Data Conversion

Data Type	Default	Size (in bits)	Example Literals	Range of Values
byte	0	8	byte b = 5;	-128 to 127
short	0	16	short s = 10;	-32,768 to 32,767
int	0	32	int i = 42;	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647
long	0L	64	long $l = 123L$;	-2^63 to 2^63 - 1
float	0.0f	32	float f = 3.14f;	$\pm 1.4 \times 10^{-45}$ to $\pm 3.4 \times 10^{38}$
double	0.0	64	double $d = 2.718$;	$\pm 4.9 \times 10^{-324} \text{ to } \pm 1.7 \times 10^{308}$
char	\u0000 (null character)	16	char c = 'A';	0 to 65,535
boolean	false	1	<pre>boolean flag = true;</pre>	true or false

Data Type	Widening To	Narrowing To	
byte	short, int, long, float, double	char	
short	int, long, float, double	byte, char	
int	long, float, double	byte, short, char	
long	float, double	byte, short, char, int	
float	double	byte, short, char, int, long	
double	-	byte, short, char, int, long, float	
char	int, long, float, double	byte, short	
boolean	-	-	

- 1. In Java, what is the purpose of casting?
- A) To convert string to int
- B) To convert int to string
- C) To convert one data type to another
- D) To convert boolean to int

2. how you can get the int value of the char?

```
class punchcard {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
    char var = 'A';
    System.out.println(_____);
    }
}
```

- A) (int) var
 B) (int) var.value
 C) 'var'
 D) var
- 3. What is the output of the following code?

```
class punchcard {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        double x = 10.75;
        int y = 5;
        int result = (int) (x + y);
        System.out.println(result);
   }
}
```

- A) 15
- B) 15.75
- C) 10
- D) error

4. what is wrong with the following code?

```
class punchcard {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      int x = 10;
      double y = 5.25;
      int result = (x + (int) y);
      System.out.println(result);
   }
}
```

- A) nothing
- B) println should be print
- C) It's not possible to cast double to int inside an expression
- D) you can't cast int to double
- 5. What is the output of the following code?

```
class punchcard {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
    int x = 10;
```

```
double y = 5.25;
   int result = ((int) x + y);
   System.out.println(result);
}

A) 15
B) 15.25
C) 10
D) error
```

6. What would be the output of the following code?

```
class punchcard {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      float x = 10;
      double y = 5.25;
      double result = ((double)x + (int) y);
      System.out.println(result);
   }
}
```

- A) 15
- B) 15.25
- C) 15.0
- D) error

7. choose all the correct answers that will generate and print a long number.

```
class punchcard {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      long result = 1000.0;
      System.out.println(result);
   }
}
```

```
A) long result = 1000.0;
B) long result = 10000000000.0;
C) long result = 10000;
D) long result = 100000;
E) long result = 1000L;
F) long result = (long) 1000.0;
G) long result = (long) 1000;
H) long result = (long) 1000L;
I) long result = (long) 1000.0f;
J) long result = (long) 1000f;
K) long result = (int) 1000.0;
```

8. What is the minimum swap required to convert the following code to compile and run without error?

NOTE: you can only swap two closest casting operators. for example to move (short) to end before num you need to swap it 3 times.

```
class punchcard {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        double num = 20.1;
        int result = (byte) (double) (short) (int) (float) (long) num;
        ///////you can only swap these oprators aboveeeeeee////
        System.out.println(result);
    }
 A) 0
 B) 1
 C) 3
 D) 5
  9. What do you expect the following code to print?
class punchcard {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int x = 10;
        double y = 5.25;
        int z = (int) 5.5;
        double a = (double) z;
        System.out.println((int) ((x + y) / (z + a)));
    }
 A) 1.525
 B) 1
 C) 3.75
 D) error
 10. fill the blank so that the following code will print 14.
class punchcard {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int x = 14;
        System.out.println(_____);
    }
 A) x + = ;
 B) x++;
 C) ++x;
 D) -+x;
 11. What is the output of the following code?
class punchcard {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int x = 5;
        x += ++x;
        System.out.println(x);
    }
```

- A) 5
- B) 11

```
C) 10
```

D) error

12. what will be the output of the following code?

```
class punchcard {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      int a = 7;
      int b = ++a + a--;
      System.out.print("the value of a is: " + a);
      System.out.println(" and the value of b is: " + b);
   }
}
```

- A) the value of a is: 7 and the value of b is: 14
- B) the value of a is: 6 and the value of b is: 14
- C) the value of a is: 8 and the value of b is: 14
- D) the value of a is: 7 and the value of b is: 16

13. what will be the output of the following code?

```
class punchcard {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      int num1 = 4;
      int num2 = num1-- + ++num1 * 2;
      System.out.println(Num2);
   }
}
```

- A) 10
- B) 12
- C) 6
- D) error

14. what will be the output of the following code?

- A) 0.3 and 1.0
- B) 0.30000000000000004 and 1.0
- C) 0.30000000000000004 and 2.0
- D) error

Answers:

- 1. C
- 2. A
- 3. A
- 4. A
- 5. D
- 6. C 7. C, E, F, G, H, I, J, K
- 9. B
- 10. B
- 11. B
- 12. D 13. D 14. C