

# Linear Control Systems 25411

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Assignment 5

Fall 1402 Due Date: 1402/9/12

Note 1: purple problems are bonus ones.

### 1 Root Locus

The transfer functions of two open-loop control systems are given below:

$$G_1(s) = \frac{s^2 - 2s + 4}{(s+1)(s+10)(s+30)}$$
$$G_2(s) = \frac{s+4}{s(s+6)(s+8)(s^2+3s+4)}$$

For each system, sketch the root locus plot as proportional gain K is varied from 0 to  $\infty$ . Specifically determine:

- a) Angle of asymptotes and the centroid point
- b) The breaking-away points (if any)
- c) The range of K such the closed-loop system becomes unstable
- d) Angle of departure (from complex poles) and angle of arrival (to complex zeros) (if any)
- e) The value of K such that the closed-loop system is critically damped (if any)

### 2 Centroid Point Formula

Prove the introduced formula for calculation of centroid point.

## 3 Root Locus Shape

Show that for 0 < K < 4, the root locus of the given open-loop transfer function, lies on a circle.

$$G(s) = \frac{s+2}{(s+1)^2}$$

# 4 Full Range Root Locus

The transfer function of a open-loop control system is given below:

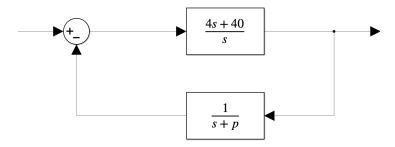
$$G(s) = \frac{s+0.1}{s(s-0.2)(s^2+s+0.6)}$$

Sketch the root locus plot as K is varied from  $-\infty$  to  $+\infty$  and determine:

- a) Angle of asymptotes and the centroid point
- b) The breaking-away points (if any)
- c) The range of K such the closed-loop system becomes unstable
- d) Angle of departure (from complex poles) and angle of arrival (to complex zeros) (if any)
- e) The value of K such that the closed-loop system is critically damped (if any)

### 5 Root Contours

A closed-loop control system is shown below, wherein the feedback path has a pole located at s = -p. Sketch the root contour plot when the parameter p is varied from 0 to  $\infty$  and examine the closed-loop stability.



## 6 Effect of Noise and Uncertainty

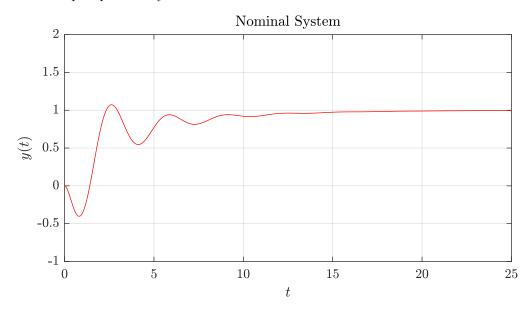
Consider the transfer function below:

$$G(s) = \frac{k(b_1s+1)(1-b_2s)\omega_n^2}{(\tau_1s+1)(\tau_2s+1)(s^2+2\zeta\omega_ns+\omega_n^2)}$$

where the nominal values of the system parameters are given as follows:

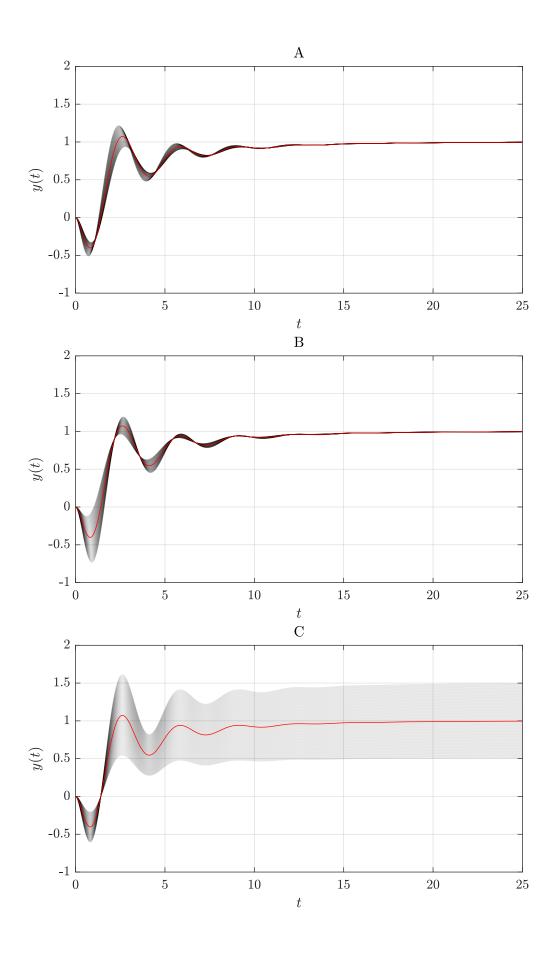
$\hat{k}$	1
$\hat{ au}_1$	0.5
$\hat{ au}_2$	5
$\hat{ au}_2$ $\hat{\zeta}$	0.2
$\hat{\omega}_n$	2
$\hat{b}_1$	3
$\hat{b}_2$	1

