

Welcome



Project'Or RIA is a **Project Or**ganizer **R**ich **I**nternet **A**pplication. Project'Or RIA focuses on IT Projects, but is also compatible with all kinds of Projects.

Its purpose is to propose a unique tool to gather all the information about the projects.

The fact is that many Project Management softwares just focus on planning. But it is a much too restrictive point of view. Of course planning is an important activity of Project Management and is one of the keys to Project success, but it is not the only one.

Project Managers need to foresee all what can happen, measure risks, build action plan and mitigation plan.

It is also important to track and keep traces of all what is happening to the Project : incidents, bugs , change requests, support requests, ...

In this objective, Project'Or RIA gives visibility at all levels of Project Management. At lower level, the Project follow-up consists in gathering all information, and maintain it up to date. This involves all the operational team.

At upper level, Project Steering uses the follow-up data to take the decisions and build the action plan. This allows to bring the adjustments needed to target on the objectives of the project.

The goal of Project'Or RIA is to be Project Management Method independent. Whatever your choice on the method, you can use Project'Or RIA.



Functional (1/4)



Work

- Tickets follow-up, for short activity follow-up such as support or bug fixing.
- Activities follow-up, for work needing to be planned such as development or evolution.
- Milestones follow-up, to define key dates of the planning.
- Action follow-up, with complete description, status and accountable assignment.
- Hierarchic level management via links of Activities, Tickets or Milestones to parent Activity.
- Dependencies management between Activities, Milestones and Projects for accurate planning.
- Assignment of resources to activities.
- Workload management.
- Cost management.
- Workflow definition for status change.

Follow-up

- Planning functionality, in a simple and understandable way, taking into account resource capacity, resource affectation rate to project and resource assignment rate to activity.
- Planning presentation for projects, activities, milestones and dependencies in a Gantt view.
- Workload follow-up for resources.
- Printable reports, with graphics and possibility to export to PDF format.



Functional (2/4)



Financial

- Individual expense.
- Project expense.
- Terms for bill planning.
- Bill management, with several billing modes, depending on project type.
- Definition of activities price, for "time & material" billing.

Risk Management Plan

- Risk follow-up, with complete description of risks and criticality enlightening.
- Issue follow-up, to track Project issues when risks occur.
- Links management, between Actions, Issues and Risks.

Review logs

- Meetings follow-up, with summary of status and minutes.
- Decisions follow-up, with full description and origin reminder.
- Questions management, to track exchanges and responses.
- Links management, between Meetings and Decisions and Questions.

Tools

- Message management, to communicate to users through Today screen.
- Import elements (tickets or else) from CSV files.
- Display of emails sent and alerts sent ("see other").



Functional (3/4)



Environment

- Projects definition.
- Customers and contacts definition.
- Resources definition, for people working on Project, gathered in Teams.
- Users definition, for people connecting to the tool.
- Recipient definition, for billing information.
- Products and Product Versions definition.
- Calendar definition to enter "off days".

Controls and automations

- Workflow definition, controlling status change.
- Automatic email generation on status change.
- Definition of delays for tickets.
- Calculation of indicators, based on target values (dates, work, ...).
- Automatic alerts based on indicators value.

Security

- Login management for restricted access.
- Access Right Management, based on profiles completely customizable.
- Full profiles definition and rights management for reading, creating, updating and deleting.
- Management of visibility of Cost and Work depending on profile.



Functional (4/4)



Document management

- Definition of directories to store documents.
- Documents management, with version follow-up, upload and download functionalities.

Parameters and lists of values

- Every parameter, every list of values may be changed through a devoted screen.
- Every element is linked to a type, defining some mandatory data or other GUI behavior.

Others

- Today screen with summary data for project, list of work (to do list) and list of tasks to follow-up
- Advanced filter functionality, including sort capacity.
- Administration functionalities.
- Global parameters management screen.
- User parameters management screen.
- Traceability of each update on items, displayed on change history section of each item.
- Different selectable color themes.
- CSV Export of every lists.
- PDF export of every printable report.
- Export planning to MS-Project xml format.
- Multi-Language.



