

# SDN/NFV Project1\_310581027

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## Part1

### Activate ONOS APPS

**Q1.** When ONOS activates "**org.onosproject.openflow**," what are the APPs which it also activates? **Ans.**

- org.onosproject.optical-model (**Optical Network Model**)
- org.onosproject.hostprovider (**Host Location Provider**)
- org.onosproject.lldpprovider (**LLDP Link Provider**)
- org.onosproject.openflow-base (**OpenFlow Base Provider**)

```
blacklutos@root > apps -a -s
* 17 org.onosproject.drivers 2.7.0 Default Drivers
* 24 org.onosproject.optical-model 2.7.0 Optical Network Model
* 63 org.onosproject.hostprovider 2.7.0 Host Location Provider
* 65 org.onosproject.lldpprovider 2.7.0 LLDP Link Provider
* 66 org.onosproject.openflow-base 2.7.0 OpenFlow Base Provider
* 67 org.onosproject.openflow 2.7.0 OpenFlow Provider Suite
* 90 org.onosproject.gui2 2.7.0 ONOS GUI2
* 129 org.onosproject.fwd 2.7.0 Reactive Forwarding
blacklutos@root > app deactivate org.onosproject.openflow
Deactivated org.onosproject.openflow
blacklutos@root > apps -a -s
* 17 org.onosproject.drivers 2.7.0 Default Drivers
* 90 org.onosproject.gui2 2.7.0 ONOS GUI2
* 129 org.onosproject.fwd 2.7.0 Reactive Forwarding
blacklutos@root > app activate org.onosproject.openflow
Activated org.onosproject.openflow
blacklutos@root > apps -a -s
* 17 org.onosproject.drivers 2.7.0 Default Drivers
* 24 org.onosproject.optical-model 2.7.0 Optical Network Model
* 63 org.onosproject.hostprovider 2.7.0 Host Location Provider
* 65 org.onosproject.lldpprovider 2.7.0 LLDP Link Provider
* 66 org.onosproject.openflow-base 2.7.0 OpenFlow Base Provider
* 67 org.onosproject.openflow 2.7.0 OpenFlow Provider Suite
* 90 org.onosproject.gui2 2.7.0 ONOS GUI2
* 129 org.onosproject.fwd 2.7.0 Reactive Forwarding
```

**Q2.** After activate ONOS and run P.15 command. Will H1 ping H2 successfully? Why or why not? **Ans.**

- In the first, the result would be not successful because I didn't activate **Reactive Forwarding**. But after I activated the app, the ping result would be successful.

Observe listening port with terminal command "netstat"

**Q3.** Which TCP port the controller listens for the OpenFlow connection request from the switch? screenshot **Ans.**

- **6633** and **6653**.
- In the old version of Openflow, the TCP port is **6633**, and the new version will be **6653**.

```
blacklutos@SDN-NFV:~/onos$ netstat -nlpt
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
Active Internet connections (only servers)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address         State       PID/Program name
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:42649        0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      2181/node
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.53:53         0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      -
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:631         0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      -
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:5005        0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      3280/java
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:22            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      -
tcp6       0      0 :::8101                :::*                    LISTEN      3280/java
tcp6       0      0 :::8181                :::*                    LISTEN      3280/java
tcp6       0      0 :::9876                :::*                    LISTEN      3280/java
tcp6       0      0 :::1:631               :::*                    LISTEN      -
tcp6       0      0 :::1:41397             :::*                    LISTEN      2944/bazel(onos)
tcp6       0      0 :::38011               :::*                    LISTEN      3280/java
tcp6       0      0 :::1099                :::*                    LISTEN      3280/java
tcp6       0      0 127.0.0.1:45465       :::*                    LISTEN      3280/java
tcp6       0      0 :::6633                :::*                    LISTEN      3280/java
tcp6       0      0 :::6653                :::*                    LISTEN      3280/java
tcp6       0      0 :::22                  :::*                    LISTEN      -
```

**Q4.** In question 3, which APP enables the controller to listen on the TCP port? **Ans.**

- **org.onosproject.openflow-base**
- When I deactivate it, the TCP port **6633** and **6653** will disappear.

