

### **Final Task**

Data Science Project-Based Virtual Internship: Rakamin Academy x Kalbe Nutritionals

Presented by Biyan Bahtiar Ramadhan



### Hi! I'm Biyan

#### **About Me**

As a Certified Data Scientist and Analyst, I have expertise in crafting dashboards using Tableau, Power BI, and Looker Studio as well as analysis from exploratory to statistics and machine learning. With experience in multiple industry including healthcare, handling big data and my skills in using Python, SQL and Excel, I will always look for a way to obtain insights for you, either solo or in team.



#### **Data Analyst Associate**

- Provide analysis on stealth B2B SaaS company specializing in Human Resource Management System (HRIS).
- Created analytical dashboard that monitors funnel conversion rate and leads customer generations.
- Created leads segmentation to help company customize different marketing/sales strategy and performed impact analysis.
- Analyzed funnel conversion rate and gave recommendation and impact analysis to optimize conversion rate based on customer survey results and leads characteristics.

#### **General Practitioner**

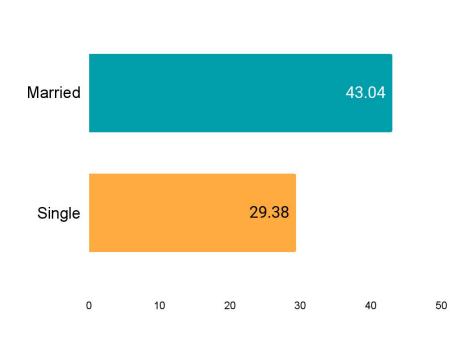
- Performed thalassemia screening on over 1000 of patients yearly and make report for patients and physician.
- Input and maintained thalassemia screening database which contains more than 5000 record.
- Perform genetic counseling for patients with thalassemia and other rare disease such as Duchenne Muscular Distrophy (DMD), Disorder of Sex Development (DSD) and more.
- Did laboratory work in relation with thalassemia screening and prepared patient samples before sending to other laboratory.



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### **EDA using SQL**

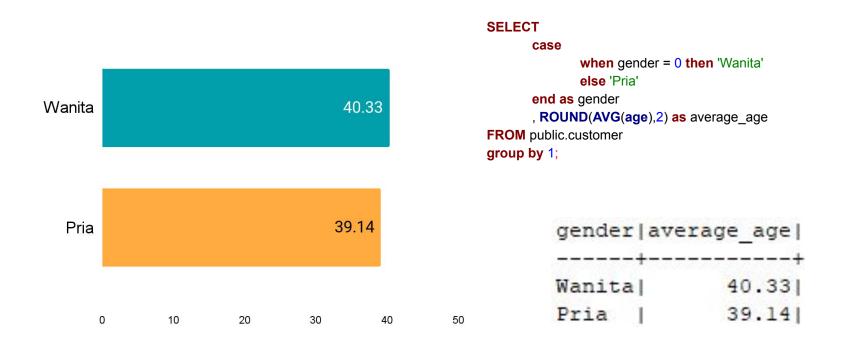
#### The Average Age Based on Marital Status



```
"Marital Status" as marital_status
, ROUND(AVG(age),2) as average_age
from public.customer
where "Marital Status" in ('Married', 'Single')
group by 1;
```

marital_sta	atus ave	rage_age
	+	+
Married	1	43.04
Single	1	29.38

#### The Average Age Based on Gender

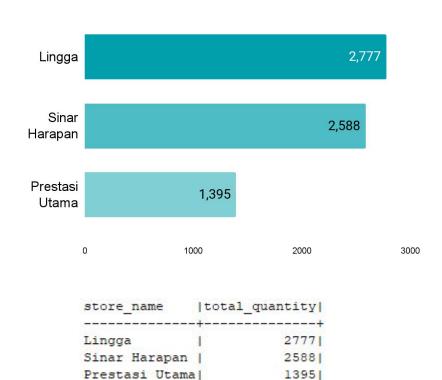


#### **Store Name with The Most Quantity**

```
store_name|total_quantity|
-----+
Lingga | 2777|
```

```
with table 1 as(
       select
                s.storename as store name
                , sum(t.qty) as total quantity
                , rank() over(order by sum(t.qty) desc) as
"rank"
       from store s
       inner join "transaction" t
               on s.storeid = t.storeid
       group by 1
select
       store name
       , total quantity
from table 1
where "rank" = 1;
```