Technical (1/3)



Easy to use

- Project'Or RIA proposes a user friendly interface.
- Rich Internet Application running as a light client, in a simple browser.
- Multi-browser compatible (validated on IE 7 to 9, Firefox 3 to 7 and Chrome 5 to 14).
- User friendly interface.
 - Using AJAX, page refresh is always limited to the target area, avoiding blank pages and flickering.
 - General user interface is designed to conform to many usually used tools (such as webmail) :
 - menu on left hand,
 - data on right hand, divided on top as list of items and at bottom as detail for selected item.
 - Selecting an item in the list directly displays its detail.
- Possibility to access to history of changes is offered on every item.
- Notes management enables to attach comments to any item.
- File attachment is proposed for most important items.
- Multi-Language.



Technical (2/3)



Easy to install

- Project'Or RIA uses very well known technologies: PHP / MySQL / AJAX.
- Set up only requires the usual trilogy: Apache, MySQL, PHP.
 Just use your favorite package: XAMPP, LAMP, WAMP, EasyPHP, ZEND Server...
- Required versions:
 - Apache: any version, V2 or above is recommended,
 - MySQL: any version, V5 or above is recommended,
 - PHP: 5.2 or above needed.

For information, Project'Or RIA has first been developed with:

- Easy PHP 2.0.0.0 [Apache V2.2.11, MySQL 5.1.30, PHP V5.2.8]
- Easy PHP 5.3.8.1 [Apache V2.2.21, MySQL 5.5.16, PHP V5.3.8]
- ZEND Server 4.0.5 Community Edition [Apache V2.2.12, MySQL 5.1.35, PHP V5.2.10]
- XAMPP 1.7.7 [Apache V2.2.21, MySQL 5.5.16, PHP V5.3.8]
- Automatic version management triggers Database structure updates at first run for any new version.
- Set-up screen at first run to define internal parameters (database access, default parameters,...).



Technical (3/3)



Easy to parameter

- Every user parameter, every list of values may be changed through a devoted screen.
- Default parameters are proposed, corresponding to most common needs.
- Language selection, proposed on locale value, editable by user (English, French and German for current version).

Easy to customize

- As Project'Or RIA is proposed under open source GPL Licensing, you may adapt it to your needs.
- Project'Or RIA has been developed as a Framework, so it is very easy to add an element or add a data or change display for an element.



Installation



Pre-requisites:

- http server
- PHP server (5.2 or over)
- MySQL database (5 or over)

For instance, you may try to set-up an EasyPHP server, including all required elements. This set-up is not recommended for production purpose, but only for testing and evaluation purpose.

You may also set-up a ZEND Server, including all required elements.

This set-up can be used for production purpose.

Set-up:

- Unzip projectorriaVx.y.z.zip to the web server directory
- Run application in your favorite browser, using http://yourserver/projectorria
- Enjoy!

Notice:

- At first run, configuration screen will be displayed.
- To run again configuration screen, just delete "/tool/parametersLocation.php" file.
- On first connection, database will be automatically updated, it may take several minutes.

Support:

- you may request support in the Forum of Project'Or RIA web site :

http://projectorria.toolware.fr



Configuration



When you first log, normal process should be:

- •configuration screen is displayed
- •you fulfill data corresponding to your environment
- •you then click on "OK" button
- •a spinner is displayed
- •the spinner disappears : at that moment, you should see a message and a new "Continue" button below the "OK" button
- •you click on the "Continue" button
- •screen changes to Logon screen
- •you enter default login: admin/admin and click "OK" button
- •spinner is displayed: this step may take a certain time (about 1 minute) because all the database structure is created
- •spinner disappears and a short message indicates result of database creation (detail of this step is written in log file)
- click again on "OK" and you're in !

If all of this do not work, try this solution:

- get "/tool/parameters.php" file
- •manually update this file with your own parameters
- •create a new file: "/tool/parametersLocation.php" containing:

```
<?php $parametersLocation = "parameters.php";</pre>
```

You can move /tool/parametrers.php, then you just have to indicate its full way in "/tool/parametersLocation.php".



Make sure to store your parameters.php file out of web access to avoid having your security information stolen (for instance connection login to your database)



Parameters (1/5)



Fields filled in Configuration screen are stored in parameters.php file. Here is the mapping.

