# nRF52832 **Rev 2**

Errata v1.2



# Contents

1	nRF52832 Rev 2 Errata.	4
2	Change log.	. 5
3	New and inherited anomalies.	8
	3.1 [12] COMP: Reference ladder is not correctly calibrated	10 10 11 11 12
	3.6 [51] I2S: Aligned stereo slave mode does not work	12
	3.7 [54] I2S: Wrong LRCK polarity in Aligned mode	13 13
	3.9 [58] SPIM: An additional byte is clocked out when RXD.MAXCNT = 1	14
	3.10 [64] NFCT: Only full bytes can be received or transmitted, but supports 4-bit frame transmit.	15
	3.11 [66] TEMP: Linearity specification not met with default settings	16
	3.12 [67] NFCT,PPI: Some events cannot be used with the PPI	17
	3.13 [68] CLOCK: EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED can be generated before HFCLK is stable	18
	3.14 [72] NFCT,PPI: TASKS_ACTIVATE cannot be used with the PPI	18
	3.15 [74] SAADC: Started events fires prematurely	19
	3.16 [75] MWU: Increased current consumption	19
	3.17 [76] LPCOMP: READY event is set sooner than it should	20
	3.18 [77] CLOCK: RC oscillator is not calibrated when first started	20
	3.19 [78] TIMER: High current consumption when using timer STOP task only	21
	3.20 [79] NFCT: A false EVENTS_FIELDDETECTED event occurs after the field is lost	21
	3.21 [81] GPIO: PIN_CNF is not retained when in debug interface mode	22
	3.22 [83] TWIS: STOPPED event occurs twice if the STOP task is triggered during a transaction	22
	3.23 [84] COMP: ISOURCE not functional	23
	3.24 [86] SAADC: Triggering START task after offset calibration may write a sample to RAM	
	3.25 [87] CPU: Unexpected wake from System ON Idle when using FPU	24
	3.26 [88] WDT: Increased current consumption when configured to pause in System ON idle	24
	3.27 [89] GPIOTE: Static 400 μA current while using GPIOTE	25
	3.28 [91] RADIO: Radio performance using CSP package version	26
	3.29 [97] GPIOTE: High current consumption in System ON Idle mode	26
	3.30 [101] CLOCK: Sleep current increases after soft reset	27
	3.31 [108] RAM: RAM content cannot be trusted upon waking up from System ON Idle or System	27
	OFF mode	27 28
	3.33 [113] COMP: Single-ended mode with external reference is not functional	28
	3.34 [132] CLOCK: The LFRC oscillator might not start	29
	3.35 [136] System: Bits in RESETREAS are set when they should not be	29
	3.36 [138] RADIO: Spurious emission on GPIO exceeds limits in radiated tests	30
	3.37 [141] NFCT: HFCLK not stopped when entering SENSE mode	30
	3.38 [143] RADIO: False CRC failures on specific addresses	31
	3.39 [146] CLOCK: LFRC frequency deviation	31
	3.40 [149] TWIM: First clock pulse after clock stretching may be too long or too short	32
	3.41 [150] SAADC: EVENT STARTED does not fire	33
	3.42 [155] GPIOTE: IN event may occur more than once on input edge	33
	3.43 [156] GPIOTE: Some CLR tasks give unintentional behavior	34
	3.44 [173] GPIO: Writes to LATCH register take several CPU cycles to take effect	35



4397\_767 v1.2 ii

4	Fixed anomalies.	41
	3.55 [210] GPIO: Bits in GPIO LATCH register are incorrectly set to 1	40
	3.54 [204] RADIO: Switching beween TX and RX causes unwanted emissions	
	3.53 [201] CLOCK: EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED might be generated twice	
	3.52 [196] I2S: PSEL acquires GPIOs regardless of ENABLE	
	3.51 [194] I2S: STOP task does not switch off all resources	38
	3.50 [192] CLOCK: LFRC frequency offset after calibration	37
	3.48 [182] RADIO: Fixes for anomalies #102, #106, and #107 do not take effect	
	3.47 [179] RTC: COMPARE event is generated twice from a single RTC compare match	36
	3.46 [178] SAADC: END event firing too early	35
	3.45 [176] System: Flash erase through CTRL-AP fails due to watchdog time-out	35



# 1 nRF52832 Rev 2 Errata

This Errata document contains anomalies for the nRF52832 chip, revision Rev 2 (QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0).

The document indicates which anomalies are fixed, inherited, or new compared to revision Rev 1.



# 2 Change log

See the following list for an overview of changes from previous versions of this document.

Version	Date	Change
nRF52832 Rev 2 v1.2	31.01.2019	<ul> <li>Updated: No. 91. "Radio performance using CSP package version"</li> <li>Updated: No. 138. "Spurious emission on GPIO exceeds limits in radiated tests"</li> <li>Added: No. 204. "Switching beween TX and RX causes unwanted emissions"</li> <li>Added: No. 210. "Bits in GPIO LATCH register are incorrectly set to 1"</li> </ul>
nRF52832 Rev 2 v1.1	23.03.2018	<ul> <li>Updated: No. 89. "Static 400 µA current while using GPIOTE"</li> <li>Updated: No. 143. "False CRC failures on specific addresses"</li> <li>Updated: No. 182. "Fixes for anomalies #102, #106, and #107 do not take effect"</li> <li>Added: No. 192. "LFRC frequency offset after calibration"</li> <li>Added: No. 194. "STOP task does not switch off all resources"</li> <li>Added: No. 196. "PSEL acquires GPIOs regardless of ENABLE"</li> <li>Added: No. 201. "EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED might be generated twice"</li> </ul>



