

9.

$$f = 10 \text{ N}$$

$$M, B, K = ?$$

$$\sum F_R = m a$$

$$= m \ddot{x}$$

$$f(t) - Kx - B\dot{x} = m\ddot{x}; \quad m = M$$

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$

$$F(s) - KX(s) - BSX(s) = Ms^2X(s)$$

$$F(s) = (K + BS + Ms^2) \cdot X(s)$$

$$G = \frac{X(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{1}{Ms^2 + Bs + K}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{M}}{s^2 + \frac{B}{M}s + \frac{K}{M}}$$

$$G = \left(\frac{1}{K} \right) \frac{\left(\frac{K}{M} \right) \omega_n^2}{s^2 + \left(\frac{B}{M} \right) s + \left(\frac{K}{M} \right)}$$

$$2\zeta\omega_n = \frac{B}{M}; \quad \omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{K}{M}}; \quad G = \frac{1}{K}$$

$$M_p = \frac{0,003}{0,03} = 10\%$$

$$t_p = 2$$

$$t_s = 0,03 \text{ (c'estimer)}$$

$$\zeta = 0,5911$$

$$\omega_n^2 = 225,54$$

$$\omega_d = \omega_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$$

$$M_p = e^{-\frac{\zeta\pi}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{K}{M} = \omega_n^2 \\ \frac{B}{M} = 2\zeta\omega_n \end{array} \right. \quad \frac{1}{K} = \frac{0,03}{10}$$

$$t_p = \frac{\pi}{\omega_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}}$$

\downarrow
 $\omega_n = 1,9474$

9) $f = 10\text{ N}$ $M, B \text{ e } k = ?$

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$$f(t) - kx - B\dot{x} = M\ddot{x}$$

$$F(s) = kX(s) - BSX(s) = M s^2 X(s)$$

$$F(s) = (Ms^2 + k + BS)X(s)$$

$$\frac{X(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{1}{Ms^2 + BS + k}$$

$$= \frac{1}{k} \cdot \frac{\frac{k}{M}}{s^2 + \frac{B}{M}s + \frac{k}{M}}$$

$$\begin{cases} \omega_n^2 = \frac{k}{M} \\ 2\zeta\omega_n = \frac{B}{M} \end{cases} \begin{cases} M = \frac{k}{\omega_n^2} \\ B = 2\zeta\omega_n M \end{cases}$$

$$t_p = 2$$

$$M_p = \frac{0,03}{0,003} = 10\%$$

$$G = \frac{1}{k} = \frac{0,03}{10}$$

$$0,1 = e^{-\frac{\zeta\pi}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}}$$

↓

$$\zeta = 0,5911$$

$$M = 87,66 \text{ kg}$$

$$B = 201,71 \text{ Ns/m}$$

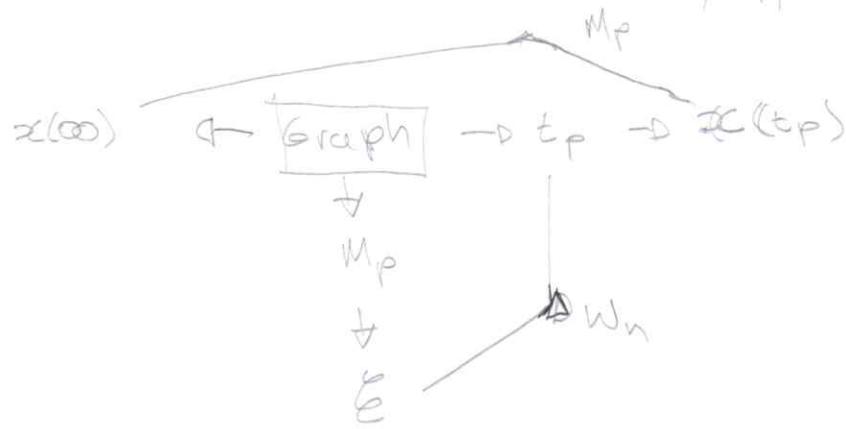
etc.

$$t_p = \frac{\pi}{\omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}$$

↓

$$\omega_n = 1,9474$$

9.)