Caption	Description	Variable name
Database type	The database type. Leave 'mysql' (only possible value).	\$paramDbType
Database host	MySql Server name (default is 'localhost'). If your MySql Database in not listening to default 3306 port, just indicate it here has 'myServer:myPort'	\$paramDbHost
Database user to connect	MySql valid user (default is 'root').	\$paramDbUser
Database password for user	MySql password for user (default is 'mysql', should be changed).	\$paramDbPassword
Database schema name	MySql database instance name (default is 'projectorria'). Database will be automatically created if it does not exist.	\$paramDbName
Name to be displayed	A name that will be displayed on the bottom of the main screen. Any value is possible to identify connected database.	\$paramDbDisplayName
Database prefix for table names	Prefix on table names. It is used to store several instances under same schema. It may be left blank.	\$paramDbPrefix



Parameters (2/5)



Caption	Description	Variable name
eMail address of sender		
eMail address to reply to	The email address used to define the 'reply to' for mailing function. Must be a valid email address.	\$paramMailReplyTo
eMail of administrator	The email address of the administrator. It will appear on error messages. Should be a valid email address.	\$paramAdminMail
SMTP Server	Address of SMTP (mail) server. May be left blank (default is 'localhost').	\$paramMailSmtpServer [New in V1.2.0]
SMTP Port	Port to talk to SMTP (mail) server (default is '25')	\$paramMailSmtpPort [New in V1.2.0]
Sendmail program path	Path to program used to send mails. To set only on issue to send mails, or if not using default sendmail program.	\$paramMailSendmailPath [New in V1.2.0]
Automatic mail title	Title of automatic mails. May content \${item}, \${id}, \${status}, \${name} (*). Default value is proposed on configuration screen.	\$paramMailTitle [New in V1.2.0]
Automatic mail message	Main body message of automatic mails. May content \${item}, \${id}, \${status}, \${name} (*). Default value is proposed on configuration screen.	\$paramMailMessage [New in V1.2.0]
Automatic mail show detail	Tag to specify whether the detail of the element should be included in the message body. Possible values are 'true' or 'false' (default is 'true').	\$paramMailShowDetail [New in V1.2.0]

(*) \${id}: the id of the element
\${item}: the class of the element
\${status}: the new status of the element
\${name}: the name of the element



Parameters (3/5)



Caption	Description	Variable name
Default password for initialization	Default value used to reset users password. Any string is possible as default password (default is 'projector').	\$paramDefaultPassword
Min length for password	Minimum length of accepted new password. Any integer is possible, to force a long password (default is '5'). Keep is reasonable!	\$paramPasswordMinLength
Disable password change functionality	Tag to disable password change functionality for users (if set to 'true'). Then, only the administrator can reset passwords. Possible values are 'true' or 'false' (default is 'false').	\$lockPassword
Default locale to be used on i18n	Default language used by Internationalization functionality. Will be overridden by user's choice on user parameters screen. Possible values are 'en' for English or 'fr' for French (default is 'en'). More locales should come with next versions.	\$paramDefaultLocale
Default time zone	Default time zone (default is 'Europe/Paris'). List of possible values can be found at : http://us3.php.net/manual/en/timezones.php.	\$paramDefaultTimezone
Use fading mode for frames refresh	Tag to indicate that screens will appear in a fading motion, to avoid flickering screens. Possible values are 'true' or 'false' (default is 'true').	\$paramFadeLoadingMode
Number of row per page on main Grid view	Number of rows that will be rendered at a time. Any integer value is possible (default is '50'). See Dojo for more details on this topic.	\$paramRowPerPage
Icon size on menu tree	Size of icons displayed on menu bar (left side). Possible values are '16' for small icons, '22' for medium icons, '32' for big icons (default is '22').	\$paramIconSize
Default color theme, proposed while login	Default color theme, proposed while login. Possible values are 'blue', 'red', 'green', 'orange', 'grey', 'white' or 'random' for randomly selected (default is 'blue').	\$defaultTheme [New in V1.3.0]



Parameters (4/5)