Version	Date	Change
Version nRF52832 Rev 2 v1.0	Date 11.12.2017	<ul> <li>Added: No. 12. "Reference ladder is not correctly calibrated"</li> <li>Added: No. 15. "RAM[x].POWERSET/CLR read as zero"</li> <li>Added: No. 20. "Register values are invalid"</li> <li>Added: No. 31. "Calibration values are not correctly loaded from FICR at reset"</li> <li>Added: No. 36. "Some registers are not reset when expected"</li> <li>Added: No. 51. "Aligned stereo slave mode does not work"</li> <li>Added: No. 54. "Wrong LRCK polarity in Aligned mode"</li> <li>Added: No. 55. "RXPTRUPD and TXPTRUPD events asserted after STOP"</li> <li>Added: No. 58. "An additional byte is clocked out when RXD.MAXCNT = 1"</li> <li>Added: No. 64. "Only full bytes can be received or transmitted, but supports 4-bit frame transmit"</li> <li>Added: No. 66. "Linearity specification not met with default settings"</li> <li>Added: No. 67. "Some events cannot be used with the PPI"</li> <li>Added: No. 68. "EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED can be generated before HFCLK is stable"</li> <li>Added: No. 72. "TASKS_ACTIVATE cannot be used with the PPI"</li> <li>Added: No. 75. "Increased current consumption"</li> <li>Added: No. 76. "READY event is set sooner than it should"</li> <li>Added: No. 77. "RC oscillator is not calibrated when first started"</li> <li>Added: No. 78. "High current consumption when using timer STOP task only"</li> <li>Added: No. 79. " A false EVENTS_FIELDDETECTED event occurs after the field is lost"</li> <li>Added: No. 81. "PIN_CNF is not retained when in debug interface mode"</li> <li>Added: No. 84. "ISOURCE not functional"</li> <li>Added: No. 86. "Triggering START task after offset calibration may write a sample to RAM"</li> <li>Added: No. 87. "Unexpected wake from System ON Idle when using FPU"</li> <li>Added: No. 88. "Increased current consumption when configured to</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added: No. 78. "High current consumption when using timer STOP task only"</li> <li>Added: No. 79. " A false EVENTS_FIELDDETECTED event occurs after the field is lost"</li> <li>Added: No. 81. "PIN_CNF is not retained when in debug interface mode"</li> <li>Added: No. 83. "STOPPED event occurs twice if the STOP task is triggered during a transaction"</li> <li>Added: No. 84. "ISOURCE not functional"</li> <li>Added: No. 86. "Triggering START task after offset calibration may write a sample to RAM"</li> </ul>
		FPU"



Version	Date	Change
		<ul> <li>Added: No. 136. "Bits in RESETREAS are set when they should not be"</li> <li>Added: No. 138. "Spurious emission on GPIO exceeds limits in radiated tests"</li> <li>Added: No. 141. "HFCLK not stopped when entering SENSE mode"</li> <li>Added: No. 143. "False CRC failures on specific addresses"</li> <li>Added: No. 146. "LFRC frequency deviation"</li> <li>Added: No. 149. "First clock pulse after clock stretching may be too long or too short"</li> <li>Added: No. 150. "EVENT_STARTED does not fire"</li> <li>Added: No. 155. "IN event may occur more than once on input edge"</li> <li>Added: No. 156. "Some CLR tasks give unintentional behavior"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added: No. 173. "Writes to LATCH register take several CPU cycles to take effect"</li> <li>Added: No. 176. "Flash erase through CTRL-AP fails due to watchdog time-out"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added: No. 178. "END event firing too early"</li> <li>Added: No. 179. "COMPARE event is generated twice from a single RTC compare match"</li> <li>Added: No. 182. "Fixes for anomalies #102, #106, and #107 do not take effect"</li> <li>Added: No. 183. "False SEQEND[0] and SEQEND[1] events"</li> </ul>



# 3

# New and inherited anomalies

The following anomalies are present in revision Rev 2 of the nRF52832 chip.

ID	Module	Description	New in Rev 2	Inherited from Rev 1
12	СОМР	Reference ladder is not correctly calibrated		Х
15	POWER	RAM[x].POWERSET/CLR read as zero		X
20	RTC	Register values are invalid		X
31	CLOCK	Calibration values are not correctly loaded from FICR at reset		X
36	CLOCK	Some registers are not reset when expected		X
51	I2S	Aligned stereo slave mode does not work		X
54	I2S	Wrong LRCK polarity in Aligned mode		X
55	125	RXPTRUPD and TXPTRUPD events asserted after STOP		X
58	SPIM	An additional byte is clocked out when RXD.MAXCNT = 1		X
64	NFCT	Only full bytes can be received or transmitted, but supports 4-bit frame transmit		X
66	TEMP	Linearity specification not met with default settings		X
67	NFCT,PPI	Some events cannot be used with the PPI		X
68	CLOCK	EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED can be generated before HFCLK is stable		X
72	NFCT,PPI	TASKS_ACTIVATE cannot be used with the PPI		X
74	SAADC	Started events fires prematurely		X
75	MWU	Increased current consumption		X
76	LPCOMP	READY event is set sooner than it should		X
77	CLOCK	RC oscillator is not calibrated when first started		X
78	TIMER	High current consumption when using timer STOP task only		X
79	NFCT	A false EVENTS_FIELDDETECTED event occurs after the field is lost		X
81	GPIO	PIN_CNF is not retained when in debug interface mode		Х
83	TWIS	STOPPED event occurs twice if the STOP task is triggered during a transaction		X
84	СОМР	ISOURCE not functional		Х
86	SAADC	Triggering START task after offset calibration may write a sample to RAM		Х



