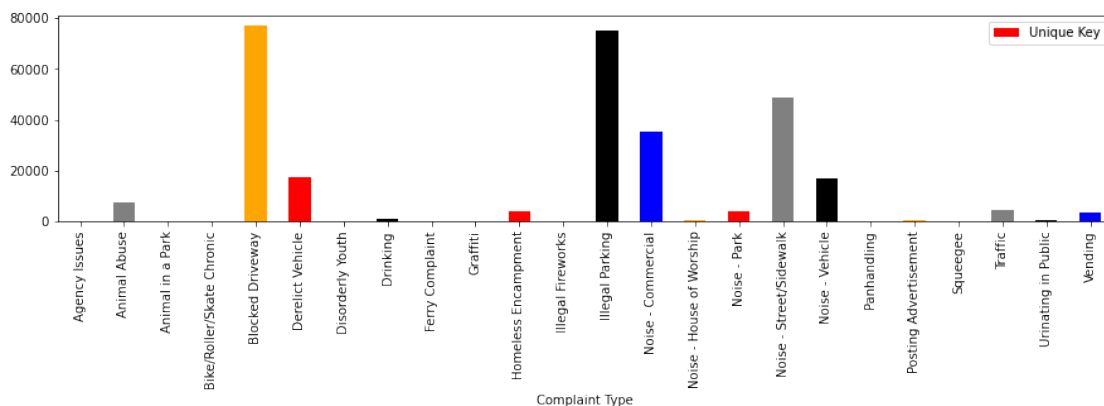
the head function are print first 5 rows . show type\_comp data frame 5 rows .

```
type_comp.head()
```

	Complaint Type	Unique Key
0	Agency Issues	6
1	Animal Abuse	7778
2	Animal in a Park	1
3	Bike/Roller/Skate Chronic	427
4	Blocked Driveway	77044

Ploting type\_comp data frame there value are x='Complaint Type',y='Unique Key' and result are max complaint type are Blocked Driveway and second is illegal Parking and more.

```
ec = ['red', 'gray', 'black', 'blue', 'orange']
type_comp.plot(x='Complaint Type',y='Unique
Key',kind='bar',figsize=(15,3),color = ec)
plt.show()
```



Groping two column and count there value and drop null value in Complaint Type and again grouping Complaint Type and next arranging the value in decending order and next reset there index name. get 5 value in this data frame and plotting in pie chart.

result is Blocked Driveway has 30.3% complaint and 29.6% illegal Parking and 19% Noise-Street/Sidewalk and more.

```
df.groupby(['Complaint Type'])['Unique Key'].count()
comp_dronna=df.dropna(subset=["Complaint Type"])
comp_dronna=df.groupby("Complaint Type")
sortComplaintType = comp_dronna.size().sort_values(ascending = False)
sortComplaintType = sortComplaintType.to_frame('Unique
Key').reset_index()
```

```

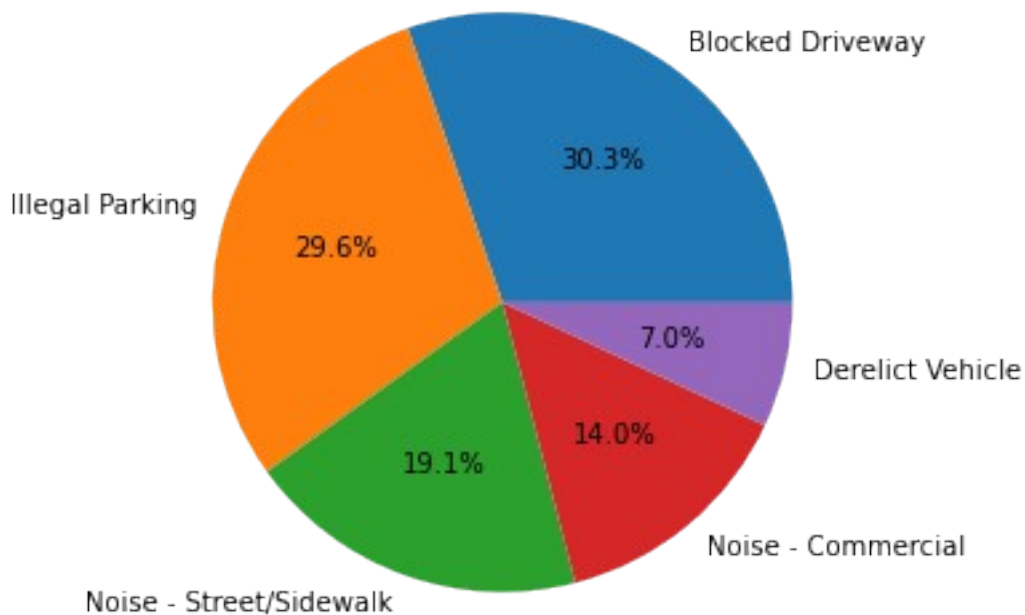
sortComplaintType.head(10)

sortComplaintType = sortComplaintType.head()
plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
plt.pie(sortComplaintType['Unique
Key'],labels=sortComplaintType["Complaint Type"], autopct="%1.1f%%")
plt.show()

# labels = sortComplaintType["Complaint Type"].head()
# sizes = sortComplaintType['Unique Key'].head()
# fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots()
# ax1.pie(sizes, labels=labels, autopct='%1.1f%%',shadow=True,
# startangle=90)
# ax1.axis('equal')

# plt.show()

```



```

df['City'].value_counts()

```

BROOKLYN	98307
NEW YORK	65994
BRONX	40702
STATEN ISLAND	12343
JAMAICA	7296
ASTORIA	6330
FLUSHING	5971

RIDGEWOOD	5163
CORONA	4295
WOODSIDE	3544
SOUTH RICHMOND HILL	2774
OZONE PARK	2755
EAST ELMHURST	2734
ELMHURST	2673
WOODHAVEN	2464
MASPETH	2462
LONG ISLAND CITY	2437
SOUTH OZONE PARK	2173
RICHMOND HILL	1904
FRESH MEADOWS	1899
QUEENS VILLAGE	1814
MIDDLE VILLAGE	1765
JACKSON HEIGHTS	1689
FOREST HILLS	1688
REGO PARK	1486
BAYSIDE	1221
COLLEGE POINT	1220
FAR ROCKAWAY	1179
WHITESTONE	1098
HOLLIS	1012
HOWARD BEACH	931
ROSEDALE	922
SPRINGFIELD GARDENS	883
SAINT ALBANS	834
KEW GARDENS	771
ROCKAWAY PARK	745
SUNNYSIDE	723
Astoria	717
LITTLE NECK	559
OAKLAND GARDENS	551
CAMBRIA HEIGHTS	477
BELLEROSE	375
GLEN OAKS	306
ARVERNE	220
FLORAL PARK	152
Long Island City	134
Woodside	120
NEW HYDE PARK	98
CENTRAL PARK	97
QUEENS	32
BREEZY POINT	30
East Elmhurst	14
Howard Beach	1