Caption	Description	Variable name
Path separator	The path separator depending on the operating system. Possible values are '\' for Windows, '/' for Unix". Remark: '/' will also work on most Windows, so it is default value.	\$paramPathSeparator
Directory to store Attachments		
Max file size for attachment	Max file size for attached files. Size is in bytes ($1024 * 1024 * MB$). Default value is ' $2097152' = 1024 * 1024 * 2 = 2 MB$.	\$paramAttachementMaxSize
Temp directory for reports	Directory to store temporary images for reports . It may be any valid directory into the web structure (must be web-reachable). Default is '/files/report/' and may be kept as is.	\$paramReportTempDirectory [New in V1.4.0]
Memory limit For PDF	Set maximum memory size (in MB) for PDF generation. Default in 512.	\$paramMemoryLimitForPDF [New in V1.6.1]
Log file name	Name of log files, including path. Can be any valid file name. PHP server must have write rights to this file (or at least to the directory). May contain '\${date}' to get 1 file a day. Default value is '/files/logs/projector_\${date}.log': as it is within web structure, it should be changed for security reasons.	\$logFile
Log level	Logging level, used for debugging purpose. Possible values are '4' for script tracing, '3' for debug, '2' for general trace, '1' for error trace, '0' for none (default value is '2').	\$logLevel
Setup Dojo debugging mode	Tag to enable Dojo debugging facility. Possible values are 'true' or 'false' (default is 'false').	\$paramDebugMode



Parameters (5/5)



Caption	Description	Variable name
Currency The currency symbol to be used for costs display. Any symbol or letters is possible: '\$', '€', '\£', 'USD', 'EURO', 'GBP', Hint: you may use a currency such as 'K€', so 1 euro would be 0.001 K€.		\$currency
Currency position	The position of the currency symbol Possible values are 'before', 'after' or 'none'.	\$currencyPosition
Parameter file name	Name of the file where all previous parameters will be stored. Default value is '/files/config/parameters.php': as it is within web structure, it must be changed for security reasons.	Stored as \$parametersLocation in parametersLocation.php file
Allow login from Ldap	Definition whether connections can be validated through Ldap directory. Possible values are 'true' or 'false'. If set to true, Project'Or RIA can log user from Ldap.	\$paramLdap_allow_login [New in V1.8.0]
Ldap Base DN	Ldap Base DN. For instance `dc=mydomain,dc=com '	\$paramLdap_base_dn [New in V1.8.0]
Ldap Host address	Ldap Host server address. D Default is 'Locahost '.	\$paramLdap_host [New in V1.8.0]
Ldap Port	Ldap Port . Default is '389'.	\$paramLdap_port [New in V1.8.0]
Ldap version	Ldap version . Possible values are '2' or '3'.	\$paramLdap_version [New in V1.8.0]
Ldap Search User	DN of Ldap user used for search functionality. For instance `cn=Manager,dc=mydomain,dc=com"	\$paramLdap_search_user [New in V1.8.0]
LDAP Search User Password	Password of Ldap user used for search functionality.	\$paramLdap_search_pass [New in V1.8.0]
Ldap filter	Ldap filter to find used name . Must include %USERNAME% that will be replaced be the login user name. For instance `uid=%USERNAME%'	\$paramLdap_user_filter [New in V1.8.0]



Installing new version



Project'Or RIA will constantly evolve to fit users needs.

To deploy a new version just unzip the new projectorriaVx.y.z.zip to the web server directory and connect to the application.

Database updates will automatically be triggered.

When done, a message will display the synthesis of the updates (number of errors if any). You will find details of the updates in the log file.

Some new versions may also add new parameters.

These will of course be integrated in configuration screen.

If you deploy one of these versions from a previously installed one, new parameters will automatically be inserted at the end of your "parameter.php" file, with a default value. You will then be able to update this value to your context, by modifying the file.

In these cases, a message will inform you that new parameters have been added, on login screen, just before the "Updated Database" message.



Pay attention that if you are upgrading from version lower than 1.1.0, you must remove last script closure (?>) in "parameters.php" file before upgrading.



It is highly recommended to back-up your Database before upgrading to new version, to be able to get back to previous version.



You can upgrade twice (if needed): update "parameter" table, reset the value of line where parameterCode='dbVersion' to the previous version number and connect again. If you then notice that some menu items have disappeared, just check for double entries in "habilitation" table (last lines) and delete them (this should not happen since V1.5.0).



Connection



Login to the application uses a standard login screen: users must enter "user name" and "password".

