

Ethical, Social and Legal Concerns in Computer Usage

Short Introduction of Unit

Computers and digital devices are now a big part of our daily lives, helping us with school work, staying in touch with friends, and even playing games. But with all these great tools comes the need to use them safely and responsibly. In this chapter, we'll learn how to use computers and digital platforms wisely.

Q.1 Discuss the importance of responsible computer usage in today's digital world. Explain how selecting the right hardware and software can affect safety, efficiency and compatibility in computer use.

OR

09511001

How would you measure the Safety, Efficiency and Compatibility of Computer while using?

Ans: Being responsible with Computer technology usage means making thoughtful decisions when using computers. This includes selecting the right hardware and software, safeguarding our data, and using the internet in a way that respects others. Let's take a closer look at why it's important to use technology responsibly. When we talk about computers, hardware refers to the physical parts like the monitor, keyboard, and CPU, while software includes the programs and applications we use, such as word processors or games. Choosing the right hardware and software is important because it can affect the safety, efficiency, and overall experience of using a computer.

- Safety:** Just as you wouldn't use a broken or unsafe tool, using outdated or insecure hardware or software can put you at risk. For example, using a computer without updated antivirus software can make it easier for viruses or hackers to steal your information.
- Efficiency:** The right hardware and software help you complete tasks quickly and easily. Imagine trying to play a new video game on an old computer, the game might be slow or not work at all, making it frustrating to use.
- Compatibility:** This means that the hardware and software should work well together. You should always check the system requirements on software packages and match them with your computer's specifications to ensure compatibility.

Q .2 Describe the steps you should take to ensure the safe operation of digital platforms and devices.

OR

09511002

In digital World, What are the safe and secure Operations and Platforms?

Ans: In today's digital world, we use various online platforms and devices for communication, learning, entertainment, and work. While these digital tools offer many benefits, it's essential to operate them safely and securely to protect our personal information and maintain a positive online environment. This section will guide you on how to use digital platforms and devices responsibly.

- 1. Using Strong Passwords.** Always create strong, unique passwords for your accounts. A strong password typically includes a mix of letters, numbers, and special characters. For example, instead of using "password123," you could use something like "B3tterP@ssw0rd!"

2. **Regular Software Updates:** Keeping your devices and applications up to date is crucial for safety. Software updates often include important security fixes that protect your device from new threats.
3. **Being Cautious with Links and Downloads:** Avoid clicking on unknown links or downloading files from untrusted sources. These could contain harmful software, known as malware, that can damage your device or steal your personal information.
4. **Understanding Privacy Settings:** Most digital platforms allow you to control who can see your information and interact with you online. It's important to check and adjust your privacy settings to protect your personal information.
5. **Avoiding Oversharing:** While it can be fun to share photos and updates with friends online, it's essential to be mindful of the information you share. Avoid posting personal details like your home address, phone number, or school name.

Secure use of Digital Platforms

Using digital platforms securely means taking extra steps to protect your information and ensuring that your online activities do not put you or others at risk. Here are some tips:

1. **Two-Factor Authentication (2FA):** Two-Factor Authentication adds an extra layer of security to your accounts. After entering your password, you will be asked to provide another piece of information, like a code sent to your phone. This makes it much harder for someone to hack into your account.
2. **Avoiding Public Wi-Fi for Sensitive Transactions:** Public Wi-Fi networks, like those in cafes or libraries, are often less secure. It's best to avoid accessing sensitive information, such as online banking, while connected to these networks.
3. **Being Aware of Scams:** Online scams are designed to trick you into giving away your personal information. These can include phishing emails that pretend to be from legitimate companies asking for your login details.
4. **Regularly Reviewing Your Account Activity:** Periodically check your online accounts for any unusual activity. This includes looking at your recent logins, messages, and transactions.
5. **Backing Up Important Data:** Regularly backing up your data ensures that you won't lose important information if something goes wrong with your device. You can back up your data to an external hard drive or a cloud storage service like Google Drive or Dropbox.

Did you know?

The concept of 2FA was first used in the 1980s, but it became widespread with the rise of online accounts in the 2000s.

Q.3 Which type of measures should be taken while using Social Media, Email, Cloud Services and Online Applications?

09511003

Ans. In today's digital world, we use social media, email, cloud services, and online applications every day. While these tools make our lives easier and more connected, it's important to use them responsibly. Using digital platforms like social media, email, cloud services, and online applications has become a part of our daily lives. However, it's important to use these tools responsibly to ensure our safety and the safety of others.

- **Social Media:** Social media platforms like Facebook, Instagram, and Twitter allow us to connect with friends and share information. But it's important to think before you post. Always avoid sharing personal information, like your home address or phone number, publicly.

