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1 /**
2  * @author Bishop A Abdelmalik
3  * @class COMP 282 meeting at 2:00 PM
4  * @Assignment Program #2
5  * @DateTurnedIn Sept 30, 2019
6  * @description
7  * this file includes both the StringAVLNode that have the code for creating the node
8  * and the StringAVL tree that has all the code for the tree and its methods
9  */
10 import java.util.ArrayList;
11 import java.util.Deque;
12 import java.util.LinkedList;
13
14 class StringAVLTree {
15
16     // should really be private but I need access
17     // for my test program to work
18     StringAVLNode root;
19     // just one constructor
20     public StringAVLTree() {
21         this.root=null;
22     }
23     // Rotate the node to the right
24     private static StringAVLNode rotateRight(StringAVLNode t) {
25         StringAVLNode newRoot=t.getLeft();// get the pointer to the new root
26         t.setLeft(t.getLeft().getRight());//set left pointer of the old root to the right of the new root
27         newRoot.setRight(t);//set the right of the new root to the old root
28         t=newRoot;//new root equal to t so we return it
29         return t;
30     }
31     // Rotate the node to the left
32     private static StringAVLNode rotateLeft(StringAVLNode t) {
33         StringAVLNode newRoot=t.getRight();// get the pointer to the new root
34         t.setRight(t.getRight().getLeft());//set right pointer of the old root to the left of the new root
35         newRoot.setLeft(t);//set the left of the new root to the old root
36         t=newRoot;//new root equal to t so we return it
37         return t;
38     }
39     // For these next four, be sure not to use any global variables
40     // and no extra counting parameters in the recursive methods, e.g.,

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41 // the recursive height method should just have one parameter, the
42 // StringAVLNode
43 // Return the height of the tree - not to be used anywhere in insert or delete
44 public int height() { return height(this.root);}
45 private static int height(StringAVLNode root) {
46     int returnValue=0;//assumes empty root
47     if(root!=null){//if root isn't null
48         int depth;
49         if(root.getBalance()==0){
50             depth=height(root.getLeft());//get height of left subtree if they are both the same
51         }else if (root.getBalance()>0){
52             depth=height(root.getRight());//get height of right subtree
53         }else {
54             depth=height(root.getLeft());//get height of left subtree
55         }
56         returnValue = 1 + depth;
57     }
58
59     }
60     return returnValue;
61 }
62
63
64
65 // nadir return the distance to the closest leaf
66 public int nadir() {
67     int returnValue=nadir(this.root)+1;
68     if(this.root==null){
69         //since we add one to make the distance counting start from 1 at the first tree level
70         // reset the value to 0 if the tree is actually empty
71         returnValue=0;
72     }
73     return returnValue;
74 }
75 private static int nadir(StringAVLNode root) {
76     int returnValue=0;//assumes empty root
77     if(root!=null &&root.getLeft()==null&& root.getRight()==null){
78         //got to a leaf or root has no children
79         returnValue=0;
80     }else if(root!=null ){//if root isn't null

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81 int depthL=nadir(root.getLeft());//get height of left subtree
82 int depthR=nadir(root.getRight());//get height of right subtree
83 if(depthL<depthR) {//decide which side is shorter
84     returnValue = 1 + depthL;
85 }else {
86     returnValue=1+depthR;
87 }
88 }
89 return returnValue;
90 }
91
92 // delete methods not used was not required but was in skeleton code
93 public void delete(String d) {}
94 private StringAVLNode delete(StringAVLNode t, String d) { return t;}
95
96 // Return the number of leaves in the tree
97 public int leafCt() { return leafCt(this.root); }
98 private static int leafCt(StringAVLNode root) {
99     int returnValue;
100     if(root==null)//empty tree return 0
101         returnValue=0;
102     }else if(root.getLeft()==null&&root.getRight()==null)//reached end of tree // one node tree
103         returnValue=1;
104     }else {//add left and right sub tree leafct
105         returnValue=leafCt(root.getLeft())+leafCt(root.getRight());
106     }
107     return returnValue;
108 }
109
110 // Return the number of perfectly balanced AVL nodes
111 public int balanced() {return balanced(this.root);}
112 private static int balanced(StringAVLNode root) {
113     int returnValue=0;//assume its null
114     if(root != null) {//if not null
115         if (root.getBalance() == 0) {// if balance =0
116             returnValue = 1;
117         }
118         returnValue += balanced(root.getLeft())+balanced(root.getRight());
119     }
120     return returnValue;

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121 }
122
123 // Return the inorder successor, i.e., the next larger value in the tree
124 // or null if there is none or str is not in the tree
125 public String successor(String str) {
126     StringAVLNode returnValue=null;//the node that we will return its value
127     StringAVLNode parent=null;//parent of node will be used if we need to look at parents
128
129     //parents stack for all the parents of the node we will look for
130     // will be used if we need to look more than one parent up
131     Deque<StringAVLNode> parents=new LinkedList<>();
132     StringAVLNode root=this.root;//root of the tree and will be used as the node we want its successor
133     StringAVLNode current=this.root;//will be used in the loop
134     boolean found=false;//if its found set this to true
135     //find the node
136     while(current!=null){
137         if(str.compareToIgnoreCase(current.getItem())==0) { //found
138             root=current;
139             found=true;
140             current=null;
141         }else if(str.compareToIgnoreCase(current.getItem())<0){ //left
142             parent=current;
143             parents.push(parent);
144             current=current.getLeft();
145         }else { //right
146             parent=current;
147             parents.push(parent);
148             current=current.getRight();
149         }
150     }
151     if(!found || root==null) { //if not found in the tree or root equal null
152         returnValue=null;
153     }else if(root.getRight()!=null){
154         // if node we want its successor have a right subtree then the successor is there
155         StringAVLNode tempNode=root.getRight();//get the right node of the node we want its successor
156         while(tempNode.getLeft()!=null){ //go all the way to the left
157             tempNode=tempNode.getLeft();
158         }
159         returnValue=tempNode;
160     }else{ //if it doesnot have a right subtree

