

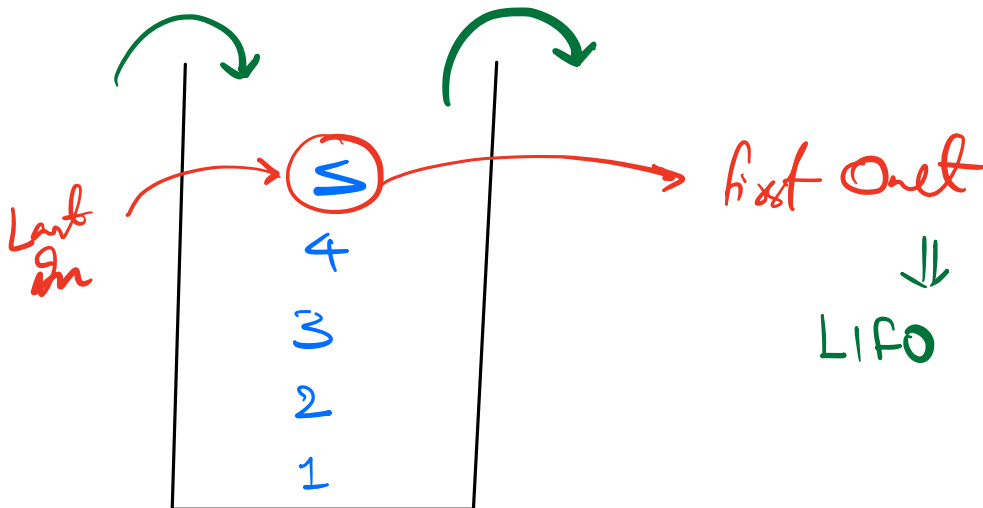
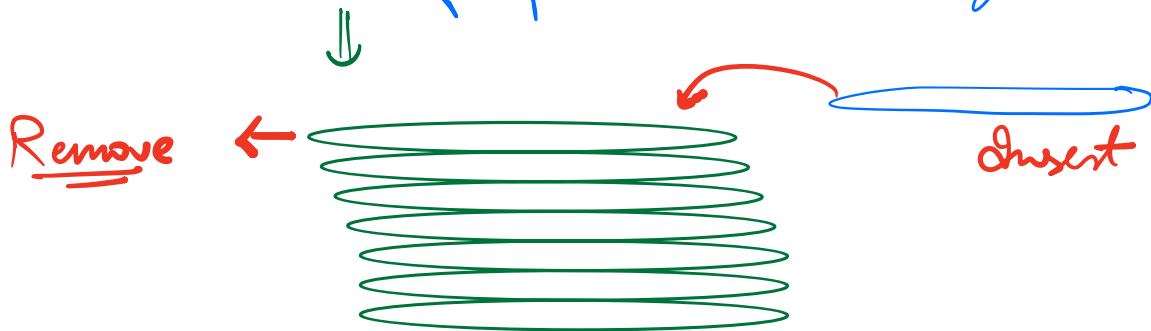
Contact  $\Rightarrow$  Wednesday 24th (

26th January  $\Rightarrow$  Off

Saturday  $\Rightarrow$  9:00PM (Extra Class)  
 $\Downarrow$   
Queues.

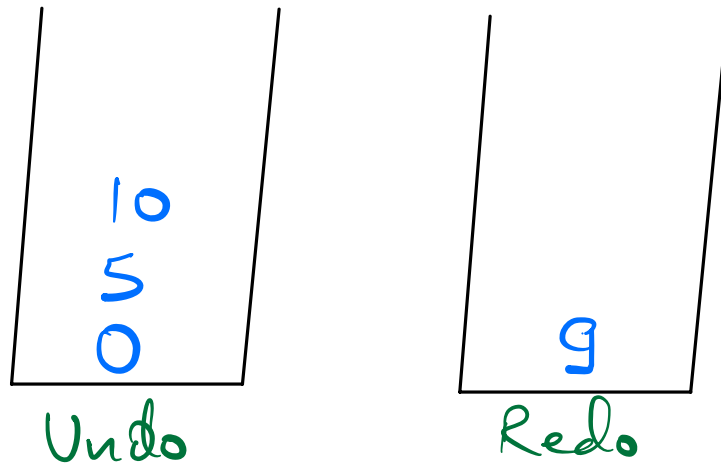
## Stacks

1) Stack (Pile of plates in a Buffet)



Use Cases

- 1) To store recursive function calls.
- 2) Undo / Redo



---

## Operations

- 1) push (data)
  - ↳ Insert the data at the top of stack.
- 2) pop()
  - ↳ Removes & returns the top element of stack.
- 3) peek() / top()

↳ Return the top element of stack

4) size()

↳ Return no. of elements

5) isEmpty()

↳ Return true if stack is empty.  
false otherwise.