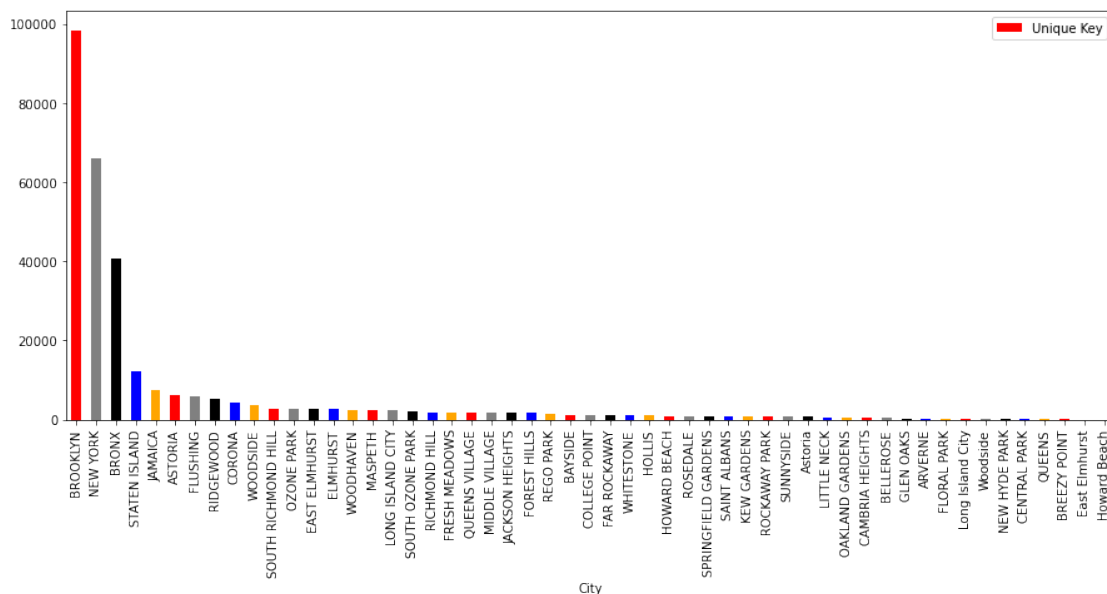
Name: City, dtype: int64

Grouping two column and count there value and drop null value in City and again grouping City and next arranging the value in decending order and next reset there index name. get 5 value in this data frame and plotting in Bar chart.

result top 5 City are Brooklyn, New York, Bronx, Staten island and jamaica has large ammount of complaint.

```
city_wise=df.groupby(['City'])['Unique Key'].count()
city_wise=df.dropna(subset=['City'])
city_wise=df.groupby('City')
sort_city = city_wise.size().sort_values(ascending = False)
sort_city = sort_city.to_frame('Unique Key').reset_index()
```

```
ec = ['red', 'gray', 'black', 'blue', 'orange']
sort_city.plot(x='City',y='Unique Key',kind='bar',figsize=(15,6),color
= ec)
plt.show()
```



## PIE Chart

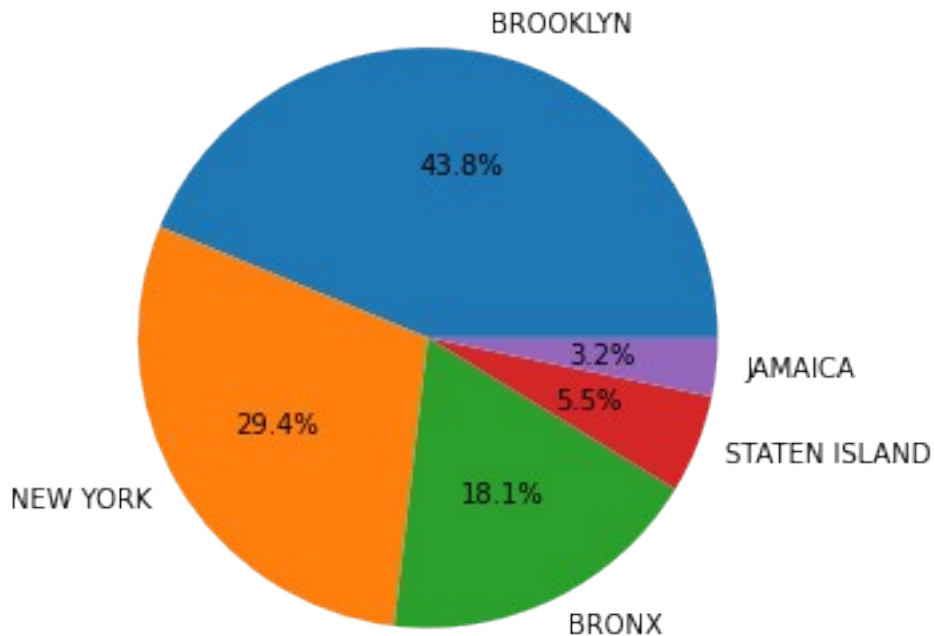
Grouping two column and count there value and drop null value in City and again grouping City and next arranging the value in decending order and next reset there index name. get 5 value in this data frame and plotting in pie chart.

result Brooklynhas 43.8%, New York has 29.4%, Bronx has 18.1, Staten island has 5.5% and jamaica has 3.2% Complaint.

```
city_wise=df.groupby(['City'])['Unique Key'].count()
city_wise=df.dropna(subset=['City'])
city_wise=df.groupby('City')
sort_city = city_wise.size().sort_values(ascending = False)
```

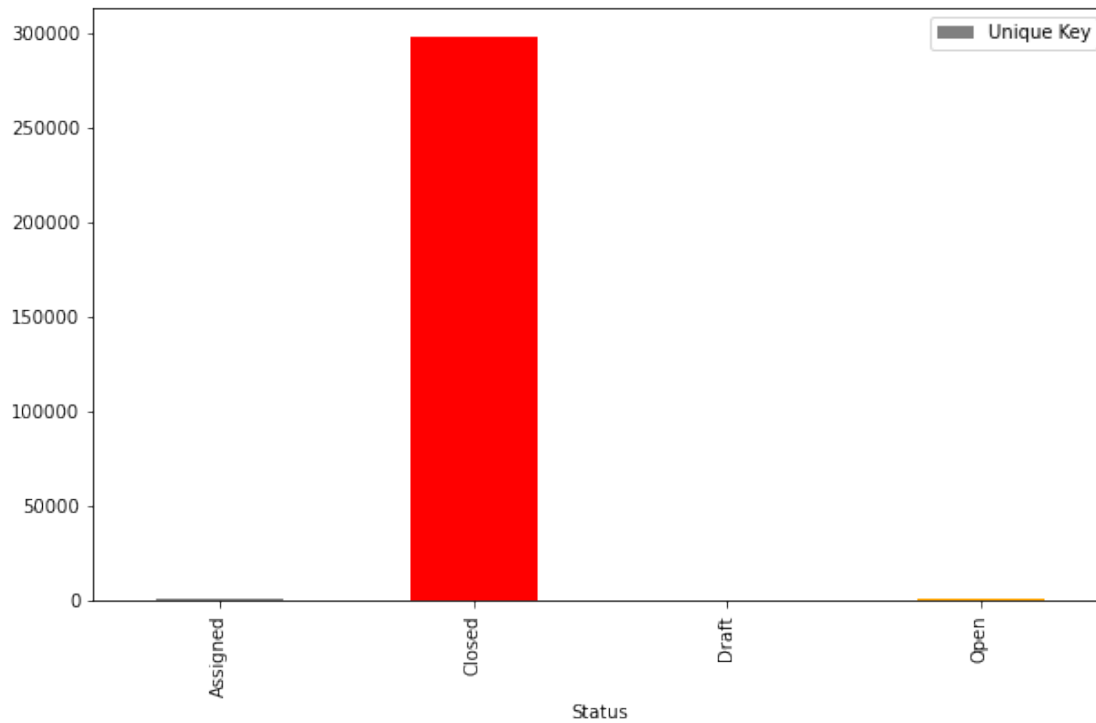
```
sort_city = sort_city.to_frame('Unique Key').reset_index()
sort_city.head(10)
```

```
sort_city = sort_city.head()
plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
plt.pie(sort_city['Unique Key'],labels=sort_city['City'],
autopct="%1.1f%%")
plt.show()
```