The screenshot shows a terminal window with two panes. The left pane shows the output of the `ifconfig` command, listing various ONOS components and their versions. The right pane shows the output of the `netstat -nlpt` command, displaying active internet connections. The terminal shows the following commands and outputs:

```
blacklutos@root > sh ifconfig
33:28 Command not found: sh
blacklutos@root > app -a -s
33:36 Error executing command onos:app: undefined option -a
Try <command> --help for more information.
blacklutos@root > apps -a -s
33:43 * 17 org.onosproject.drivers 2.7.0 Default Drivers
* 24 org.onosproject.optical-model 2.7.0 Optical Network Model
* 63 org.onosproject.hostprovider 2.7.0 Host Location Provider
* 65 org.onosproject.lldpprovider 2.7.0 LLDP Link Provider
* 66 org.onosproject.openflow-base 2.7.0 OpenFlow Base Provider
* 67 org.onosproject.openflow 2.7.0 OpenFlow Provider Suite
* 90 org.onosproject.gui2 2.7.0 ONOS GUI2
* 129 org.onosproject.fwd 2.7.0 Reactive Forwarding
blacklutos@root >
33:46
blacklutos@root > app deactivate org.onosproject.openflow-base
Deactivated org.onosproject.openflow-base
blacklutos@root >
```

The `netstat -nlpt` output on the right shows the following connections:

Proto	Recv-Q	Send-Q	Local Address	Foreign Address	State	PID/Program name
tcp	0	0	127.0.0.1:42649	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	2181/node
tcp	0	0	127.0.0.53:53	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	-
tcp	0	0	127.0.0.1:631	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	-
tcp	0	0	127.0.0.1:5005	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	3280/java
tcp	0	0	0.0.0.0:22	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	-
tcp6	0	0	:::8101	:::*	LISTEN	3280/java
tcp6	0	0	:::8181	:::*	LISTEN	3280/java
tcp6	0	0	:::9876	:::*	LISTEN	3280/java
tcp6	0	0	:::1:631	:::*	LISTEN	-
tcp6	0	0	:::1:41397	:::*	LISTEN	2944/bazel(onos)
tcp6	0	0	:::38011	:::*	LISTEN	3280/java
tcp6	0	0	:::1099	:::*	LISTEN	3280/java
tcp6	0	0	127.0.0.1:45465	:::*	LISTEN	3280/java
tcp6	0	0	:::6633	:::*	LISTEN	3280/java
tcp6	0	0	:::6653	:::*	LISTEN	3280/java
tcp6	0	0	:::22	:::*	LISTEN	-

## Part2

- **Add hosts**
  - Add the four hosts from h1 to h4.
- **Add switches**
  - Add the four switches from s1 to s4.
- **Add linkss**

