Teoria bijdeu

1. Blgd wighting i beruighday:

$$x = 1.23456789$$
 $y = 10^{50} + 1$
 $\bar{x} = 1.2345679$ $\bar{y} = 10^{50}$

$$|x-\bar{x}| = 10^{-8}$$
 $|y-\bar{y}| = 1$

$$\left|\frac{x-\bar{x}}{x}\right| = 0.8 \cdot 10^{-8}$$
 $\left|\frac{y-\bar{y}}{y}\right| = 10^{-50}$ \leftarrow blydy wighting

2. Repuntaja linb:

a) cathonite:
$$L \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow L = \pm \sum_{i=0}^{n} e_i 2^i$$
 (e; $\epsilon \{0,1\}$, $e_n = 1$)

d+1 biku ma limby authority ze making

PROBLEM: n>d => nadmiar/but repurentagi

Dodawani, odejnovanie i mnovenie jest uglenghave a hompstere delladir, pod namuhven, ze nynih jest representavalny. Problemy pojaming sij przy drzelenia, bo rynih jest linby nerykisty.

b) kienzuiste: haida linda moina jedhornarnie puedshuit a postui:

gave
$$s \in \{\pm 1, -1\}$$
 (znah), $m \in [\frac{1}{z}, 1]$ (mantysa), $c \in \mathbb{Z}$ (cecha)

PROBLEM: white are dusphone jest premaine miderance

ormhigare displace jest prevainte matoricare

$$M = \sum_{i=1}^{60} e_{-i} 2^{-i} \left(e_{-i} \in \{0,1\}, e_{-1} = 1 \right)$$

t bits mantsy d-t na cechy ic mahrem

+ 1 | e-z|e.; -- | e-t cecha -> 1. authorh

manyondin teggir

d+1 biton na hinty nemping re matien

2 ACUR AGLANIE

draft redeggles:

(a) chapping)

$$t = \sum_{i=1}^{t} e_i 2^{-i}$$
 (ignoring cyfug od $t+1$)

(thopping)

Repurentary more porysing limby XER narylany lindy:

$$chop(x) := 5 \cdot m_t^c \cdot 2^c$$
 (obazar)
 $rd(x) := 5 \cdot m_t^c \cdot 2^c$ (zaolyylane symetrycane)

TWIERDZENIE:

$$\left| \frac{x - \operatorname{chop}(x)}{x} \right| \leq 2 - 2^{-t}$$

$$\left| \frac{x - vol(x)}{x} \right| \leq 2^{-t}$$

Puzhvad:
$$\frac{2}{3} = (0.10101010...)_2$$

Jereli
$$t = 24$$
, to chap $(x) = (0.1010...10)_2$ rol $(x) = (0.1010...11)_2$

Which many:
$$\left| \frac{x - \operatorname{chop}(x)}{x} \right| = 2 - 2^{-25}$$

$$\left| \frac{x - vd(x)}{x} \right| = 2^{-25}$$

Jahre Linby wa hompater?

$$\frac{1}{2D} \le |x| \le D$$

$$\begin{cases} cecha \in [c_{min}, c_{max}] = -c_{min} = c_{max} = 2^{d-t-1} \\ m \in [\frac{1}{2}, 1] \end{cases}$$

W obligation hampatewight rogg wystypowai jed we lighty:

$$\mathbf{X} := \left(-D, -\frac{1}{2D} \right] \cup \left\{ 0^{\frac{1}{2}} \cup \left\{ \frac{1}{2D}, D \right\} \right\}$$

W pralitice (nadomiar) rbier dopuserraly jest postari:

Zbior licib unamoporyisjugal

PuyWad:

$$d=5$$

$$t=3$$

$$+ 122 + 2$$

Mantysa Ceche re mahen

Wife pudstavić moina: + (0, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{16}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{7}{16}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{7}{9}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{3}{9}, \frac{7}{8}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\frac{7}{4}

3. Diatonia autmetyone w smoot fl.

$$\begin{array}{ll} x,y \in X_{fl} \\ \circ o \in \{+,-,*,/\} \\ \cdot x \circ y \in X^{l} \text{ (win ma nadimin)} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{l} fl(x \circ y) := (x \circ y)(1 + \epsilon_{x,y,o}), \\ \mid \epsilon_{x,y,o} \mid \leq 2^{-t} \end{array}$$