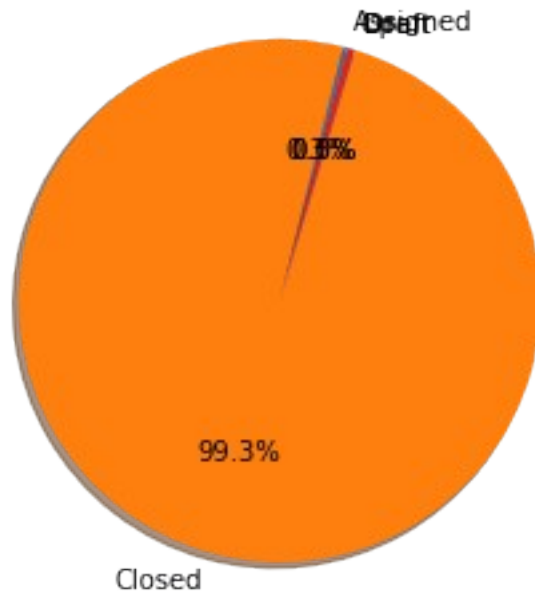
result max complaint are closed approx 300000.

```
# pd.DataFrame(df.groupby(['Status'])['Unique
Key'].count()).reset_index()
ec = ['gray','red','blue','orange']
comp_status=pd.DataFrame(df.groupby(['Status'])['Unique
Key'].count()).reset_index()
comp_status.plot(x='Status',y='Unique
Key',kind='bar',figsize=(10,6),color = ec)
plt.show()
```



result 99.3% Closed Complaint.

```
Statu=pd.DataFrame(df.groupby(['Status'])['Unique  
Key'].count()).reset_index().head()  
labels = Statu['Status']  
sizes = Statu['Unique Key']  
fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots()  
ax1.pie(sizes, labels=labels, autopct='%1.1f%%', shadow=True,  
startangle=75)  
ax1.axis('equal')  
plt.show()
```



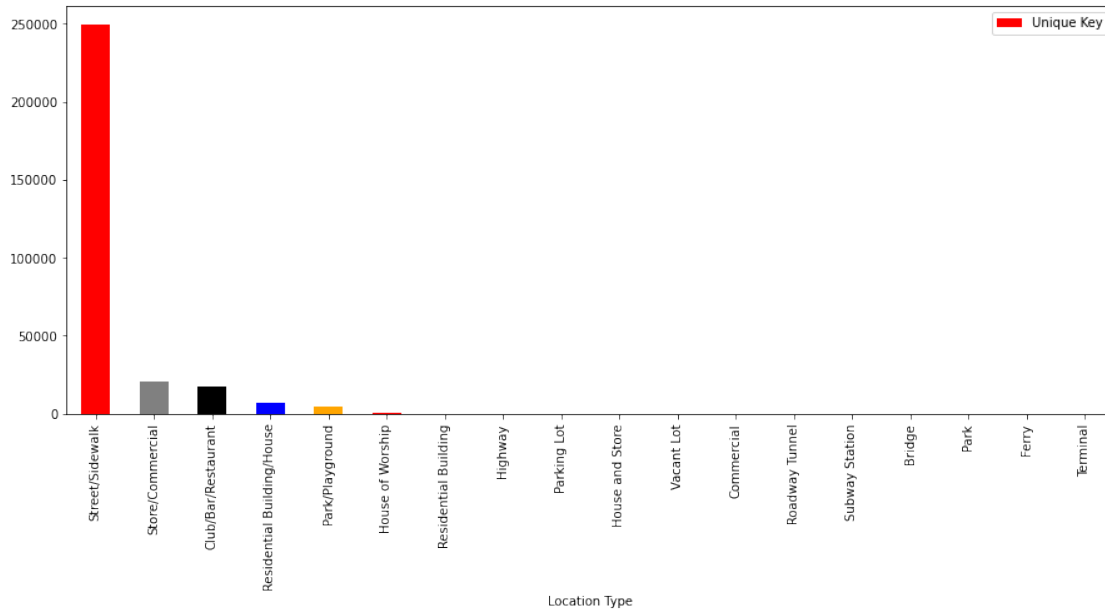
Grouping two column and count there value and drop null value in Location Type and again grouping Location Type and next arranging the value in descending order and next reset there index name. get values in this data frame and plotting in Bar chart.

result Street/Sidewalk has large of complaint.

```
city_wise=df.groupby(['Location Type'])['Unique Key'].count()
city_wise=df.dropna(subset=['Location Type'])
city_wise=df.groupby('Location Type')
sort_city = city_wise.size().sort_values(ascending = False)
sort_city = sort_city.to_frame('Unique Key').reset_index()
```

```
ec = ['red', 'gray', 'black', 'blue', 'orange']
sort_city.plot(x='Location Type',y='Unique
Key',kind='bar',figsize=(15,6),color = ec)
plt.show()
```





## Top 5 Complaint City

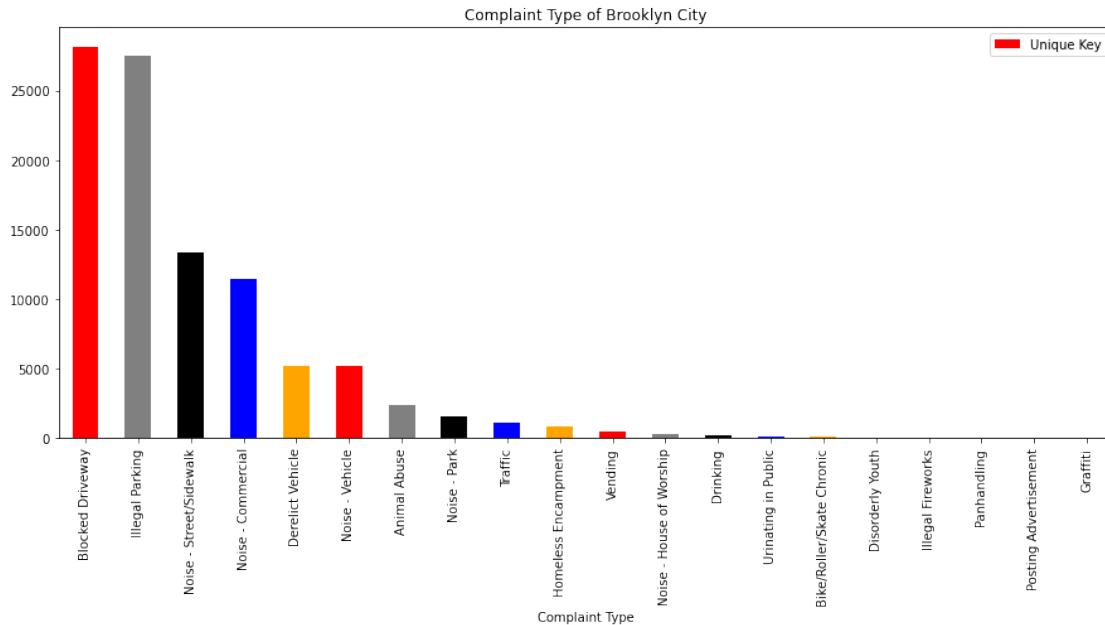
### 1.> Brooklyn

finding city column in Brooklyn city because this city has max complaints. Grouping two column and count there value and drop null value in Complaint Type and again grouping Complaint Type and next arranging the value in descending order and next reset there index name. get values in this data frame and plotting in Bar chart.

