

Spark 2.0介绍:从RDD API迁移到DataSet API

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《Spark 2.0技术预览:更容易、更快速、更智能》文章中简单地介绍了Spark 2.0带来的新技术等。Spark 2.0是Apache Spark的下一个主要版本。此版本在架构抽象、API以及平台的类库方面带来了很大的变化,为该框架明年的发展方向奠定了方向,所以了解Spark 2.0的一些特性对我们能够使用它有着非常重要的作用。本博客将对Spark 2.0进行一序列的介绍(参见Spark 2.0分类),欢迎关注。

RDD迁移到DataSet

DataSet API将RDD和DataFrame两者的优点整合起来,DataSet中的许多API模仿了RDD的API,虽然两者的实现很不一样。所以大多数调用RDD API编写的程序可以很容易地迁移到DataSet API中,下面我将简单地展示几个片段来说明如何将RDD编写的程序迁移到DataSet。

1、加载文件

RDD

val rdd = sparkContext.textFile("src/main/resources/data.txt")

Dataset

val ds = sparkSession.read.text("src/main/resources/data.txt")

2、计算总数

RDD

rdd.count()



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ds.count()

3、WordCount实例

RDD

```
val wordsRDD = rdd.flatMap(value => value.split("\\ ws+"))
val wordsPair = wordsRDD.map(word => (word,1))
val wordCount = wordsPair.reduceByKey(_+_)
```

Dataset

4、缓存(Caching)

RDD

rdd.cache()

Dataset

ds.cache()



5、过滤(Filter)

RDD

val filteredRDD = wordsRDD.filter(value => value =="hello")

Dataset

val filteredDS = wordsDs.filter(value => value =="hello")

6、Map Partitions

RDD

val mapPartitionsRDD = rdd.mapPartitions(iterator =>
 List(iterator.count(value => true)).iterator)

Dataset

val mapPartitionsDs = ds.mapPartitions(iterator => List(iterator.count(value => true)).iterator)

7、reduceByKey

RDD

val reduceCountByRDD = wordsPair.reduceByKey(_+_)

Dataset

val reduceCountByDs = wordsPairDs.mapGroups((key,values) =>(key,values.length))



8、RDD和DataSet互相转换

RDD

val dsToRDD = ds.rdd

Dataset

将RDD转换成DataFrame需要做一些工作,比如需要指定特定的模式。下面展示如何将RDD[String]转换成DataFrame[String]:

```
val rddStringToRowRDD = rdd.map(value => Row(value))
val dfschema = StructType(Array(StructField("value",StringType)))
val rddToDF = sparkSession.createDataFrame(rddStringToRowRDD,dfschema)
val rDDToDataSet = rddToDF.as[String]
```

9、基于Double的操作

RDD

```
val doubleRDD = sparkContext.makeRDD(List(1.0,5.0,8.9,9.0))
val rddSum =doubleRDD.sum()
val rddMean = doubleRDD.mean()
```

Dataset

```
val rowRDD = doubleRDD.map(value => Row.fromSeq(List(value)))
val schema = StructType(Array(StructField("value",DoubleType)))
val doubleDS = sparkSession.createDataFrame(rowRDD,schema)
```

import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
doubleDS.agg(sum("value"))
doubleDS.agg(mean("value"))



10、Reduce API

RDD

val rddReduce = doubleRDD.reduce((a,b) => a +b)

Dataset

val dsReduce = doubleDS.reduce((row1,row2) =>Row(row1.getDouble(0) + row2.getDouble(0)))

上面的代码片段展示了如何将你之前使用RDD API编写的程序转换成DataSet API编写的程序。虽然这里并没有覆盖所有的RDD API编写的程序。虽然这里并没有覆盖所有的RDD API编写的程序转换成DataSet API编写的程序。

完整代码

package com.iteblog.spark

import org.apache.spark.sql.types.{DoubleType, StringType, StructField, StructType} import org.apache.spark.sql.{Row, SparkSession}

```
/**
 * RDD API to Dataset API
 * http://www.iteblog.com
 */
object RDDToDataSet {
  def main(args: Array[String]) {
    val sparkSession = SparkSession.builder.
        master("local")
        .appName("example")
        .getOrCreate()
  val sparkContext = sparkSession.sparkContext
  //read data from text file
```



```
val rdd = sparkContext.textFile("src/main/resources/data.txt")
val ds = sparkSession.read.text("src/main/resources/data.txt")
// do count
println("count ")
println(rdd.count())
println(ds.count())
// wordcount
println(" wordcount ")
val wordsRDD = rdd.flatMap(value => value.split("\\Ws+"))
val wordsPair = wordsRDD.map(word => (word,1))
val wordCount = wordsPair.reduceByKey(_+_)
println(wordCount.collect.toList)
import sparkSession.implicits.
val wordsDs = ds.flatMap(value => value.split("\\Ws+"))
val wordsPairDs = wordsDs.groupByKey(value => value)
val wordCountDs = wordsPairDs.count
wordCountDs.show()
//cache
rdd.cache()
ds.cache()
//filter
val filteredRDD = wordsRDD.filter(value => value =="hello")
println(filteredRDD.collect().toList)
val filteredDS = wordsDs.filter(value => value =="hello")
filteredDS.show()
//map partitions
val mapPartitionsRDD = rdd.mapPartitions(iterator =>
       List(iterator.count(value => true)).iterator)
println(s" the count each partition is ${mapPartitionsRDD.collect().toList}")
val mapPartitionsDs = ds.mapPartitions(iterator =>
       List(iterator.count(value => true)).iterator)
mapPartitionsDs.show()
//converting to each other
```



```
val dsToRDD = ds.rdd
 println(dsToRDD.collect())
 val rddStringToRowRDD = rdd.map(value => Row(value))
 val dfschema = StructType(Array(StructField("value",StringType)))
 val rddToDF = sparkSession.createDataFrame(rddStringToRowRDD,dfschema)
 val rDDToDataSet = rddToDF.as[String]
 rDDToDataSet.show()
 // double based operation
 val doubleRDD = sparkContext.makeRDD(List(1.0,5.0,8.9,9.0))
 val rddSum =doubleRDD.sum()
 val rddMean = doubleRDD.mean()
 println(s"sum is $rddSum")
 println(s"mean is $rddMean")
 val rowRDD = doubleRDD.map(value => Row.fromSeq(List(value)))
 val schema = StructType(Array(StructField("value",DoubleType)))
 val doubleDS = sparkSession.createDataFrame(rowRDD,schema)
 import org.apache.spark.sql.functions.
 doubleDS.agg(sum("value")).show()
 doubleDS.agg(mean("value")).show()
 //reduceByKey API
 val reduceCountByRDD = wordsPair.reduceByKey(_+_)
 val reduceCountByDs = wordsPairDs.mapGroups((key,values) =>(key,values.length))
 println(reduceCountByRDD.collect().toList)
 println(reduceCountByDs.collect().toList)
 //reduce function
 val rddReduce = doubleRDD.reduce((a,b) => a +b)
 val dsReduce = doubleDS.reduce((row1,row2) =>
        Row(row1.getDouble(0) + row2.getDouble(0)))
 println("rdd reduce is " +rddReduce +" dataset reduce "+dsReduce)
}
```

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