

# Nonlinear State Estimation

## Model Predictive Control - Lecture 07A

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02619 Model Predictive Control

# Major Methods for Nonlinear State Estimation

- ▶ Extended Kalman Filter (EKF)
- ▶ Unscented Kalman Filter (UKF)
- ▶ Ensemble Kalman Filter (EnKF)
- ▶ Particle Filtering (PF)
- ▶ Moving Horizon Estimation (MHE)
  - optimization based estimation
- ▶ Fokker-Planck Equation
  - also called Kolmogorow's forward equation

# Model Classes Considered

- ▶ Discrete time process - discrete time measurement
  - ▶ Additive process noise

$$\begin{aligned}x_{k+1} &= F_k(x_k) + w_k & w_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, Q_k) \\ y_k &= h_k(x_k) + v_k & v_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, R_k)\end{aligned}$$

- ▶ General process noise

$$\begin{aligned}x_{k+1} &= F_k(x_k, w_k) & w_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, Q_k) \\ y_k &= h_k(x_k) + v_k & v_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, R_k)\end{aligned}$$

- ▶ Continuous time process - discrete time measurement

$$\begin{aligned}dx(t) &= f(x(t))dt + G(x(t))d\omega(t) & d\omega(t) &\sim N_{iid}(0, Idt) \\ y(t_k) &= h_k(x(t_k)) + v_k & v_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, R_k)\end{aligned}$$

# Extended Kalman Filter (EKF)

# EKF - Discrete Time Process - Additive Process Noise

## ► Model:

$$\begin{aligned}x_{k+1} &= F_k(x_k) + w_k & w_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, Q_k) \\ y_k &= h_k(x_k) + v_k & v_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, R_k)\end{aligned}$$

## ► Filtering: 1) Given $y_k$ , $\hat{x}_{k|k-1}$ and $P_{k|k-1}$ ; 2) Compute $\hat{x}_{k|k}$ and $P_{k|k}$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{y}_{k|k-1} &= h_k(\hat{x}_{k|k-1}) & C_k &= \frac{\partial h_k}{\partial x}(\hat{x}_{k|k-1}) \\ e_k &= y_k - \hat{y}_{k|k-1} & R_{e,k} &= \langle e_k, e_k \rangle = C_k P_{k|k-1} C'_k + R_k \\ & & K_{fx,k} &= \langle x_k, e_k \rangle \langle e_k, e_k \rangle^{-1} = P_{k|k-1} C'_k R_{e,k}^{-1} \\ \hat{x}_{k|k} &= \hat{x}_{k|k-1} + K_{fx,k} e_k & P_{k|k} &= P_{k|k-1} - K_{fx,k} R_{e,k} K'_{fx,k}\end{aligned}$$

## ► One-step prediction: 1) Given $\hat{x}_{k|k}$ and $P_{k|k}$ ; 2) Compute $\hat{x}_{k+1|k}$ and $P_{k+1|k}$ :

$$\hat{x}_{k+1|k} = F_k(\hat{x}_{k|k}) \quad A_k = \frac{\partial F_k}{\partial x}(\hat{x}_{k|k}) \quad P_{k+1|k} = A_k P_{k|k} A'_k + Q_k$$

## ► j-step prediction:

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{x}_{k+j+1|k} &= F_{k+j}(\hat{x}_{k+j|k}) & A_{k+j} &= \frac{\partial F_{k+j}}{\partial x}(\hat{x}_{k+j|k}) & P_{k+j+1|k} &= A_{k+j} P_{k+j|k} A'_{k+j} + Q_{k+j} \\ \hat{y}_{k+j|k} &= h_{k+j}(\hat{x}_{k+j|k}) & C_{k+j} &= \frac{\partial h_{k+j}}{\partial x}(\hat{x}_{k+j|k}) & R_{k+j|k} &= C_{k+j} P_{k+j|k} C'_{k+j} + R_{k+j}\end{aligned}$$

# EKF - Discrete Time Process - General Process Noise

► **Model:**

$$\begin{aligned}x_{k+1} &= F_k(x_k, w_k) & w_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, Q_k) \\y_k &= h_k(x_k) + v_k & v_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, R_k)\end{aligned}$$