result:- top 5 complaint 1.Blocked Driveway 2.illegal parking 3.Noise-Street/Sidewalk 4.Noise-Commercial 5. Derelict Vehicle

```
Brooklyn=df[(df['City']=='BROOKLYN')]
city_wise=Brooklyn.groupby(['Complaint Type'])['Unique Key'].count()
city_wise=Brooklyn.dropna(subset=['Complaint Type'])
city_wise=Brooklyn.groupby('Complaint Type')
sort_city = city_wise.size().sort_values(ascending = False)
sort_city = sort_city.to_frame('Unique Key').reset_index()
```

```
ec = ['red', 'gray', 'black', 'blue', 'orange']
sort_city.plot(x='Complaint Type',y='Unique Key',kind='bar',title =
'Complaint Type of Brooklyn City',figsize=(15,6),color = ec)
plt.show()
```



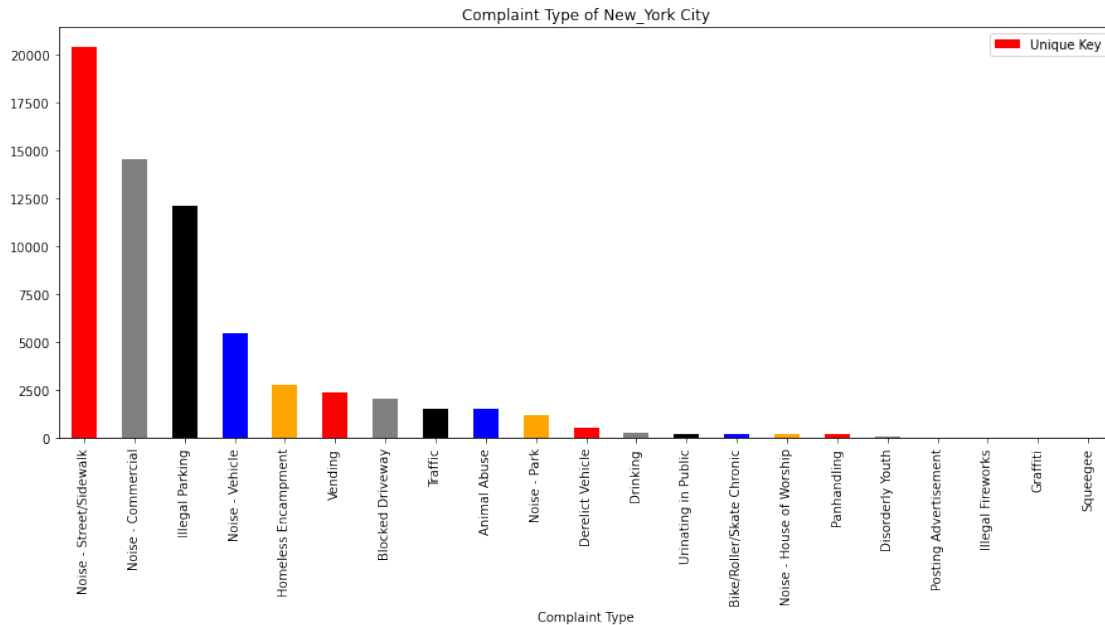
## 2.> New York

finding city column in New York city because this city has max complaints. Grouping two column and count there value and drop null value in Complaint Type and again grouping Complaint Type and next arranging the value in descending order and next reset there index name. get values in this data frame and plotting in Bar chart.

result:- top 5 complaint 1.Noise-Street/Sidewalk 2.Noise-Commerical 3.illegal parking 4. Noise Vehicle 5.Homeless Encapment

```
New_York=df[(df['City']=='NEW YORK')]
city_wise=New_York.groupby(['Complaint Type'])['Unique Key'].count()
city_wise=New_York.dropna(subset=['Complaint Type'])
city_wise=New_York.groupby('Complaint Type')
sort_city = city_wise.size().sort_values(ascending = False)
sort_city = sort_city.to_frame('Unique Key').reset_index()
```

```
ec = ['red', 'gray', 'black', 'blue', 'orange']
sort_city.plot(x='Complaint Type',y='Unique Key',kind='bar',title =
'Complaint Type of New_York City',figsize=(15,6),color = ec)
plt.show()
```



### 3.> Bronx

finding city column in Bronx city because this city has max complaints. Grouping two column and count there value and drop null value in Complaint Type and again grouping Complaint Type and next arranging the value in decending order and next reset there index name. get values in this data frame and plotting in Bar chart.

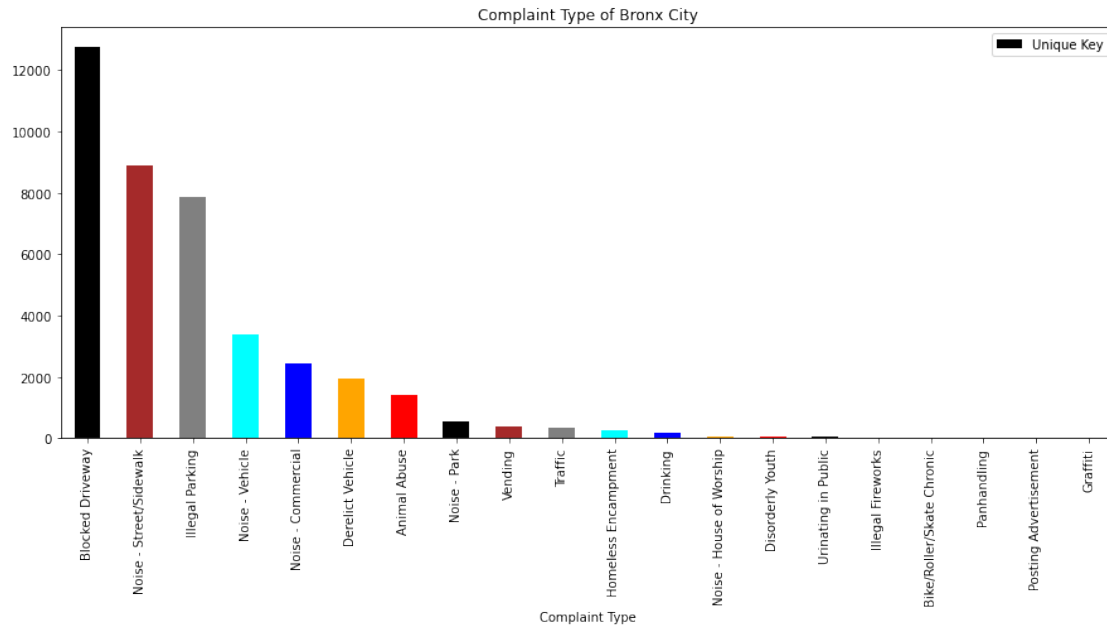
result:- top 5 complaint 1. Blocked Driveway 2.Noise-Street/Sidewalk 3.illegal parking 4. Noise Vehicle 5.Noise Commercial

```

Bronx=df[(df['City']=='BRONX')]
city_wise=Bronx.groupby(['Complaint Type'])['Unique Key'].count()
city_wise=Bronx.dropna(subset=['Complaint Type'])
city_wise=Bronx.groupby('Complaint Type')
sort_city = city_wise.size().sort_values(ascending = False)
sort_city = sort_city.to_frame('Unique Key').reset_index()

ec = ['black','brown','gray','cyan','blue','orange','red']
sort_city.plot(x='Complaint Type',y='Unique Key',kind='bar',title =
'Complaint Type of Bronx City',figsize=(15,6),color = ec)
plt.show()

