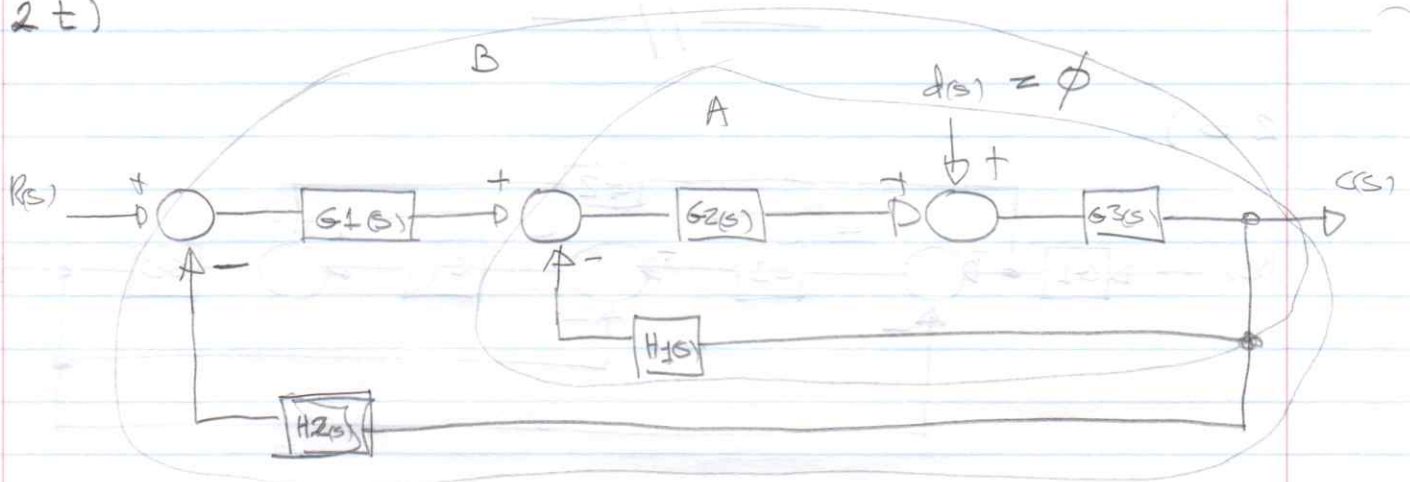
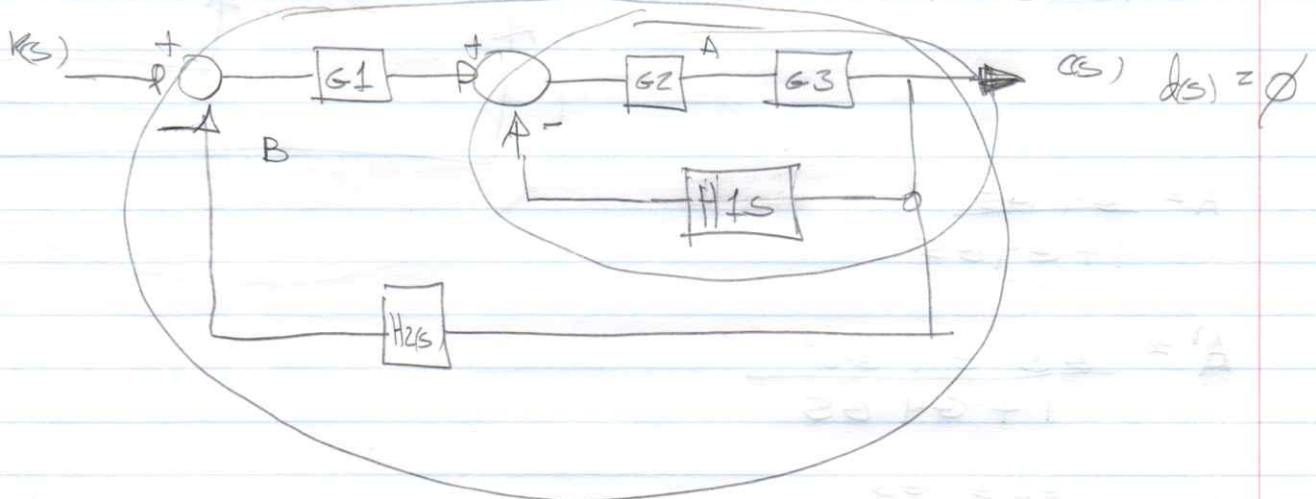


2 t)



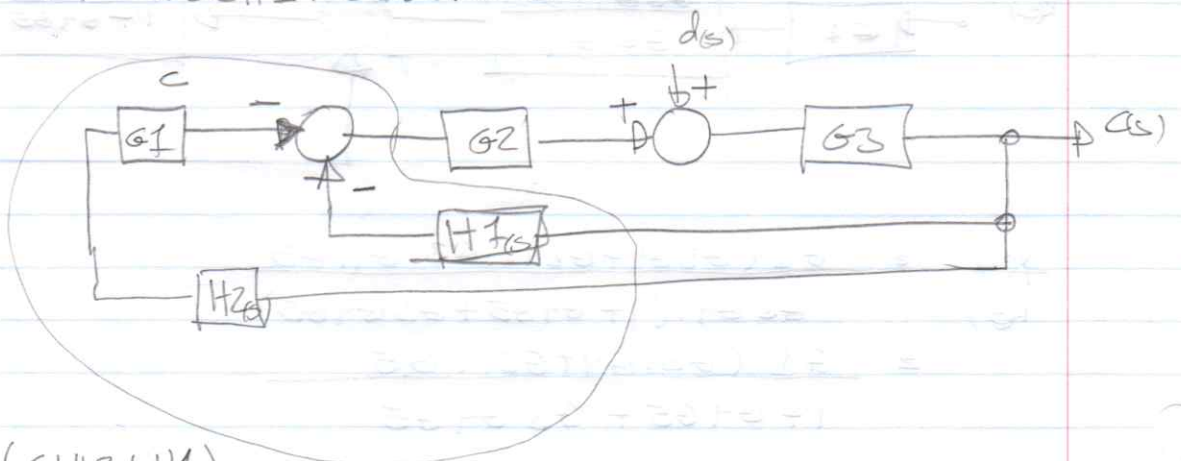
Sobreposição Primeiro calcula-se com  $d(s) = 0$ , depois resolver com  $R(s) = \phi$  e soma-se os dois resultados.



$$A = \frac{G2 \cdot G3}{1 + G2 G3 H1}$$

$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G1 G2 G3}{1 + G2 G3 H1 + G1 \cdot G2 \cdot G3 H2}$$

\* (B)



$$C = -(G1 H2 + H1)$$