Q) Given an array of non negative integers. Return True if there exist a non empty subset with a given sum K.

$$A = [3, 34, 3, 4, 12, 5, 2] \quad (0\ 1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5\ 6)$$

$K = 9$

{4, 5}

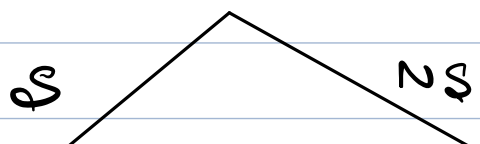
{3, 4, 2}

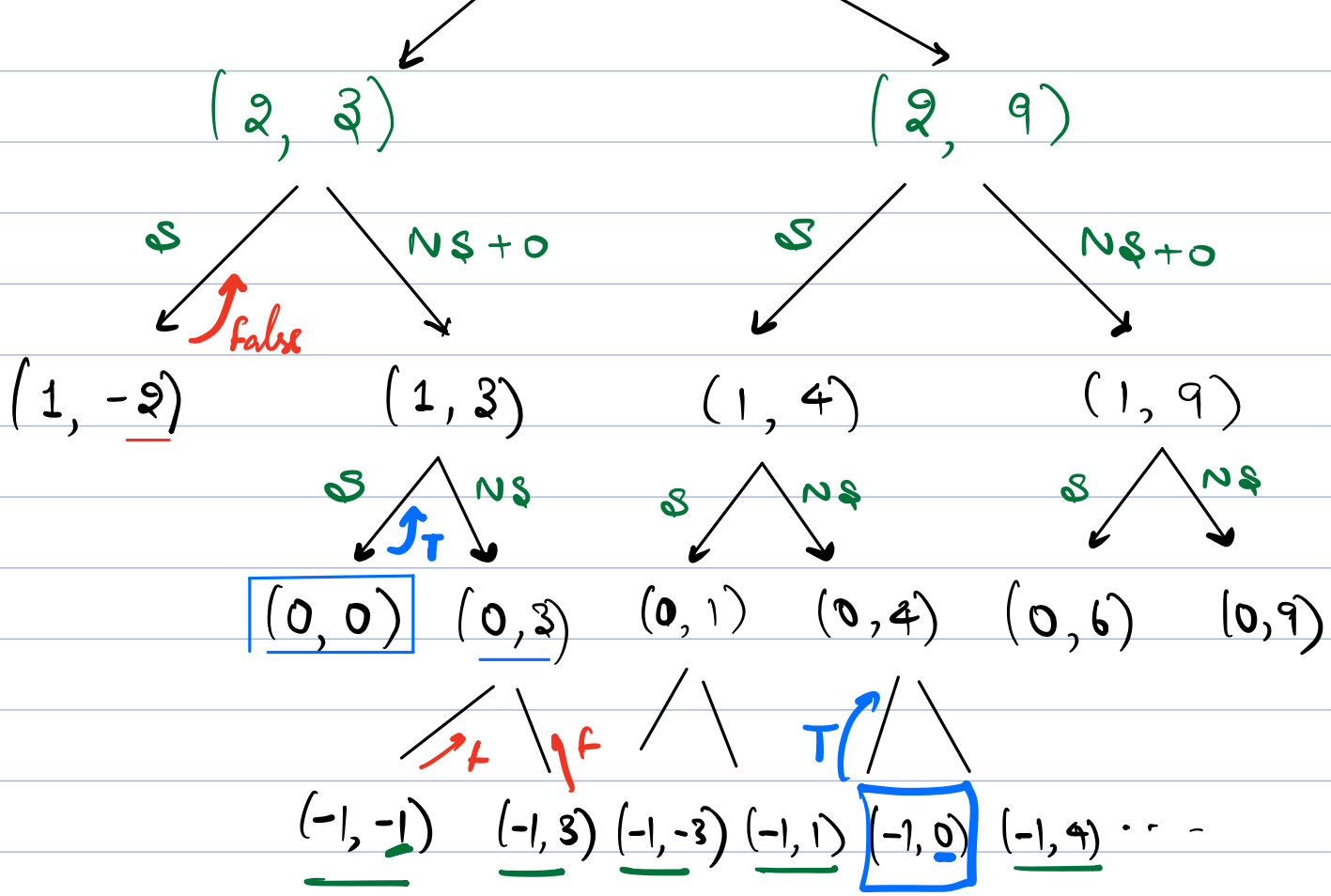
Sol^n 1) Brute force

Generate all subsets & calculate Sum.

