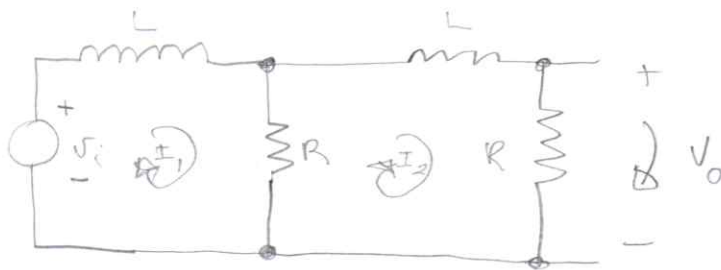


1 f)



$$\frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)}, \text{ considerando } \{\omega_0 = R/L\}$$

$$\begin{cases} V_i(t) = L \frac{d}{dt} i_1(t) + R i_1(t) - R i_2(t) \\ 0 = R i_2(t) + L \frac{d}{dt} i_2(t) + R i_2(t) - R i_1(t) \\ V_o(t) = R i_2(t) \\ i_3 = i_1 - i_2 \end{cases}$$

$L$ ; condições iniciais nulas.

$$\begin{cases} V_i(s) = L s I_1(s) + R I_1(s) - R I_2(s) = (sL + R) I_1(s) - R I_2(s) \\ R I_1(s) = R I_2(s) + L s I_2(s) + R I_2(s) = (sL + 2R) I_2(s) \\ V_o(s) = R I_2(s) \\ I_3(s) = I_1(s) - I_2(s) \end{cases}$$

$$I_1(s) = \frac{(sL + 2R)}{R} I_2(s)$$

$$V_i(s) = \frac{(sL + R)(sL + 2R)}{R} I_2(s) - R I_2(s)$$

$$= \frac{(sL + R)(sL + 2R) - R^2}{R} I_2(s)$$

$$I_2(s) = \frac{R}{(sL + R)(sL + 2R) - R^2} V_i(s)$$

$$V_o(s) = R \times \frac{R}{(sL + R)(sL + 2R) - R^2} V_i(s)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} &= \frac{R^2}{(sL + R)(sL + 2R) - R^2} \\ &= \frac{R^2}{s^2 L^2 + 3sLR + 2R^2 - R^2} = \frac{R^2}{s^2 L^2 + 3sLR + R^2} \left(\frac{1}{L}\right)^2 \end{aligned}$$