```



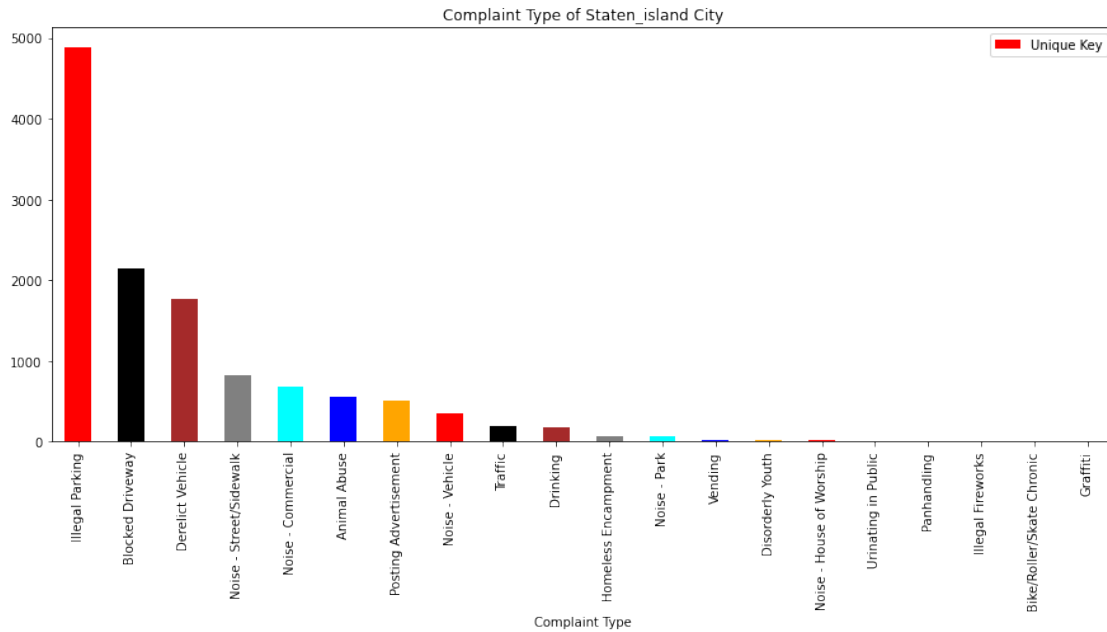
## 4.> Staten Island

finding city column in Staten Island city because this city has max complaints. Grouping two column and count there value and drop null value in Complaint Type and again grouping Complaint Type and next arranging the value in descending order and next reset there index name. get values in this data frame and plotting in Bar chart.

result:- top 5 complaint 1.Illegal parking 2.Blocked Driveway 3. Derelict Vehicle 4. Noise-Street/Sidewalk 5.Noise Commercial

```
Staten_island=df[(df['City']=='STATEN ISLAND')]
city_wise=Staten_island.groupby(['Complaint Type'])['Unique Key'].count()
city_wise=Staten_island.dropna(subset=['Complaint Type'])
city_wise=Staten_island.groupby('Complaint Type')
sort_city = city_wise.size().sort_values(ascending = False)
sort_city = sort_city.to_frame('Unique Key').reset_index()

ec = ['red','black','brown','gray','cyan','blue','orange']
sort_city.plot(x='Complaint Type',y='Unique Key',kind='bar',title = 'Complaint Type of Staten_island City',figsize=(15,6),color = ec)
plt.show()
```



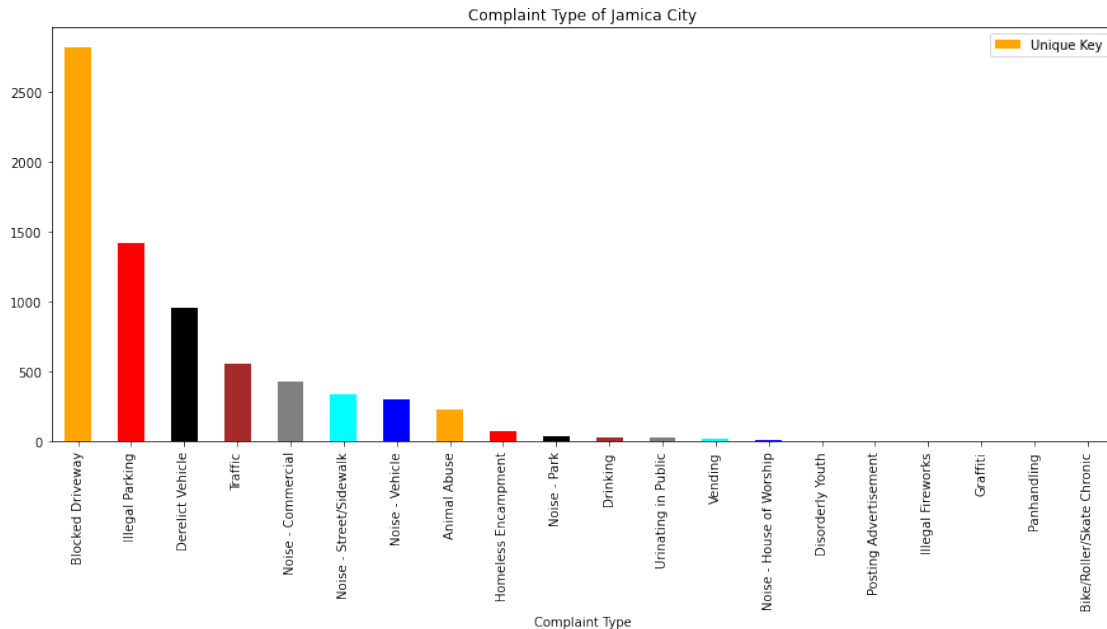
## 5.> Jamaica

finding city column in Jamaica city because this city has max complaints. Grouping two column and count there value and drop null value in Complaint Type and again grouping Complaint Type and next arranging the value in decending order and next reset there index name. get values in this data frame and plotting in Bar chart.

result:- top 5 complaint 1.Blocked Driveway 2.Illegal parking 3. Derelict Vehicle 4. Traffic 5.Noise Commercial

```
Jamica=df[(df['City']=='JAMAICA')]
city_wise=Jamica.groupby(['Complaint Type'])['Unique Key'].count()
city_wise=Jamica.dropna(subset=['Complaint Type'])
city_wise=Jamica.groupby('Complaint Type')
sort_city = city_wise.size().sort_values(ascending = False)
sort_city = sort_city.to_frame('Unique Key').reset_index()

ec = ['orange','red','black','brown','gray','cyan','blue']
sort_city.plot(x='Complaint Type',y='Unique Key',kind='bar',title =
'Complaint Type of Jamaica City',figsize=(15,6),color = ec)
plt.show()
```



Create Function and this function are create new column and assign Closed Date subtract Created Date values and assign in not null value and create new column week, month and year clear Request\_Closing\_Time column data last return cleared data.