$$A = [4, 3, 5, 6] \quad (0\ 1\ 2\ 3) \qquad K = 9$$

(3, 9)





Code

```
                    0/N-1        K
                      ↑          ↑
bool checkSum ( index , remSum ) {

    if (remSum == 0) {
            return True;
    }
    if (remSum < 0) {
            return false;
    }
    if (index == -1) {
            return false;
```

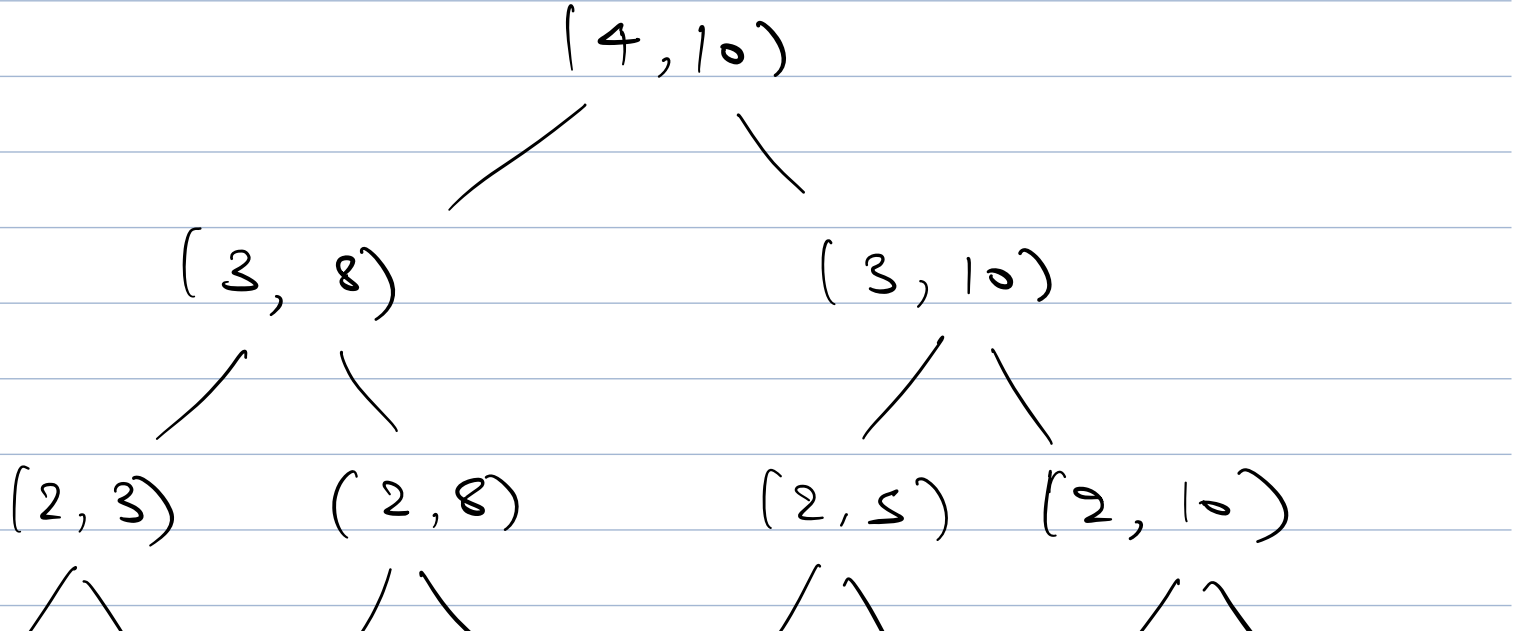
```
    }

    return checkSum(index-1, remSum - A[index])
        || checkSum(index-1, remSum);
}
```