#### **Top 3 Store Name with The Most Quantity**



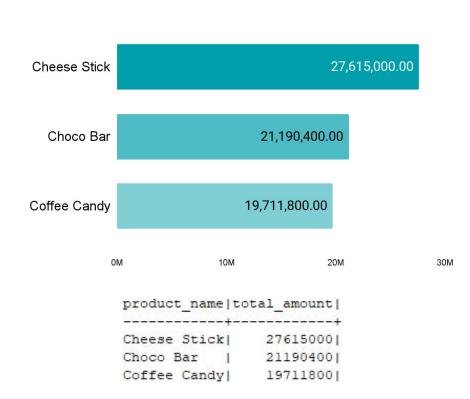
```
with table 1 as(
       select
               s.storename as store name
               , sum(t.qty) as total quantity
               , rank() over(order by sum(t.qty) desc) as
"rank"
       from store s
       inner join "transaction" t
               on s.storeid = t.storeid
       group by 1
select
       store name
       , total quantity
from table 1
where "rank" <= 3;
```

#### **Product with The Most Total Amount**

```
product_name|total_amount|
-----+
Cheese Stick| 27615000|
```

```
with table 1 as(
       select
               p."Product Name" as product name
               , sum(t.totalamount) as total amount
               , rank() over(order by sum(t.totalamount) desc)
as "rank"
       from product p
       inner join "transaction" t
               on p.productid = t.productid
       group by 1
select
       product name
       , total amount
from table 1
where "rank" = 1;
```

#### **Top 3 Product with The Most Total Amount**



```
with table 1 as(
       select
               p."Product Name" as product name
               , sum(t.totalamount) as total amount
               , rank() over(order by sum(t.totalamount) desc)
as "rank"
       from product p
       inner join "transaction" t
               on p.productid = t.productid
       group by 1
select
       product name
       , total amount
from table 1
where "rank" <= 3;
```



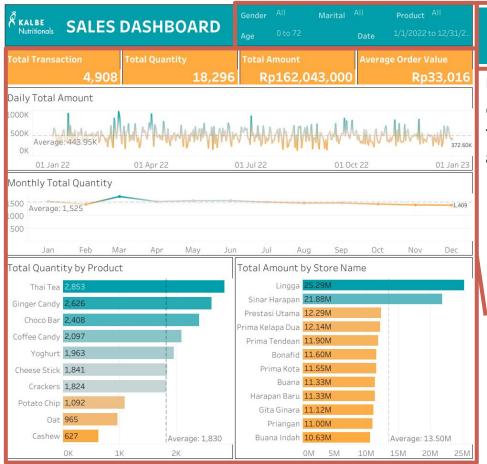
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# Dashboard in Tableau



# Tableau Dashboard

(Link)



Gender	All	Marital	All	Product <sup>All</sup>
Age	0 to 72		Date	1/1/2022 to 12/31/2

User can select the filter they want by clicking these dropdowns. Available filter are **gender**, **marital status**, **product**, **age** and **date**.

Available chart are **Daily Total Amount**, **Monthly Total Quantity**, **Total Quantity by Product** and **Total Amount by Store Name**.

Scorecard are **Total Transaction**, **Total Quantity**, **Total Amount** and **AOV**.

All of these are affected by filter.



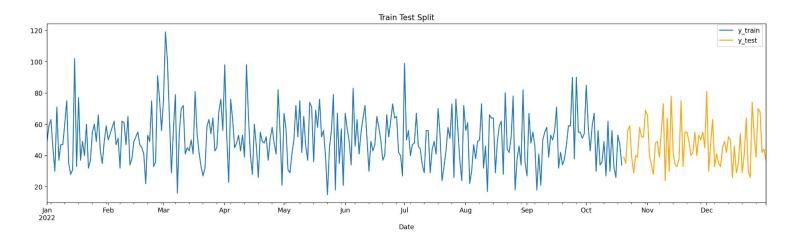
# Stock Inventory Forecast Using ARIMA

#### 1. Prepare the Data and Train-Test Split

```
# prepare the data
arima_df = transaction_df[['Date',

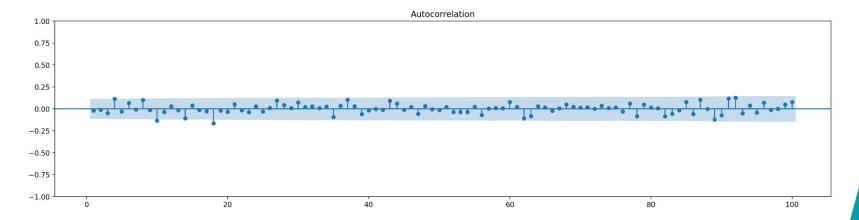
'Qty']].copy().sort_values(by='Date').groupby('Date')[['Qty']].sum()

# train_test_split
arima_df_len = round(len(arima_df)*0.8)
y_train, y_test = arima_df[['Qty']].iloc[:arima_df_len], arima_df[['Qty']].iloc[arima_df_len:]
```