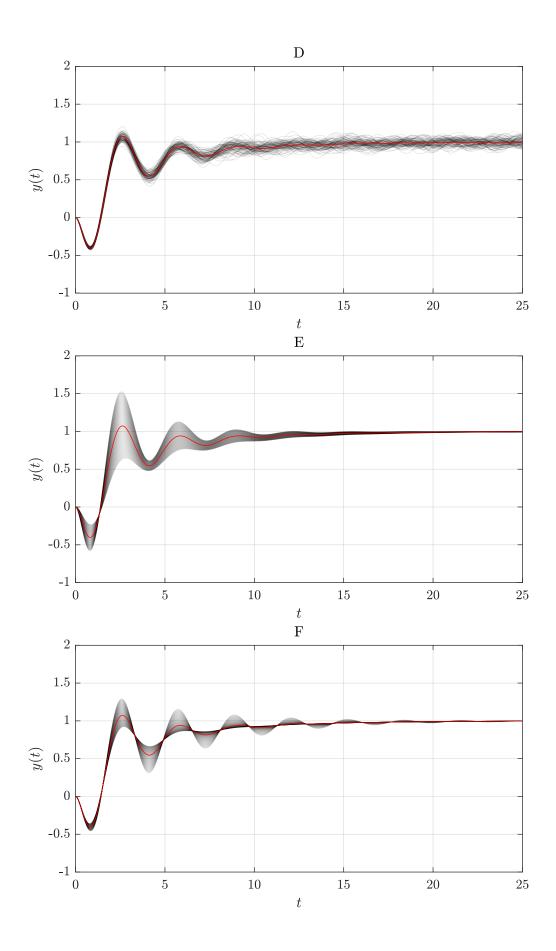
The nominal step response of system is as follows:

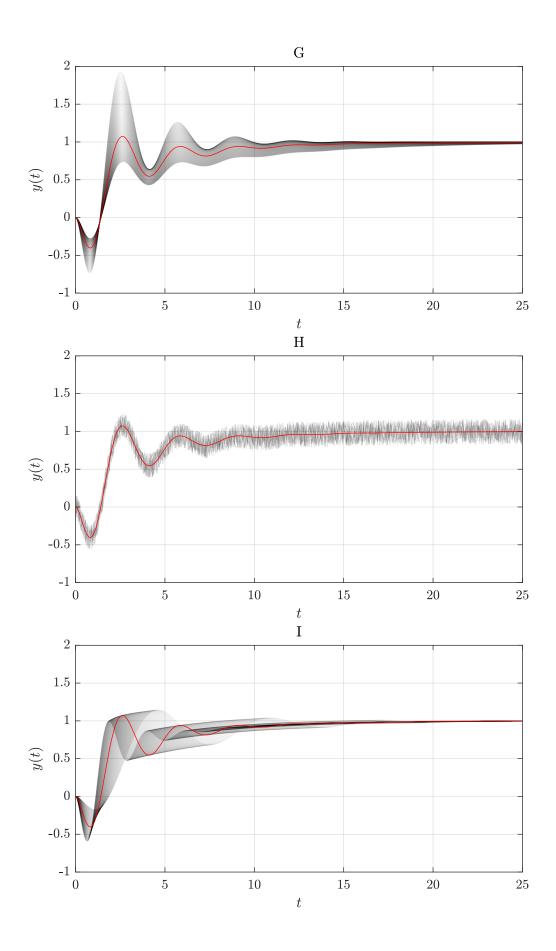


Determine the corresponding plot for each one of the following items. Provide explanations in each case.

- 1) Input noise
- 2) Output noise
- 3)  $k = \hat{k} \pm 50\%$
- 4)  $\tau_1 = \hat{\tau}_1 \pm 50\%$
- 5)  $\tau_1 = \hat{\tau}_1 \pm 50\%$
- 6)  $\zeta = \hat{\zeta} \pm 50\%$
- 7)  $\omega_n = \hat{\omega}_n \pm 50\%$
- 8)  $b_1 = \hat{b}_1 \pm 50\%$
- 9)  $b_2 = \hat{b}_2 \pm 50\%$







# MATLAB Assignments

### 7 Breakaway Points

Write a MATLAB function that takes a transfer function as input and,

a) Returns the candidate breakaway points. Ckeck your function by sketching root-locus plot of following transfer functions using rlocus command.

$$G_1(s) = \frac{s^2 + 2s + 2}{s(s^2 + 0.25)}$$
,  $G_2(s) = \frac{s^2}{(s^2 - 1)^2}$ 

Hint: you might want to use syms, diff, vpasolve commands.

- b) How can we plot complementary root-locus using matlab functions?
- c) Manipulate your function to return the following two outputs
  - 1) The points which belong to root-locus
  - 2) The points which belong to complementary root-locus
  - 3) The candidate points which do not belong to root-locus or its complementary plot