T.C. =  $O(1)$

## Implementation

### 1) Array Implementation

-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
	1	9	3	4			

↑  
Top

Stack  $\Rightarrow A[0, \text{Top}]$

Top  $\leftarrow$

(Top + 1)

$A[];$

top = -1;

size = 0;

	6
	5
	4
4	3
3	2
9	1
1	0

```
void push (int x) {  
    top++;  
    A[top] = x;  
    size++;  
}
```

```
int peek() {  
    if (top == -1) return INT_MIN;  
    return A[top];  
}
```

```
int pop() {  
    if (top == -1) return INT_MIN;  
    int x = A[top];  
    top--;  
    size--;  
    return x;  
}
```

```
int size() {  
    return size; (return top + 1;)  
}
```

bool isEmpty()

if (top == -1) {  
return true;

}

return false;

}

}

T.C. =  $O(1)$

---

## Overflow

void push (int x) {

top++;

if (top > A.size()) {  
return;

}

A[top] = x;

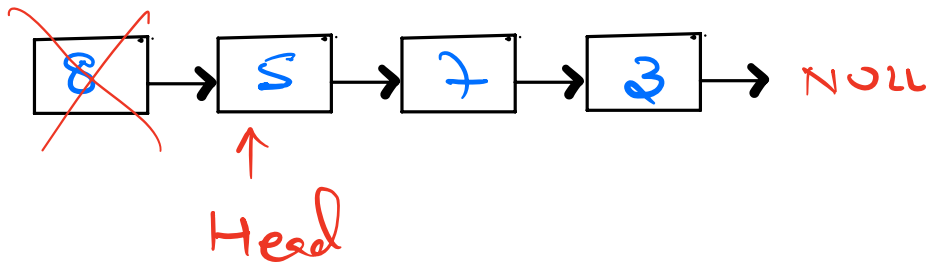
size++;

}

## Underflow

# Linked List

Yp  $\Rightarrow$  ~~8~~, ~~7~~, ~~5~~, ~~3~~, peek(), pop(), pop(), peek()



```
int peek() {  
    if (Head == NULL) {  
        return INT_MIN;  
    }  
    return Head->data;  
}
```

T.C. =  $O(1)$

💡 Check whether a given sequence of parentheses is valid.

{ }  $\Rightarrow$  Curly  
[ ]  $\Rightarrow$  Square  
( )  $\Rightarrow$  Round.