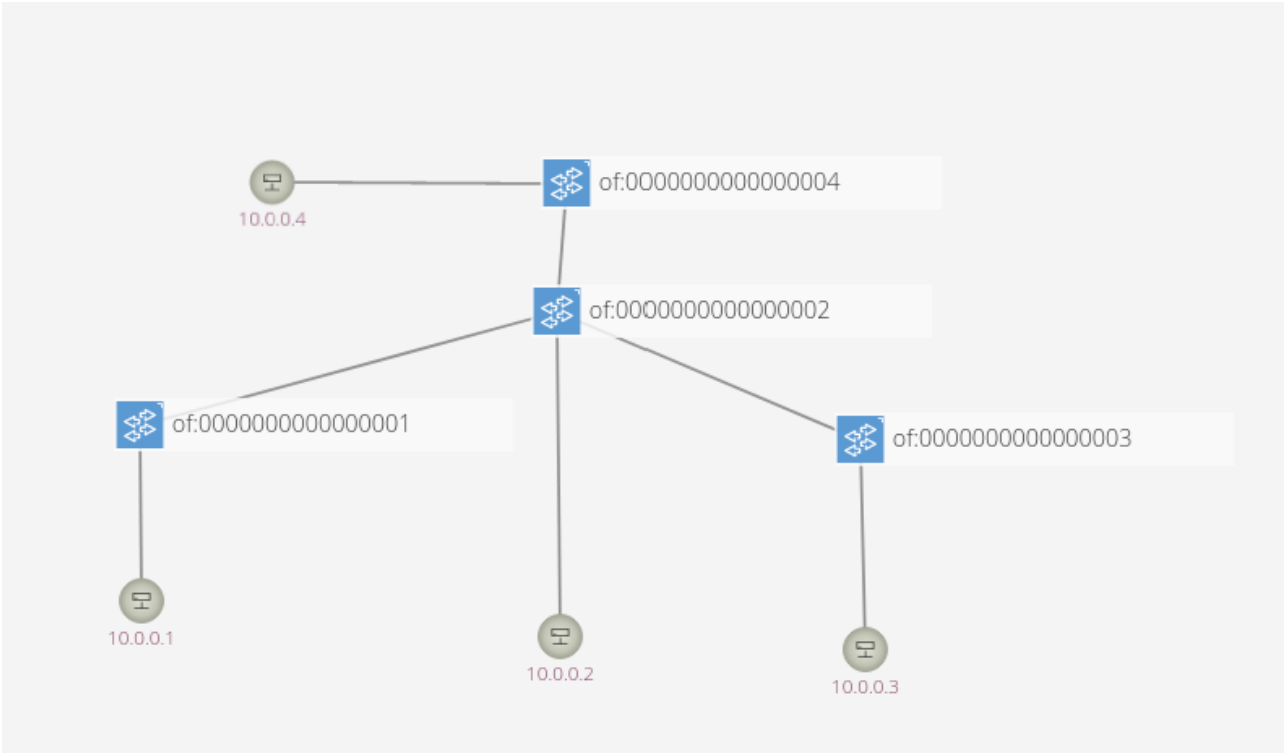
- Link the switches and hosts.