## average time by Request\_Closing\_Time

```
def prepareData(df):
    df['Request_Closing_Time'] = (df['Closed Date'] - df['Created
Date']).dt.days
    RCT_Clean=df[df['Request_Closing_Time'].notnull()]
    df_cleaned = RCT_Clean[RCT_Clean['Closed Date'] >=
RCT_Clean['Created Date']]
    df_cleaned['Day of Week'] = df_cleaned['Created
Date'].dt.dayofweek
    df_cleaned['Day of Month'] = df_cleaned['Created Date'].dt.day
    df_cleaned['Month'] = df_cleaned['Created Date'].dt.month
    df_cleaned['Year'] = df_cleaned['Created Date'].dt.year
    df_cleaned=df_cleaned[df_cleaned.Borough!='Unspecified']
    return df_cleaned
```

Pass the value of preparedata function name

```
df_cleaned = prepareData(df)
df_cleaned.shape
```

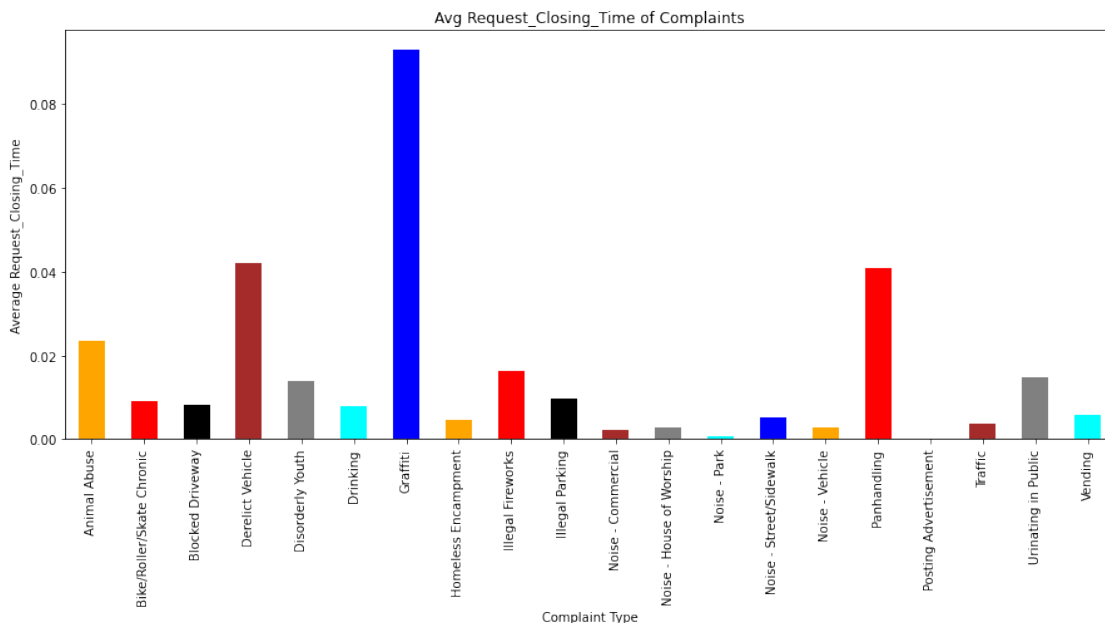
(298068, 58)

Finding Brooklyn this city in city column and grouping Complaint Type and Request\_Closing\_Time this mean value .and then count Complaint type then plotting figure and fig and subplot in 1,1,1 format and set label and title then last plotting x='Complaint Type',y='Request\_Closing\_Time' in bar graph and set color and show plotting.

```

Brooklyn=df[(df['City']=='BROOKLYN')]
var = Brooklyn.groupby('Complaint Type').Request_Closing_Time.mean()
frequent = Brooklyn['Complaint Type'].value_counts()
fig = plt.figure()
ax1 = fig.add_subplot(1,1,1)
ax1.set_xlabel('Complaint_Type')
ax1.set_ylabel('Average Request_Closing_Time')
ax1.set_title("Avg Request_Closing_Time of Complaints")
var.plot(x='Complaint
Type',y='Request_Closing_Time',kind='bar',figsize=(15,6),color = ec)
plt.show()

```

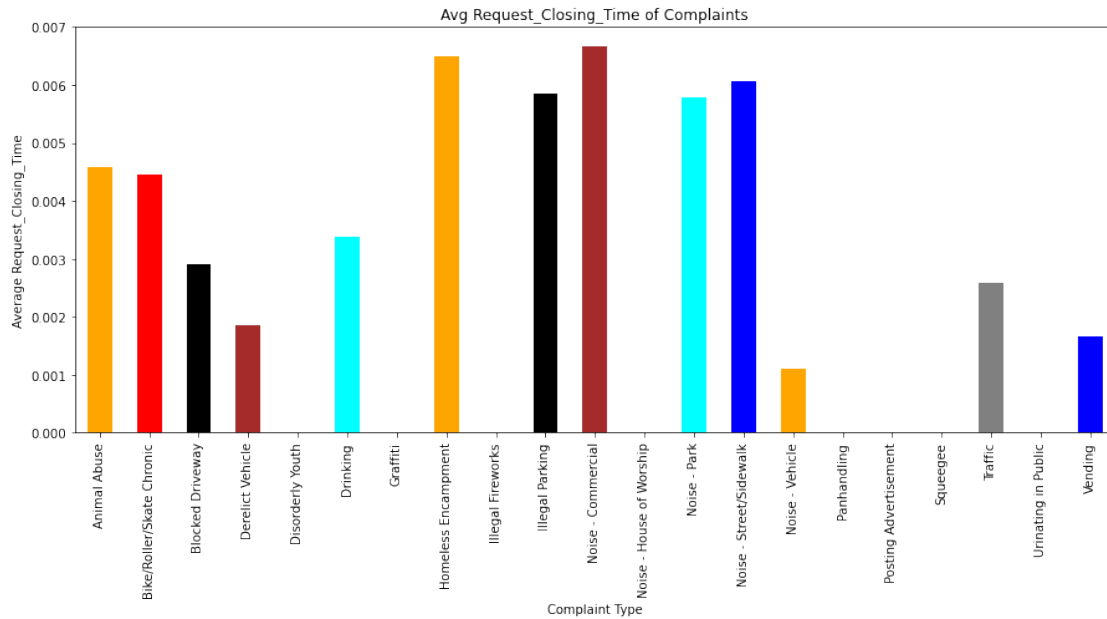


Finding New\_York this city in city column and grouping Complaint Type and Request\_Closing\_Time this mean value .and then count Complaint type then plotting figure and fig and subplot in 1,1,1 format and set label and title then last plotting x='Complaint Type',y='Request\_Closing\_Time' in bar graph and set color and show plotting.

```

New_York=df[(df['City']=='NEW YORK')]
var = New_York.groupby('Complaint Type').Request_Closing_Time.mean()
frequent = New_York['Complaint Type'].value_counts()
fig = plt.figure()
ax1 = fig.add_subplot(1,1,1)
ax1.set_xlabel('Complaint_Type')
ax1.set_ylabel('Average Request_Closing_Time')
ax1.set_title("Avg Request_Closing_Time of Complaints")
var.plot(x='Complaint
Type',y='Request_Closing_Time',kind='bar',figsize=(15,6),color = ec)
plt.show()