- **Email.** Email is a useful tool for communication, especially for school and work. However, it's important to be careful when opening emails from unknown senders. These could contain harmful links or attachments.
- **Cloud Services:** Cloud services like Google Drive or Dropbox allow you to store and share files online. While these services are convenient, it's important to use them wisely. Always use strong passwords to protect your accounts and avoid sharing sensitive information, like passwords or financial details, through cloud storage.
- **Online Applications:** Online applications, such as games, learning apps, or shopping platforms, are fun and useful but can also pose risks. Make sure to download apps only from trusted sources like Google Play Store or Apple App Store to avoid downloading harmful software.

Q.4 Analyze the impact of privacy laws on protecting personal information in the digital age. How do laws like the Personal Data Protection Bill in Pakistan help safeguard user data?

OR

09511004

What are the Legal and Ethical Frameworks?

Ans. In this era, we rely heavily on technology for communication, learning, and entertainment. While these tools bring many benefits, they also raise important questions about how our personal information is handled and protected.

Legal Frameworks for Privacy

Privacy laws are rules set by the government to protect our personal information. These laws ensure that companies and organizations handle our data responsibly. When we use the internet, we often share personal details like our names, addresses, or even what we like to buy. Privacy laws help make sure that this information is kept safe and not misused.

Laws Protecting User Privacy and Consequences of Unauthorized Access

There are specific laws designed to protect your privacy online. These laws make it illegal for someone to access your personal information without permission. For instance, if someone hacks your email or social media account, they are breaking the law. Unauthorized access to your information can lead to serious problems, such as identity theft or fraud. To prevent this, privacy laws require companies to implement strong security measures, like encryption, to protect your data. If a company fails to protect your information, they could be held responsible and face legal penalties. Privacy regulations, such as **Pakistan's Personal Data Protection Bill**, are critical for protecting personal information in the digital age. These rules give consumers more control over their data, compel corporations to implement security measures, and ensure that personal information is acquired and treated clearly and responsibly.

Q.5 Explain the concept of data ethics and its importance in handling personal and sensitivity information. Discuss the principles of transparency, respect for privacy, and accountability.

09511005

Ans. Data ethics is about doing the right thing when it comes to collecting, storing, and using information. Just because we can gather a lot of data doesn't mean we should use it in any way we want. Data ethics help guide us to use information fairly and responsibly.

Ethical Considerations

When data is collected, stored, or shared, there are important ethical considerations to keep in mind. Collecting data should always be done with the person's consent. This means that before gathering information, the person must agree to it.

1. **Storing** data also requires responsibility. Data must be kept secure so that unauthorized people can't access it. For example, storing medical records requires strong security because this information is private and sensitive.

2. **Sharing** data should be done carefully and only when necessary. For instance, a school might share your grades with your parents, but it shouldn't share them with other students without your permission.

Ethical Guidelines

Ethical guidelines for data usage involve ensuring that data is used for the purpose it was intended and that it benefits the person who provided it. Misusing data, such as selling it to third parties without consent, is unethical and can lead to a loss of trust. These guidelines include:

1. **Informed Consent:** Always ask for permission before collecting someone's data. For example, a website should ask if it's okay to track your activity before doing so.
2. **Data Minimization:** Only collect the data you need. If you're conducting a survey, don't ask for unnecessary personal details.
3. **Data Security:** Protect the data you collect. Use strong passwords and encryption to keep information safe.
4. **Accountability:** If something goes wrong, take responsibility. If there's a data breach, inform the affected individuals and take steps to fix the problem.

Q.6 Discuss the different types of intellectual property rights, including copyright, trademarks, and patents.

OR

09511006

Describe the concept of Intellectual Property Rights.

Ans. Intellectual property rights are important because they protect the creations and ideas of individuals or organizations. When someone creates something new, like a piece of music, a book, or an invention, they have the right to control how it is used.

1. **Copyright** is a legal right that gives creators control over their original works, such as music, books, movies, and software. For example, when an author writes a book, they have the copyright to decide how the book is published, shared, or adapted. This means no one else can copy or distribute the book without the author's permission.
2. **Trademarks** are symbols, names, or slogans used by companies to distinguish their products or services from others. For instance, the Nike "swoosh" logo is a trademark. Trademarks protect brand identity, so no other company can use a similar symbol to confuse customers.
3. **Patents** protect new inventions or processes, giving the inventor exclusive rights to make, use, or sell the invention for a certain period, for example, if someone invents a new type of smartphone, they can patent it to prevent others from making or selling a similar phone without permission.

