Experiment - 1: Basic Firewall Configuration in Cisco Packet Tracer

Date: 9/7/25

AIM: To configure and verify basic firewall settings within Cisco Packet Tracer.

PROCEDURE:

1. Device Selection and Network Topology Creation:

- Open Cisco Packet Tracer.
- Select the necessary devices (specifics not provided in the original text, but implied by the "IP Addressing Table" and network diagram).
- Create the network topology as illustrated in the provided image (not included in the original text).
- Use automatic connecting cables to link the devices.

2. IP Address Configuration:

- Configure IPv4 addresses and Subnet Masks for all PCs (hosts) and the server according to the specified "IP Addressing Table."
- For PCs (e.g., PC0): Click on the PC, navigate to "Desktop," then "IP Configuration," and input the IPv4 address and Subnet Mask.
- For the Server (Server0): Repeat the same procedure.

3. Firewall Configuration on the Server:

- o Click on Server0, then go to "Desktop," and select "Firewall IPv4."
- o Enable the firewall services.
- Deny ICMP Protocol:
 - Set "Remote IP" to 0.0.0.0.
 - Set "Remote wildcard mask" to 255.255.255.255.
 - Add this rule.

Allow IP Protocol (for web browsing):

- Set "Remote IP" to 0.0.0.0.
- Set "Remote wildcard mask" to 255.255.255.255.
- Add this rule.

4. Network Verification:

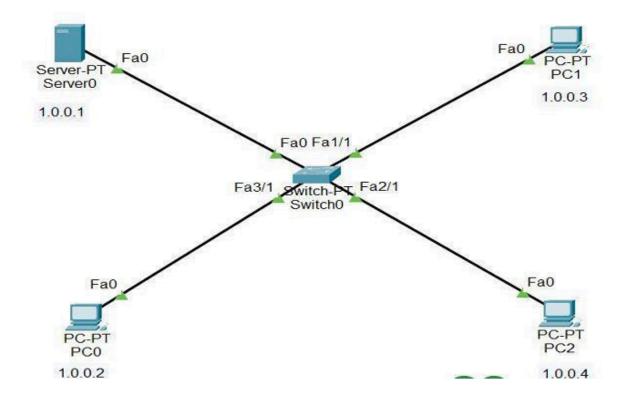
- Ping Test (to verify ICMP blocking):
 - On PC2, open the "Command Prompt."
 - Type ping <IP address of Server0>.
 - Observe that "no replies" are received, indicating successful ICMP packet blocking.

• Web Browser Test (to verify HTTP allowance):

- On PC2, go to "Desktop" and open the "Web Browser."
- Enter the IP address of Server0 in the URL bar.
- Verify that the web page loads successfully.

OUTPUT:

The ICMP protocol was successfully blocked, and HTTP traffic was allowed, as verified using the web browser.



RESULT:

The experiment to configure a basic firewall in Cisco Packet Tracer was successfully completed.