



Chapter 12 (3.3)

Creating Responsive Webpages Using Bootstrap and jQuery



Objectives

At the end of this session, you will be able to:

- Describe the role of media queries in achieving responsiveness in Bootstrap
- Understand the use tables in Bootstrap
- Understand the use tabs in a well in Bootstrap
- Describe how to customize Bootstrap
- Explain how to create a Website using Bootstrap and jQuery



Roles of Media Queries (1-2)

- Media query is a style rule for displaying Website on a particular device type
- Adds responsive CSS to bootstrap application
- CSS2 – computer screens, TV-type gadgets, handheld devices, and printers
- CSS3 – focus on characteristics of target devices rather on type
- Physical properties of device type:

Width and height
of viewport and
device

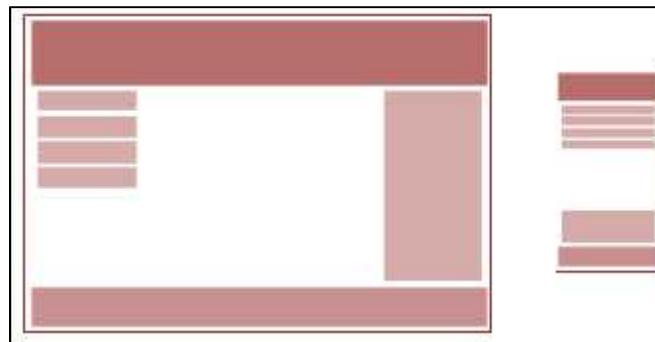
Screen
resolution

Orientation –
portrait, or
landscape

- Device specific style sheet
- Defines breakpoint for width of media where layout changes visibly

Roles of Media Queries (2-2)

- Bootstrap defines media queries in `bootstrapresponsive.css` file
- Folder structure: **Assets** folder>> **CSS** folder>> **bootstrapresponsive.css** file
- File specifies breakpoints in a grid system
- Breakpoint on mobile:



- Contains `@media` attribute with width-based logical expression
- Returns true when matches, otherwise returns false
- Include styles for different devices in a single Webpage



Tables (1-2)

- Displays data in a grid layout
- Contains rows and columns
- Provides built-in classes to improve appearance
- Basic table has – horizontal splitters and slight padding of 8 pixels
- Basic bootstrap table:

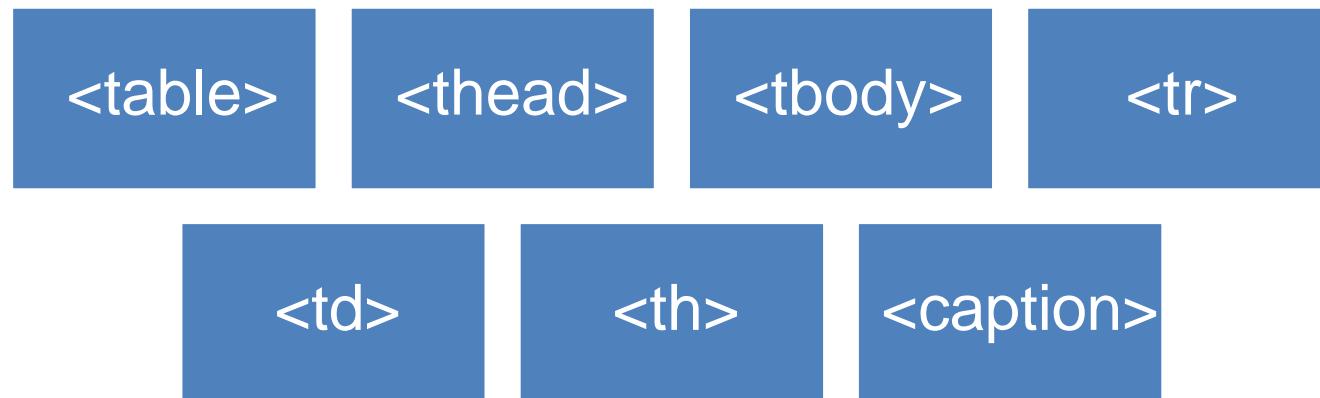
The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title bar "C:\Apps\Tables.html". The main content area displays a table with the following data:

| Firstname | Lastname | City |
|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| Stella | Mark | smark@example.com |
| Josie | Fernandes | josief@example.com |
| Jack | Doe | jdoe@example.com |



Tables (2-2)

