

SMART INDIA HACKATHON 2024



Problem Statement ID – SIH1587

Problem Statement Title – Student Innovation

Theme – Disaster Management

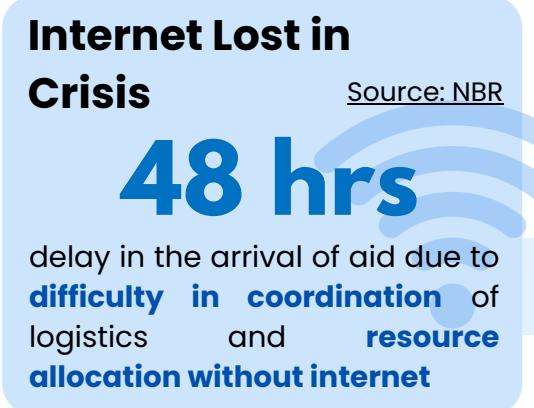
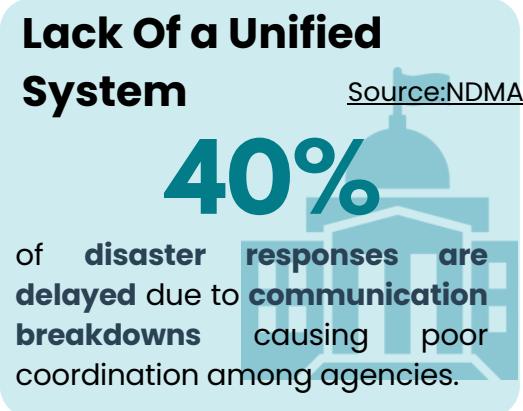
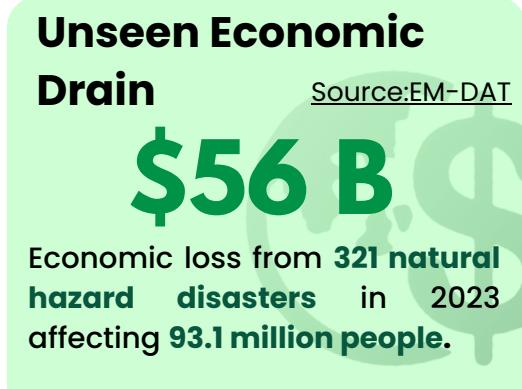
PS Category- Software

Team ID- 289

Team Name (Registered on Portal) – Arize

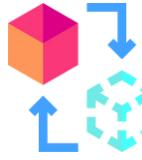
PROBLEM

Disaster management challenges stem from fragmentation, poor coordination, and delayed responses. In all phases—before, during, and after disasters—resources are inefficiently distributed.



We provide a complete unified disaster management system, offering real-time coordination, resource tracking, and AI/IoT-driven relief strategies.

WHY WE STAND OUT ?

 **Unified Disaster Response System**
Combines inventories, camps, rescuers and public for effective coordination

 **Social Media Based AI Disaster Response System**
Uses 53 parameters to verify social media data and ensure accurate alerts

FORUS

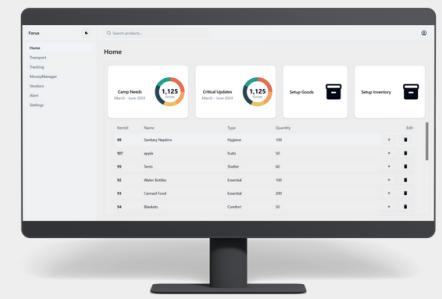
SOLUTION

Focused Operational Response Unified System (FORUS) enhances disaster preparedness, response, and recovery through AI and IoT-driven coordination and reliable communication systems.