Just notice that on this screen users have the possibility to change their password, and it is the only place where they can do this.

This functionality can be disabled (see parameters).

The administrator is then the only one able to reset the passwords to the default value (see parameters).

When a password has been reset to default value, the user must change it on first connection.

For the first connection to a newly installed version of Project'Or RIA, just use the default account: "admin" / "admin"

You must then go to "user" screen to create new users.



Don't forget to change the default password for "admin" user, or delete the "admin" user.



Remember to always have a user with "admin "rights to be able to create new users and change profiles.



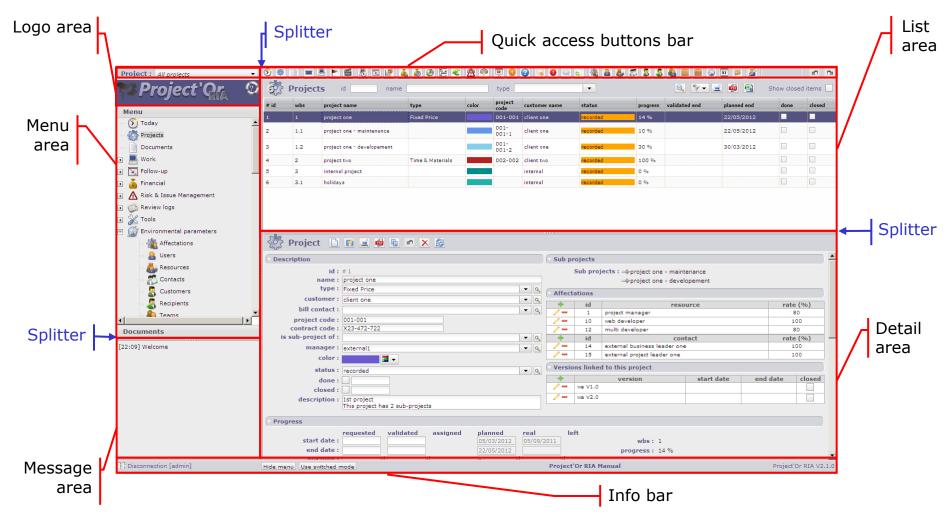
Graphical User Interface (1/9)



Generality

Graphical User Interface is set into several areas.

Some splitters are provided to enable resizing of the parts.

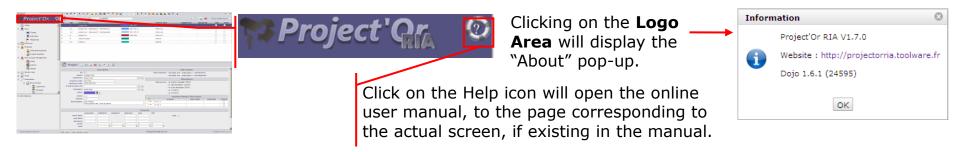


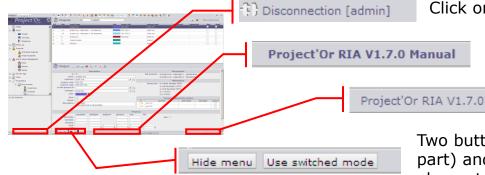


Graphical User Interface (2/9)



Toolbars and else





Click on left side of Info bar **disconnects** user.

Database **Name** is displayed in the middle of Info bar.

Version of Project'Or RIA is displayed on the right of Info bar. Click here to go web site.

Two buttons provide **Show/Hide** functionality for menu (left part) and **switched mode** for list and detail, so that selected element is displayed in "full screen" mode.

When hidden, these areas are replaces by small grey bars. Moving the mouse over the bar displays the initial area.





Message area displays information about main actions: insert, update, delete.

Timestamp indicates when action was done.

This is only a temporary logging area.

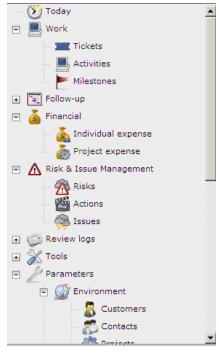
Messages displayed here are not stored and will not live more than user connection.



Graphical User Interface (3/9)



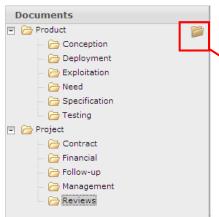




Menu area is proposed as a tree view of reachable items.