#### 2. Determine Seasonality - No Seasonality

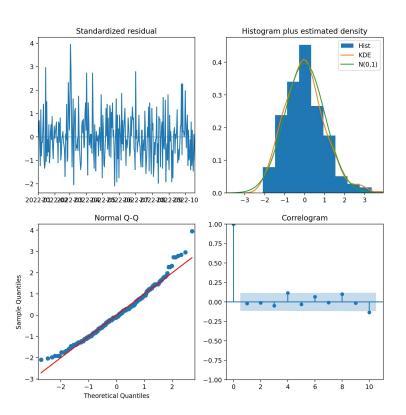
```
# No seasonality
acf_data = y_train.copy()
acf_data = acf_data - acf_data.rolling().mean()
acf_data.dropna(inplace=True)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=1, figsize=(20,10))
plot_acf(acf_data, lags=100, zero=False, ax=ax[0])
sns.lineplot(acf_data, ax=ax[])
plt.show()
```



#### 3. Determine Differencing and Create Model

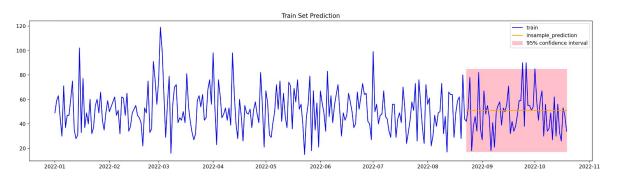
```
# decide the correct differencing and create model
model = auto arima(y train, trace=True, suppress warnings=True, max p=20, max d=20,
                       max q=20)
model.summary()
                               Best model: ARIMA(0,0,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                               Total fit time: 0.822 seconds
                                                  SARIMAX Results
                                 Dep. Variable: v
                                                            No. Observations: 292
                                    Model:
                                              SARIMAX
                                                            Log Likelihood -1245.264
                                    Date:
                                                                  AIC
                                                                           2494 528
                                           Thu, 31 Aug 2023
                                    Time:
                                            09:37:04
                                                                  BIC 2501.882
                                    Sample:
                                             01-01-2022
                                                                 HQIC 2497.474
                                              - 10-19-2022
                                Covariance Type: opg
                                         coef std err z P>|z| [0.025 0.975]
                               intercept 51.0205 1.069 47.722 0.000 48.925 53.116
                                sigma2 296.2872 22.615 13.102 0.000 251.963 340.611
                                 Ljung-Box (L1) (Q): 0.11 Jarque-Bera (JB): 19.60
                                     Prob(Q):
                                                  0.74
                                                         Prob(JB):
                                                                     0.00
                                Heteroskedasticity (H): 0.83
                                                           Skew:
                                                                     0.55
```

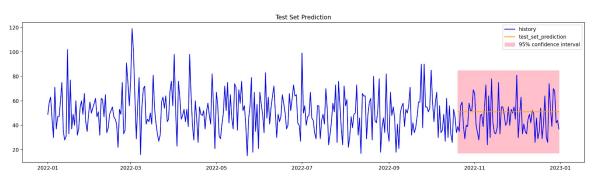
#### 4. Plot Diagnostics



```
# plot_diagnostics
model.plot_diagnostics(figsize=(10,10))
plt.show()
```

