```
In []:
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from matplotlib import cm
    from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D # 打印函数图像

先初始化相关参数。比如 初始的种群规模,变异概率,交叉概率等 以及函数的定义域等

In []:
    max_epoches = 400 # 最大的迭代次数
    cmp = 0.95 # 种群交叉的概率
```

```
In []:

max_epoches = 400 # 最大的迭代次数
cmp = 0.95 # 种群交叉的概率
mop = 0.05 # 种群变异的概率

fun_one_bound = [-5.12, 5.12]
fun_two_bound = [-2.048, 2.048]

best_fitness = [] # 每一代的最好的适应度
all_fitness = [] # 所有代所有个体的适应度
one_fitness = [] # 某一代所有个体的适应度
# 初始化最开始的种群规模
first_population = np. random. randint(low=0, high=2, size=(100, 2, 10))

In []: # 打印出first_population
```

```
In []: # 打印出first_population first_population

Out[]: array([[[1, 0, 1, ..., 0, 0, 1], [0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 1, 1]], [1, 1, ..., 1, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, ..., 1, 1, 0]], [1, 1, 0, ..., 0, 0, 1], [0, 1, 0, ..., 1, 1, 1]], ..., [1, 0, 1, ..., 0, 1, 1, 1]], ..., [1, 0, 1, ..., 0, 1, 0], [0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0]],
```

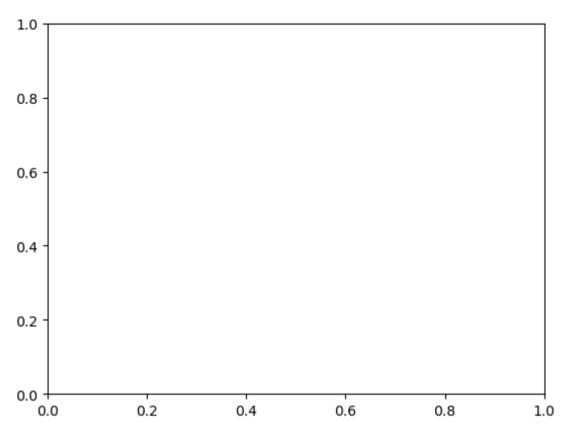
 $[[1, 0, 1, \ldots, 1, 1, 0], [1, 0, 1, \ldots, 0, 1, 1]],$

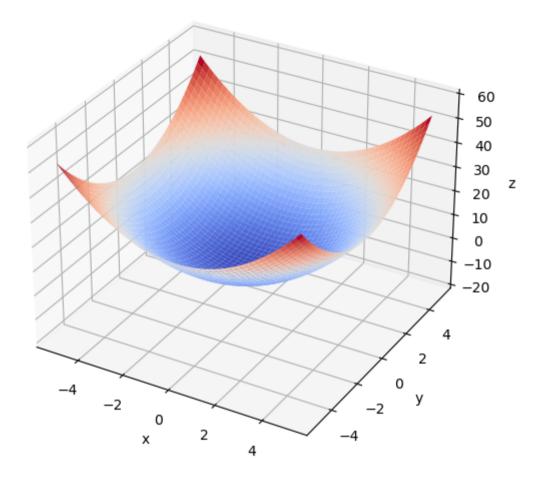
```
[[1, 1, 0, \ldots, 1, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, \ldots, 0, 1, 0]]])
```

接下来定义三个函数,分别是目标函数1和2,以及画出三个目标函数的函数

```
In [ ]:
         def function one(x1, x2): # 范围: -5.12<= x <= 5.12
             return x1 ** 2 + x2 ** 2
         def function two(x1, x2): # 范围: -2.048 < x < 2.048
             return 100 * (x1 ** 2 - x2) ** 2 + (1 - x1) ** 2
         def show image (ax, func, x1 bound, x2 bound):
             x1, x2 = np. linspace (*x1 bound), np. linspace (*x2 bound)
             x1, x2 = np. meshgrid(x1, x2)
             ax. plot surface (x1, x2, func(x1, x2), rstride=1,
                             cstride=1, cmap=cm. coolwarm)
             ax. set zlim(-20, 60) # 设置z轴的范围
             ax. set xlabel('x')
             ax. set ylabel ('y')
             ax. set zlabel ('z')
             plt. pause (3)
             plt. show()
```

```
In []: # 比如我们打印出第一个函数来观察一下
fig = plt.figure()
ax = Axes3D(fig)
show_image(ax, function_one, fun_one_bound, fun_one_bound)
```





映射函数 && 获取适应度。 我们首先把每一个生成的染色体进行映射,映射到对应的函数定义域的范围内 接下来进行遍历,获取每一个染色体的适应度

将一个二进制串代表的二进制数转化为10进制数: \$(b_0b_1...b_{21})_2=x^{t} \$ 对应区间内的实数: \$x=-1+x^{t}\frac{(2-(-1))}{2^{22}-1}\$

```
In []:

def reflect_fuc(each, func_bound):
    # 传入每一对以及函数的定义域范围。
    # 建立二进制编码到一个实数的映射。
    x_, y_ = 0, 0

for i in range(10):
```

```
x_ += each[0][i]*(2**i)
for i in range(10):
    y_ += each[1][i]*(2**i)

fin_x = (x_/(2**10-1))*(func_bound[1]-func_bound[0])+func_bound[0]
fin_y = (y_/(2**10-1))*(func_bound[1]-func_bound[0])+func_bound[0]
return fin_x, fin_y

def get_fitness(first_population, function, func_bound):
    # 获取所有个体的适应度
    # 传入初始的种群, 函数以及函数的定义域
each_fitness=[]
for each in first_population:
    x_1,x_2=reflect_fuc(each, func_bound) # 映射得到x1,x2
    each_fitness.append(function(x_1,x_2)) # 添加到fitness
return each_fitness
```