{ { ( ) { } } }

{ 3 \* [ 2 + <sup>12</sup> ~~(5+7)~~ \* <sup>8</sup> ~~(3+5)~~ ] }

Eg  $\Rightarrow$  { [ [ ] { } ] } ( ) ( )  
↑↑↑↑↑↑↑↑↑↑↑↑↑

{  
{  
{  
{  
{  
{  
{

Code

bool isValid (String s) {

```
HashMap <char, char> mapping;  
Stack <char> st;  
mapping.insert ('}', '{');  
mapping.insert ('}', '{');  
mapping.insert ('}', '{');
```

```
for (i=0; i<s.length; i++) {
```

```
    if (s[i] == 'c' || s[i] == 'x' ||  
        s[i] == '[') {
```

```
        st.push(s[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    else {
```

```
        if (st.isEmpty() || st.top() !=  
            mapping.get(s[i])) {
```

```
            return false;
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            st.pop();
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
if (st.isEmpty()) {
```

```
    return true;
```

```
} else {
```

```
    return false;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

T.C. =  $O(N)$

S.C. =  $O(N)$



Q. Given a string. Remove equal pairs of consecutive characters.

$S = a \underline{b} \underline{b} c \Rightarrow ac$

$S = a b c \underline{d} \underline{d} c \Rightarrow a b \underline{c} \underline{c}$   
 $\Downarrow$   
 $ab$

Sol<sup>n</sup>

st.push(A[0]);

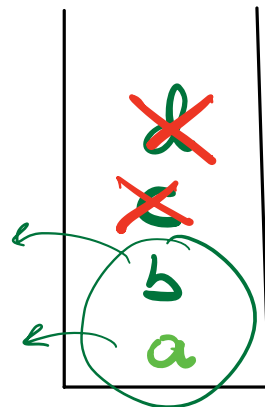
$\forall i \Rightarrow$  if  $(A[i] == \text{st.peek}()) \{$   
 $\text{st.pop}();$

$\{$   
else {

$\text{st.push}(A[i]);$

$\{$

$a \underline{b} c \underline{d} \underline{d} c$   
 $\nearrow \nearrow \nearrow \nearrow \nearrow \nearrow$



T.C. =  $O(N)$

S.C. =  $O(N)$

ab b c b b c a c x

↓

a c b b c a c x

↓

a c c a c x

↑

a a c x

↓

c x

b a a a ⇒ b a

Post fix Expressions

2 + 3  
↑      ↑  
Operand      Operand

⇒ Infix Expression

Post fix ⇒ Operand 1, Operand 2, Operator

$$2 \downarrow 3 +$$

Conversion from Infix to Postfix

$$2 + 3 - 6 \times 5 \Rightarrow (2 \ 3 \ +) - 6 \times 5$$

$\downarrow$

$$(2 \ 3 \ +) - (6 \ 5 \ \times)$$

$\downarrow$

$$\underline{2} \ \underline{3} \ + \ 6 \ 5 \ \times \ -$$

$\downarrow$   
separator

Single digit  
no's

Evaluate Post fix Expression

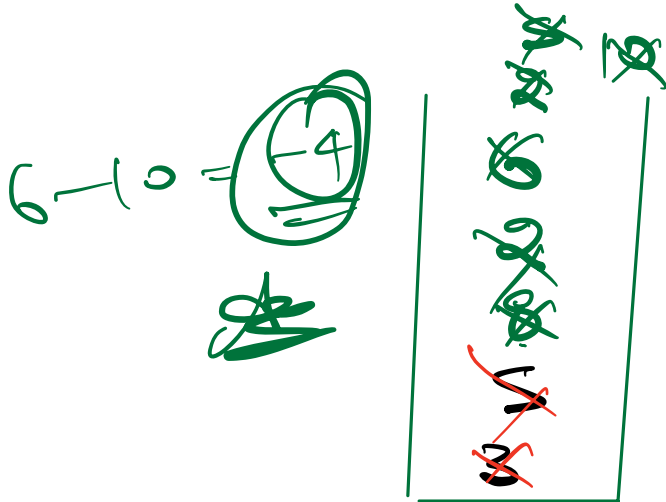
$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \text{Stack} & \downarrow & 2 & 3 & + & 6 & 5 & (\times) & - \\ \rightarrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ & & & & 2+3=5 & & 6 \times 5=30 & & 5-30=-25 \end{array}$$

~~25~~  
~~10~~  
~~5~~  
~~0~~  
~~5~~  
~~10~~  
~~25~~

$$T.C. = O(N)$$

$$S.C. = O(N) \Rightarrow \underline{\text{Stack}}$$

$$\underline{3} \text{ } \underline{5} + \underline{2} = \underline{2} \text{ } \underline{5} * =$$



$$2 \times 5 = 10$$

$$8 - 2 = 6$$



70-1. PSP



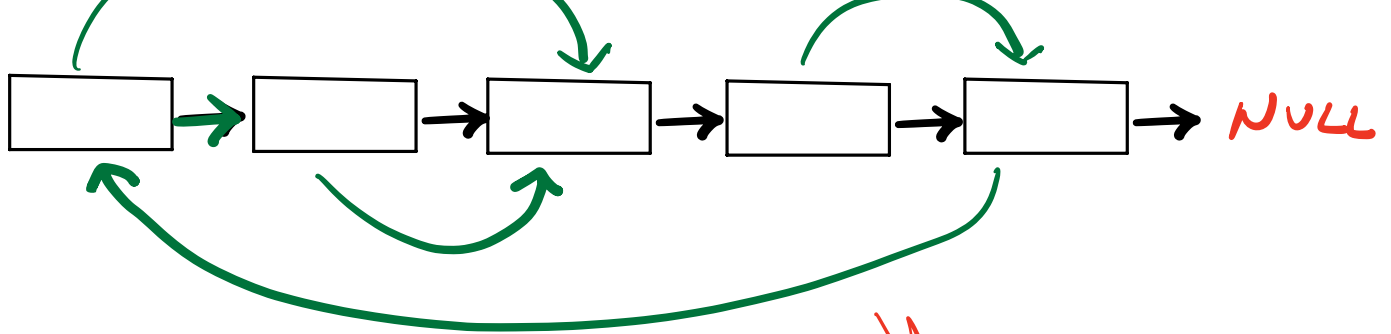
30min/ problem

Plan a session



Interviews

Copy of a LL



class Node {

int data;

Node next;

Node random;

}

↓  
Create a  
Deep Copy

Shallow vs Deep

Node x

Node y = x;

← Shallow  
copy →

D:\documents\ case.xls → case - xls

↓  
Desktop: // caseShallow.xls