- **Code**

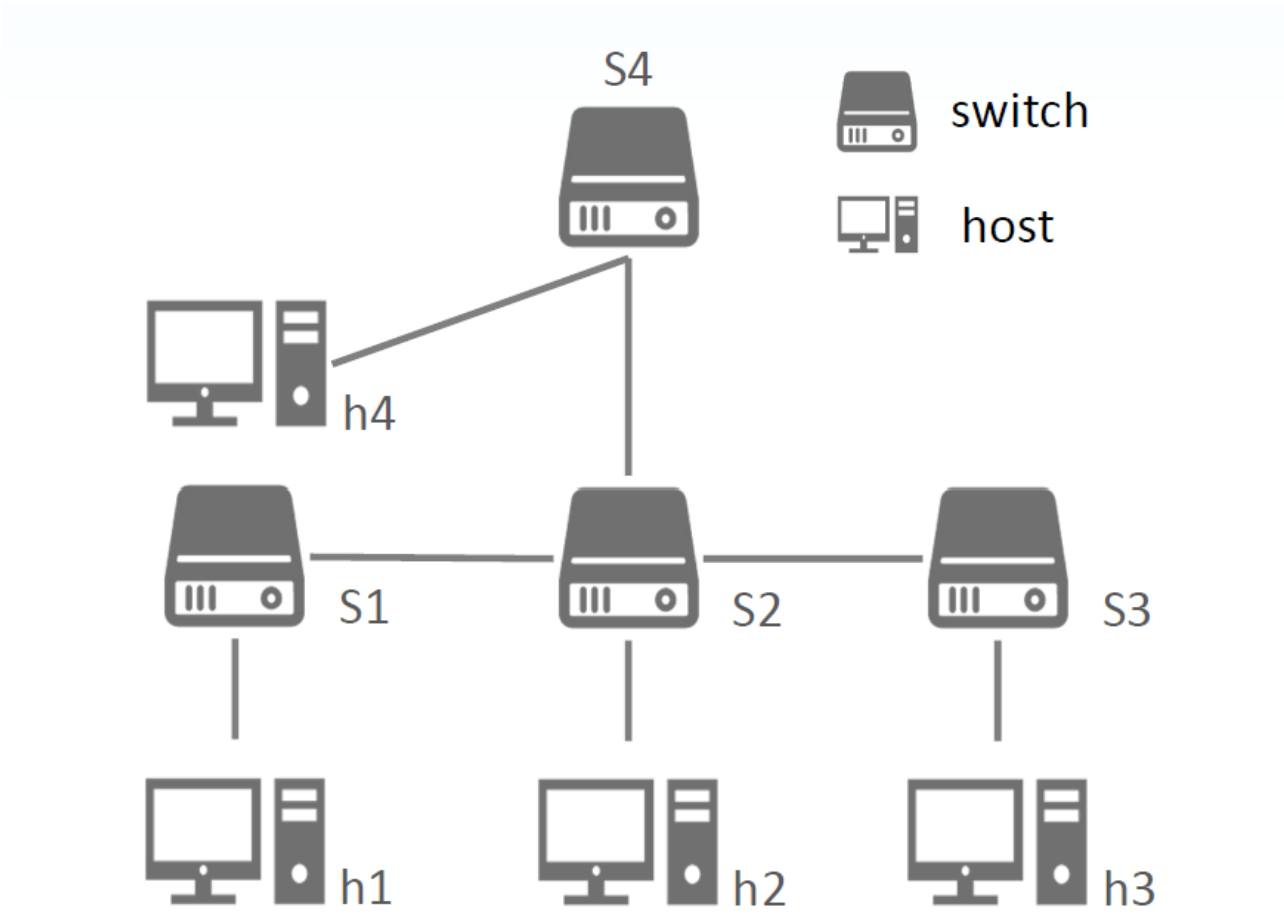
- Use the order custom file and topo.

```
project1_310581027 > project1_part2_310581027.py
1  from mininet.topo import Topo
2
3  class Project1_Topo_310581027( Topo ):
4      def __init__( self ):
5          Topo.__init__( self )
6
7          # Add hosts
8          h1 = self.addHost( 'h1' )
9          h2 = self.addHost( 'h2' )
10         h3 = self.addHost( 'h3' )
11         h4 = self.addHost( 'h4' )
12
13         # Add switches
14         s1 = self.addSwitch( 's1' )
15         s2 = self.addSwitch( 's2' )
16         s3 = self.addSwitch( 's3' )
17         s4 = self.addSwitch( 's4' )
18
19         # Add links
20         self.addLink( s4, h4 )
21         self.addLink( s4, s2 )
22         self.addLink( s1, s2 )
23         self.addLink( s2, s3 )
24         self.addLink( s1, h1 )
25         self.addLink( s2, h2 )
26         self.addLink( s3, h3 )
27
28
29     topos = { 'topo_part2_310581027': Project1_Topo_310581027 }
```

- The ONOS topology graph.



- The topology graph.



Part3

- The revised part

- Add IP address to hosts from 192.168.0.1 to 192.168.0.4.

### # Add hosts

```
h1 = self.addHost( 'h1', ip='192.168.0.1/27' )
h2 = self.addHost( 'h2', ip='192.168.0.2/27' )
h3 = self.addHost( 'h3', ip='192.168.0.3/27' )
h4 = self.addHost( 'h4', ip='192.168.0.4/27' )
```

- Order the netmask would be 255.255.255.224 (/27)

