

$$V_{in} = V_{MAX} \sin(\theta)$$

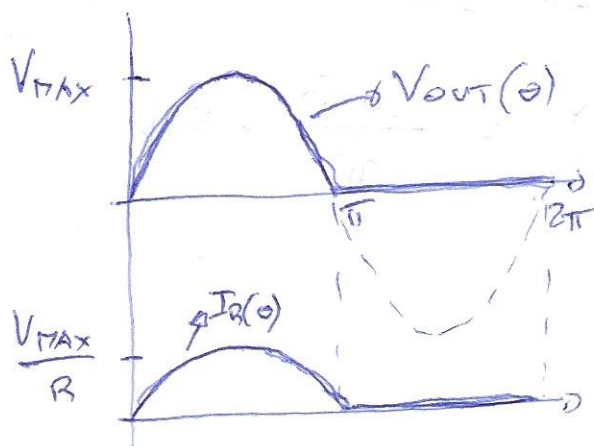
$$V_{MAX} = 120\sqrt{2} \text{ V}$$

$$V_{in_{RMS}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} (V_{MAX} \sin \theta)^2 d\theta} = \frac{V_{MAX}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^2 \theta d\theta$$

$$= \frac{V_{MAX}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{2} \cdot d\theta = \frac{V_{MAX}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\int_0^{2\pi} 1 \cdot d\theta - \int_0^{2\pi} \cos(2\theta) d\theta \right]$$

$$= \frac{V_{MAX}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\left[\theta \right]_0^{2\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} 2 \times \cos(2\theta) d\theta \right] = \frac{V_{MAX}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[2\pi - \frac{1}{2} \times \left[\sin(2\theta) \right]_0^{2\pi} \right]$$

$$= \frac{V_{MAX}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi}} \times \sqrt{2\pi} = \boxed{\frac{V_{MAX}}{\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{120\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = 120 \text{ V}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 V_{OUT_{RMS}} &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} V_{OUT}(\theta)^2 d\theta} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} [V_{MAX} \sin(\theta)]^2 d\theta} \\
 &= \frac{V_{MAX}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \times \sqrt{\int_0^{\pi} \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{2} d\theta} = \frac{V_{MAX}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi}} \times \sqrt{\int_0^{\pi} 1 d\theta - \int_0^{\pi} \cos(2\theta) d\theta} \\
 &= \frac{V_{MAX}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi}} \times \sqrt{[\theta]_0^{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} [\sin(2\theta)]_0^{\pi}} \\
 &= \frac{V_{MAX}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi}} \times \sqrt{(\pi - 0) - \frac{1}{2}(0 - 0)} = \boxed{\frac{V_{MAX}}{2}} = \frac{120\sqrt{2}}{2} \\
 &= 84,8 \text{ V}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$I_{R_{RMS}} = \frac{I_{R_{MAX}}}{2} = \frac{\frac{V_{MAX}}{R}}{2} = \frac{120\sqrt{2}}{2 \times 300} = 0,282 \text{ A}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_{OUT_{medio}} &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} V_{OUT}(\theta) d\theta = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} V_{MAX} \sin(\theta) d\theta \\
 &= \frac{V_{MAX}}{2\pi} [-\cos(\theta)]_0^{\pi} = -\frac{V_{MAX}}{2\pi} [\cos(\pi) - \cos(0)] \\
 &= -\frac{V_{MAX}}{2\pi} [-1 - 1] = \boxed{\frac{V_{MAX}}{\pi}} = \frac{120\sqrt{2}}{\pi} = 54 \text{ V}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$I_{R_{\text{medio}}} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} I_R(\theta) d\theta = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{V_{\text{MAX}}}{R} \sin(\theta) d\theta$$

$$= \frac{\frac{V_{\text{MAX}}}{R}}{\pi} = \frac{120\sqrt{2}}{300\pi} = 0,180 \text{ A}$$

$$P_{\text{FONTE}} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} V_{\text{in}}(\theta) \times I_R(\theta) d\theta = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} V_{\text{MAX}} \sin\theta \times \frac{V_{\text{MAX}}}{R} \sin\theta d\theta$$

$$= \frac{V_{\text{MAX}}^2}{2\pi R} \int_0^{\pi} \sin^2\theta d\theta = \frac{V_{\text{MAX}}^2}{2\pi R} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{2} d\theta$$

$$= \frac{V_{\text{MAX}}^2}{4\pi R} \left[\int_0^{\pi} 1 d\theta - \int_0^{\pi} \cos(2\theta) d\theta \right]$$

$$= \frac{V_{\text{MAX}}^2}{4\pi R} \left[[\theta]_0^{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} [\sin(2\theta)]_0^{\pi} \right]$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{V_{\text{MAX}}^2}{4R}} = 24 \text{ W}$$

Em alternativa, para cargas RLE

$$P_{\text{FONTE}} = R \times I_{R_{\text{RMS}}}^2 + E \times I_{R_{\text{medio}}} = 300 \times 0,282^2 \approx 24 \text{ W}$$

$$S_{\text{FONTE}} = V_{\text{in RMS}} \times I_{\text{in RMS}} = 120 \times 0,282 = 33,8 \text{ VA}$$

$$FP_{\text{FONTE}} = \frac{P_{\text{FONTE}}}{S_{\text{FONTE}}} = \frac{24}{33,8} = 0,71$$

Ponto 15)

	1		2		3	
	F (Hz)	Amp (A)	F	Amp	F	Amp
\bar{I}_R	50	0,281	100	0,12	200	0,024

$$THD = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{i=2}^{\infty} I_n^2}}{\bar{I}_1} \quad I_1, I_n \text{ valores eficazes}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\left(\frac{0,12}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{0,024}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2}}{\frac{0,281}{\sqrt{2}}} = 0,435$$

THD medido em 13) igual a 0,437

Ponto 16)

A ondulação de V_{out} e respetivo valor médio pode ser calculado de forma aproximada por:

$$V_{out_ripple} \approx V_{out_MAX} \times \frac{T}{RC}$$

$$V_{out_medio} \approx V_{out_MAX} - \frac{V_{out_ripple}}{2}$$