BitF: The Carbon Offset, Proof-of-Stake, Bitcoin



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August, 04, 2018

Abstract

BitF (BITF) is a Bitcoin based project with a design to completely eliminate its carbon footprint. Its main goal is to provide a secure, transparent store of value while safeguarding our environment. The BitF technology is a significant improvement over mining based coins - but we still require electricity and have a carbon footprint to be responsible for. Through buying carbon inputs to offset the consumption we can't avoid - BitF hopes to exceed its carbon inputs and be the digital asset with zero carbon footprint. BitF has a total supply of 25m coins that will be minted through proof-of-state rewards. The proof-of-stake reward system removes miners and eliminates the excessive power consumption. Stakeholders and node operators are rewarded for every block that is minted. This is not only an environmentally sound practice, it's also results in significantly lower costs. Environmental stewardship is the responsibility of every technology - BitF was created to completely eliminate our blockchains carbon footprint. In order to eliminate that footprint BitF will use rewards gained through masternode operation and through POS rewards in order to pay for Carbon inputs through our partnerships..

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1. Introduction

Satoshi Nakamoto's contribution to the world was nothing short of brilliant. "His" code allowed for the peer-to-peer transfer of wealth in a secure, direct fashion. Wherever there is an internet connection there is the possibility to securely transfer value using Bitcoin.

Bitcoin does not have any economic controls other than the baked-in inflation mechanism that will continue until 21m coins are minted.

BitF in similar fashion inflated and distributes rewards - however we use POS rather than mining as an energy friendly way to distribute the coin.

POS rewards are paid out to every masternode and every individual who owns BitF.

2. What is Bitcoin and Mining?

Bitcoin is essentially a giant ledger that is distributed through a large global network of computers or "nodes". The ledger is a record of every coin and every transaction ever made with Bitcoin. When someone initiates a transfer of Bitcoin - each "node" on the network has the task of verifying transactions. When a number of nodes have verified the transaction it gets written to the permanent ledger and the transaction is complete. Having a global network of nodes with copies of the Bitcoin ledger is what makes the blockchain technology so secure and counterfeit impossible.

With Bitcoin, the verified transactions are added to a block that is produced every few minutes through a process called mining. Nodes on the Bitcoin global network compete to add blocks to the ledger by solving a complex math problem. The computer who solves the problem first gets the block and receives a block reward for doing so. Once Bitcoin reaches it max supply of 21m coins there will be no more block reward and miners will survive on transaction fees alone to keep the network going.

Solving the complex math codes associated with mining has led to record power consumption by miniers worldwide. Mining is expensive, generates massive amounts of wasted heat. and it has a measurable detrimental effect on the environment. The power required to mine has increased over the years to the point where Bitcoin now uses more power than some countries.

3. Eliminating Mining For Proof-Of-Stake

Technology has advanced since Bitcoin was released in 2009. It is no secret that Bitcoin is a major consumer of electricity. Until the 21m coins are minted, data centres around the world continue to destroy the environment in the short-term race to mine every last coin. Bitcoin needed mining - subsequent project have shown that mining served its purpose and helped create an industry. Newer developments such as Proof Of Stake Masternodes or Witness servers have almost eliminated the power consumption associated with Bitcoin. All blockchain projects have carbon footprints regardless of how clean the code. Carbon Offset credits help plant trees, invest in green energy and help take care of the natural world around us. Many of our nodes and many of our users are transacting with power derived from coal, diesel and other products. Paying for carbon offset is the only way to counter balance these negative consequences. By setting aside a POS stake BitF will create scarcity by removing liquidity permanently. Through its operation of masternodes and through POS rewards BitF will pay Carbon Offset fees on behalf of the network.

Proof-of-stake is more economical way to mint coins as opposed mining. Rather than using complex computing power to mine, new coins are minted are distributed to the masternodes that run the network and to everyone who holds BitF proportionately. POS ensures everyone has a chance to participate and increase their holdings without the negative environmental impact of mining.

A masternode is a server run by someone who believes in the BitF project enough that they are willing to put up "collateral". Masternodes process transactions, and host copies of the blockchain. They are paid a portion of POS rewards to offset server costs as well as provide incentive to participate in keeping the BitF network stable. Masternodes are required to put up collateral which is currently set at 5000 BITF in order to run a node. Anyone can operate a node using our Linux or Windows software which is available at BitF.cc or can be built from source on Github.

The POS reward system pays out 75% of the block reward to masternodes and 25% to anyone holding the coin. This ensures a secure network with lots of nodes and a fair reward to everyone who stakes BitF before the 25m coins are distributed.

4. The Reward Structure

BitF will earn continued rewards through Masternode operation and POS rewards on its stake. The net of these rewards will be used to buy Carbon Offset credits.

5. BitF Structure

BitF is the Bitcoin based asset with proof-of-stake distribution and a carbon offset plan. Stakeholders gain more BitF simply by owning it - while masternode operators are given the responsibility of processing transactions and helping to keep the the network strong.

6. Masternode System

The masternode system is a system that requires a user to stake at least 5000 BITF in order to run a node on our network. As an owner of the node they are entitled to rewards for the cost of their time and energy. This system is different than the original Bitcoin codebase as it requires participation by committed stakeholders. This is dissimilar to mining where a coin can be intermittently mined with only a download. The masternode system ensures a more stable network run by individuals invested enough to have the "collateral".

Running a masternode on the BitF network can be done with an inexpensive VPS server. Through running your own node you have the possibility of earning substantially more BITF than simply by holding it.

6. How is BitF Distributed?

BitF is built on a Bitcoin base which means that there is a limited supply of only 25m BitF with 4m set to be burnt - leaving a total tradable supply of 21m. No other coins will ever exist.

There are 17.5m coins that are yet to be discovered - these coins will be distributed via POS rewards to masternodes and anyone who holds the coin until the total 25m have been minted.

7.5m BitF were obtained through a premine to help secure a stake for the company, its founders, future incentives for BitF development, and the first coins to sell at market which will be used to pay back initial investors.

4m belongs to the BitF who will use its stake to derive POS rewards to fund its Masternodes and pay Carbon Offset on behalf of the blockchain.

The BitF stake will be burnt which will create an additional 4m of scarcity - which means a total available supply of only 21m. BitF will pay carbon offset completely from POS reward and any Masternode revenues.

Distribution is as follows:

BitF 4m
Founder 1m
Future Consideration 500k
Masternode Stakes 250k
Development Bounties 250k
Market Sale 1.5m

8. Conclusion

BitF is an application of the blockchain designed to address the real world problem of climate change and eliminating the carbon footprint of our chain completely. It is our aim to reduce any emission created by our network through paying carbon offset to CarbonFund.org. We have attempted to make our coin as environmentally friendly as possible by providing a framework that can be run on an inexpensive server instance. Through the elimination or mining and the introduction of a carbon offset program - we will both reduce and pay for our environmental impact.

BitF is a transactional currency that aims to be a model for the Digital Asset world. Our coin is not only designed to be energy efficient but has its own stake that it will use to pay Carbon Offset on behalf of the blockchain. Burning the BitF stake reduces the available supply of BitF to 21m and ensures the possibility of appreciation through scarcity.

BitF takes the best of Bitcoin while eliminating one of the worst qualities - its environmental record. Proof-of-stake solves the problems that mining creates but falls short of covering all of the environmental impact of the currency. BitF solves this by being the first Carbon Offset Proof-Of-Stake Bitcoin.