► **Filtering:** 1) Given  $y_k$ ,  $\hat{x}_{k|k-1}$  and  $P_{k|k-1}$ ; 2) Compute  $\hat{x}_{k|k}$  and  $P_{k|k}$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{y}_{k|k-1} &= h_k(\hat{x}_{k|k-1}) & C_k &= \frac{\partial h_k}{\partial x}(\hat{x}_{k|k-1}) \\e_k &= y_k - \hat{y}_{k|k-1} & R_{e,k} &= \langle e_k, e_k \rangle = C_k P_{k|k-1} C_k' + R_k \\K_{fx,k} &= \langle x_k, e_k \rangle \langle e_k, e_k \rangle^{-1} = P_{k|k-1} C_k' R_{e,k}^{-1} \\ \hat{x}_{k|k} &= \hat{x}_{k|k-1} + K_{fx,k} e_k & P_{k|k} &= P_{k|k-1} - K_{fx,k} R_{e,k} K_{fx,k}'\end{aligned}$$

► **One-step prediction:** 1) Given  $\hat{x}_{k|k}$  and  $P_{k|k}$ ; 2) Compute  $\hat{x}_{k+1|k}$  and  $P_{k+1|k}$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{x}_{k+1|k} &= F_k(\hat{x}_{k|k}, 0) & A_k &= \frac{\partial F_k}{\partial x}(\hat{x}_{k|k}, 0) & G_k &= \frac{\partial F_k}{\partial w}(\hat{x}_{k|k}, 0) \\P_{k+1|k} &= A_k P_{k|k} A_k' + G_k Q_k G_k'\end{aligned}$$

► **j-step prediction:**

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{x}_{k+j+1|k} &= F_{k+j}(\hat{x}_{k+j|k}, 0) & A_{k+j} &= \frac{\partial F_{k+j}}{\partial x}(\hat{x}_{k+j|k}, 0) & G_{k+j} &= \frac{\partial F_{k+j}}{\partial w}(\hat{x}_{k+j|k}, 0) \\P_{k+j+1|k} &= A_{k+j} P_{k+j|k} A_{k+j}' + G_{k+j} Q_{k+j} G_{k+j}'\end{aligned}$$

# EKF - Continuous Time Process

► **Model:**

$$\begin{aligned} dx(t) &= f(x(t))dt + G(x(t))d\omega(t) & d\omega(t) &\sim N_{iid}(0, I dt) \\ y(t_k) &= h_k(x(t_k)) + v_k & v_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, R_k) \end{aligned}$$

► **Filtering:** 1) Given  $y_k$ ,  $\hat{x}_{k|k-1}$  and  $P_{k|k-1}$ ; 2) Compute  $\hat{x}_{k|k}$  and  $P_{k|k}$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{y}_{k|k-1} &= h_k(\hat{x}_{k|k-1}) & C_k &= \frac{\partial h_k}{\partial x}(\hat{x}_{k|k-1}) \\ e_k &= y_k - \hat{y}_{k|k-1} & R_{e,k} &= \langle e_k, e_k \rangle = C_k P_{k|k-1} C_k' + R_k \\ & & K_{fx,k} &= \langle x_k, e_k \rangle \langle e_k, e_k \rangle^{-1} = P_{k|k-1} C_k' R_{e,k}^{-1} \\ \hat{x}_{k|k} &= \hat{x}_{k|k-1} + K_{fx,k} e_k & P_{k|k} &= P_{k|k-1} - K_{fx,k} R_{e,k} K_{fx,k}' \end{aligned}$$

► **Prediction:** 1) Given  $\hat{x}_{k|k}$  and  $P_{k|k}$ ; 2) Solve

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\hat{x}_k(t)}{dt} &= f(\hat{x}_k(t)) & \hat{x}_k(t_k) &= \hat{x}_{k|k} \\ \frac{dP_k(t)}{dt} &= A_k(t)P_k(t) + P_k(t)A_k(t)' + G(\hat{x}_k(t))G(\hat{x}_k(t))' & P_k(t_k) &= P_{k|k} \\ A_k(t) &= \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(\hat{x}_k(t)) \end{aligned}$$