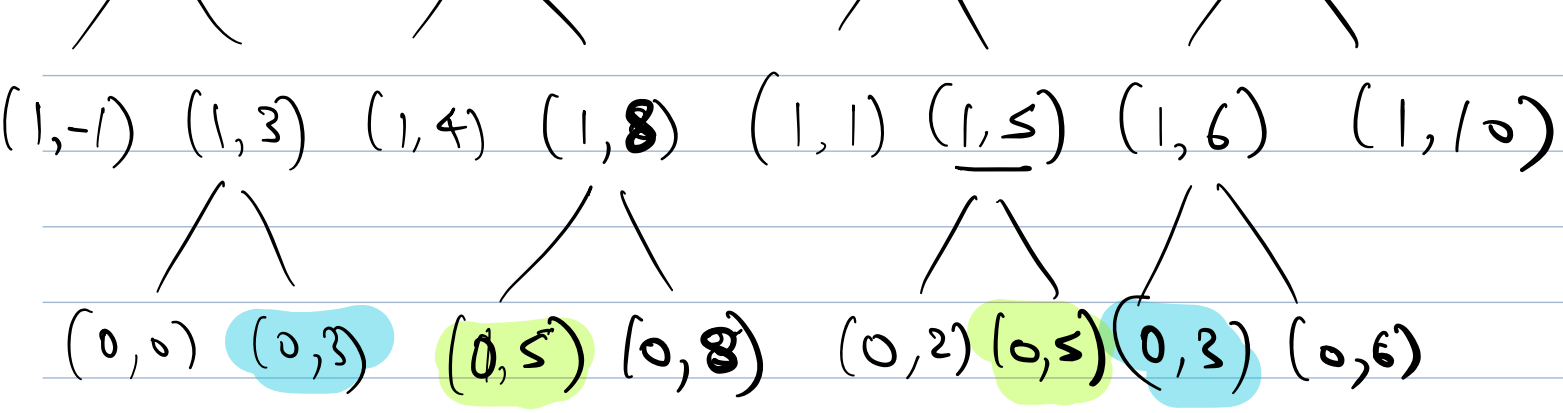
$$T.C. = O(2^N)$$

$$S.C. = O(N)$$

$K = 10$

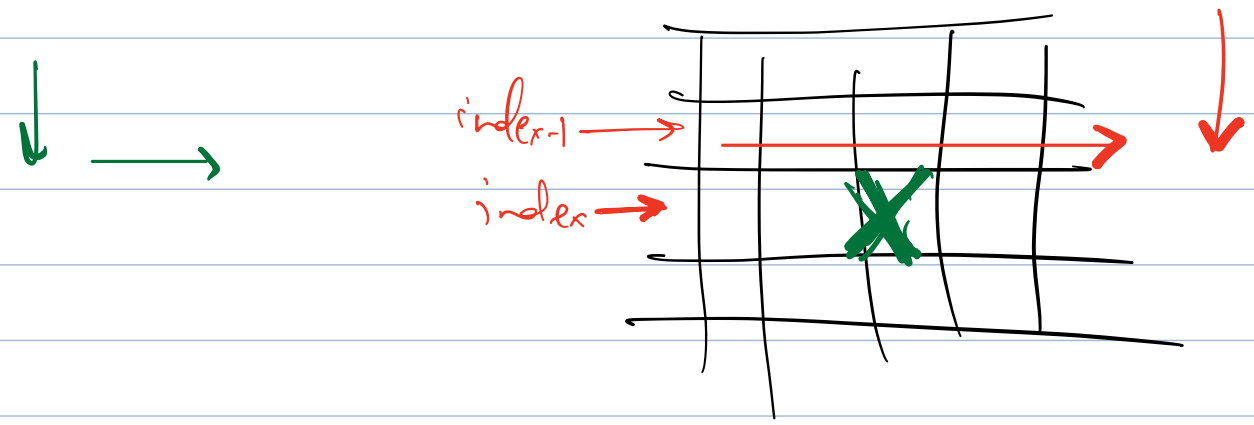
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1, & 3, & 4, & 5, & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$





index ↑ semSum ↑

bool DP[N+1][K+1]; { false }




```
for ( i=0; i<=N; i++) {
        DP[i][0] = True;
}

for (i= 1; i<=N; i++) {          / N
    for (j= 1; j<=K; j++) {      / K
        if ( A[i-1] ≤ j ) {
            DP[i][j] = DP[i-1] [j- A[i-1]]
```

```
        // DP[i-1][j];
    } else {
        DP[i][j] = DP[i-1][j];
    }
  }
}
return DP[N][K];
```

$T.C. = O(N \times K)$

$S.C. = O(N \times K)$

$\downarrow$

$O(2 \times K)$

Q

Flipkart ⇒ Offers ⇒ Recommend

C → Amount of money

Recommend the best products (Ratings)

⇓

Happiness

Product → Price

Product → Happiness / Rating

Goal: Maximum Happiness value you can give any person.