#### 5. Train & Test Set RMSE

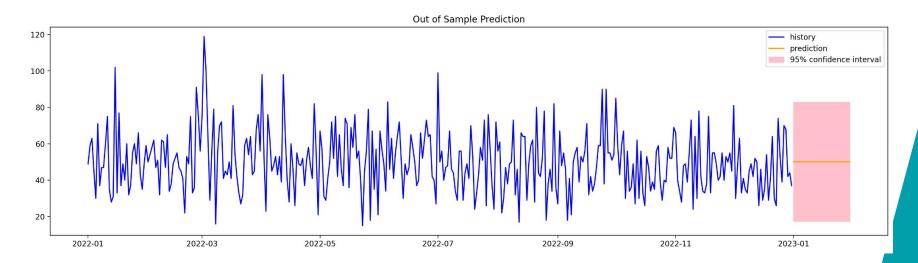




	RMSE
Train set	16.862
Test set	14.499

#### 6. Out-of-Sample Prediction (30 days)

	Stock for Tomorrow	Stock for 1 Week	Stock for 30 days
Prediction	51	357	1530





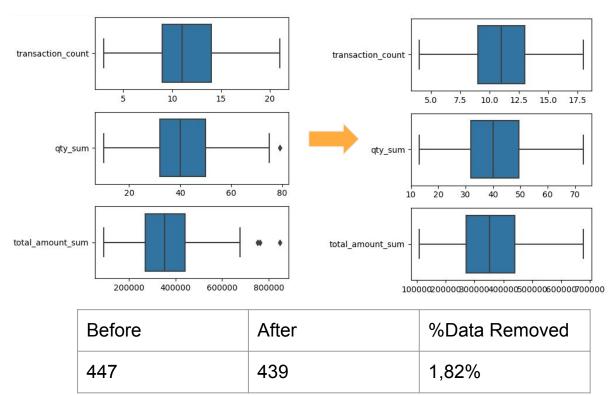
# Customer Segmentation for Personalized Promotion

#### 1. Preparation

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 447 entries, 1 to 99
Data columns (total 3 columns):
    Column
                        Non-Null Count
                                        Dtype
    transaction count 447 non-null
                                        int64
                        447 non-null
    aty sum
                                       int64
    total amount sum 447 non-null
                                        int64
dtypes: int64(3)
memory usage: 14.0+ KB
            transaction count gty sum total amount sum
 CustomerID
                            17
                                     60
                                                  623300
    10
                            14
                                     50
                                                  478000
    100
                                     35
                             8
                                                  272400
    101
                            14
                                     44
                                                   439600
    102
                            15
                                     57
                                                  423300
```

```
# Merge All Data
master df = transaction df.merge(product df,
on='ProductID', how='left')
                          .merge(customer df,
on='CustomerID', how='left')
                          .merge(store df,
on='StoreID', how='left')
master df.drop(columns= 'Price y', inplace=True)
master df.rename(columns={ 'Price x':'Price'},
inplace=True)
# Groupby: customerid, Aggregate: transaction count,
qty sum, total amount sum
group customer =
master df.groupby('CustomerID').agg({'TransactionID':'
count','Qty':'sum','TotalAmount':'sum'})
group customer.rename(columns= dict(zip(['TransactionID
','Qty','TotalAmount'],
['transaction count', 'qty sum', 'total amount sum'])),
                      inplace= True)
```

#### 2. Removing Outlier



#### 3. Preprocessing - Standardization

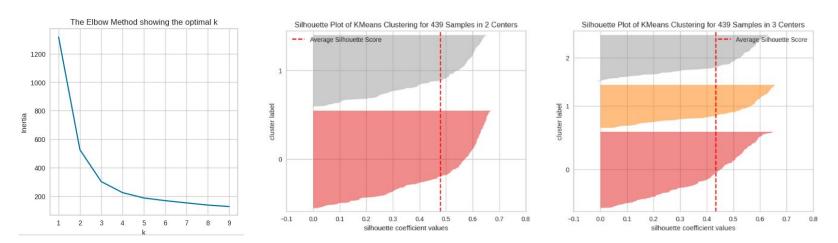
```
preprocessing = group_customer_no_outlier.copy()

# StandardScaler

ss = StandardScaler()

ss_preprocessing = ss.fit_transform(preprocessing[preprocessing.columns])
```

#### 4. Decide Number of Cluster



Elbow method suggest 3 cluster while silhouette score suggest 2-3 cluster. I decide to pick **3 cluster**.

#### 5. Segmentation Result

	> High Spender	dedium Spender	<b>W</b> Low Spender
Total Customer	129	203	115
Female:Male	1,0 <mark>8</mark> :1	1,23:1	1,21:1
Married:Single	2,82:1	3,41:1	3,6:1
Avg. Age	40,4	38,7	<mark>39</mark> ,7
Income	8,45	8,49	8,92
Avg. Transaction Cnt	14,9	<b>1</b> 1	7,4
Avg. Quantity Bought	56,3	<b>39</b> .5	26.0
Avg. Spending	511.679	348,426	220,050

## Thanks!

<u>Link to task folder</u> <u>Link to presentation video</u>







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