选择函数 GA算法中常见的选择操作是轮盘赌方式。 轮盘赌方式是种群中适应度值更优的个体被选择的概率越大。 假设popsize=4,按照如下表达式计算各个个体的被选择概率的大小。 $P(X_j) = \frac{1}{1}$

```
In []:

def rws_algoritm(first_population, fitness, n): # 定义轮盘赌算法
    next_population = [] # 定义下一个子代
    sum_ = sum(fitness) # 获取所有的适应度的和

p_ = ((sum_-fitness)/sum_) / (len(fitness)-1) # 获得概率

idx = np. random. choice(np. arange(len(first_population)), size=n, replace=True, p=p_)

for i in idx:
    next_population. append(first_population[i])
    return next_population
```

交叉编译函数 && 变异函数

```
def mutation(first_population, mop): # 变异
next_population = [] # 定义下一代
for each in first_population: # 遍历
res = each # 子代变成父代(进行更新)
if np. random. rand() < mop: # 随机初始化一个数 比他大不发生变化 比他小就发生交叉交换
# 定义x_mu_place 是发生变异的位置
x_mu_place = np. random. randint(0, len(each[0]))
res[0][x_mu_place] = abs(res[0][x_mu_place]-1)
```

```
if np. random. rand() < mop: # 随机初始化一个数 比他大不发生变化 比他小就发生交叉交换
           # 同理, v place 也是一样的。
          v mu place = np. random. randint(0, len(each[1]))
          res[1][v mu place] = abs(res[1][v mu place]-1)
       next population. append (res)
   return next population
def cross mutation(first population, cmp): # 交叉与变异
   next population=[] # 定义下一代
   for each in first population: # 遍历
       res=each # 子代变成父代
       if np. random. rand() < cmp: # 随机初始化一个数 比他大不发生变化 比他小就发生交叉交换
          # 随机从first population中生成一段,然后进行交换
          random length=first population[np. random. randint(0, len(first population))] # 另一个
          # 定义随机生成的x交叉点和v交叉点
          x c m pos=np. random. randint (0, len (random length [0]))
          y c m pos=np. random. randint (0, len (random length[1]))
          for i in range (x c m pos, len (random length [0])):
              res[0][i]=random length[0][i] # 赋值,剪切之后交换
           for j in range (y c m pos, len (random length[1])):
              res[1][j]=random length[1][j] # 赋值,剪切之后交换
       next population. append (res)
   return next population
```

最后一步进行选择,我们定义精英是最小的,因为我们要求函数的最小值。 首先我们初始化fitness,然后进行迭代,迭代之后我们再次生成fitness

```
In []:

def nature_selection(function, parent, cop, mop, fun_bound): # 自然选择

next_population, fitness, best_best=[],[],[] # 下一代 && 适应度 && 精英

fitness=get_fitness(parent, function, fun_bound) # 获取适应度
best_idx=fitness. index(np. min(fitness)) # 找到最小的那个
best_best=parent[best_idx]. copy() # 找到最好的那个值,下标,当作是精英

# 接下来进行变异,交叉和变异,轮盘选择,再进行fitness的测试
# 每一个产生的next_作为下一个输入的种群

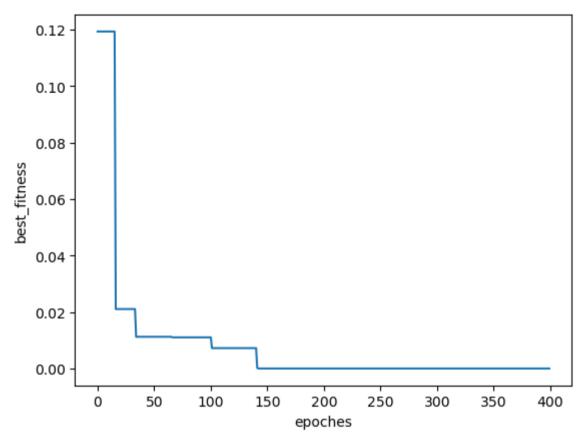
next_population=mutation(parent, mop)
```

```
next_population=cross_mutation(next_population, cop)
next_population=rws_algoritm(next_population, fitness, len(next_population)-1)
next_population.append(best_best) # 添加精英进去
fitness=get_fitness(next_population, function, fun_bound) # 再一次获取适应度
return next_population
```

定义主函数,并且画出图像

```
In [ ]:
         for i in range (max epoches): # 最大的迭代次数
             first population=nature selection(function_one, first_population, cmp, mop, fun_one_bound)
             one fitness=get fitness(first population, function one, fun one bound)
             all fitness. append (one fitness)
             best fitness.append(np.min(one fitness))
         print("finish")
         finish
In [ ]:
         print("average: {}". format(sum(best fitness)/len(best fitness)))
         plt. plot (np. arange (max epoches), best fitness)
         plt. xlabel("epoches")
         plt. vlabel ("best fitness")
         plt. show()
         # 打印出所有的最好的适应度
         print(best fitness)
```

average: 0.008350301218599664



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