Q.7 Outline effective techniques for conducting safe and credible online research. How can users evaluate the reliability of sources and avoid privacy risks during their research?

OR

09511007

How would you be responsible while using internet? Explain.

Ans. Using the internet responsibly means being aware of how our online activities can affect us and others. This section will help you understand how to use the internet safely, avoid potential risks, and maintain a healthy balance in your online life.

Techniques for Safe Data Searches and Credibility Assessment

When searching for information online, it's important to do so safely and ensure that the information you find is credible and reliable. Here are some tips:

- **Cross-Check Information:** Don't rely on a single source. Check multiple sources to confirm the accuracy of the information. If several trustworthy websites agree on the same facts, the information is more likely to be accurate.
- **Be Sceptical of Sensational Headlines:** Avoid websites that use sensational or misleading headlines designed to grab your attention. These sites often spread false information or "fake news." For example, a headline that claims a miracle cure for a disease is likely, not credible.

Avoiding Privacy Risks

When conducting research online, it's important to protect your privacy. Here's how:

- **Use Private Browsing:** Most web browsers offer a private or incognito mode that doesn't save your browsing history or personal information. This is useful when researching sensitive topics.
- **Be Careful with Personal Information:** Avoid entering personal information on unfamiliar websites. For example, if a website asks for your email address or phone number to access information, consider whether it's worth the risk.
- **Avoid Suspicious Links:** If you come across links that seem strange or too good to be true, do not click on them. They could lead to harmful websites that try to steal your personal information.

Q.8 Discuss the concept of internet addiction and its potential impact on individuals. How can recognizing the signs of addiction, setting time limits, and finding offline activities help promote balanced internet usage?

OR

09511008

How can internet addiction be prevented? What are its signs?

Ans. Internet addiction happens when a person spends so much time online that it starts to interfere with their daily life. It's important to recognize the signs of internet addiction and take steps to prevent it.

- **Recognizing the Signs:** If you find it hard to stop using the internet, even when it's time to sleep, study, or spend time with family and friends, you might be developing an unhealthy habit. For example, if you spend hours scrolling through social media every day and neglect your homework, it could be a sign of internet addiction.
- **Set Time Limits:** One way to prevent internet addiction is by setting time limits on your internet use. For example, you can decide to spend no more than one hour on social media each day and stick to it.
- **Find Offline Activities:** Balance your online time with offline activities like sports, reading, or spending time with friends in person. This helps you maintain a healthy lifestyle.

Strategies for Digital Well-being

Maintaining digital well-being means using the internet in a way that is healthy and balanced. Here are some strategies:

- **Take Regular Breaks:** When using the internet for long periods, take breaks to rest your eyes and clear your mind. For example, if you're studying online, take a 5-minute break every hour to stretch and relax.
- **Use Technology Wisely:** Make use of apps or features that help you manage your time online. Some apps can track your screen time and send you reminders to take a break.

Did you know?

Google processes over 3.5 billion searches per day, making it the most popular search engine for finding credible information.

- **Be Mindful of Your Mental Health:** If being online makes you feel stressed, anxious, or unhappy, it might be time to cut back. For instance, if you feel overwhelmed by constant notifications, consider turning them off for a while.

Q.9 How would you deal while Addressing Cyberbullying, Harassment, and Respectful Online Interactions?

09511009

Ans. Cyberbullying and online harassment are serious issues that can hurt people emotionally and mentally. Here's how to deal with them:

- **Recognize Cyberbullying:** Cyberbullying involves using the Internet to harm or harass others. This can include sending mean messages, spreading rumours, or posting embarrassing photos of someone without their permission.
- **Report and Block:** If you experience or witness cyberbullying, report it to the platform and block the person responsible. Most social media platforms have tools to help you do this. For instance, on Facebook, you can block someone to stop them from contacting you or viewing your profile.
- **Support Others:** If you see someone being bullied online, offer your support. You can stand up for them by reporting the bullying or simply offering kind words. This can make a big difference in how they feel.
- **Practice Respectful Interactions:** Always treat others with respect online, just as you would in person. Avoid making negative comments, and think about how your words might affect someone else. For example, if you see a post you don't like, it's better to scroll past it than to leave a hurtful comment.

Q.10 Discuss some important Impacts of Computing on Society.

09511010

Ans. Computing technology has a significant effect on our world. It changes how we live, work and interact with each other. This section will explore the different ways computing impacts our society and what to expect in the future.

