## Versão 3 +3° mi-teste

$$\frac{R(s) + O(s)}{S(s+4)} = \frac{40}{S(s+4)}$$

$$k \cdot \frac{40}{5(5+4)} = -1$$

$$A = \frac{(1+2h)180}{d-n} = \frac{1}{2}$$

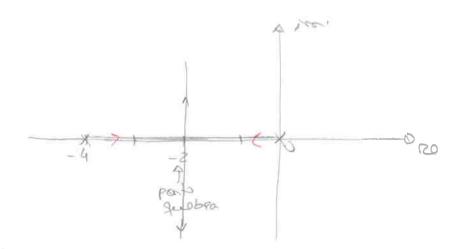
$$0 = \frac{0-4}{d-n} = \frac{-4}{2} = -2$$

$$\frac{40}{5(5+4)} = -1$$
  $6$   $k = -\frac{5(5+4)}{40}$ 

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial S} \left[ -\frac{S(S+4)}{4D} \right] = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial S} \left[ -\frac{S(S+4)}{40} \right] = 0$$
 (=)  $-\left[ (S+4) + S \right] \cdot (40) = 0$ 

$$-((25+4).40] = -(805+160)$$
  
 $-805-160=0$ 



Para que o sistema apresente oscilardo na soido, os podos da +7.7 M. + 7.00 podon son exais:1+6+(s) = 0 + +2.5 (s.40) | = -1 | +2.5 (s.14) = 0.1

S=-2

Para k >0,1 o sistano aprosato

e). 
$$G(s) = \frac{40}{S(S+4)}$$

e) 
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 (=)  $\frac{40 \cdot 1}{S} \cdot \frac{1}{S+4}$  (=)  $\frac{40 \cdot 1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{S} \cdot \frac{1}{S+1}$ 

$$(2) 10 \cdot \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{5}{4}+1}$$

(dB) A