13.)

$$E(s) = \frac{1}{1 + G(s)}$$

$$e_{ss} = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot E(s)$$

$$= \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{s \cdot R(s)}{1 + G(s)}$$

$$\text{se } R(s) = \frac{1}{s} \text{ e tipo 0}$$

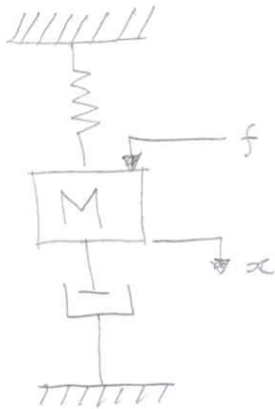
$$e_{ss} = \frac{1}{k+1}$$

↓ polos E
tipo 1 1 polo origen

$k_v \Rightarrow$ rampa

$k_a \Rightarrow$ parábola

9) $f(t) = 10 u(t) \Rightarrow F(s) = \frac{10}{s}$; $M, B, K = ?$



From the Graphic :

- Peak time $(t_p) = 2 \text{ sec}$
- Maximum Value of $y(t)$
 $y(t_p) = 0,033$
- Final Value $y(\infty) = 0,03$

- Obtain the dynamic equations that observes the system behavior:

$$\sum F = M \cdot a$$

$$f(t) - K x(t) - B \dot{x}(t) = M \cdot \ddot{x}(t)$$

$$f(t) = M \ddot{x}(t) + B \dot{x}(t) + K x(t)$$

$$\mathcal{L} \left\{ \begin{aligned} F(s) &= s^2 M X(s) + s B X(s) + K X(s) \\ &= (s^2 M + s B + K) X(s) \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\frac{X(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 M + s B + K} = \frac{\frac{1}{M}}{s^2 + \frac{B}{M} s + \frac{K}{M}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{L} \cdot \frac{\frac{L}{M}}{s^2 + \frac{B}{M} s + \frac{K}{M}}$$

$$\boxed{L \Rightarrow K}$$

- Considering $f(t) = 10 u(t)$ \mathcal{L} $F(s) = \frac{10}{s}$:

$$\begin{aligned} X(s) &= \frac{1}{L} \cdot \frac{\frac{L}{M}}{s^2 + \frac{B}{M} s + \frac{K}{M}} \cdot \frac{10}{s} \\ &= \frac{\frac{10}{M}}{s \cdot (s^2 + \frac{B}{M} s + \frac{K}{M})} \end{aligned}$$

- Applying Laplace final value theorem :

$$x(\infty) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} x(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot X(s) = \frac{\cancel{s} \cdot \frac{10}{M}}{\cancel{s} (s^2 + \frac{B}{M} s + \frac{K}{M})} = \frac{10}{K}$$

$$x(\infty) = 0,03 \Rightarrow \frac{10}{K} = 0,03 \Rightarrow K = 333,33 \text{ N/m}$$

9) continuaciones

- From the graphic:

$$t_p = 2 \text{ sec}$$

$$M_p = \frac{x(t_p) - x(\infty)}{x(\infty)} \times 100\%$$

$$x(t_p) = 0,03 + 0,003$$

$$= 0,033$$

$$= \frac{0,033 - 0,03}{0,03}$$

$$= \frac{0,003}{0,03} = 0,1$$

$$M_p = 10\%$$

- From the specification of M_p :

$$M_p = e^{\frac{-\pi \xi}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}}}$$

$$0,1 = e^{\frac{-\pi \xi}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}}} \Leftrightarrow \xi = 0,591$$

- From the specification of t_p :

$$t_p = \frac{\pi}{\omega_n \sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \Leftrightarrow 2 = \frac{\pi}{\omega_n \sqrt{1-0,591^2}}$$

$$\omega_n = 1,95 \text{ rad/sec.}$$

- Transfer Function (T.F) second order system:

$$\frac{X(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{\boxed{L} \omega_n^2}{s^2 + \underbrace{2\xi\omega_n}_B s + \underbrace{\omega_n^2}_K}$$

our system:

$$\frac{X(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{\boxed{1}}{\boxed{K}} \cdot \frac{\frac{L}{M}}{s^2 + \frac{B}{M}s + \frac{K}{M}}$$

comparing the two equations

$$\begin{cases} \frac{B}{M} = 2\xi\omega_n \\ \frac{K}{M} = \omega_n^2 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} - \\ M = \frac{K}{\omega_n^2} \end{cases} \begin{cases} B = 2\xi\omega_n M \\ M = 87,66 \text{ Kg} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} B = 201,71 \text{ Ns/m} \\ M = 87,66 \text{ Kg} \end{cases}$$