► **One-step prediction:**  $\hat{x}_{k+1|k} = \hat{x}_k(t_{k+1})$  and  $P_{k+1|k} = P_k(t_{k+1})$

► **j-step prediction:**  $\hat{x}_{k+j|k} = \hat{x}_k(t_{k+j})$  and  $P_{k+j|k} = P_k(t_{k+j})$

# Unscented Kalman Filter (UKF)



► **Output and measurement model:**

$$z_k = h_k(x_k)$$

$$y_k = z_k + v_k \quad v_k \sim N_{iid}(0, R_k)$$

► **Filtering:**

- Given  $\hat{x}_{k|k-1}$  and  $P_{k|k-1}$  - compute the sigma-points:

$$\hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(0)} = \hat{x}_{k|k-1}$$

$$\hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} = \hat{x}_{k|k-1} + \sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{P_{k|k-1}} \right)_i \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n_x$$

$$\hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(i+n_x)} = \hat{x}_{k|k-1} - \sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{P_{k|k-1}} \right)_i \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n_x$$

- Compute output sigma points and mean

$$\hat{z}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} = h_k(\hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(i)}) \quad i = 0, 1, \dots, 2n_x$$

$$\hat{y}_{k|k-1} = \hat{z}_{k|k-1} = \sum_{i=0}^{2n_x} W_m^{(i)} \hat{z}_{k|k-1}^{(i)}$$

$$e_k = y_k - \hat{y}_{k|k-1}$$

- Compute covariances and gain

$$R_{zz,k} = \langle z_k, z_k \rangle = \sum_{i=0}^{2n_x} W_c^{(i)} \left( \hat{z}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} - \hat{z}_{k|k-1} \right) \left( \hat{z}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} - \hat{z}_{k|k-1} \right)'$$

$$R_{e,k} = R_{yy,k} = \langle y_k, y_k \rangle = R_{zz,k} + R_k$$

$$R_{xy,k} = \langle x_k, y_k \rangle = \langle x_k, z_k \rangle = \sum_{i=0}^{2n_x} W_c^{(i)} \left( \hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} - \hat{x}_{k|k-1} \right) \left( \hat{z}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} - \hat{z}_{k|k-1} \right)'$$

$$K_{fx,k} = \langle x_k, y_k \rangle \langle y_k, y_k \rangle^{-1} = R_{xy,k} R_{yy,k}^{-1} = R_{xy,k} R_{e,k}^{-1}$$

- Compute:  $\hat{x}_{k|k} = \hat{x}_{k|k-1} + K_{fx,k} e_k$        $P_{k|k} = P_{k|k-1} - K_{fx,k} R_{e,k} K_{fx,k}'$

► **One-step prediction:**

- Given  $\hat{x}_{k|k}$  and  $P_{k|k}$  - compute the sigma-points:

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(0)} &= \hat{x}_{k|k} \\ \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)} &= \hat{x}_{k|k} + \sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{P_{k|k}} \right)_i \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n_x \\ \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i+n_x)} &= \hat{x}_{k|k} - \sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{P_{k|k}} \right)_i \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n_x\end{aligned}$$

- Compute output sigma points and the mean

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{s}_{k|k}^{(i)} &= F_k(\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)}) \quad i = 0, 1, \dots, 2n_x \\ \hat{x}_{k+1|k} &= \hat{s}_{k|k} = \sum_{i=0}^{2m_x} W_m^{(i)} \hat{s}_{k|k}^{(i)}\end{aligned}$$

- Compute the covariance

$$\begin{aligned}R_{ss,k} &= \langle s_k, s_k \rangle = \sum_{i=0}^{2n_x} W_c^{(i)} \left( \hat{s}_{k|k}^{(i)} - \hat{s}_{k|k} \right) \left( \hat{s}_{k|k}^{(i)} - \hat{s}_{k|k} \right)' \\ P_{k+1|k} &= R_{ss,k} + Q_k\end{aligned}$$

- Result:  $\hat{x}_{k+1|k}$  and  $P_{k+1|k}$

► **One-step prediction:**

- Given  $\hat{x}_{k|k}$  and  $P_{k|k}$  - compute the sigma-points:

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(0)} &= \hat{x}_{k|k} \\ \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)} &= \hat{x}_{k|k} + \sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{P_{k|k}} \right)_i \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n_x \\ \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i+n_x)} &= \hat{x}_{k|k} - \sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{P_{k|k}} \right)_i \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n_x\end{aligned}$$

- Compute output sigma points and the mean

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{s}_{k|k}^{(0,0)} &= F_k(\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(0)}, \hat{w}_{k|k}^{(0)}) \\ \hat{s}_{k|k}^{(i,0)} &= F_k(\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)}, w_{k|k}^{(0)}) \quad i = 1, \dots, 2n_x \\ \hat{s}_{k|k}^{(0,j)} &= F_k(\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(0)}, w_{k|k}^{(j)}) \quad j = 1, \dots, 2n_w \\ \hat{x}_{k+1|k} &= \hat{s}_{k|k} = W_m^{(0,0)} \hat{s}_{k|k}^{(0,0)} + \sum_{i=1}^{2n_x} W_m^{(i,0)} \hat{s}_{k|k}^{(i,0)} + \sum_{j=1}^{2n_w} W_m^{(0,j)} \hat{s}_{k|k}^{(0,j)}\end{aligned}$$

- Compute the covariance

$$P_{k+1|k} = R_{ss,k} = \langle s_k, s_k \rangle = \sum_{i=0}^{2n_x} W_c^{(i)} \left( \hat{s}_{k|k}^{(i)} - \hat{s}_{k|k} \right) \left( \hat{s}_{k|k}^{(i)} - \hat{s}_{k|k} \right)'$$

- Result:  $\hat{x}_{k+1|k}$  and  $P_{k+1|k}$

# Ensemble Kalman Filter

## (EnKF)

► **Continuous-discrete nonlinear model:**

$$\begin{aligned}dx(t) &= f(x(t))dt + G(x(t))d\omega(t), \\ y(t_k) &= h_k(x(t_k)) + v_k,\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}d\omega(t) &\sim N_{iid}(0, I dt), \\ v_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, R_k).\end{aligned}$$

► **Filtering:**

- Given state ensemble,  $\{\hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(i)}\}_{i=1}^{N_p}$
- Compute ensemble measurement prediction  $\{\hat{y}_{k|k-1}^{(i)}\}_{i=1}^{N_p}$

$$\hat{y}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} = h_k(\hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(i)}), \quad i \in \{1, 2, \dots, N_p\}$$

- Compute innovations

$$e_k^{(i)} = y_k^{(i)} - \hat{y}_{k|k-1}^{(i)}, \quad y_k^{(i)} = y_k + v_k^{(i)}, \quad i \in \{1, 2, \dots, N_p\},$$

where  $y_k^{(i)}$  are measurement perturbation, where  $v_k^{(i)}$  are samples from  $v_k \sim \mathcal{N}(0, R_k)$ .

- Compute Kalman gain

$$K_{fx,k} = R_{xy,k|k-1} R_{yy,k|k-1}^{-1},$$

where the mean and covariances are approximated using the ensemble

$$\hat{x}_{k|k-1} = \frac{1}{N_p} \sum_{i=1}^{N_p} \hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(i)},$$

$$R_{yy,k|k-1} = \frac{1}{N_p - 1} \sum_{i=1}^{N_p} \left( \hat{y}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} - \hat{y}_{k|k-1} \right) \left( \hat{y}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} - \hat{y}_{k|k-1} \right)^T,$$

$$R_{xy,k|k-1} = \frac{1}{N_p - 1} \sum_{i=1}^{N_p} \left( \hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} - \hat{x}_{k|k-1} \right) \left( \hat{y}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} - \hat{y}_{k|k-1} \right)^T$$

- Compute filtering ensemble  $\{\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)}\}_{i=1}^{N_p}$

$$\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)} = \hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} + K_{fx,k} e_k^{(i)}.$$