```



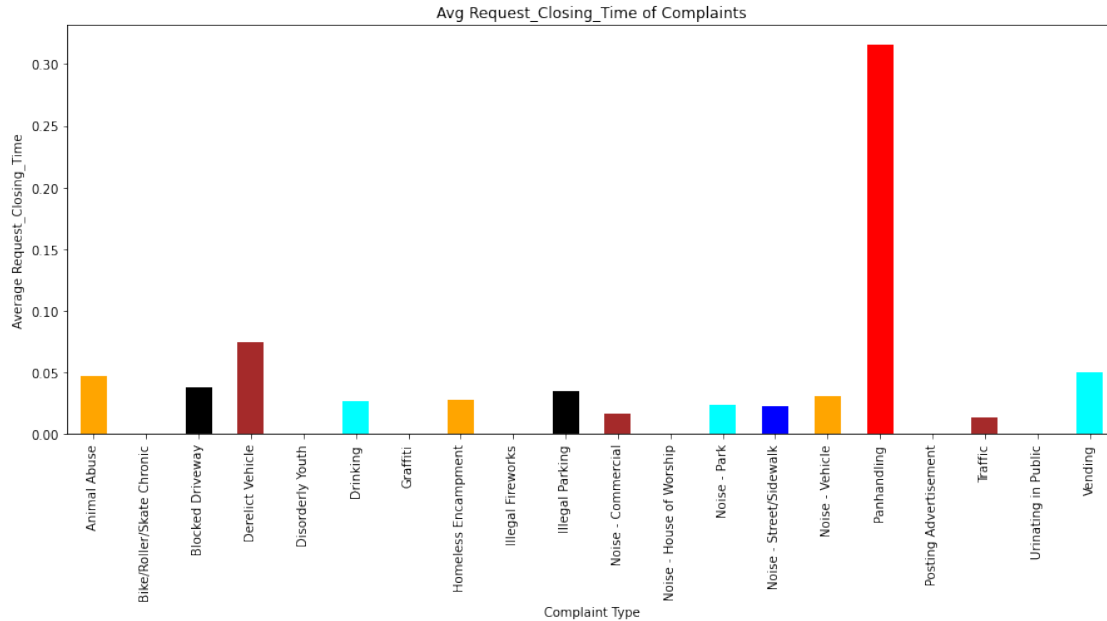
Finding Bronx this city in city column and grouping Complaint Type and Request\_Closing\_Time this mean value .and then count Complaint type then plotting figure and fig and subplot in 1,1,1 format and set label and title then last plotting x='Complaint Type',y='Request\_Closing\_Time' in bar graph and set color and show plotting.

```

Bronx=df[(df['City']=='BRONX')]
var = Bronx.groupby('Complaint Type').Request_Closing_Time.mean()
frequent = Bronx['Complaint Type'].value_counts()
fig = plt.figure()
ax1 = fig.add_subplot(1,1,1)
ax1.set_xlabel('Complaint Type')
ax1.set_ylabel('Average Request_Closing_Time')
ax1.set_title("Avg Request_Closing_Time of Complaints")
var.plot(x='Complaint Type',y='Request_Closing_Time',kind='bar',figsize=(15,6),color = ec)
plt.show()

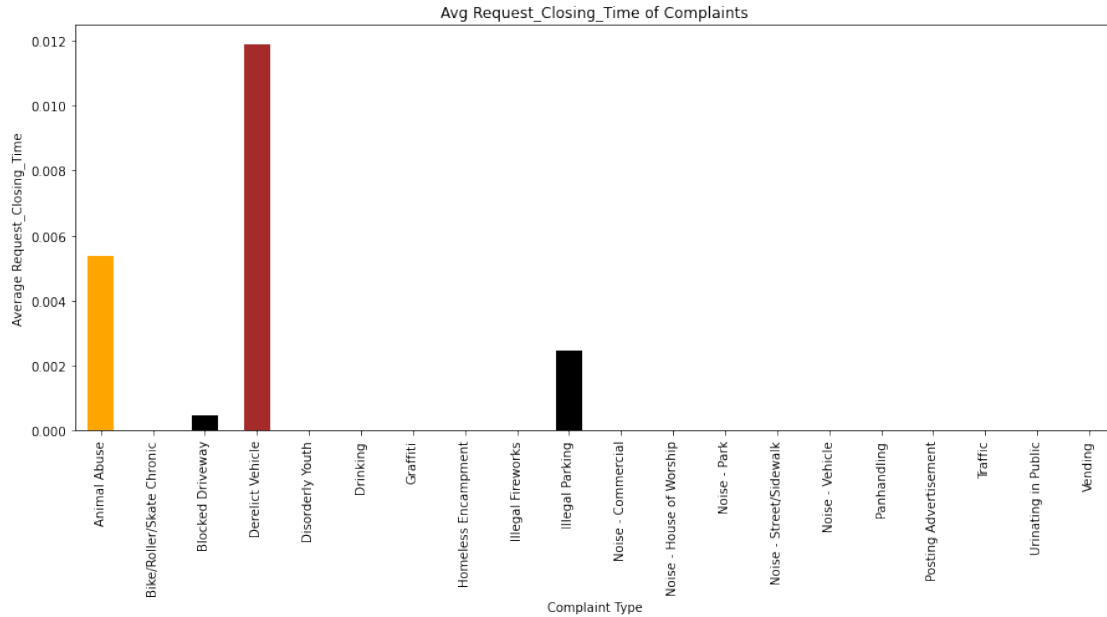
```





