

ï£ijï£ij
ï£ijï£ij

EcoBib~~ET~~Xtest file

This is a book as `parencite` (Darwin 1859), and as `textcite` Elton (1927).

This is a paper as `parencite` (Holt 1996), and as `textcite` Anderson *et al.* (2011).

This is a citation command with two papers by the same author (Tuomisto 2010, 2011).

This is a citation of a paper with only two authors in `parencite` (Poisot & Desdevises 2010), and another one in `textcite` Yang & Rannala (2012).

References

- Anderson, M. J., Crist, T. O., Chase, J. M., Vellend, M., Inouye, B. D., Freestone, A. L., *et al.* (2011). Navigating the multiple meanings of beta diversity: a roadmap for the practicing ecologist. *Ecology Letters*, 14, 19–28.
- Darwin, C. (1859). *On the origin of species by means of natural selection, or the preservation of favoured races in the struggle for life*. New York: D. Appleton, 1859.
- Elton, C. S. (1927). *Animal ecology*. University of Chicago Press, 1927.
- Holt, R. D. (1996). Demographic constraints in evolution: towards unifying the evolutionary theories of senescence and niche conservatism. *Evolutionary Ecology*, 10, 1–11.
- Poisot, T. & Desdevises, Y. (2010). Putative speciation events in *Lamellodiscus* (Monogenea: Diplectanidae) assessed by a morphometric approach. *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society*, 99, 559–569.
- Tuomisto, H. (2010). A diversity of beta diversities: straightening up a concept gone awry. Part 1. Defining beta diversity as a function of alpha and gamma diversity. *Ecography*, 33, 2–22.
- Tuomisto, H. (2011). Commentary: do we have a consistent terminology for species diversity? Yes, if we choose to use it. *Oecologia*, 167, 903–911.
- Yang, Z. & Rannala, B. (2012). Molecular phylogenetics: principles and practice. *Nature Reviews Genetics*, 13.