- **Ethical Impact:** Computing raises ethical questions about how we use technology. For example, using someone else's work without permission is unethical. This is why it's important to respect copyright laws and give credit to the original creators.
- **Legal Impact:** Computing also involves legal issues; such as privacy laws and regulations about internet usage. For instance, laws protect our personal information from being misused by companies or individuals. Understanding these laws helps us protect our rights online.
- **Societal Impact:** Technology changes how we interact with each other. Social media allows us to connect with friends and family around the world, but it can also lead to issues like cyberbullying. Being aware of these impacts helps us use technology in positive ways.
- **Economic Impact:** Computing technology has created new industries and job opportunities. For example, software development and digital marketing are booming fields. However, it also affects traditional jobs, as automation can replace some roles. Understanding these changes helps us adapt to the evolving job market.

Q.11 Mention the Role of Computing in Global Trade, Communication, and Cultural Evolution.

09511011

Ans. Computing has transformed how we trade, communicate, and share culture globally:

- **Global Trade:** Computing systems make it easier to buy and sell products around the world. Online shopping platforms like Amazon, Ali Express and Daraz allow us to purchase items from different countries. Computers help businesses manage inventory, process transactions, and track shipments efficiently.

- Communication:** Technology enables instant communication through email, messaging apps, and social media. For example, video calls allow people to work or chat with friends across long distances, making global collaboration and personal connections easier.
- Cultural Evolution:** Computing helps share and spread cultures. Online platforms like YouTube and Instagram let people from different cultures share their traditions and ideas.

Q.12 Evaluate Privacy, Security, and Usability in Computing Systems.

09511012

Ans. When designing and using computing systems, there are trade-offs between privacy, security, and usability:

Privacy vs. Usability: Sometimes, protecting privacy can make a system less convenient to use. For example, requiring strong passwords and two-factor authentication can make logging in more secure but also more time-consuming. **Privacy vs. Usability:** Finding a balance between ease of use and strong security measures is essential.

Security vs. Usability: Implementing high-security measures can sometimes make systems less user-friendly. For example, a complex security system may be harder for users to navigate. It's important to design systems that are both secure and easy to use, ensuring users are protected without sacrificing convenience.

Topic wise Short Questions (Additional)

Use of Computer

Q.1 What do you mean by Safe and responsible use of computer?

09511013

Ans. Safe and responsible computer usage means knowing how to protect our personal information, making wise choices about the hardware and software we use, and ensuring that our online behaviour is respectful and ethical.

Q.2 Why we use safe operations on different devices?

09511014

Ans. Safe operation of digital platforms and devices, mean using them in a way that protects you from harm and avoids any unwanted issues.

Q.3 Describe the use of digital platforms.

09511015

Ans. Using digital platforms securely means taking extra steps to protect your information and ensuring that your online activities do not put you or others at risk.

Q.4 How data security helps you? Explain.

09511016

Ans. Privacy settings and data security measures are essential tools that help protect your personal information while using digital platforms.

Ethical Issues

Q.5 Define Privacy laws.

09511017

Ans. Privacy laws are rules set by the government to protect our personal information. These laws ensure that companies and organizations handle our data responsibly.

Q.6 Describe some ethical guidelines.

09511018

Ans. Ethical guidelines for data usage involve ensuring that data is used for the purpose it was intended and that it benefits the person who provided it.

Q.7 Why intellectual property rights are important?

09511019

Ans. Intellectual property rights are important because they protect the creations and ideas of individuals and organizations.

Q.8 What do you know about copyright?

09511020

Ans. Copyright is a legal right that gives creators control over their original works, such as music, books, movies, and software.

Q.9 Draw the symbol of copyright law.

09511021

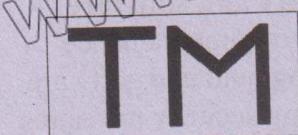


Q.10 What are the trademarks? 09511022

Ans. Trademarks are symbols, names, or slogans used by companies to distinguish their products or services from others.

Q.11 Draw the symbol of Trademark. 09511023

Ans.



Q.12 What do you mean by patent? 09511024

Ans. Patents protect new inventions or processes, giving the inventor exclusive rights to make, use, or sell the invention for a certain period.

Q.13 Define Software Piracy. 09511025

Ans. Software piracy is the illegal copying, distribution, or use of software.

Privacy Laws & Data Ethics

Q.14 Describe the importance of Privacy Acts? 09511026

Ans. Privacy laws are critical for safeguarding individuals' personal information against illegal access, use, or disclosure. They provide legal frameworks to protect data privacy and security, building confidence between the public and organizations. Privacy laws serve to prevent identity theft, financial fraud, and the exploitation of personal information.