⇓

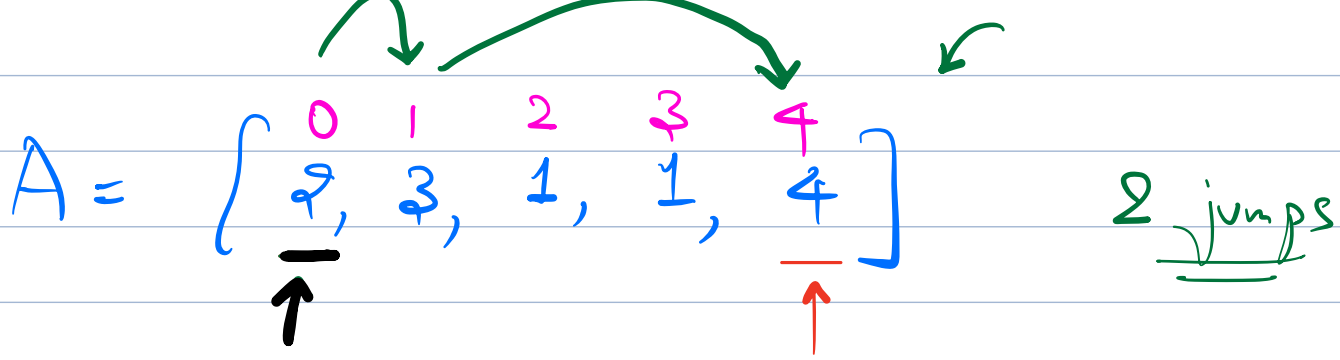
(0 - 1 KnapSack)

Given an array of size N.

A[i] represents the max. size of jump that you can make from the index i

Min no. of jumps required to reach end.

Initially present at index 0



Sol^n

1) Elements of Choice

$[1, A[i]]$

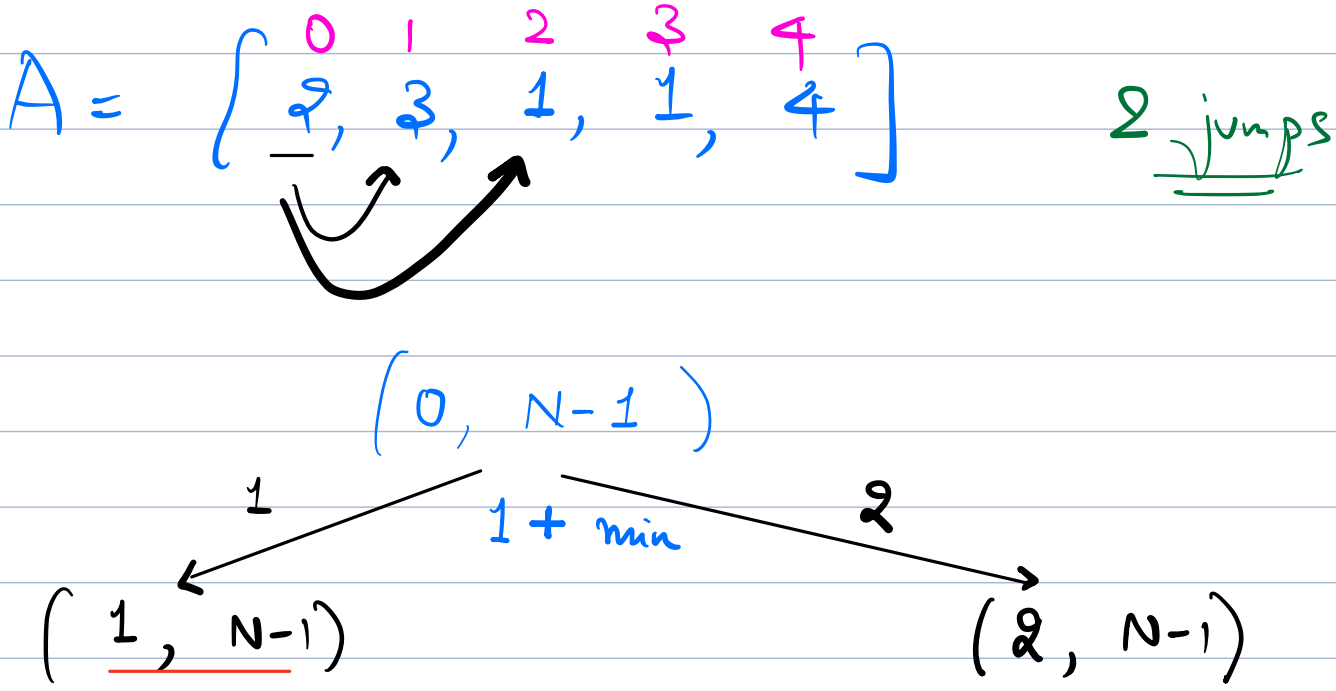
2) State

minJumps (i) ⇒ Min no. of jumps required to reach (N-1) from i.

