

4.1

characteristic equation of a system:

$$P(s) = s^3 + 3Ks^2 + (K+2)s + 4$$

? value of K for a stable system

• Apply Routh-Hurwitz criterion:

3	1	K+2	
2	3K	4	
1	b_{n-1}		
0	4		

$$b_{n-1} = - \frac{(1 \cdot 4 - 3K \cdot (K+2))}{3K}$$

$$= \frac{3K(K+2) - 4}{3K}$$

$$c_{n-1} = - \frac{(3K \cdot \emptyset - b_{n-1} \cdot 4)}{b_{n-1}}$$

$$= 4$$

• In order to the system to be stable $b_{n-1} > 0$:

$$3K > 0$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{3K(K+2) - 4}{3K} > 0 \\ 3K > 0 \end{array} \right. \Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3K(K+2) > 4 \\ K > 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} K > 0,5275 \\ K > \emptyset \end{array} \right.$$

$\therefore K > 0,5275 \Rightarrow$ system is stable.