Q.15 What are the important Privacy Acts? 09511027

Ans. Here is the list of privacy Acts:

- The 1980 Privacy Protection Act
- The 1984 Cable Communications Policy Act
- The 1987 Computer Security Act
- The 1988 Video Privacy Protection Act
- The Computer Misuse Act 1990

• The 1998 Data Protection Act

Q.16 Describe the Ethics of data. 09511028

Ans. Data ethics refers to the concepts and norms that govern the proper gathering, use, and management of data. Key components of data ethics are:

1. Privacy: Protecting personal information and giving individuals control over how their data is used.

2. Transparency: Being upfront about data collection techniques, aims, and how data will be used, ensuring user information and consent are received.

3. Security: Enforcing strong safeguards to protect data from unauthorized access, breaches, and cyber threats.

Q.17 How has computing influenced social interactions? 09511029

Ans. Computing has greatly influenced social connections by allowing for rapid communication via social media, messaging apps, and video conferencing.

Q.18 What are the negative societal implications of computing? 09511030

Ans. The negative societal effects of computing include employment displacement owing to automation, digital addiction, and privacy problems. The digital divide exacerbates inequities, and cybercrime and misinformation endanger people and society as a whole.

Q.19 What are the trade secrets? 09511031

Ans. Trade secrets are like a business special secrets. They're private things like methods, formulas, or strategies that give a business an edge over others. They're not for anyone else to use without permission and help a business stay ahead.

Q.20 Define information privacy. 09511032

Ans: Protecting data from malicious users is called data privacy or information privacy.

Topic wise Multiple Choice Questions (Additional)

Choose the correct option.

Responsible use of Software and Hardware

1. _____ means that the hardware and software should work well together. 09511033
 - (a) Safety
 - (b) Efficiency
 - (c) Compatibility
 - (d) All of these

2. 2FA stands for _____. 09511034
 - (a) Two-Factor Authentication
 - (b) Two-Factor Authorization
 - (c) Two-Factor Authority
 - (d) None of these

3. Microsoft releases major updates for windows every _____ months. 09511035
 - (a) 6
 - (b) 4
 - (c) 3
 - (d) 8

4. _____ is about doing the right thing when it comes to collecting, storing and using information. 09511036
 - (a) Storing
 - (b) Sharing
 - (c) Data Ethics
 - (d) Laws

5. What is essential for the responsible use of software? 09511037
 - (a) Sharing licenses
 - (b) Regular updates
 - (c) Ignoring updates
 - (d) Using pirated versions

6. Why is it important to use hardware responsibly? 09511038
 - (a) Reduce satisfaction
 - (b) Minimize costs
 - (c) Increase replacements
 - (d) Improve appearance

7. Which action violates responsible software usage? 09511039
 - (a) Installing updates
 - (b) Sharing licensed copies
 - (c) Regular backups
 - (d) Following EULA

8. Why should hardware maintenance guidelines be followed? 09511040
 - (a) Voids warranty
 - (b) Reduces efficiency
 - (c) Ensures performance
 - (d) Leads to obsolescence

9. What promotes responsible use of hardware and software? 09511041
 - (a) Ignoring maintenance
 - (b) Using outdated software
 - (c) Strong security measures
 - (d) Improper disposal

10. What enhances online security? 09511042
 - (a) Simple passwords
 - (b) Two-factor authentication
 - (c) Sharing passwords
 - (d) Ignoring updates

11. How should personal information be managed online? 09511043
 - (a) Share freely
 - (b) Post publicly
 - (c) Keep private
 - (d) Use weak passwords

12. What is a safe practice for using social media? 09511044
 - (a) Accept all friend requests
 - (b) Share location always
 - (c) Adjust privacy settings
 - (d) Post sensitive data

13. What should be avoided when handling emails? 09511045
 - (a) Opening attachments from unknown sources
 - (b) Using respectful language
 - (c) Organizing inbox
 - (d) Using subject lines

14. Which practice helps protect electronic devices? 09511046
 - (a) Ignoring antivirus software
 - (b) Using outdated software
 - (c) Installing updates
 - (d) Disabling firewalls

15. Which technology is fundamental for AI development? 09511047
 - (a) Spreadsheets
 - (b) Machine learning
 - (c) Word processing
 - (d) Graphic design

16. Which innovation enables virtual meetings?

09511048

- (a) Text editors
- (b) Video conferencing
- (c) Spreadsheet software
- (d) Presentation tools

17. What does IoT stand for?

09511049

- (a) Internet of Things
- (b) Internal operating Technology

- (c) Input-output Transfer
- (d) Integrated Optical Technology

18. What is a significant benefit of blockchain technology?

09511050

- (a) Centralized control
- (b) Secure transactions
- (c) Slow processing
- (d) Manual verification