The presented items will depend on user habilitation to the screens.

Click on a grouping line will expand-shrink the group. Click on a item will display the corresponding screen in the main area (right side of the screen).



Document directories give direct access to documents contained in the directory.

This icon gives direct access to the directories management screen



Quick Menu

Graphical User Interface (4/9)

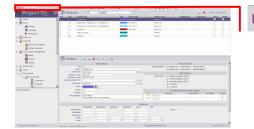


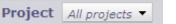


The navigation buttons give access to previous and next items in the history.



The quick access buttons give rapid access to main elements.



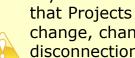


The **Project combo box** allows to restrict the visibility of all objects to the dedicated project, including sub-projects if any.

The selection will also define de "default" project for new items.

Example:

- Consider 3 projects P1, P2 and P3, P3 is sub-project of P1.
- Consider 3 tickets T1 on project P1, T2 on project P2, T3 on project P3
- Select "All projects" ⇒ you see the 3 tickets
- Select project P1 ⇒ you see tickets T1 and T3
- Select project P2 ⇒ you see ticket T2
- Create new ticket ⇒ default project is P2



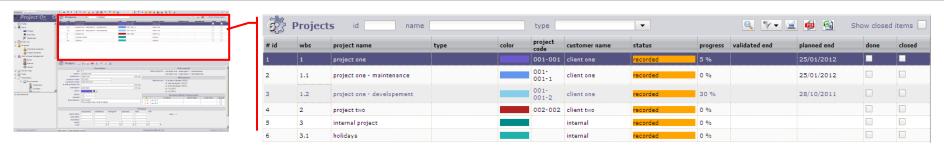
If you create new projects, or change rights so that Projects list appearing in the combo should change, changes will appear only after disconnection/reconnection.



Graphical User Interface (5/9)



List



The main area (right side of the screen) is generally divided in two parts: **List area** and Detail area.

The upper part lists all the object (for instance, here are tickets).

On top left part, the number of listed items is displayed (here = 66).

Rapid filtering fields are proposed: "id", "name" and "type" (if significant for the object).

Any change on "id" and "name" will instantly filter data. Search is considered as "contains", so typing "1" in "id" will select "1", "10", "11", "21", "31" and so on.

Selecting a "type" in the combo box will restrict the list to the corresponding type (will request server).

Check the "show closed items" to list also closed items.

For more complex filtering, click on the "filter button" [V] (see next page for details).

Click on the "print button" is to get a printable version of the list, or to export it to PDF format. Click on the "csv export" to export all the data of the selected items into CSV format file.

Click on the "search button" to display the textual search area.

This search will find text in any textual field of items.

Any other current filter (if any) is skipped.

Click on the header of a column will sort the list on that column (first ascending, then descending). The sorting is not always on the displayed name: if the sorted column is linked to a reference list with sort order value, the sorting is executed on this sort value (for instance, here the sorting on the status is executed corresponding to Status sort order value, defined as a logic workflow for status change).

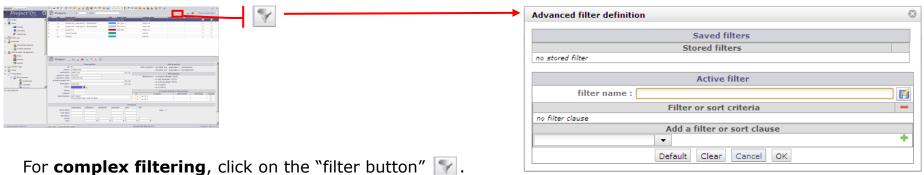
Click on a line (any column) will display the corresponding item in the detail area.



Graphical User Interface (6/9)







The filter pop-up presents two areas: "Active filter" and "Saved filter".

Enter new clause in Active filter: in "Add a filter or sort clause", select the name of the field, the operator and the value for the clause. Then click on + to add the clause to the filter criteria.

The operator can be "sort" to define a sort criteria, then possible values are "ascending" or "descending".

Click on - on a clause line to remove it.

Click on — on the header of Filter criteria to remove all clauses. This can also be done by clicking the "Clear" button.

When Filter criteria is correct, click on "OK" button to apply the filter to the list.