(t- liaba pite na supernytanie mantysy)

BTjd wzglydn =

$$\left|\frac{x \circ y - fl(x \circ y)}{x \circ y}\right| = \left|\frac{(x \circ y) - (x \circ y)(1 + \varepsilon_{x_i y_i o})}{x \circ y}\right| = \left|\varepsilon_{x_i y_i o}\right| \leq 2^{-t}$$

$$\left|\frac{b t_{gd} \text{ wighting operation}}{v_{gd} v_{gd}}\right| \leq 2^{-t}$$

$$\left|\frac{b t_{gd} \text{ wighting operation}}{v_{gd}}\right| \leq 2^{-t}$$

Twidene o kumulayi blydest

Jesti
$$\left| \delta i \right| \leq 2^{-t} \left(i = 1, 2, -, n \right)$$
, to radioby consist

 $\left| \left(1 + \delta i \right) \right| = 1 + \delta_n$

gdir $\delta_n = \sum_{i=1}^n \delta_i + O(2^{-2t})$.

Jesti $n2^{-t} < 2$, to $\left| \delta_n \right| \leq \gamma_n := \frac{n2^{-t}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}n2^{-t}} \approx n \cdot 2^{-t}$
 $\left| \left| \delta_i \right| < 2^{-t} \right| \Rightarrow \prod_{i=1}^n \left(1 + \delta_i \right) = 1 + \delta_n \cdot \left| \left| \delta_n \right| \leq n \cdot 2^{-t}$

Phyliad: Symphanic loub

Nieth dane byda linby X1, X21., Xn ER; oblice & Xi

PROGRAM

$$S := X_1$$
FOR $i=2$ TO n

$$S := S + x_i$$
RETURN (S)

Sprawding as oblicy homputer realizates podany program. Dla uprovencia (not rumeni to minoster) rationy, ie Xi = rd (xi) (1 & i & h):

bligd publico dadavaria

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \times_{i} (1+6_{i}), gdue \begin{cases} 1+6_{i} = \prod_{j=i+1}^{N-1} (1+\epsilon_{j}) & (i=2,3,...,n) \\ 1+6_{1} = 1+6_{2} \end{cases}$$

2 turidena o humalayi bijdo nyuly it:

$$|\delta_i| \lesssim (n-i+1) \cdot 2^{-t}$$
 $(i=2,3,...,n)$
 $|\delta_1| \lesssim (n-1) \cdot 2^{-t}$

UNIOSKI:

1° Zamast
$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i$$
 otnymjay (w swede $\{l\}$ $\sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i$ $\{1 + \delta_i\}$:

$$\left|\frac{S-fl(S)}{S}\right| = \left|\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i - \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i (1+\delta_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i}\right| = \left|\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i \delta_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i}\right| \le$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{|X|} \frac{|X||6|}{|X||} \leq \frac{1}{|X|} \frac{|X||6|}{|X||} \leq \frac{1}{|X|} \frac{|X||}{|X||}$$

2° Jesu
$$x_i > 0$$
 => $\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} |x_i|}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} |x_i|} = 1$ => wynik fast na poliowic $(n-1)\hat{Z}^{-1}$ (when the

3° Josli X; >0, 60 liendy a scher fl wanto summai od najmingsrej do najmishrej (aley minimalizonas bīgd).

W.

4. Zjanish utvoty cyfo macigcych

ovar odginstant lich presinget mede

Operaja + we hich tych sumich makén ovar * i / sg uznavane za "berpiecrne". KTopot wystypuje np. wtody, gdy odej myrny od sielse hinty tych sangle malor:

1 2° Nie nieny co to apisac, to the publication what cofe anacycle.

(1)
$$f(x) = lu(x) - 1$$
, $x \approx e \Rightarrow f(x) \approx 0$
 $f(x) = lu(\frac{x}{e})$

(2)
$$4038. \frac{1-\cos x}{x^2} = 4038 \frac{1-\cos x}{x^2}. \frac{1+\cos x}{1+\cos x} = 4038 \frac{\sin^2 x}{(1+\cos x)x^2}$$

dzight benn priehrlatenia uzyshijen lepny zyuda, bo
unhun problemet wego dodahamia