Answer Key

1	c	2	a	3	a	4	c	5	b	6	b	7	b	8	c	9	c	10	b
11	c	12	c	13	a	14	c	15	b	16	b	17	a	18	b				

Solved Exercise

Choose Correct Options:

1. Why is it important to use computers safely and responsibly?

09511051

- (a) To ensure we can use them more frequently
- (b) To protect our personal information and make wise choices about hardware and software
- (c) To make the computer run faster
- (d) To avoid paying for software

2. What does "responsible computer usage" include?

09511052

- (a) Choosing the most expensive hardware
- (b) Sharing your passwords with friends
- (c) Being cautious about what you share online and protecting yourself and others
- (d) Ignoring software updates

3. What should you check to ensure hardware and software compatibility?

09511053

- (a) The colour of the hardware
- (b) The system requirements on software packages and match them with your computer's specifications
- (c) The price of the hardware
- (d) The brand of the hardware

4. Why is it important to use strong unique passwords?

09511054

- (a) To make your accounts easy to hack
- (b) To help others guess your password
- (c) To make it harder for someone to guess your password and access your accounts
- (d) To avoid installing software updates

5. What is one reason to avoid clicking on unknown links or downloading files from untrusted sources?

09511055

- (a) They might contain helpful software
- (b) They might contain malware that can harm your device or steal your information
- (c) They are usually cheaper
- (d) They help your device run faster

6. What does Two-Factor Authentication (2FA) do?

09511056

- (a) It makes your password easier to guess
- (b) It adds an extra layer of security by requiring a second form of verification
- (c) It removes the need for a password
- (d) It reduces the need for software updates

7. Why should you be cautious when using public Wi-Fi for sensitive transactions?

09511057

- (a) Public Wi-Fi is usually faster
 (b) Public Wi-Fi networks are often less secure
 (c) Public Wi-Fi is free
 (d) Public Wi-Fi always provides encryption
- 8. What is an important aspect of responsible use of social media? 09511058**
- (a) Sharing personal information like your home address
 (b) Posting photos without considering privacy settings
 (c) Being respectful and avoiding sharing sensitive information publicly
 (d) Ignoring privacy settings
- 9. What should you do if you receive an email from an unknown sender asking for personal information? 09511059**
- (a) Provide the information requested
 (b) Forward the email to your friends
 (c) Ignore or delete the email
 (d) Open the email and click on any links
- 10. Why is it important to regularly review your account activity? 09511060**
- (a) To update your contact information
 (b) To look for unusual activity and ensure your accounts are secure
 (c) To check the number of friends you have
 (d) To download new applications
- 11. What is the purpose of privacy settings on digital platforms? 09511061**
- (a) To make your posts public
 (b) To control who can see your information and interact with you online
- (e) To increase the number of followers
 (d) To automatically share your information
- 12. What should you do to ensure data security? 09511062**
- (a) Use the same password for all accounts
 (b) Share your passwords with friends
 (c) Use strong, unique passwords and enable two-factor authentication
 (d) Avoid using any security measures
- 13. What is a key aspect of data ethics? 09511063**
- (a) Using data in any way you like
 (b) Transparency, respect for privacy and accountability in data usage
 (c) Collecting as much data as possible
 (d) Ignoring data security
- 14. What is software piracy? 09511064**
- (a) Sharing software legally with friends
 (b) The illegal copying, distribution, or use of software
 (c) Buying software from an official source
 (d) Updating software regularly
- 15. How can you verify the credibility of information found online? 09511065**
- (a) By checking the number of ads on the website
 (b) By using multiple reputable sources and checking the author's credentials
 (c) By looking at the website's design
 (d) By the website's popularity

Answer Key

1	b	2	c	3	b	4	c	5	b	6	b	7	b	8	c	9	c	10	b
11	b	12	c	13	b	14	b	15	b										

Short Question

Q.1 What is the importance of using computers safely and responsibly? 09511066

Ans. Safe and responsible computer usage means knowing how to protect our personal information, making wise choices about the hardware and software we use, and ensuring that our online behaviour is respectful and ethical.

Q.2 How does choosing the right hardware and software affect your computer usage? 09511067

Ans. Being responsible with Computer technology usage means making thoughtful decisions when using computers. This includes selecting the right hardware and software, safeguarding our data, and using the internet in a way that respects others.

Q.3 Why is it important to use antivirus software on your computer? 09511068

Ans. Antivirus software is vital for protecting your computer from viruses, malware, spyware, ransomware, and phishing attempts.