► **One-step prediction:**

- Given state ensemble,  $\{\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)}\}_{i=1}^{N_p}$
- Compute state ensemble prediction as solution to

$$\hat{x}_k^{(i)}(t_k) = \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)}, \quad i = \{1, 2, \dots, N_p\},$$

$$d\hat{\mathbf{x}}_k^{(i)}(t) = f(\hat{\mathbf{x}}_k^{(i)}(t))dt + G(\hat{\mathbf{x}}_k^{(i)}(t))d\boldsymbol{\omega}_k^{(i)}(t), \quad i = \{1, 2, \dots, N_p\},$$

- Compute state mean and covariance (optional)

$$\hat{x}_{k|k} = \frac{1}{N_p} \sum_{i=1}^{N_p} \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)},$$

$$P_{k|k-1} = R_{xx,k|k-1} = \frac{1}{N_p - 1} \sum_{i=1}^{N_p} \left( \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)} - \hat{x}_{k|k} \right) \left( \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)} - \hat{x}_{k|k} \right)^T.$$



# Particle Filter (PF)

► **Continuous-discrete nonlinear model:**

$$\begin{aligned}dx(t) &= f(x(t))dt + G(x(t))d\omega(t), \\ y(t_k) &= h_k(x(t_k)) + v_k,\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}d\omega(t) &\sim N_{iid}(0, Idt), \\ v_k &\sim N_{iid}(0, R_k).\end{aligned}$$

► **Filtering:**

- Given set of sampled particles with associated weights,  $\{\hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(i)}, w_k^{(i)}\}_{i=1}^{N_p}$
- Compute innovations

$$e_k^{(i)} = y_k - \hat{y}_{k|k-1}^{(i)}, \quad \hat{y}_{k|k-1}^{(i)} = h_k(\hat{x}_{k|k-1}^{(i)}), \quad i \in \{1, 2, \dots, N_p\}.$$

- Compute new weights from likelihood function  $p(y_k | x_k)$

$$w_k^{(i)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi^{n_y} |R_k(\theta)|}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(e_k^{(i)}\right)^T R_k^{-1} e_k^{(i)}\right).$$

- Resample particles according to new weights and assign new equal weights to all resampled particles

1. Given weights  $\{w_k^{(i)}\}$ .
2. Generate uniformly distributed sample  $u_1 \sim \mathcal{U}[0, 1]$ .
3. Generate ordered resampling points

$$U = \frac{\{0, 1, \dots, N_p - 1\} + u_1}{N_p}.$$

4. Compute cumulative sum of weights,  $W_k$ .
  5. Resample  $m_i$  of each particle according to cumulative sum of weights,  $W_k$ , and ordered resampling points,  $U$ .
- Compute mean and covariance (optional)

$$\hat{x}_{k|k} = \frac{1}{N_p} \sum_{i=1}^{N_p} \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)},$$

$$P_{k|k-1} = R_{xx,k|k-1} = \frac{1}{N_p - 1} \sum_{i=1}^{N_p} \left(\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)} - \hat{x}_{k|k}\right) \left(\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)} - \hat{x}_{k|k}\right)^T.$$

► **One-step prediction:**

- Given set of sampled particles with associated weights,  $\{\hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)}, w_k^{(i)}\}_{i=1}^{N_p}$
- Compute state particle prediction as solution to

$$\hat{x}_k^{(i)}(t_k) = \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)}, \quad i = \{1, 2, \dots, N_p\},$$

$$d\hat{\mathbf{x}}_k^{(i)}(t) = f(\hat{\mathbf{x}}_k^{(i)}(t))dt + G(\hat{\mathbf{x}}_k^{(i)}(t))d\boldsymbol{\omega}_k^{(i)}(t), \quad i = \{1, 2, \dots, N_p\},$$

- Compute state mean and covariance (optional)

$$\hat{x}_{k|k} = \frac{1}{N_p} \sum_{i=1}^{N_p} \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)},$$

$$P_{k|k-1} = R_{xx,k|k-1} = \frac{1}{N_p - 1} \sum_{i=1}^{N_p} \left( \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)} - \hat{x}_{k|k} \right) \left( \hat{x}_{k|k}^{(i)} - \hat{x}_{k|k} \right)^T.$$