ID	Module	Description	New in Rev	Inherited from Rev 1
87	СРИ	Unexpected wake from System ON Idle when using FPU		Х
88	WDT	Increased current consumption when configured to pause in System ON idle		Х
89	GPIOTE	Static 400 µA current while using GPIOTE		Х
91	RADIO	Radio performance using CSP package version		Х
97	GPIOTE	High current consumption in System ON Idle mode		Х
101	CLOCK	Sleep current increases after soft reset		Х
108	RAM	RAM content cannot be trusted upon waking up from System ON Idle or System OFF mode		Х
109	DMA	DMA access transfers might be corrupted		X
113	COMP	Single-ended mode with external reference is not functional		Х
132	CLOCK	The LFRC oscillator might not start		Х
136	System	Bits in RESETREAS are set when they should not be		Х
138	RADIO	Spurious emission on GPIO exceeds limits in radiated tests		X
141	NFCT	HFCLK not stopped when entering SENSE mode		Х
143	RADIO	False CRC failures on specific addresses		X
146	CLOCK	LFRC frequency deviation		Х
149	TWIM	First clock pulse after clock stretching may be too long or too short		X
150	SAADC	EVENT_STARTED does not fire		X
155	GPIOTE	IN event may occur more than once on input edge		X
156	GPIOTE	Some CLR tasks give unintentional behavior		Х
173	GPIO	Writes to LATCH register take several CPU cycles to take effect		X
176	System	Flash erase through CTRL-AP fails due to watchdog time- out		х
178	SAADC	END event firing too early		Х
179	RTC	COMPARE event is generated twice from a single RTC compare match		Х
182	RADIO	Fixes for anomalies #102, #106, and #107 do not take effect	Х	
183	PWM	False SEQEND[0] and SEQEND[1] events		Х
192	CLOCK	LFRC frequency offset after calibration		Х
194	125	STOP task does not switch off all resources		Х
196	125	PSEL acquires GPIOs regardless of ENABLE		Х



ID	Module	Description	New in Rev 2	Inherited from Rev 1
201	CLOCK	EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED might be generated twice		X
204	RADIO	Switching beween TX and RX causes unwanted emissions		X
210	GPIO	Bits in GPIO LATCH register are incorrectly set to 1		X

Table 1: New and inherited anomalies

# 3.1 [12] COMP: Reference ladder is not correctly calibrated

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

COMP does not compare correctly.

#### **Conditions**

Always.

# Consequences

COMP module is unusable.

### Workaround

Execute the following code before enabling the COMP module:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40013540 = (*(volatile uint32_t *)0x10000324 & 0x00001F00) >> 8;
```

This workaround is included in MDK version 8.12.0 and later.

# 3.2 [15] POWER: RAM[x].POWERSET/CLR read as zero

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

RAM[x].POWERSET and RAM[x].POWERCLR read as zero, even though the RAM is on.

# **Conditions**

Always.





# Consequences

Not possible to read the RAM state using RAM[x].POWERSET and RAM[x].POWERCLR registers. Write works as it should.

#### Workaround

Use RAM[x].POWER to read the state of the RAM.

# 3.3 [20] RTC: Register values are invalid

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

RTC registers will not contain the correct/expected value if read.

### **Conditions**

The RTC has been idle.

# Consequences

RTC configuration cannot be determined by reading RTC registers.

#### Workaround

Execute the below code before you use RTC.

```
NRF_CLOCK->EVENTS_LFCLKSTARTED = 0;
NRF_CLOCK->TASKS_LFCLKSTART = 1;
while (NRF_CLOCK->EVENTS_LFCLKSTARTED == 0) {}
NRF_RTCO->TASKS_STOP = 0;
```

# 3.4 [31] CLOCK: Calibration values are not correctly loaded from FICR at reset

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

RCOSC32KICALLENGTH is initialized with the wrong FICR value.

# **Conditions**

Always.



# Consequences

RCOSC32KICALLENGTH default value is wrong.

### Workaround

Execute the following code after reset:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *)0x4000053C = ((*(volatile uint32_t *)0x10000244) & 0x0000E000) >> 13;
```

This code is already present in the latest system\_nrf52.c file.

# 3.5 [36] CLOCK: Some registers are not reset when expected

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

After watchdog timeout reset, CPU lockup reset, soft reset, or pin reset, the following CLOCK peripheral registers are not reset:

- CLOCK->EVENTS\_DONE
- CLOCK->EVENTS\_CTTO
- CLOCK->CTIV

#### **Conditions**

After watchdog timeout reset, CPU Lockup reset, soft reset, and pin reset.

# Consequences

Register reset values might be incorrect. It may cause undesired interrupts in case of enabling interrupts without clearing the DONE or CTTO events.

### Workaround

Clear affected registers after reset. This workaround has already been added into system\_nrf52.c file. This workaround has already been added into system\_nrf52840.c file present in MDK 8.11.0 or later.

# 3.6 [51] I2S: Aligned stereo slave mode does not work

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.



# **Symptoms**

Sample values for the left channel are transmitted twice (for both channels within a frame), sample values for the right channel are lost.

#### **Conditions**

CONFIG.MODE = SLAVE, CONFIG.CHANNELS = STEREO, CONFIG.FORMAT = ALIGNED.

# Consequences

Aligned format cannot be used for stereo transmission in Slave mode.

### Workaround

None.

# 3.7 [54] I2S: Wrong LRCK polarity in Aligned mode

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

In Aligned mode, left and right samples are swapped.

#### **Conditions**

CONFIG.FORMAT = ALIGNED

# Consequences

Left and right audio channels are swapped.

# Workaround

Swap left and right samples in memory.

# 3.8 [55] I2S: RXPTRUPD and TXPTRUPD events asserted after STOP

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

### **Symptoms**

The RXPTRUPD event is generated when the STOP task is triggered, even though reception (RX) is disabled. Similarly, the TXPTRUPD event is generated when the STOP task is triggered, even though transmission (TX) is disabled.



# **Conditions**

A previous transfer has been performed with RX/TX enabled, respectively.

# Consequences

The indication that RXTXD.MAXCNT words were received/transmitted is false.

# Workaround

Ignore the RXPTRUPD and TXPTRUPD events after triggering the STOP task. Clear these events before starting the next transfer.

# 3.9 [58] SPIM: An additional byte is clocked out when RXD.MAXCNT = 1

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

SPIM clocks out additional byte.

# **Conditions**

RXD.MAXCNT = 1

TXD.MAXCNT <= 1

# Consequences

Additional byte is redundant.