Q.4 What are some examples of good practices when selecting hardware and software? 09511069

Ans. Here are some examples of selecting hardware and software:

- Efficiency and Performance
- Dependability and Durability
- Growth Potential
- Value for Money
- Customer Support and Maintenance
- Sustainability
- Legal and Regulatory Compliance
- Protection and Security
- System Compatibility
- Ease of Use

Q.5 How can choosing compatible hardware and software enhance your computer experience? 09511070

Ans. Choosing the right hardware and software is important because it can affect

the safety, efficiency, and overall experience of using a computer.

Q.6 Why should you create strong, unique passwords for your accounts? 09511071

Ans. Creating strong, unique passwords for your accounts is critical to protecting your personal and sensitive information from unauthorized access. Always create strong, unique passwords for your accounts. A strong password typically includes a mix of letters, numbers, and special characters. For example, "B3tterP@ssw0rd!".

Q.7 What is the purpose of regular software updates? 09511072

Ans. Regular Software Updates: Keeping your devices and applications up to date is crucial for safety. Software updates often include important security fixes that protect your device from new threats.

Q.8 How can you protect yourself from harmful links and downloads? 09511073

Ans. Avoid clicking on unknown links or downloading files from untrusted sources. These could contain harmful software, known as malware, that can damage your device or steal your personal information.

Q.9 What is Two -Factor Authentication (2FA), and why is it useful? 09511074

Ans. Two-Factor Authentication adds an extra layer of security to your accounts. After entering your password, you will be asked to provide another piece of information, like a code sent to your phone. This makes it much harder for someone to hack into your account.

Q.10 Why is it a good idea to avoid using public Wi-Fi for sensitive transactions? 09511075

Ans. Public Wi-Fi networks, like those in cafes or libraries, are often less secure. It's best to avoid accessing sensitive information, such as online banking, while connected to

these networks. Instead, wait until you're on a secure, private network at home.

Q.11 How can you verify if an email or message is a scam? 09511076

Ans: Online scams are designed to trick you into giving away your personal information. Always be sceptical of unsolicited requests for personal information, and verify the source before responding.

Q.12 Why is it important to be careful about what you share on social media? 09511077

Ans: In today's digital world, we use social media, email, cloud services, and online applications every day! While using these tools, your personal information may be exploited, resulting in privacy violations, identity theft, or online harassment. So, it is important to be careful using Social Media (SM) platforms.

Q.13 What should you do if you receive an email from an unknown sender asking for personal information? 09511078

Ans: However, it's important to be careful when opening emails from unknown senders. These could contain harmful links or attachments.

Q.14 What is the purpose of privacy laws regarding your personal information? 09511079

Ans: Privacy laws are rules set by the government to protect our personal information. These laws ensure that companies and organizations handle our data responsibly.

Q.15 How do privacy laws protect you from unauthorized access to your data? 09511080

Ans: To prevent this, privacy laws require companies to implement strong security measures, like encryption, to protect your data. If a company fails to protect your information, they could be held responsible and face legal penalties.

Q.16 What is the difference between copyright, trademarks and patents? 09511081

Ans: Copyright is a legal right that gives creators control over their original work such as music, books, movies, and software. Trademarks are symbols, names, or slogans used by companies to distinguish the products or services from others.

Patents protect new inventions or processes giving the inventor exclusive rights to make use, or sell the invention for a certain period.

Q.17 Why is it important to respect intellectual property rights? 09511082

Ans. Respecting intellectual property rights means understanding that copying, sharing or using someone else's work without permission is not only unethical but also illegal. For example, downloading movies or software without paying for them is a violation of copyright law.

Q.18 What is software piracy, and why is it harmful? 09511083

Ans. Software piracy is the illegal copying, distribution, or use of software. Piracy is harmful because it cheats software developers out of the money they need to continue creating and improving their products.

Q.19 How can you identify reliable sources when researching online? 09511084

Ans. When searching for information online, it's important to do so safely and ensure that the information you find is credible and reliable. Here are some tips:

- Cross-Check Information
- Be Sceptical of Sensational Headlines

Q.20 What is one way to protect your privacy during online research? 09511085

Ans. One way to prevent internet addiction is by setting time limits on your internet use. For example, you can decide to spend no more than one hour on social media each day and stick to it.

Q.21 What are some signs that you might be developing an internet addiction? 09511086

Ans. Internet addiction happens when a person spends so much time online that it

starts to interfere with their daily life. It's important to recognize the signs of internet addiction and take steps to prevent it.

- Recognizing the Signs
- Set Time Limits
- Find Offline Activities

Long Questions

Q.1 Discuss the importance of responsible computer usage in today's digital world. Explain how selecting the right hardware and software can affect safety, efficiency and compatibility in computer use.