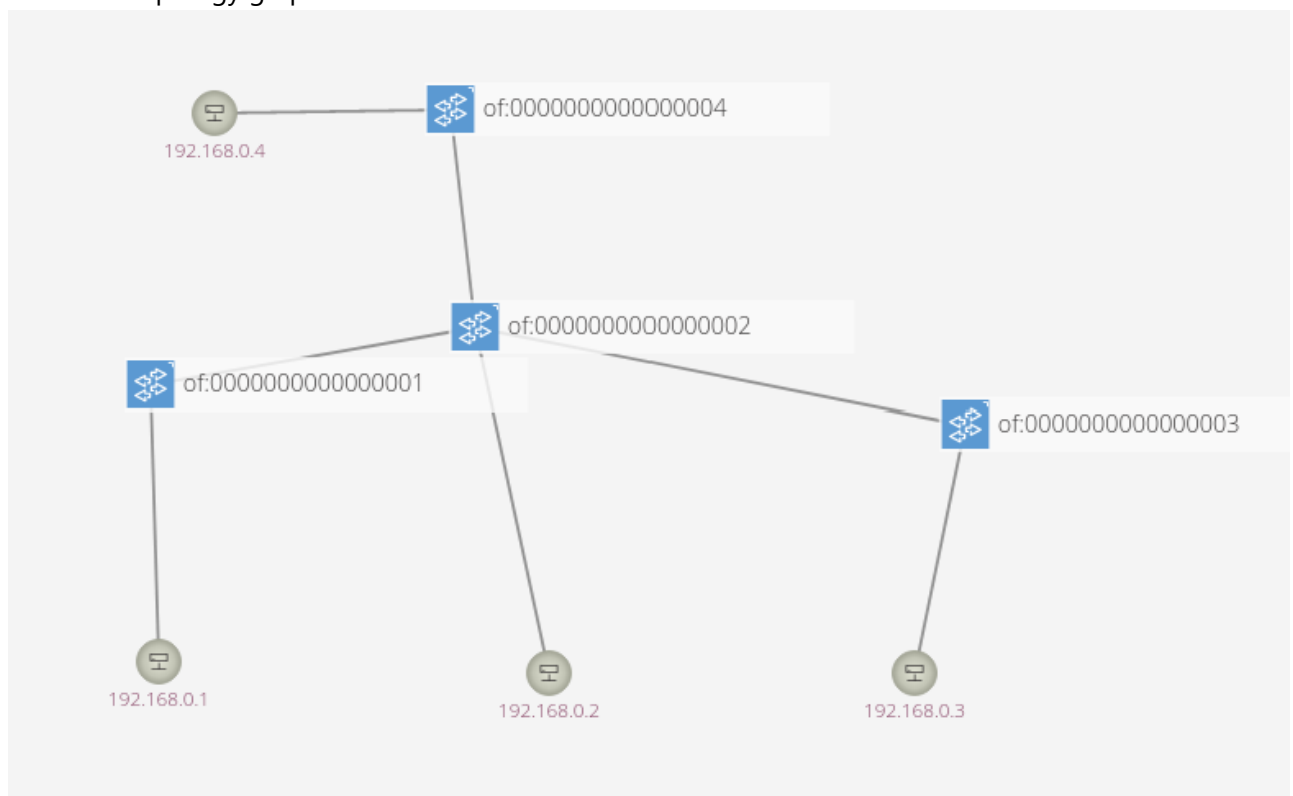
```
mininet> h1 ifconfig
h1-eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.0.1 netmask 255.255.255.224 broadcast 192.168.0.31
        inet6 fe80::6872:f9ff:fece:1e92 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
```

```
mininet> h2 ifconfig
h2-eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.0.2 netmask 255.255.255.224 broadcast 192.168.0.31
        inet6 fe80::749c:69ff:fe44:976d prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
```

```
mininet> h3 ifconfig
h3-eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.0.3 netmask 255.255.255.224 broadcast 192.168.0.31
        inet6 fe80::f895:30ff:fe66:9cee prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
```

```
mininet> h4 ifconfig
h4-eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.0.4 netmask 255.255.255.224 broadcast 192.168.0.31
        inet6 fe80::9430:c2ff:fe50:9d04 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
```

- The onos topology graph.



## What I've learned or solved

### Learn

- I learned how to write mininet program by using python to implement the virtual network topology.
- Use the controller of onos to forward the packet in topology.

### Problem

- At first, I meet a problem While I execute the command, I stop in the process which is 'starting cli', and I found that I shouldn't copy the command from TA's lab pdf file, it will have some error. After I try to manually input the command, the problem will be solved.