### Workaround

Use the SPI module (deprecated but still available) or use the following workaround with SPIM:

```
* @brief Work-around for transmitting 1 byte with SPIM.
 * @param spim: The SPIM instance that is in use.
* Oparam ppi channel: An unused PPI channel that will be used by the workaround.
* @param gpiote_channel: An unused GPIOTE channel that will be used by the workaround.
* @warning Must not be used when transmitting multiple bytes.
* @warning After this workaround is used, the user must reset the PPI channel and the
GPIOTE channel before attempting to transmit multiple bytes.
void setup_workaround_for_ftpan_58(NRF_SPIM_Type * spim, uint32_t ppi_channel, uint32_t
gpiote channel)
   // Create an event when SCK toggles.
   NRF GPIOTE->CONFIG[gpiote channel] = (
       GPIOTE CONFIG MODE Event <<
       GPIOTE CONFIG MODE Pos
       ) | (
       spim->PSEL.SCK <<
       GPIOTE CONFIG PSEL Pos
       ) | (
       GPIOTE CONFIG POLARITY Toggle <<
       GPIOTE CONFIG POLARITY Pos
       );
   // Stop the spim instance when SCK toggles.
   NRF_PPI->CH[ppi_channel].EEP = (uint32_t)&NRF_GPIOTE->EVENTS_IN[gpiote_channel];
   NRF PPI->CH[ppi channel].TEP = (uint32 t)&spim->TASKS STOP;
   NRF PPI->CHENSET = 1U << ppi channel;
   // The spim instance cannot be stopped mid-byte, so it will finish
   \ensuremath{//} transmitting the first byte and then stop. Effectively ensuring
   // that only 1 byte is transmitted.
```

# 3.10 [64] NFCT: Only full bytes can be received or transmitted, but supports 4-bit frame transmit

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Data bits are not transmitted, or appear to not be received, if the Frame length is not a multiple of 8 bits (i.e. Frame includes data bits).



# **Conditions**

Frame length is not a multiple of 8 bits (bytes only). Exception: 4-bit frame transmit supported.

# Consequences

Partial bytes cannot be transferred:

- TXD.AMOUNT.TXDATABITS must be 0
- RXD.AMOUNT.RXDATABITS must be 0

### Workaround

None

# 3.11 [66] TEMP: Linearity specification not met with default settings

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

TEMP module provides non-linear temperature readings over the specified temperature range.

# **Conditions**

Always.

# Consequences

TEMP module returns out of spec temperature readings.



# Workaround

Execute the following code after reset:

```
NRF TEMP->A0 = NRF FICR->TEMP.A0;
NRF_TEMP->A1 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.A1;
NRF TEMP->A2 = NRF FICR->TEMP.A2;
NRF TEMP->A3 = NRF FICR->TEMP.A3;
NRF_TEMP->A4 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.A4;
NRF_TEMP->A5 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.A5;
NRF TEMP->B0 = NRF FICR->TEMP.B0;
NRF TEMP->B1 = NRF FICR->TEMP.B1;
NRF TEMP->B2 = NRF FICR->TEMP.B2;
NRF TEMP->B3 = NRF FICR->TEMP.B3;
NRF_TEMP->B4 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.B4;
NRF TEMP->B5 = NRF FICR->TEMP.B5;
NRF TEMP->T0 = NRF FICR->TEMP.T0;
NRF_TEMP->T1 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.T1;
NRF TEMP->T2 = NRF FICR->TEMP.T2;
NRF TEMP->T3 = NRF FICR->TEMP.T3;
NRF_TEMP->T4 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.T4;
```

This code is already present in the latest system\_nrf52.c file and in the system\_nrf52840.c file released in MDK 8.12.0.

# 3.12 [67] NFCT,PPI: Some events cannot be used with the PPI

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

The following NFCT events do not trigger tasks when used with the PPI:

- EVENTS\_AUTOCOLRESSTARTED
- EVENTS COLLISION
- EVENTS\_SELECTED
- EVENTS\_STARTED

#### **Conditions**

PPI is used to trigger peripheral tasks using the NFCT events.

### Consequences

The PPI cannot be used to trigger tasks using the following NFCT events:

- EVENTS\_AUTOCOLRESSTARTED
- EVENTS\_COLLISION
- EVENTS SELECTED
- EVENTS\_STARTED



#### Workaround

The EVENTS\_AUTOCOLRESSTARTED cannot be used with the PPI.

Subtract an offset of 0x04 while configuring the PPI event end points for the following NFCT events:

- EVENTS COLLISION
- EVENTS SELECTED
- EVENTS\_STARTED

#### Examples:

```
NRF_PPI->CH[x].EEP = ((uint32_t) &NRF_NFCT->EVENTS_COLLISION) - 0x04;
NRF_PPI->CH[x].EEP = ((uint32_t) &NRF_NFCT->EVENTS_SELECTED) - 0x04;
NRF_PPI->CH[x].EEP = ((uint32_t) &NRF_NFCT->EVENTS_STARTED) - 0x04;
```

# 3.13 [68] CLOCK: EVENTS\_HFCLKSTARTED can be generated before HFCLK is stable

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

EVENTS\_HFCLKSTARTED may come before HFXO is started.

# **Conditions**

When using a 32 MHz crystal with start-up longer than 400 μs.

### Consequences

Performance of radio and peripheral requiring HFXO will be degraded until the crystal is stable.

# Workaround

32 MHz crystal oscillator startup time must be verified by the user. If the worst-case startup time is shorter than 400  $\mu$ s, no workaround is required. If the startup time can be longer than 400  $\mu$ s, the software must ensure, using a timer, that the crystal has had enough time to start up before using peripherals that require the HFXO. The Radio requires the HFXO to be stable before use. The ADC, TIMERs, and TEMP sensor for example can use the HFXO as a reference for improved accuracy.

# 3.14 [72] NFCT,PPI: TASKS\_ACTIVATE cannot be used with the PPI

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.



# **Symptoms**

The NFCT peripheral does not get activated when the PPI is configured to trigger TASKS\_ACTIVATE on any event.

