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1 /**
2  * @author Bishop A Abdelmalik
3  * @class COMP 282 meeting at 2:00 PM
4  * @Assignment Program #4
5  * @DateTurnedIn Dec 9, 2019
6  * @description this file includes the code to do the topological sort
7  * uses a queue to save the nodes with no predecessors *
8  */
9
10 class GraphTopSort extends Graph {
11
12     // set all predecessor counts to 0
13     public void initPredCounts() {
14         Vertex_Node currentLocation=head;
15         while (currentLocation!=null){
16             currentLocation.setPredCt(0);
17             currentLocation=currentLocation.getNext();
18         }
19
20
21     }
22     private void setPredCount(Vertex_Node currentLocation) {
23         while (currentLocation!=null) {
24             Edge_Node edge=currentLocation.getNbrList();
25             while (edge!=null){
26                 edge.getTarget().setPredCt(edge.getTarget().getPredCt()+1);
27                 edge=edge.getNext();
28             }
29             currentLocation=currentLocation.getNext();
30         }
31
32     }
33
34     public void outputTopSort() {
35         Vertex_Node[] zeroPredecessorQueue = new Vertex_Node[this.size];
36         Vertex_Node[] topSort = new Vertex_Node[this.size];
37
38         int queueFront = 0, queueBack = 0, outputCt = 0;
39         Vertex_Node v = this.head;
40         //initialize all vertices pred count to 0

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41 initPredCounts();
42 // set the predecessor counts by visiting all the edges and
43 // incrementing the target predecessor counts of these edges
44
45 // implement as simple nested while loops
46 setPredCount(v);
47
48 // find vertices with predecessor counts of 0 and put them on the queue
49 // this will be a while loop
50 while (v!=null){
51     if (v.getPredCt()==0) {
52         zeroPredecessorQueue[queueBack++]=v;
53     }
54     v=v.getNext();
55 }
56
57 // the main loop
58 // remove a vertex from the zero queue, add it to the topSort array,
59 // and traverse its edges to update target predecessor counts -- if any
60 // become 0, add to the zero queue
61 while (queueBack != queueFront) { // while the queue is not empty
62     Vertex_Node zeroVertex=zeroPredecessorQueue[queueFront++];
63     zeroVertex.setPredCt(-1);
64     Edge_Node edge=zeroVertex.getNbrList();
65     while (edge!=null){
66         edge.getTarget().setPredCt(edge.getTarget().getPredCt()-1);
67         if (edge.getTarget().getPredCt()==0){
68             zeroPredecessorQueue[queueBack++]=edge.getTarget();
69         }
70         edge=edge.getNext();
71     }
72     topSort[outputCt++]=zeroVertex;
73 }
74
75 // check if every vertex has been put in the topSort array and either output it
76 // on one line or report "Loop"
77 v=this.head;
78 boolean loop=false;
79 while (v!=null){
80     if (v.getPredCt()!==-1){

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81 loop=true;
82     }
83     v=v.getNext();
84 }
85 if (loop){
86     System.out.println("Loop");
87 }else {
88     String out="";
89     for (Vertex_Node vertex:topSort) {
90         out+=vertex.getName()+" ";
91     }
92     System.out.println(out);
93 }
94
95 // Your output should match mine exactly
96
97
98 }
99
100
101
102 public static String myName() {
103     return "Bishoy Abdelmalik";
104 }
105 }
106
107
```