- Bootstrap provides a clean layout to create a table
- Table elements are:



- Standard order of tags: <table>, <tbody>, <tr>, <td>
- Order of column headers: <thead>, <tr>, <th>



Striped Rows

- Table can be created with alternate rows and alternate background color.
- Appearance of zebra strips
- Use `.table-striped` class and add to `.table` base class
- Output:



A screenshot of a web browser window displaying a table. The browser's title bar shows the path 'C:\Apps\Tables.htm'. The table has four columns: 'sl no', 'Car Name', 'Manufacturer Name', and 'Year manufactured'. There are three rows of data: Row 1 contains '1', 'Swift', 'Maruti', and '2008'; Row 2 contains '2', 'Polo', 'VolksWagon', and '2009'; Row 3 contains '3', 'Duster', 'Renault', and '2012'. The rows alternate in background color, creating a striped effect.

| sl no | Car Name | Manufacturer Name | Year manufactured |
|-------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | Swift | Maruti | 2008 |
| 2 | Polo | VolksWagon | 2009 |
| 3 | Duster | Renault | 2012 |



Bordered Table

- Enable borders on all sides of table
- By default only horizontal dividers are enabled
- Use *.table-bordered* class and add to *.table* base class
- Output:

| Bordered Table | | |
|----------------|-----------|--|
| Firstname | Lastname | Email |
| Stella | Mark | smark@example.com |
| Josie | Fernandes | josief@example.com |
| Jack | Doe | jdoe@example.com |



Hover Effects on Rows

- Apply hover effects on rows of the table
- When hover effect is applied for row, row color changes when user moves mouse on a particular row
- Use .table-hover class and add to .table base class
- Output:

Hover Effect on a Table

| Firstname | Lastname | Email |
|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| Stella | Mark | smark@example.com |
| Josie | Fernandes | josief@example.com |
| Jack | Doe | jdoe@example.com |



Condensed Tables

- Also known as compact tables
- Reduce cell padding by half to make condensed table
- Saves spaces around cells
- Use .table-condensed class and add to .table base class
- Output:

Compact Table

| Firstname | Lastname | Email |
|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| Stella | Mark | smark@example.com |
| Josie | Fernandes | josief@example.com |
| Jack | Doe | jdoe@example.com |



Emphasis on Tables

- Few contextual classes to emphasize a cell or entire row
- Indicate success, warning, information, or danger by changing the background color of the row or cell
- List of contextual classes with color:

| Contextual Class | Background Color | Description |
|------------------|------------------|---|
| .active | Gray | Applies the hover color to a cell or row. |
| .success | Green | Denotes a successful action. |
| .info | Blue | Denotes informative text or neutral action. |
| .warning | Yellow | Denotes a warning to grab quick attention. |
| .danger | Red | Denotes a harmful action. |

- Use classes .warning, .success, .danger, .active, .info to .table base class.



Responsive Tables

- Bootstrap 3 activates horizontal scrolling on small devices
- Same table on larger screens have no difference
- Use .table-responsive class
- Output of responsive table on small screen and larger screen:

| Row | Course Name | Developed By | Preface |
|-----|-------------|------------------|--|
| 1 | Java | James Gosling | Java was originally developed by James Gosling at Sun Microsystems and released in 1995 as a core component of Sun Microsystems' Java platform. |
| 2 | Ruby | Yukhiro Matz | Ruby is a dynamic, reflective, object-oriented, general-purpose programming language. It was designed and developed in the mid 1990s by Yukhiro 'Matz' Matsumoto in Japan. |
| 3 | Python | Guido van Rossum | Python was conceived in the late 1980s, and its implementation began in December 1989 by Guido van Rossum at Centrum Wiskunde & Informatica (CWI). |

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Customizing Bootstrap

- Twitter bootstrap is a popular CSS framework
- Official Website offers custom builder to generate personal bootstrap package
- LESS and SASS versions for compiling CSS file
- Prevents deviation from normal workflow and provide hassle-free upgradation
- Output:



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Bootstrap Wells

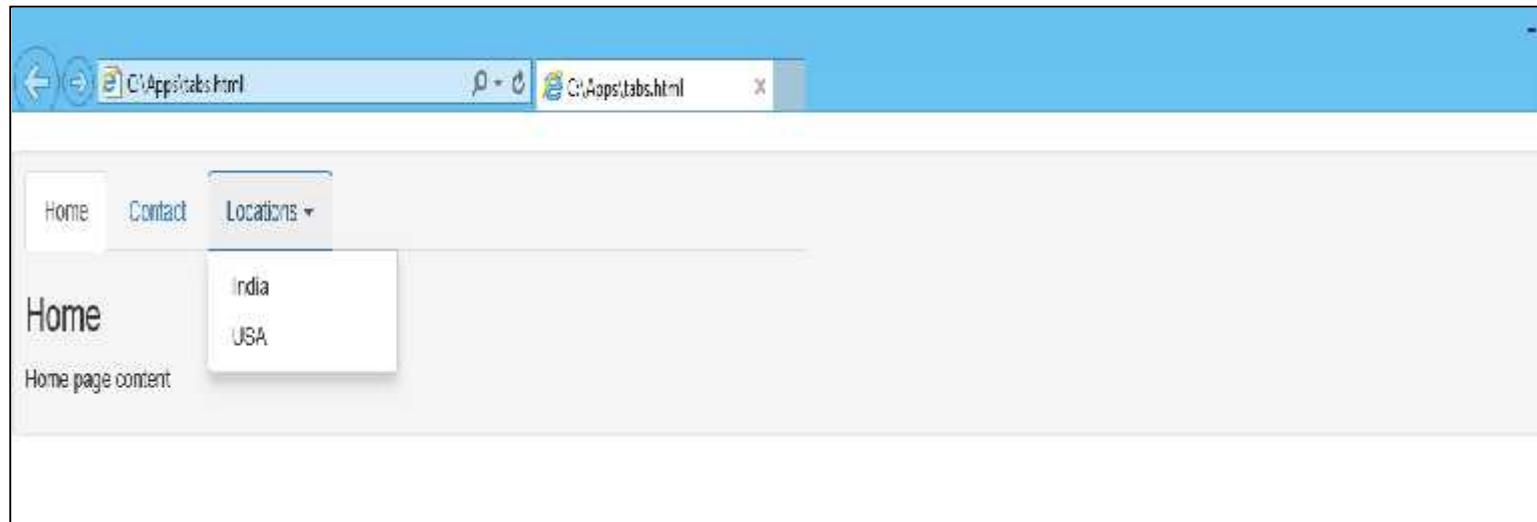
- A well is a container component for applying an inset style
- Used to insert content inside a box
- Put content inside <div> using .well class
- Rounded border with padding and grey background color
- Change the size of well by controlling its padding by using two modifier class .well-lg and .well-sm
- Render a well smaller or larger as per defined base class
- Output of smaller, default, and larger well:

A screenshot of three vertically stacked Bootstrap wells. Each well contains a title and a short description. The first well is labeled 'SMALL WELL with reduced padding and radius'. The second well is labeled 'DEFAULT WELL with default padding and radius'. The third well is labeled 'A LARGE WELL with increased padding and radius'. All three wells have a light gray background and rounded corners.



Tabs in Bootstrap Well

- Offers tabbed interface in a well
- Contains a series of tabs, drop-down menus, or both
- Use .nav-tabs class and add to .nav base class in tag
- Output:





Building a Website

- jQuery with bootstrap used to design robust and dynamic Webpages
- Simple to use and quick to design
- Compatible to multiple browsers
- Bootstrap include containers, form, or form controls in a Webpage
- jQuery provides functionalities to these components



Summary (1-3)

- A media query defines styles for displaying a Webpage on a specific type of device without modifying the markups.
- Media queries are useful in determining the device's physical properties namely, viewport's and device's width and height, screen resolution, and orientation.
- Media queries define the breakpoint for the media's width from where the layout changes on a specific screen.
- Web developers can define device-specific style sheets in Bootstrap and include all in a single Webpage.



Summary (2-3)

- A basic Bootstrap table features distinct appearance in terms of only horizontal splitters and slight padding of 8 pixels.
- A Bootstrap table can have striped rows, borders on all sides, a hovering effect on rows, and emphasized effect on rows or cells.
- The emphasized effect on rows and cells comes from one or more contextual classes namely .active, .success, .info, .danger, and .warning.
- Bootstrap 3 activates horizontal scrolling on a small device whose screen width is not more than 768 pixels.



Summary (3-3)

- Instead of messing up with the core files, it is more efficient to override the default CSS file in Bootstrap.
- A well is a container component to apply an inset style to a block-level element or sunken effect to its content.
- It is also possible to change the well's size by controlling its padding through the modifier classes.



Q & A