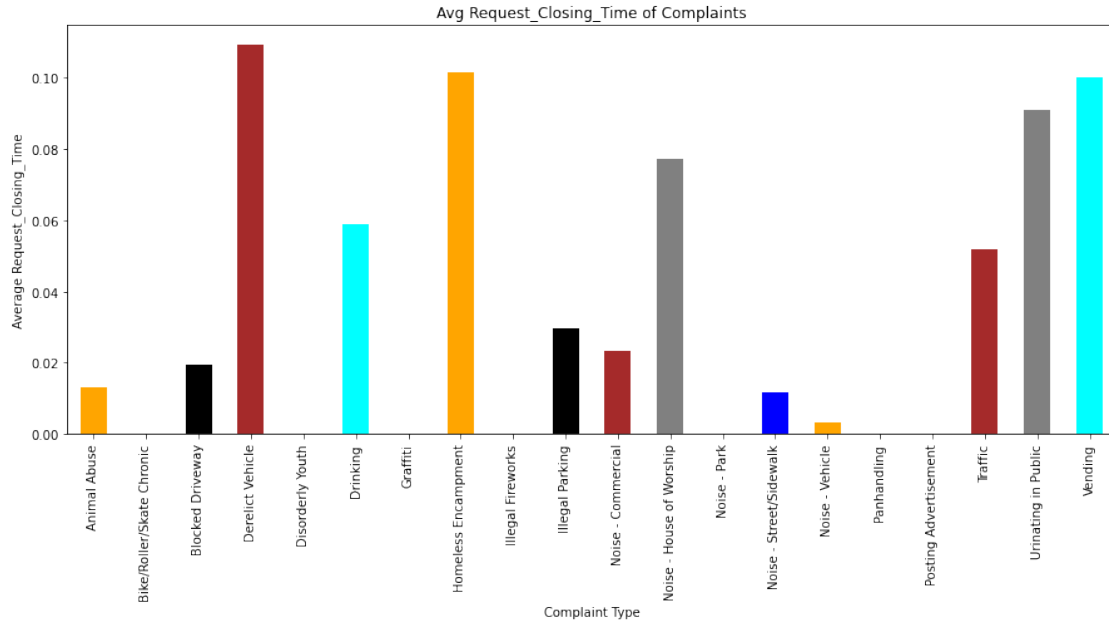
Finding Staten island this city in city column and grouping Complaint Type and Request\_Closing\_Time this mean value .and then count Complaint type then plotting figure and fig and subplot in 1,1,1 format and set label and title then last plotting x='Complaint Type',y='Request\_Closing\_Time' in bar graph and set color and show plotting.

```
Staten_island=df[(df['City']=='STATEN ISLAND')]
var = Staten_island.groupby('Complaint Type').Request_Closing_Time.mean()
frequent = Staten_island['Complaint Type'].value_counts()
fig = plt.figure()
ax1 = fig.add_subplot(1,1,1)
ax1.set_xlabel('Complaint Type')
ax1.set_ylabel('Average Request_Closing_Time')
ax1.set_title("Avg Request_Closing_Time of Complaints")
var.plot(x='Complaint Type',y='Request_Closing_Time',kind='bar',figsize=(15,6),color = ec)
plt.show()
```



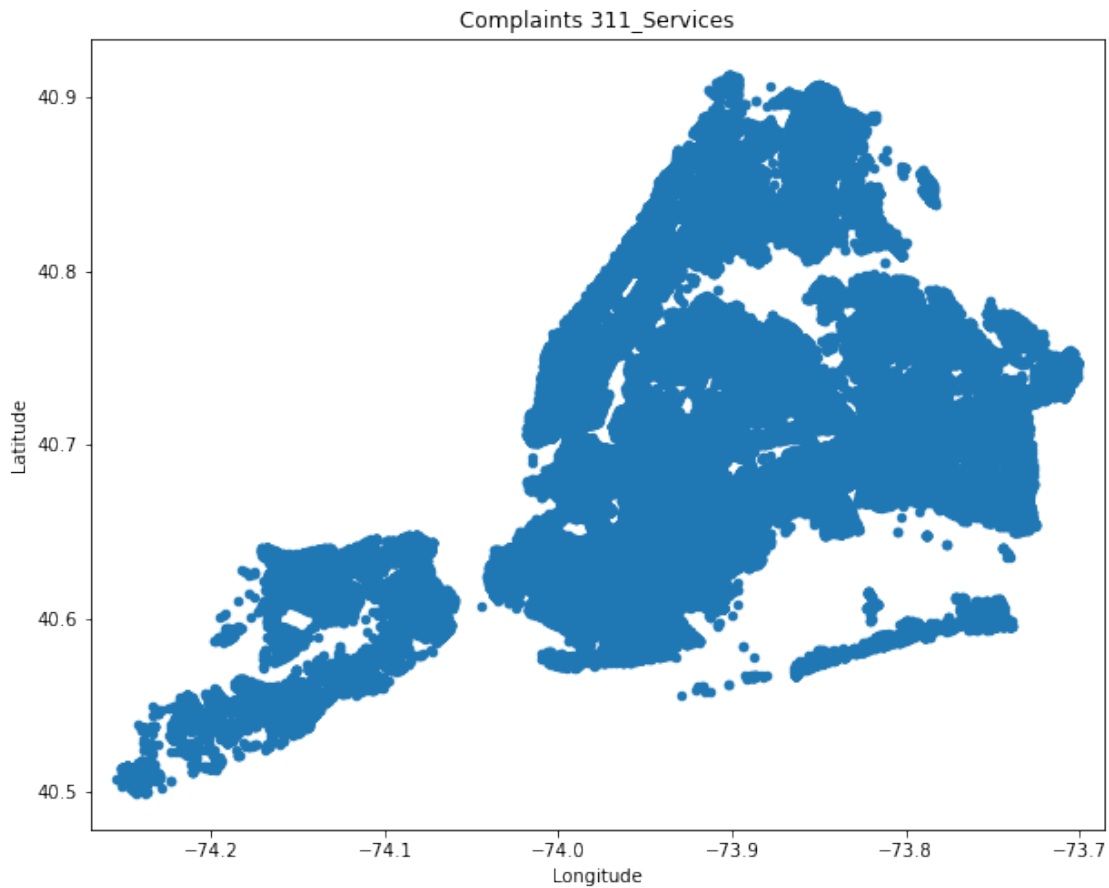
Finding Jamaica this city in city column and grouping Complaint Type and Request\_Closing\_Time this mean value .and then count Complaint type then plotting figure and fig and subplot in 1,1,1 format and set label and title then last plotting x='Complaint Type',y='Request\_Closing\_Time' in bar graph and set color and show plotting.

```
Jamaica=df[(df['City']=='JAMAICA')]
var = Jamaica.groupby('Complaint Type').Request_Closing_Time.mean()
frequent = Jamaica['Complaint Type'].value_counts()
fig = plt.figure()
ax1 = fig.add_subplot(1,1,1)
ax1.set_xlabel('Complaint_Type')
ax1.set_ylabel('Average Request_Closing_Time')
ax1.set_title("Avg Request_Closing_Time of Complaints")
var.plot(x='Complaint
Type',y='Request_Closing_Time',kind='bar',figsize=(15,6),color = ec)
plt.show()
```



get two column Longitude and Latitude and plotting in scatter graph and set figure size and set title and labels then show.

```
df[['Longitude', 'Latitude']].plot(kind='scatter', x='Longitude',
y='Latitude',
figsize=(10,8), title = 'Complaints
311_Services').axis('equal')
plt.show()
```



get two column Longitude and Latitude and plotting in hexbin graph and set figure size and set title and labels then show.

```
df.plot(kind='hexbin', x='Longitude', y='Latitude',
gridsize=500,colormap = 'jet',mincnt=1,title = 'Air Quality issues
across NYC\n', figsize=(15,6)).axis('equal')
plt.show()
```

