

ECS 132 - Homework #6

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r Sys.Date()

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Problem 1

Based from the proof from class, and that $Q_i = 1 - P_i$

1.1

$$\begin{aligned} Q_i &= 1 - P_i \\ &= 1 - \frac{1 - \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^i}{1 - \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^N} \\ &= \frac{1 - \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^N - 1 + \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^i}{1 - \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^N} \\ &= \frac{-\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^N + \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^i}{1 - \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^N} \end{aligned}$$

1.2

$$\begin{aligned} Q_i &= \frac{-\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^N + \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^i}{1 - \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^N} \\ &= \lim_{\frac{p}{q} \rightarrow 1} \frac{-\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^N + \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^i}{1 - \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^N} \\ &= \frac{-N + i}{-N} \\ &= \frac{N - i}{N} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2

$$\begin{aligned} P(i) &= \frac{1}{3}P(i+1) + \frac{2}{3}P(i-1) \\ P(1) &= \frac{1}{3}P(2) + \frac{2}{3}P(0) \\ &= \frac{1}{3}P(2) + 0 \\ P(2) &= 3P(1) \\ P(3) &= 7P(1) \\ P(i) &= (2^i - 1)P(1) \\ P(i+2) &= 1 = (2^{i+2} - 1)P(1) \\ P(1) &= \frac{1}{2^{i+2} - 1} = \frac{1}{3}P(2) \\ P(2) &= \frac{3}{2^{i+2} - 1} \\ &= \frac{2^i - 1}{2^{i+2} - 1} \\ P(i) &= \frac{2^i - 1}{2^{i+2} - 1} < \frac{1}{4} \quad \forall i \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 3

$D = 0$ (Truth) | $D = 1$ (Lie)

$T = 0$ (Pass) | $T = 1$ (Fail)

$P(T = 0 | D = 1) = .1$

$P(T = 1 | D = 0) = .2$

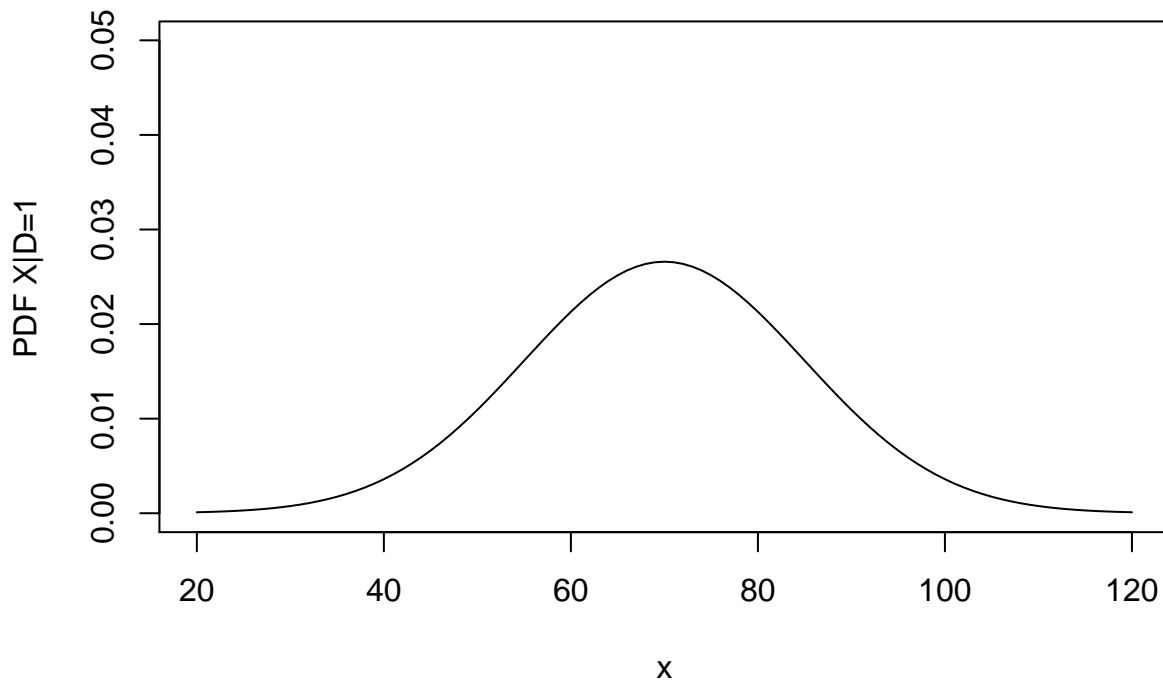
$$\text{Sensitivity}(n) = 1 - P(T = 1 | D = 0) = 0.8$$