#### **Conditions**

**Always** 

# Consequences

The TASKS\_ACTIVATE cannot be used with the PPI.

### Workaround

None

# 3.15 [74] SAADC: Started events fires prematurely

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

False EVENTS\_STARTED

#### **Conditions**

TACQ  $\leq$  5  $\mu$ s

### Consequences

The EVENTS\_STARTED can come when not expected

# Workaround

The module must be fully configured before it is enabled, and the TACQ configuration must be the last configuration set before ENABLE.

# 3.16 [75] MWU: Increased current consumption

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Increased current consumption in System ON IDLE.

# **Conditions**

When MWU is enabled.



# Consequences

Increased current consumption in System ON IDLE.

### Workaround

Do not use MWU or disable MWU before WFE/WFI, enable it on IRQ.

# 3.17 [76] LPCOMP: READY event is set sooner than it should

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

May receive unexpected events and wakeups from LPCOMP.

#### **Conditions**

LPCOMP is configured to send an event or to wake up the chip. LPCOMP.TASKS\_START task is set and LPCOMP.EVENTS READY event has been received.

# Consequences

Unpredictable system behavior caused by falsely triggered events and wakeups.

#### Workaround

Use the following configuration sequence.

- 1. Configure the LPCOMP to send an event or wake up the chip, but do not enable any PPI channels or IRQ to be triggered from the LPCOMP events.
- 2. Trigger the LPCOMP.TASKS\_START task and wait for the LPCOMP.EVENTS\_READY event.
- 3. After receiving the LPCOMP.EVENTS\_READY event wait for 115  $\mu s$ .
- **4.** After 115  $\mu$ s, clear the LPCOMP.EVENTS\_DOWN, LPCOMP.EVENTS\_UP, and LPCOMP.EVENTS\_CROSS events. LPCOMP is now ready to be used.

# 3.18 [77] CLOCK: RC oscillator is not calibrated when first started

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

### **Symptoms**

The LFCLK RC oscillator frequency can have a frequency error of up to -25 to +40% after reset. A +/-2% error is stated in the Product Specification.



#### **Conditions**

Always.

# Consequences

The LFCLK RC oscillator frequency is inaccurate.

# Workaround

Calibrate the LFCLK RC oscillator before its first use after a reset.

# 3.19 [78] TIMER: High current consumption when using timer STOP task only

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Increased current consumption when the timer has been running and the STOP task is used to stop it.

### **Conditions**

The timer has been running (after triggering a START task) and then it is stopped using a STOP task only.

### Consequences

Increased current consumption.

# Workaround

Use the SHUTDOWN task after the STOP task or instead of the STOP task.

# 3.20 [79] NFCT: A false EVENTS\_FIELDDETECTED event occurs after the field is lost

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

A false EVENTS\_FIELDDETECTED event occurs.

#### **Conditions**

The task TASK\_SENSE is triggered within 270 µs of the event EVENTS\_FIELDLOST.



# Consequences

EVENTS\_FIELDDETECTED will occur after a field is lost. (SHORT between eventfieldlost and taskSense should not be used since a false fieldDetected event will occur from using the task.)

#### Workaround

- Wait 170 µs after an EVENTS\_FIELDLOST event before triggering TASK\_SENSE for temperatures ≥ 0°C.
- Wait 270 μs after an EVENTS\_FIELDLOST event before triggering TASK\_SENSE for temperatures < 0°C.</li>

**Important:** This anomaly was changed compared to the original publication.

# 3.21 [81] GPIO: PIN\_CNF is not retained when in debug interface mode

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

GPIO pin configuration is reset on wakeup from System OFF.

### **Conditions**

The system is in debug interface mode.

# Consequences

GPIO state unreliable until PIN\_CNF is reconfigured.

# 3.22 [83] TWIS: STOPPED event occurs twice if the STOP task is triggered during a transaction

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

#### Symptoms

STOPPED event is set after clearing it.

### **Conditions**

The STOP task is triggered during a transaction.

# Consequences

STOPPED event occurs twice: When the STOP task is fired and when the master issues a stop condition on the bus. This could provoke an extra interrupt or a failure in the TWIS driver.



### Workaround

The last STOPPED event must be accounted for in software.

# 3.23 [84] COMP: ISOURCE not functional

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

The programmable current source (ISOURCE) has too high variation. Variance over temp is >20 times specified nominal value

### **Conditions**

Always.

# Consequences

Inaccurate current source.

#### Workaround

None.

# 3.24 [86] SAADC: Triggering START task after offset calibration may write a sample to RAM

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

### Symptoms

The first sample in the result buffer is incorrect, and will be present although the SAMPLE task has never been issued.

# **Conditions**

The START task is triggered after performing calibration (through the CALIBRATEOFFSET task).

# Consequences

Incorrect sample data in the result buffer.

### Workaround

Calibration should follow the pattern STOP -> STOPPED -> CALIBRATEOFFSET -> CALIBRATEDONE -> STOP -> STOPPED -> START.



# 3.25 [87] CPU: Unexpected wake from System ON Idle when using FPU

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

The CPU is unexpectedly awoken from System ON Idle.

# **Conditions**

The FPU has been used.

# Consequences

The CPU is awoken from System ON Idle.

#### Workaround

The FPU can generate pending interrupts just like other peripherals, but unlike other peripherals there are no INTENSET, INTENCLR registers for enabling or disabling interrupts at the peripheral level. In order to prevent unexpected wake-up from System ON Idle, add this code before entering sleep:

```
#if (__FPU_USED == 1)
    _set_FPSCR(_get_FPSCR() & ~(0x0000009F));
(void) __get_FPSCR();
NVIC_ClearPendingIRQ(FPU_IRQn);
#endif
__WFE();
```

# 3.26 [88] WDT: Increased current consumption when configured to pause in System ON idle

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Using the mode where watchdog is paused in CPU Idle, the current consumption jumps from 3  $\mu A$  to 400  $\mu A$ .