Public App helps people request aid, get updates, and connect with others during disasters

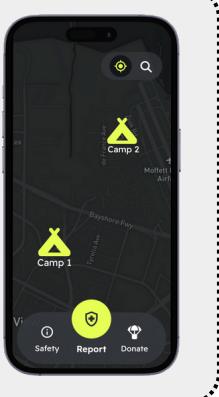


Inventory Management Dashboard

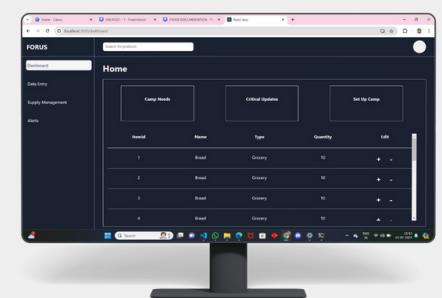


gathers inventory data and uses **AI to track stock** and improve disaster response

Rescuer App shows requests from public, which will be monitored by the camp software



Camp Management Dashboard



makes **supply requests easy, tracks the situation, and helps coordinate with authorities**

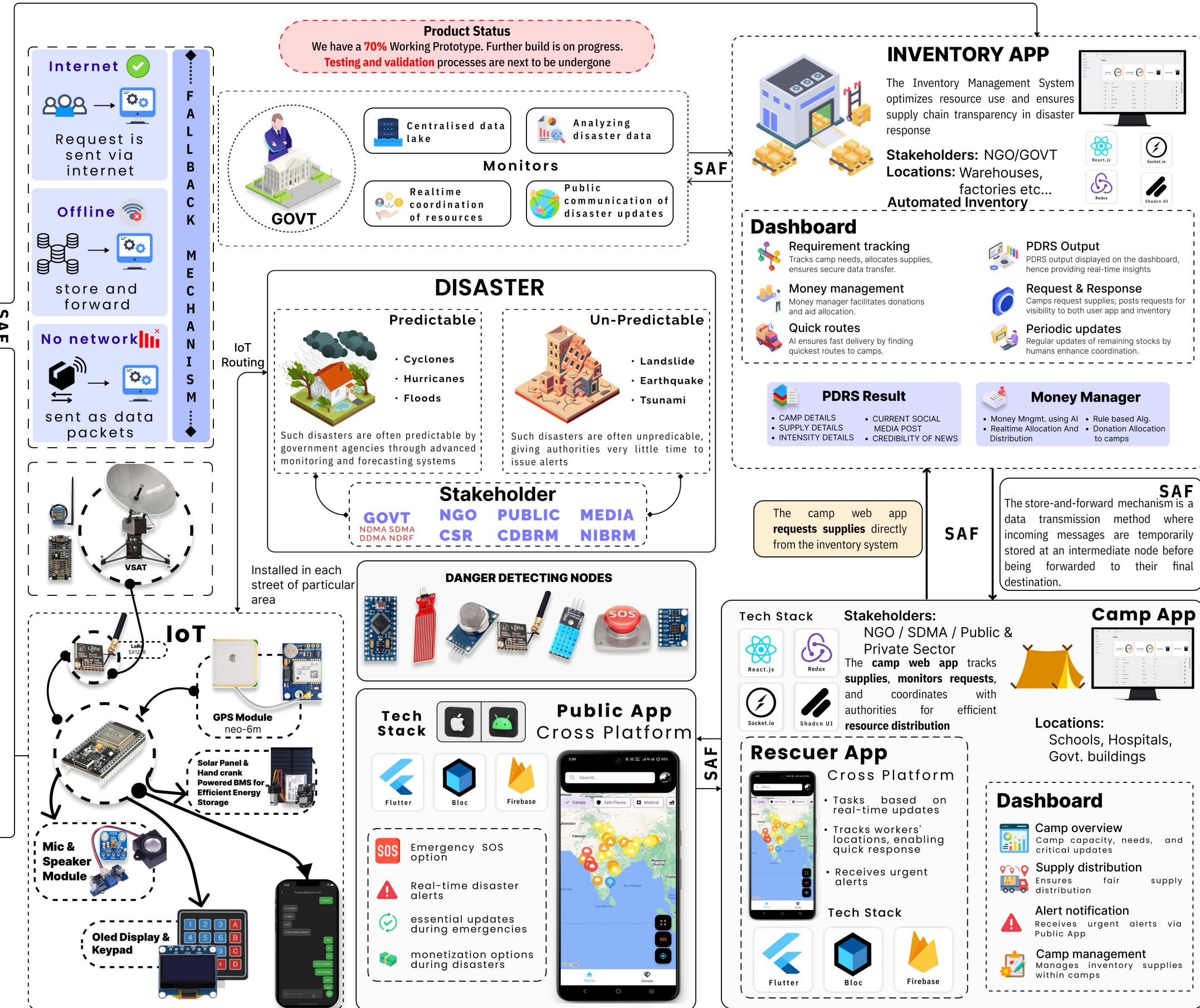
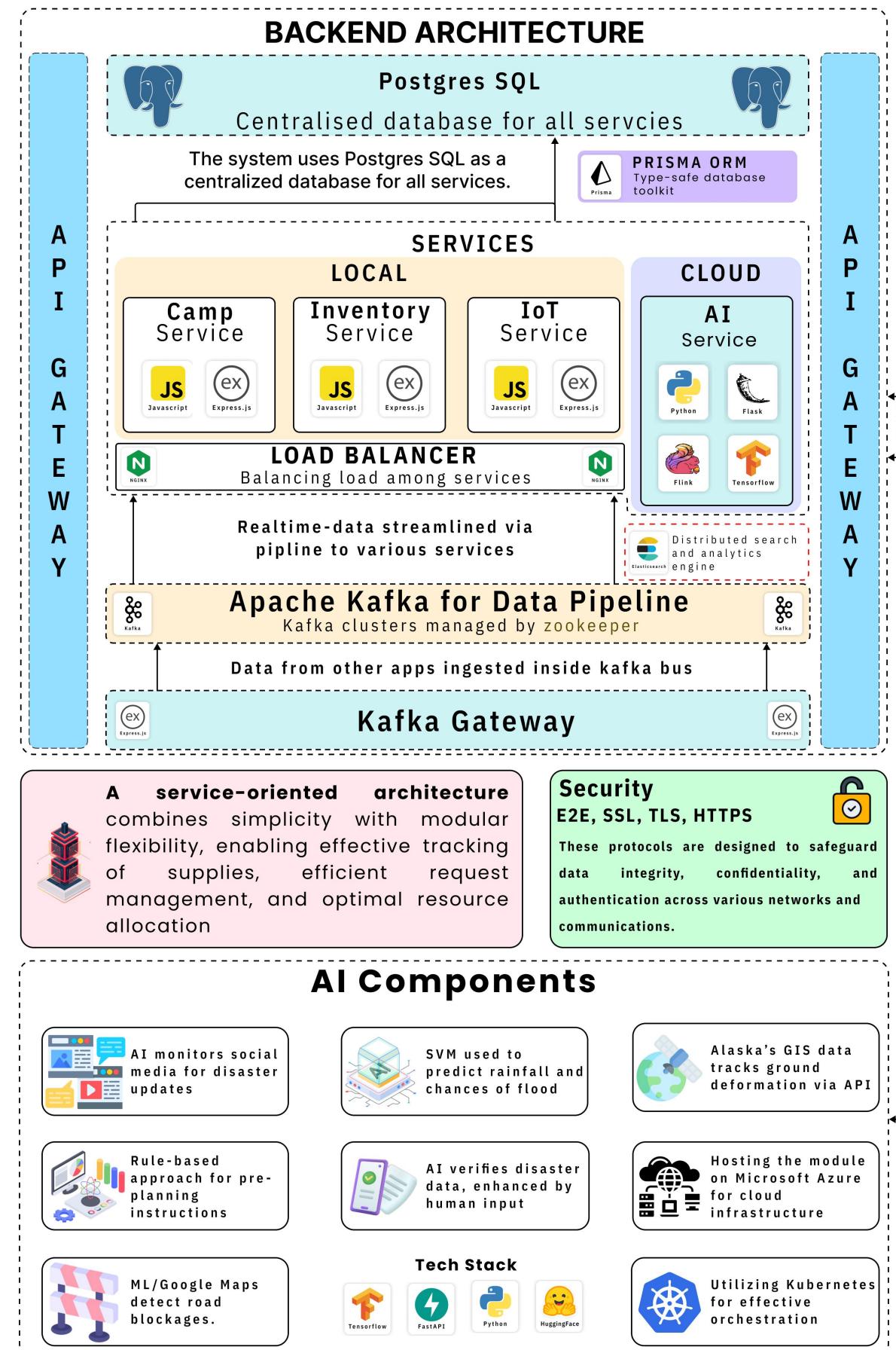
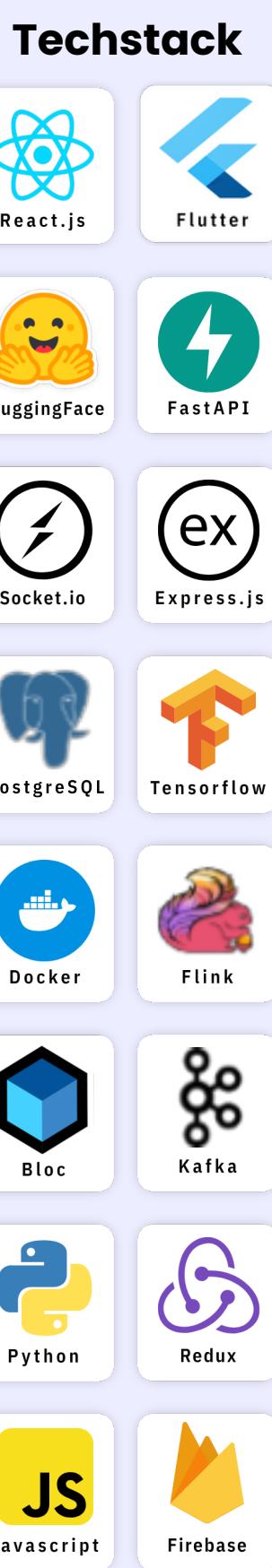
AI scans social media for disasters, **verifies them**, and supports immediate planning