$$\text{Specificity}(\theta) = 1 - P(T = 0 | D = 1) = 0.9$$

Problem 4

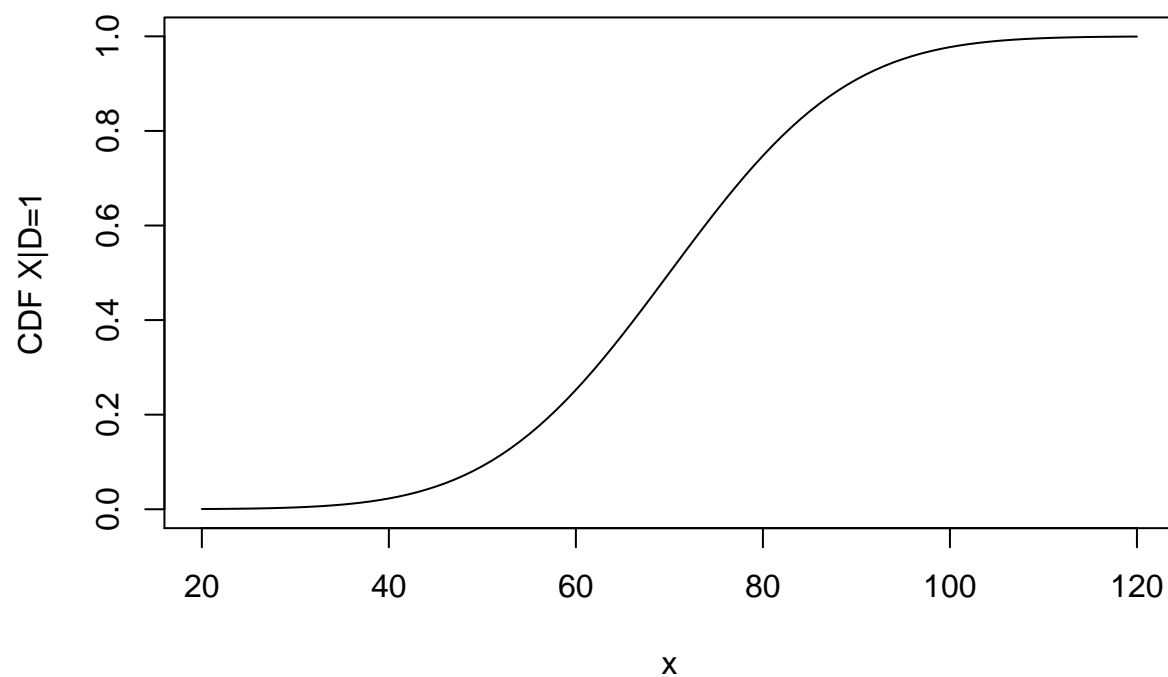
1. Plot the pdf and the cdf of $X | (D = 1) \sim \text{Norm}(70, 15)$ for values 20 to 120.

```
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
x =seq(20,120)
hx =dnorm(x,70,15)
plot(x, hx,xlim=c(20,120),ylim=c(0,0.05),type='l',ylab="PDF X|D=1",xlab="x")
```



2. Let x^* denote the cutoff value such that if $X > x^*$ then the test is positive test otherwise it is considered be negative. Plot the ROC curve for values of x^* ranging from $52 < x \leq 65$.

```
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
x =seq(20,120)
hx =pnorm(x,70,15)
plot(x, hx,xlim=c(20,120),ylim=c(0,1),type='l',ylab="CDF X|D=1",xlab="x")
```



3. If False Positive Rate and False Negative Rates are equally bad, determine the value of x^* .

Classmate Collaborators

Include the names and email IDs of everyone you collaborated with. You are free to discuss with your peers but everyone's work must be individual.

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