#### **Conditions**

When we enable WDT with the CONFIG option to pause when CPU sleeps:

```
NRF_WDT->CONFIG = (WDT_CONFIG_SLEEP_Pause<<WDT_CONFIG_SLEEP_Pos);</pre>
```





# Consequences

Reduced battery life.

### Workaround

Do not enter System ON IDLE within 125 μs after reloading the watchdog.

# 3.27 [89] GPIOTE: Static 400 µA current while using GPIOTE

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Static current consumption between 400  $\mu A$  and 450  $\mu A$  when using SPIM or TWIM in combination with GPIOTE.

### **Conditions**

- · GPIOTE is configured in event mode
- TWIM/SPIM utilizes EasyDMA

# Consequences

Current consumption higher than specified.

### Workaround

Turn the TWIM/SPIM off and back on after it has been disabled. To do so, write 0 followed by 1 to the POWER register (address 0xFFC) of the TWIM/SPIM that must be disabled:

If TWIM0 or SPIM0 is used:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40003FFC = 0;

*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40003FFC;

*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40003FFC = 1;
```

• If TWIM1 or SPIM1 is used:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40004FFC = 0;

*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40004FFC;

*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40004FFC = 1;
```

• If SPIM2 is used:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40023FFC = 0;

*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40023FFC;

*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40023FFC = 1;
```

Reconfiguration of TWIM/SPIM is required before next usage.



# 3.28 [91] RADIO: Radio performance using CSP package version

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes CIAA-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

WLCSP package has reduced receiver sensitivity compared to QFN packages in LDO and DCDC regulator modes.

#### **Conditions**

- Average Sensitivity over all channels degraded in LDO mode by 2 dB.
- Average Sensitivity over all channels degraded in DCDC mode by 4 dB.

# Consequences

Reduced receiver sensitivity.

## Workaround

None.

# 3.29 [97] GPIOTE: High current consumption in System ON Idle mode

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

## **Symptoms**

High current consumption (<20 μA) in System ON Idle mode.

#### **Conditions**

GPIOTE used with one or more channels in input mode.

# Consequences

Higher current consumption.

#### Workaround

Use Port event to detect transitions on inputs instead of GPIOTE input mode.



# 3.30 [101] CLOCK: Sleep current increases after soft reset

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Sleep current with LFXO active is 0.5 μA higher than expected.

#### **Conditions**

Low frequency crystal oscillator is active, due to use of RTC or WDT, and a soft-reset is issued or a CPU lock-up reset occurs.

# Consequences

Increased sleep current.

#### Workaround

None.

# 3.31 [108] RAM: RAM content cannot be trusted upon waking up from System ON Idle or System OFF mode

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

RAM not correctly retained.

## **Conditions**

System ON Idle mode or System OFF is used with parts or all RAM retained.

# Consequences

RAM not correctly retained.

### Workaround

Apply the following code after any reset:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40000EE4 = (*(volatile uint32_t *)0x10000258 & 0x0000004F);
```

This workaround is implemented in MDK version 8.9.0 and newer version. This workaround increases the I\_RAM current per 4 KB section from 20nA to 30nA.



# 3.32 [109] DMA: DMA access transfers might be corrupted

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

The first byte sent out by the peripheral is sometimes wrong.

### **Conditions**

System enters IDLE and stops the 64 MHz clock at the same time as the peripheral that is using DMA is started. This problem affects the peripherals PWM, SPIS, SPIM, TWIS, UARTE, and TWIM.

# Consequences

Wrong data sent to external device.

### Workaround

Workarounds will be incorporated into SDK v13.0.0. See the following document for a description of the workarounds:

nRF52832 Errata Attachment Anomaly 109 Addendum

# 3.33 [113] COMP: Single-ended mode with external reference is not functional

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

COMP output is not correct.

# **Conditions**

COMP is used in single-ended mode with external reference.

# Consequences

COMP cannot be used in this mode.

# Workaround

None.



# 3.34 [132] CLOCK: The LFRC oscillator might not start

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

The LFRC oscillator does not start and the LFCLKSTARTED event is not triggered.

# **Conditions**

The LFRC oscillator is started in the window [66 μs, 138 μs] after the LFRC oscillator has stopped.

# Consequences

The LFRC oscillator might become non-functional until it is reset.

#### Workaround

Delay starting the LFRC oscillator if it was last stopped [66 μs, 138 μs] ago.

# 3.35 [136] System: Bits in RESETREAS are set when they should not be

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

After pin reset, RESETREAS bits other than RESETPIN might also be set.

### **Conditions**

A pin reset has triggered.

#### Consequences

If the firmware evaluates RESETREAS, it might take the wrong action.

# Workaround

When RESETREAS shows a pin reset (RESETPIN), ignore other reset reason bits.

**Important:** RESETREAS bits must be cleared between resets.

Apply the following code after any reset:

```
if (NRF_POWER->RESETREAS & POWER_RESETREAS_RESETPIN_Msk) {
    NRF_POWER->RESETREAS = ~POWER_RESETREAS_RESETPIN_Msk;
}
```





This workaround is implemented in MDK version 8.13.0 and later.

# 3.36 [138] RADIO: Spurious emission on GPIO exceeds limits in radiated tests

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Spurious emission in RX mode can exceed ETSI limits.

# **Conditions**

Using the Nordic Development Kit or a product built from reference schematic using GPIO P0.25 and P0.26.

# Consequences

Product does not conform to ETSI requirements.

### Workaround

Use the updated reference schematics and reference layout, version 1.1 or later, available from Reference layout nRF52832.

# 3.37 [141] NFCT: HFCLK not stopped when entering SENSE mode

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Higher current consumption than specified in SENSE mode.

#### **Conditions**

Going from active mode to SENSE mode.

# Consequences

Higher current consumption in SENSE mode than specified.

# Workaround

Power cycle the NFCT using the POWER register, then issue the SENSE task to enter SENSE mode.