Dedicated Govt Dashboard : "Centralized hub for streamlining disaster response."

 **Secure Data Lake for Post-Disaster Analysis**
Collects all post-disaster data in a secured repository for future analysis and reference

 **Scalable IoT Node for cross validation and safety**
IoT nodes across various regions transmits regional changes in real time during disasters



FEASIBILITY AND VIABILITY

FEASIBILITY



Technical Feasibility

The architecture supports **seamless scaling** to accommodate **increasing data loads** and user demands **without major redesign**



Operational Feasibility

Integrating **Kafka** and **Flink** enables efficient real-time data processing and analytics for **faster, timely insights**



Economic Feasibility

Leveraging cloud-based solutions reduces **hardware costs** and leads to substantial overall savings, enhancing cost-effectiveness

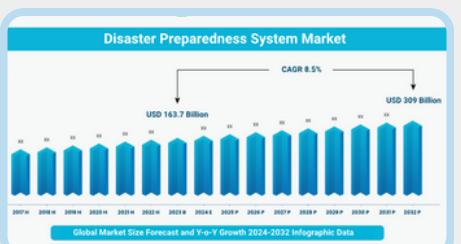


Regulatory Feasibility

The system complies with disaster management regulations and data security laws like **GDPR** and the **Disaster Management Act**

Market Viability

The disaster preparedness system market is growing at an **8.5% CAGR**, reflecting sustained demand for our product as organizations prioritize safety and emergency response.



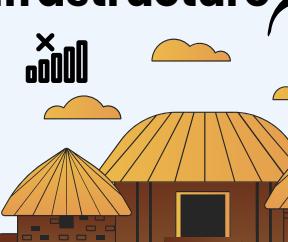
Authorities Involved



CHALLENGES

Connectivity and Infrastructure

Can the software function reliably in regions with limited internet connectivity?



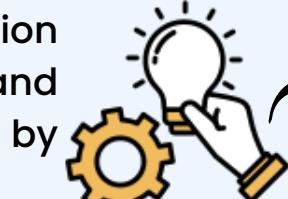
Collaboration and Coordination

How will it enable collaboration among Govt. agencies, NGOs, and private sectors?