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161 if(parent==null){
162     //there were no successor on the right of the required node
163     // and no parent meaning no successor
164     returnValue=null;
165 }else if (parent.getLeft()!=null&&str.compareToIgnoreCase(parent.getLeft().getItem())==0){
166     //the parent is the successor
167     returnValue=parent;
168 }else if(parent.getRight()!=null&&str.compareToIgnoreCase(parent.getRight().getItem())==0){
169     //required element is right of parent
170     //here we use the parents stack from earlier once
171     // we find a parent that is bigger we exit and that is the successor
172     if(!parents.isEmpty()){
173         parents.pop();//remove parent of current node (ie the node that is equal to str)
174     }
175     boolean exit=false;
176     while (!exit&&!parents.isEmpty()){
177         parent=parents.pop();
178         if(str.compareTo(parent.getItem())<0){//if parent is bigger than input string
179             returnValue=parent;
180             exit=true;
181         }else{
182             returnValue=null;
183         }
184     }
185 }
186 }
187 }
188 }
189 String returnString=(returnValue!=null)?returnValue.getItem():null;
190 return returnString;
191 }
192 //insert a node and do nothing if node exists
193 public void insert(String str) {
194     this.root=insert(str,this.root);
195 }
196 private static StringAVLNode insert(String str, StringAVLNode t) {
197     if(t==null){
198         t=new StringAVLNode(str);
199     }else if(str.compareToIgnoreCase(t.getItem())==0) {
200         //Silence is golden..

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201 //input is in the tree do nothing
202
203 else if(str.compareToIgnoreCase(t.getItem())<0){//insert left
204     int OldBalance;
205     if(t.getLeft()!=null){
206         OldBalance=t.getLeft().getBalance();
207     }else {
208         OldBalance=282;
209     }
210     t.setLeft(insert(str,t.getLeft()));
211     int newBalance=t.getLeft().getBalance();
212     if((OldBalance==0&& newBalance!=0)|| OldBalance==282){
213         t.setBalance(t.getBalance()-1);
214         if(t.getBalance()==-2){//either ll or lr
215             if(t.getLeft().getBalance()<0){///ll
216                 t=rotateRight(t);//single rotation
217                 t.setBalance(0);
218                 t.getRight().setBalance(0);
219             }else ///lr
220                 t.setLeft(rotateLeft(t.getLeft()));
221                 t=rotateRight(t);
222                 //fix balance factor
223                 if (t.getBalance() > 0) {
224                     t.getLeft().setBalance(-1);
225                     t.getRight().setBalance(0);
226                 } else {
227                     if (t.getBalance() == 0) {
228                         t.getRight().setBalance(0);
229                         t.getLeft().setBalance(0);
230                     } else {
231
232                         t.getLeft().setBalance(1);
233                         t.getLeft().setBalance(0);
234                         t.getRight().setBalance(1);
235                     }
236                 }
237                 t.setBalance(0);
238             }
239         }
240     }

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241 }else {//insert right
242     int OldBalance;
243     if(t.getRight()!=null){
244         OldBalance=t.getRight().getBalance();
245     }else {
246         OldBalance=282;
247     }
248     t.setRight(insert(str,t.getRight()));
249     int newBalance=t.getRight().getBalance();
250     if((OldBalance==0&& newBalance!=0)|| OldBalance==282){
251         t.setBalance(t.getBalance()+1);
252         if(t.getBalance()==2){//either rr or rl
253             if(t.getRight().getBalance()>0){//rr
254                 t=rotateLeft(t);//single rotation
255                 t.setBalance(0);
256                 t.getLeft().setBalance(0);
257             }else {//rl
258                 t.setRight(rotateRight(t.getRight()));
259                 t = rotateLeft(t);
260                 if (t.getBalance() > 0) {
261                     t.getLeft().setBalance(-1);
262                     t.getRight().setBalance(0);
263                 } else {
264                     if (t.getBalance() == 0) {
265                         t.getLeft().setBalance(0);
266                         t.getRight().setBalance(0);
267                     } else {
268                         t.getLeft().setBalance(0);
269                         t.getRight().setBalance(1);
270                     }
271                 }
272                 t.setBalance(0);
273             }
274         }
275     }
276 }
277 return t;
278 }
279
280 // who are you? Put your name here!

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281 public static String myName() {
282     return "Bishoy Abdelamlik";
283 }
284 }
285 } // end of StringAVLTree class
286 class StringAVLNode {
287     private String item;
288     private int balance;
289     private StringAVLNode left, right;
290 }
291 // just one constructor, please
292 public StringAVLNode(String str) {
293     this.left=null;
294     this.right=null;
295     this.balance=0;
296     this.item=str;
297 }
298 public int getBalance() {return this.balance;}
299 public void setBalance(int bal) {
300     this.balance=bal;
301 }
302 public String getItem() {return this.item;}
303 // no setItem
304 public StringAVLNode getLeft() {return this.left;}
305 public void setLeft(StringAVLNode pt) {
306     this.left=pt;
307 }
308 public StringAVLNode getRight() {return this.right;}
309 public void setRight(StringAVLNode pt) {
310     this.right=pt;
311 }
312 }

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