# 3.38 [143] RADIO: False CRC failures on specific addresses

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

100% CRC failure rate even if the payload is received correctly.

#### **Conditions**

1 Mbit/s and 2 Mbit/s Nordic proprietary radio mode and Bluetooth Low Energy. CRCCNF.SKIPADDR = 0. CRC calculation includes the address field.

Logical address 0 and logical address 1 to 7 have the same BASE address MSBs configured.

```
ADDRLEN=5

BASE0 = 0xAAAAXXXX

BASE1 = 0xAAAAXXXX

ADDRLENLEN=4

BASE0 = 0xAAXXXXXX

BASE1 = 0xAAXXXXXX
```

AND logical address 0 and one of the logical addresses 1 to 7 have the same PREFIX value configured.

The issue is present regardless of which logical address is enabled in RXADDRESSES.

### Consequences

If receiving on logical address 0, the address is reconstructed incorrectly for CRC calculation, resulting in CRCSTATUS.CRCError being returned. However, the received payload bytes are correct. Packet error rate 100 percent. RXMATCH shows the wrong logical address.

### Workaround

Use one of the following workarounds:

- Use the ESB and Gazell libraries of SDK v14.0.0 or later.
  - This implementation applies the following workaround.
- Set bit 16 in RXADDRESSES to 1.
- Apply the following code before triggering the RXEN task:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *) 0x40001774 = ((*(volatile uint32_t *) 0x40001774) & 0xfffffffe) | 0x01000000;
```

This code will reduce sensitivity with 3 dB.

# 3.39 [146] CLOCK: LFRC frequency deviation

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

NORDIC\*

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

The frequency tolerance (fTOL\_CAL\_LFRC) of the LFRC oscillator is exceeding 250 ppm.

#### **Conditions**

Always.

# Consequences

Timers using LFRC are not as precise as described in the specification.

#### Workaround

Account for a frequency tolerance of 500 ppm when using the LFRC oscillator.

# 3.40 [149] TWIM: First clock pulse after clock stretching may be too long or too short

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

When the TWI slave exits a clock stretching state, the first clock pulse from the master is too long or too short.

The following deviations from the normal clock pulse length can occur:

#### 400 kHz

Minimum: 0.7 μsMaximum: 3.0 μs

#### 100 kHz

Minimum: 0.7 μsMaximum: 11.0 μs

# **Conditions**

TWI slave uses clock stretching.

# Consequences

The slave may give an error condition due to a too long or too short clock pulse or the pulse may be lost. This depends on the slave clock stretching behavior.

### Workaround

None.



# 3.41 [150] SAADC: EVENT STARTED does not fire

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

EVENT\_STARTED does not fire.

# **Conditions**

ADC started (TASKS START) with PPI task. Any channel configured to TACQ  $\leq$  5  $\mu$ s.

# Consequences

ADC cannot be started (TASKS\_START) with PPI if TACQ <=  $5 \mu s$ .

#### Workaround

Use TAQC  $> 5 \mu s$  when starting ADC from PPI.

# 3.42 [155] GPIOTE: IN event may occur more than once on input edge

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

IN event occurs more than once on an input edge.

### **Conditions**

Input signal edges are closer together than 1.3  $\mu$ s or >= 750 kHz for a periodic signal.

# Consequences

Tasks connected through PPI or SHORTS to this event might be triggered twice.

#### Workaround

Apply the following code when any GPIOTE channel is configured to generate an IN event on edges that can occur within 1.3 µs of each other:

```
*(volatile uint32 t *)(NRF GPIOTE BASE + 0x600 + (4 * GPIOTE CH USED)) = 1;
```



**Important:** A clock is kept on by the workaround and must be reverted to avoid higher current consumption when GPIOTE is not in use, using the following code:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *)(NRF_GPIOTE_BASE + 0x600 + (4 * GPIOTE_CH_USED)) = 0;
```

# 3.43 [156] GPIOTE: Some CLR tasks give unintentional behavior

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# Symptoms

One of the following:

- · Current consumption is high when entering IDLE.
- Latency for detection changes on inputs connected to GPIOTE channels becoming longer that expected.

### **Conditions**

Using the following tasks:

Address	GPIOTE task
0x060	TASK_CLR[0]
0x064	TASK_CLR[1]
0x068	TASK_CLR[2]
0x06C	TASK_CLR[3]
0x070	TASK_CLR[4]
0x074	TASK_CLR[5]
0x078	TASK_CLR[6]
0x07C	TASK_CLR[7]

# Consequences

High current consumption or too long time from external event to internal triggering of PPI event and/or IRQ from GPIOTE.

Using TASK\_CLR[n] for even values of n has the side effect of setting the system in constant latency mode (see POWER->TASKS\_CONSTLAT). Using TASK\_CLR[n] for odd values of n has the side effect of setting the system in low power mode (see POWER->TASKS\_LOWPOWER).

# Workaround

To set the system back in the mode it was before using the TASK\_CLR[n], triggering of tasks with even n must be followed by triggering any of the TASK\_CLR with odd n and vice versa.



# 3.44 [173] GPIO: Writes to LATCH register take several CPU cycles to take effect

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

A bit in the LATCH register reads '1' even after clearing it by writing '1'.

#### **Conditions**

Reading the LATCH register right after writing to it.

# Consequences

Old value of the LATCH register is read.

#### Workaround

Have at least 3 CPU cycles of delay between the write and the subsequent read to the LATCH register. This can be achieved by having 3 dummy reads to the LATCH register.

# 3.45 [176] System: Flash erase through CTRL-AP fails due to watchdog time-out

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Full flash erase through CTRL-AP is not successful.

## **Conditions**

WDT is enabled.

### Consequences

Flash is not erased. If the device has a WDT time-out less than 1 ms and is readback-protected through UICR.APPROTECT, there is a risk of permanently preventing the erasing of the flash.

#### Workaround

Try again.

# 3.46 [178] SAADC: END event firing too early

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.



It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

False END events.

#### **Conditions**

Offset calibration is run with TACQ < 10 μs before sampling is started.