Adoption and Acceptance

Will the solution overcome resistance and be widely adopted by diverse organizations?



Technological Literacy

Is the software user-friendly for ground-level responders, NGOs, and local communities?



Disaster Navigator

IoT, SMS, social media, and shared data to locate people in high-probability areas of danger



GOVT. SCHEME



PMNRF

STRATEGIES

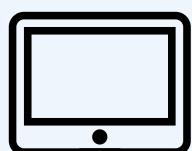
Yes, the software uses a 4-level fallback approach

- Storing requests offline and sending data packets via IoT nodes when connectivity is available



We provide a unified software system which enhances the collaboration

- Dedicated applications for government, NGOs, and the private sector, powered by Kafka and a unified data lake, ensure interoperability.



Our promotes collaboration and easy adoption without any bias

- A shared repository fosters widespread acceptance across diverse organizations.
- It operates under government supervision.



Its is not needed! - We reach you before you do using our disaster navigator

- Our system uses IoT nodes to monitor disaster-prone areas, providing real-time updates.
- It employs AI to verify disaster information from social media, all presented through a simple user interface.



IMPACTS AND BENEFITS

Economic Benefits

By optimizing resource allocation and reducing response times, FORUS can lower operational costs and prevent losses, offering substantial economic savings during and after disaster management.



Social Benefits

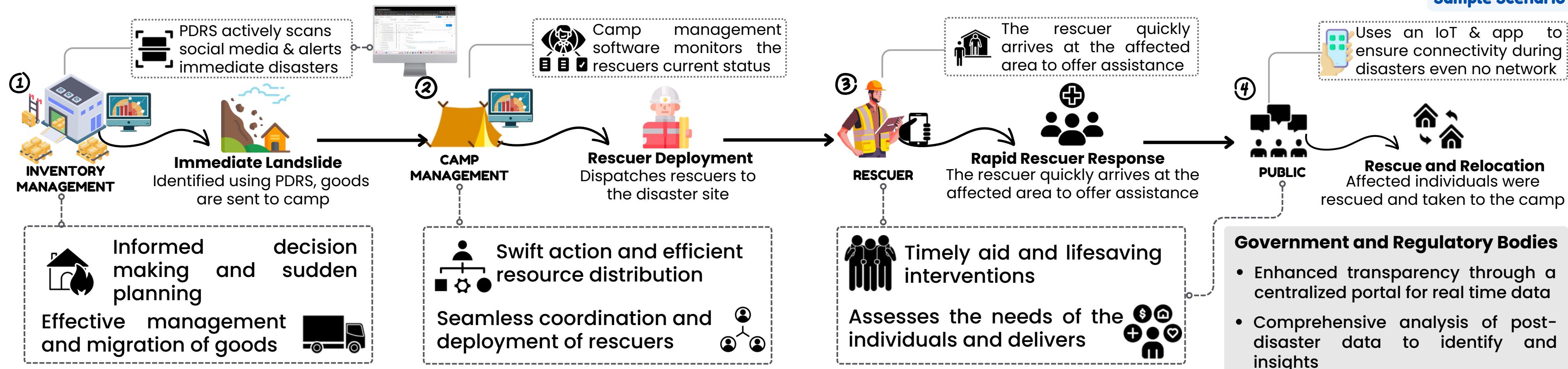
The system enhances coordination and speeds up disaster response, improving safety and reducing the emotional toll on affected communities by restoring stability faster.

Environmental Benefits

FORUS improves resource efficiency and reduces waste during disaster management, potentially minimizing environmental disruption and lowering emissions during recovery efforts.



STAKEHOLDERS & IMPACTS



OUR PROMISE

Our solution perfectly aligns with the UN Sustainable Development Goals.



India's Perspective

Government is highly committed to disaster management, allocating ₹10,000-₹15,000 crore in relief funds. Ex: ₹11,500 crore was allocated solely for flood prevention in Bihar.