09511087

Ans. See Long Question No. 1

Q.2 Describe the steps you should take to ensure the safe operation of digital platforms and devices.

09511088

Ans. See Long Question No. 2

Q.3 Explain the concept of data ethics and its importance in handling personal and sensitivity information. Discuss the principles of transparency, respect for privacy, and accountability.

09511089

Ans. See Long Question No. 5

Q.4 Analyze the impact of privacy laws on protecting personal information in the digital age. How do laws like the Personal Data Protection Bill in Pakistan help safeguard user data?

09511090

Ans. See Long Question No. 4

Q.5 Discuss the different types of intellectual property rights, including copyright, trademarks, and patents.

09511091

Ans. See Long Question No. 6

Q.6 Describe the ethical and legal responsibilities related to intellectual property rights. What are the consequences of violating these rights, such as through software piracy or unauthorized use of copyrighted material?

09511092

Ans. Ethical and Legal Responsibilities Regarding Intellectual Property Rights

Respecting intellectual property rights means understanding that copying, sharing, or using someone else's work without permission is not only unethical but also illegal. For example, downloading movies or software without paying for them is a violation of copyright law. It's important to always seek permission or purchase content legally to support creators and respect their rights.

Software piracy is the illegal copying, distribution, or use of software. When you buy software, you are actually buying a license to use it, not the software itself. Copying it and sharing it with others without a proper license is against the law. Piracy is harmful because it cheats software developers out of the money they need to continue creating and improving their products. By understanding and respecting intellectual property rights, we can all contribute to a fair and legal digital environment.

Q.7 Outline effective techniques for conducting safe and credible online research. How can users evaluate the reliability of sources and avoid privacy risks during their research?

09511093

Ans. See Long Question No. 7

Q.8 Discuss the concept of internet addiction and its potential impact on individuals. How can recognizing the signs of addiction, setting time limits, and finding offline activities help promote balanced internet usage?

09511094

Ans. See Long Question No. 8

Activities

Activity 1

09511095

Responsible Computer Choices

Activity Task Details:

- 1. Introduction (10 minutes):** Briefly discuss why selecting the right hardware and software is important for a safe and effective computer use.
- 2. Task (30 minutes):** Divide students into small groups. Give each group a worksheet with different scenarios related to hardware and software choices (For example, choosing a computer for gaming vs. schoolwork, selecting antivirus software). Ask each group to discuss the pros and cons of the choices and recommend the best options for each scenario.
- 3. Presentation (10 minutes):** Each group presents their findings and recommendations to the class.

Details: Students will learn how different hardware and software impact computer safety, efficiency, and compatibility by analyzing practical examples and making informed decisions.

Ans. Class Work/ Lab Work/ Practical Work

Activity 2

09511096

Data Ethics Role-Play

Activity Task Details:

- 1. Introduction (10 minutes):** Discuss the principles of data ethics, including transparency, consent, and accountability.
- 2. Task (30 minutes):** Divide students into small groups and give each group a role-play card with a scenario involving data collection or usage (e.g. a company asking for user data, a school collecting survey responses). Each group acts out their scenario and discusses the ethical considerations involved.
- 3. Discussion (10 minutes):** Groups present their role-plays and discuss the ethical issues and solutions.

Details: Through role-playing, students will gain insight into the ethical implications of data handling and the importance of responsible data practices.

Ans. Class Work/ Lab Work/ Practical Work

Activity 3

09511097

Data Breach Case Study Analysis

Activity Task Details:

- 1. Introduction (10 minutes):** Introduce a few high-profile data breach cases and their consequences.

2. Task (30 minutes): Divide students into groups and assign each group a case study. Ask them to analyze the case, identify the key issues, and discuss the lessons learned.

3. Presentation (10 minutes): Groups present their analysis and discuss how such breaches could be prevented in the future.

Details: Students will learn about the real-world implications of data breaches and the importance of robust data security measures.

Ans. Class Work/ Lab Work/ Practical Work

Activity 4

09511098

Understanding Privacy Settings

Activity Task Details:

1. Introduction (10 minutes): Discuss the importance of privacy settings and how they can protect personal information.

2. Task (30 minutes): Divide students into groups. Assign each group a different digital platform. Ask them to find and document where and how to adjust privacy settings on their assigned platform.

3. Presentation (10 minutes): Groups share their findings with the class, explaining how to set up privacy settings to protect personal information.

Details: This activity enables students to practice adjusting privacy settings and understand their role in protecting personal data.

Ans. Class Work/ Lab Work/ Practical Work