# Consequences

The END event can occur earlier than expected. Data is not ready.

# Workaround

Apply one of the following workarounds:

- Run offset calibration with TACQ >=10 μs.
- Apply STOP task after calibration, before sampling. CALIBRATEOFFSET -> CALIBRATEDONE -> STOP -> STOPPED -> START.

# 3.47 [179] RTC: COMPARE event is generated twice from a single RTC compare match

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Tasks connected to RTC COMPARE event through PPI are triggered twice per compare match.

#### **Conditions**

RTC registers are being accessed by CPU while RTC is running.

# Consequences

Tasks connected to RTC COMPARE event through PPI are triggered more often than expected.

# Workaround

Do not access the RTC registers, including the COMPARE event register, from CPU while waiting for the RTC COMPARE event. Note that CPU interrupt from this event can still be enabled.

# 3.48 [182] RADIO: Fixes for anomalies #102, #106, and #107 do not take effect

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.



# **Symptoms**

Symptoms as described in anomalies #102, #106, and #107 for nRF52832 Rev. 1 are still visible, even though these anomalies are fixed.

#### **Conditions**

You want the fix for anomalies #102, #106, and #107 to take effect.

# Consequences

Improvements as described in Informational Notice #105.

### Workaround

After powering the radio, i.e. after every operation that sets register (0xFFC) POWER=enable, set bit 10 of the RADIO register 0x73C to enable the fix.

```
*(volatile uint32_t *) 0x4000173C |= (1 << 10)
```

# 3.49 [183] PWM: False SEQEND[0] and SEQEND[1] events

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

False SEQEND[0] and SEQEND[1] events are being generated.

### **Conditions**

Any of the LOOPSDONE\_SEQSTARTn shortcuts are enabled. LOOP register is non-zero and sequence 1 is one value long.

### Consequences

SEQEND[0] and SEQEND[1] events might falsely trigger other tasks if these are routed through the PPI.

# Workaround

Avoid using the LOOPSDONE\_SEQSTARTn shortcuts, when LOOP register is non-zero and sequence 1 is one value long.

# 3.50 [192] CLOCK: LFRC frequency offset after calibration

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.



# **Symptoms**

LFRC oscillator frequency is wrong after calibration, exceeding 500 ppm.

### **Conditions**

On some devices, when entering System ON Idle while calibration is ongoing.

# Consequences

After calibration, LFRC has a frequency offset that is outside specification.

#### Workaround

Apply the following code before starting the RCOSC32K calibration:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40000C34 = 0x00000002;
```

Apply the following code after the RCOSC32K calibration is finished:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *)0x40000C34 = 0x00000000;
```

This workaround is included in SDK v15.0.0 and SoftDevices S140, S132, and S112 v6.0.0.

# 3.51 [194] I2S: STOP task does not switch off all resources

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Current consumption too high (~900 μA) after using the STOP task.

# **Conditions**

I2S was running and was stopped by triggering the STOP task.

### Consequences

Current consumption higher than specified.

# Workaround

Apply the following code after the STOP task:

```
*((volatile uint32_t *)0x40025038) = 1;
*((volatile uint32_t *)0x4002503C) = 1;
```



# 3.52 [196] I2S: PSEL acquires GPIOs regardless of FNABI F

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

12S controls GPIO even when I2S is not enabled.

### **Conditions**

When using I2S->PSEL to configure GPIO.

# Consequences

GPIO selected for I2S cannot be used for any other peripheral.

#### Workaround

Do not rely on the pins selected in I2S->PSEL registers being free when I2S->ENABLE is set to DISABLE.

Only set the CONNECT bit in the I2S->PSEL registers to CONNECTED immediately before enabling I2S. When disabling I2S, set the CONNECT bit in the I2S->PSEL registers to DISCONNECTED.

# 3.53 [201] CLOCK: EVENTS\_HFCLKSTARTED might be generated twice

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

EVENTS\_HFCLKSTARTED might occur twice, and HFCLKSTAT might be wrong.

### **Conditions**

When running HFCLK with crystal.

### Consequences

HFCLKSTAT might be wrong when reading it after HFCLK is started.

### Workaround

Disregard HFCLKSTAT and EVENT\_HFCLKSTARTED after first EVENT\_HFCLKSTARTED.

This workaround is included in nRF5 SDK v15.0.0 and SoftDevices S140, S132, and S112 v6.0.0.



# 3.54 [204] RADIO: Switching beween TX and RX causes unwanted emissions

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

Unwanted emissions when switching from TX to RX.

#### **Conditions**

Switching from TX to RX without using DISABLE.

# Consequences

Unwanted emissions on the channel used for RX.

#### Workaround

Always use DISABLE when switching from TX to RX.

# 3.55 [210] GPIO: Bits in GPIO LATCH register are incorrectly set to 1

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Ex0, CIAA-Ex0, QFAB-Ex0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision Rev 1.

# **Symptoms**

The GPIO.LATCH[n] register is unexpectedly set to 1 (Latched).

# **Conditions**

Set GPIO.PIN\_CNF[n].SENSE at low level (3) at the same time as PIN\_CNF[n].INPUT is set to Connect (0).

# Consequences

The GPIO.LATCH[n] register is set to 1 (Latched). This could have side effects, depending on how the chip is configured to use this LATCH register.

### Workaround

Always configure PIN\_CNF[n].INPUT before PIN\_CNF[n].SENSE.



# 4 Fixed anomalies

The anomalies listed in this table are no longer present in the current chip version.

For a detailed description of the fixed anomalies, see the Errata for revision Rev 1.

ID	Module	Description
102	RADIO	PAYLOAD/END events delayed or not triggered after ADDRESS
106	RADIO	Higher CRC error rates for some access addresses
107	RADIO	Immediate address match for access addresses containing MSBs 0x00
163	FICR	Code and RAM size fields do not match chip specification
181	NFCT	Invalid value in FICR for double-size NFCID1

Table 2: Fixed anomalies