*Consolidated Proof documents of all research is provided in slide 6

PERKS

Our solution helps NDRF and SDRF plan effectively, reducing overhead, and increasing efficiency

Better
10% → 30%

3 month
Less recovery time

1000+Cr
can be spent properly

200+
Lives could be saved

25%
increase in efficiency

24hrs
of time can be saved

30%
reduction in resources

RESEARCH AND REFERENCES

DISASTER MANAGEMENT - RESEARCH & REFERENCES



India is highly vulnerable to floods, with over 40 million hectares of its 329 million hectares of land being flood-prone.



From 1996 to 2005, the average annual flood damage was Rs. 4,745 crore, compared to Rs. 1,805 crore over the previous 53 years.

The use of **big data and predictive analytics** in disaster management has been shown to improve early warning systems and disaster preparedness



Tsunami account for \$280 economic loss



A review of available data from tsunami events puts these losses at 251,770 deaths and US\$280 billion out of recorded economic losses for earthquakes and tsunamis of US\$661.5 billion (1998-2017).

This compares with 998 deaths and US\$2.7 billion in recorded losses from tsunamis over the previous twenty years



[Click here](#)

An analysis of the frequency of cyclones on the East and West coasts of India between 1891 and 1990 shows that nearly 262 cyclones occurred (92 of these severe) in a 50 km wide strip above the East coast



The West coast saw 33 cyclones, 19 of them severe

[Click here](#)

Responses & Feedback from users



[Click here](#)

Disaster management and recovery is a complex, multi-tiered process that involves several different government and non-government organizations working in concert

Based on our research, no existing software provides a unified platform for disaster planning and response management, acting as a shared repository for different organizations

CLICK ON THE
IMAGES TO
VISIT LINKS

GitHub

You can see the Project files of FORUS here

[Click here](#)

Proof Documents

Consolidated proof documents of all the work

[Click here](#)

IoT - REFERENCES



Meshtastic

Implementation of LoRa mesh network

[Click here](#)



Free RTOS

Timely task management for embedded systems

[Click here](#)

AI/ML - REFERENCES



PDRS Social Media AI

Importance of monitoring social media during disaster

[Click here](#)



Tweet Cred

Identifying reliability of a tweet

[Click here](#)

MARKET - RESEARCH

Market Growth



The disaster management market is projected to grow at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 9.2% from 2023 to 2030.

India is one of the key geographical hubs for disaster management solutions, with significant investments and developments in this sector.

Disaster Management Software

Revenue Breakdown

Annual Cost to run the system per year = ₹57,024(For PDRS and Inventory) + ₹ 28,512(For Camp and Rescuer) + ₹30,240(PostgreSQL - m2) + ₹66,000(Data Transfer) + ₹216,000(Load Balancer, Azure Monitor and Backups) + ₹44,232(Azure Blob Storage) = ₹4,42,008/year

Profit Percentage

Software Sales: Profit margins on software (80%) due to centralized cloud infrastructure.

Hardware Sales: Profit margins on hardware (25%) due to sensor and network material costs.



TAM - Total Addressable Market
SAM - Service Available Market
SOM - Service Obtainable Market

₹95,000 crore
₹30,157 crore
₹ 2,558 crore

For detailed market research and analysis check out [Click here](#)

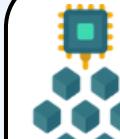
BACK END



Kafka

[click here](#)

Kafka's superior scalability sets it apart from other messaging systems



SOA

[Click here](#)

Service-Oriented Architecture enables modular, scalable, and flexible system integration

DISASTER MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE - REFERENCES



India Disaster Resource Network (IDRN)

IDRN is a national web-based inventory of resources for disaster response

[Click here](#)

It helps local governments and disaster management teams track and mobilize essential resources like equipment, vehicles, and personnel during a disaster.



DLAN - DisasterLAN

[Click here](#)

It is a web-based system for managing emergencies, offering real-time communication, workflow automation, and integration with FEMA's NQS. Used since 2002, it enhances response and reporting across the U.S. and Canada.