3) Recurrance rel^n

$$minJumps(i) = 1 + \min_{\forall j \text{ from } 1 \text{ to } A[i]} \left(minJumps(i+j) \right)$$

if $(i+j < N)$



4) State that contains the final answer ??

min jumps (0)

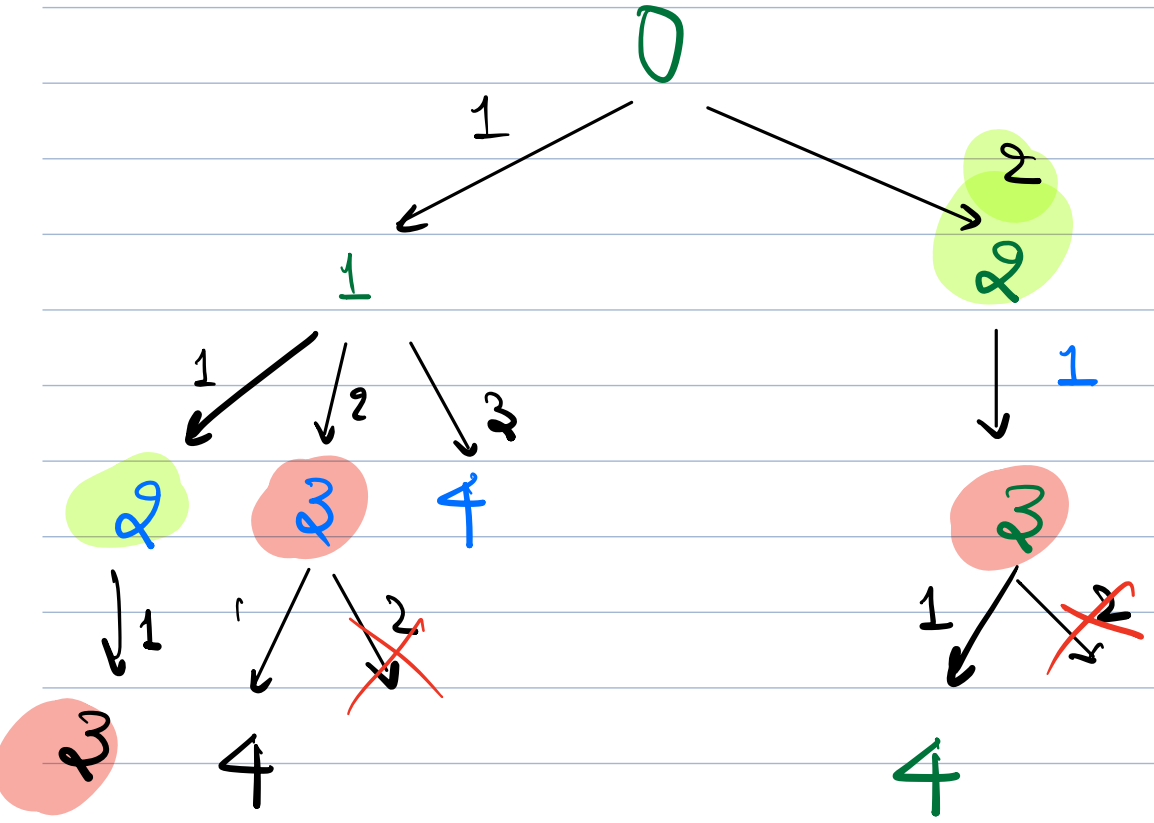
Code

int minJumps (i) {

```
if (i == N-1) {
        return 0;
}

ans = INT_MAX;
for (j = 1; j <= A[i]; j++) {
    if (i + j <= N-1) {
        ans = min (ans, 1 + minJumps(i+j));
    } else {
        break;
    }
}
return ans;
}
```

Overlapping Subproblems.

A: [0 2, 1 3, 2 1, 3 2, 4 4]



DP

Code

DP[N] = { -1 }

int minJumps (i) {

if (i == N-1) {

```
        return 0;
    }
    if (DP[i] != -1) {
        return DP[i];
    }
    ans = INT_MAX;
    for (j = 1; j <= A[i]; j++) {
        if (i + j <= N-1) {
            ans = min(ans, 1 + minJumps(i+j));
        } else {
            break;
        }
    }
    DP[i] = ans;
    return ans;
}
```

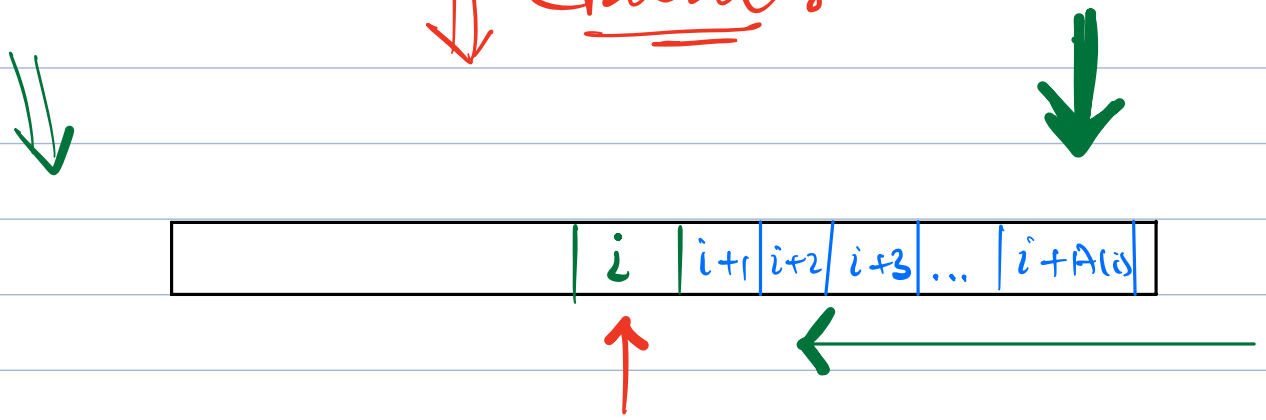
(i+j) ≤ min(N-1, i+A[i])

$$T.C. = (\#\text{Recursive States}) \times (T/RS)$$

$$N \times N$$

$= O(N^2)$

⇓ Tabular




```
DP[N-1] = 0;

for (i = N-2; i >= 0; i--) {

    ans = INT_MAX;

    for (j = 1; (i+j) <= min(N-1, i+A[i]); j++) {

        ans = min(ans, 1 + DP[i+j]);
    }
    DP[i] = ans;
}

return DP[0];
```

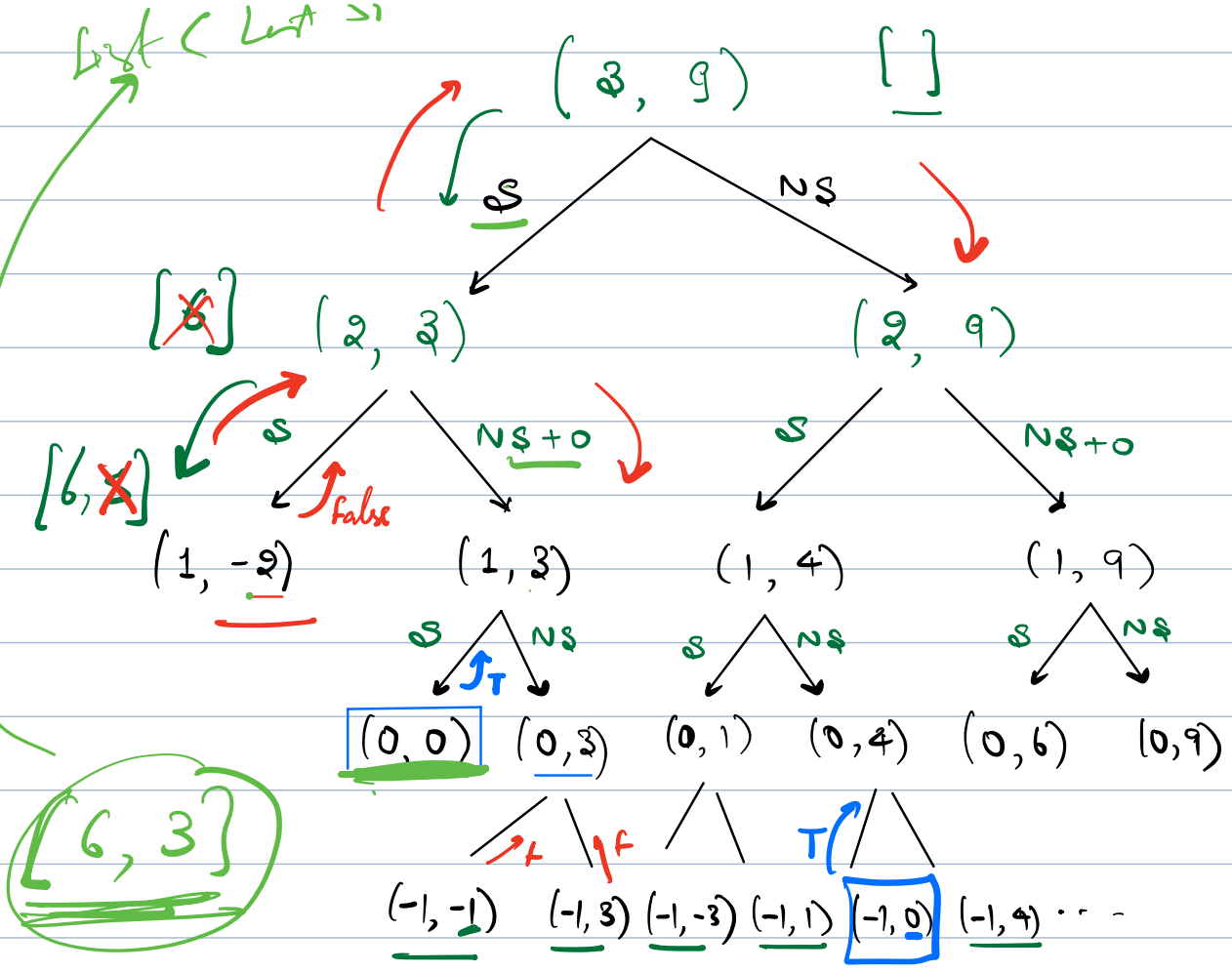
$T.C. = O(N^2)$

$S.C. = O(N)$

Best Time to Buy & Sell Stock $\Rightarrow$ (Max Sum w/o adjacent elements)

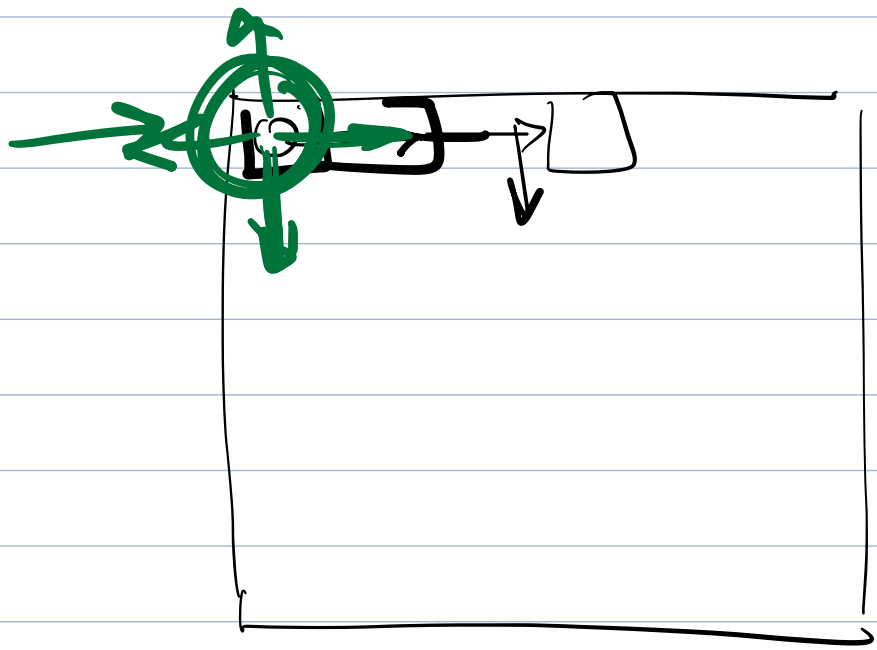
List<Set<>>

List<List>



Contest ⇒

N^2



$N^2 - 1$