You can also click "Cancel" button to revert to previous filter.

At any step you can enter a filter name and click on [8] to save the filter definition.

Click on a Saved filter to retrieve its definition (filter criteria).

Click on - on a saved filter to delete it.

Click on "Default" button to set actual stored filter as default, kept even after disconnection.

When filter is applied, filter button in the list area is checked



When filter is a list of values (with "amongst" operator), multi-value selection is possible using [CTRL] key.



Filters are defined and stored for a user and a type of item (a screen).

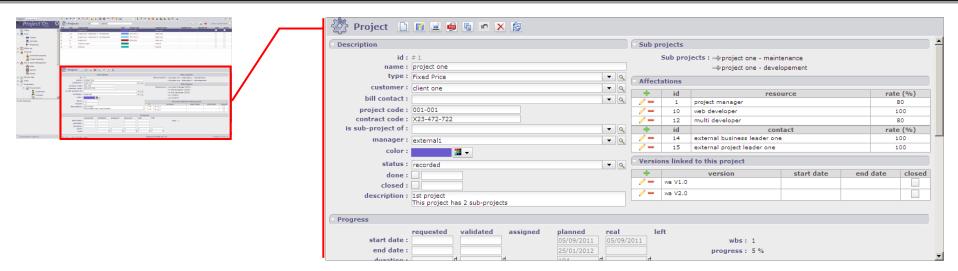
When a filter is applied to a type of item, coming back after moving to another type (another selection in the menu) will apply the previously defined filter.

After disconnection, currently applied filter is lost, but stored filters are saved. Default filter (if selected) is also stored and will be automatically applied on next connection.



Graphical User Interface (7/9)





The **Detail area** present the detail of the selected in the list.

Click on \square to create new item, \bowtie to save the changes, \bowtie or \bowtie to get a printable version of the detail, to copy the current item, \bowtie to cancel ongoing changes, \bowtie to delete the item and \bowtie to refresh the display.

Some buttons are not clickable when change are ongoing : \square , \bowtie , \bowtie , \bowtie , \bowtie .

button is clickable only when changes are ongoing.

On dependent items (for instance "Notes"), click on 💌 (in header) to add new, 🗾 to edit and 🧮 to delete.



When changes are ongoing, you can not select another item or another menu item. Save or cancel ongoing changes first.



Every section is "colapsable": click on the arrow icon to "collapse"/"expand" the section.



Graphical User Interface (8/9)



Combo Detail

On Combo List fields, users may have access Detail button . customer: client one If element is selected in the combo, detail of element is displayed: Detail of list element There, click on the search button <a> will go to the list of id: #1 Projects : www project one items. project one - subproject 1 - maintenance customer name : client one project one - subproject 2 - developement customer code: 001 closed : Contacts: www external project leader one description: external business leader one If no element is selected, list of elements is displayed, allowing to select an item: Detail of list element There, click on the **♦** new button allows to create a Customers name Show closed items new element internal client two client one



Display of Detail combo is managed by the administrator, through "specific access mode". Anyhow, user can only display, list and create items corresponding to his rights, defined in "access mode to data".

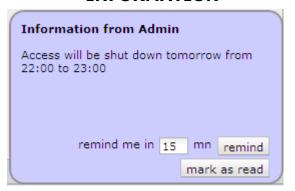


Graphical User Interface (9/9)



You may receive some information displayed as pop-up on the bottom right corner of the screen. Three kinds of information may be displayed :

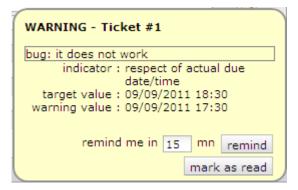
INFORMATION



Information comes from:

- Administrator message
- Check for new version of product

WARNING



Warnings come from:

- Indicator calculation
- Administrator message

ALERT



Alerts come from:

- Indicator calculation
- Administrator message

Each message has a title (bold) and a message text.

When coming from indicator calculation, title contains:

- alert type (ALERT or WARNING)
- item type and item id

and message contains:

- indicator description
- target value for indicator (due date, validated work, ...)
- alert or warning value (depending on type of alert) that has been defined as trigger for alert

On alert pop-up, you can select to remind you in a given number of minute (message will close and appear again in the given number of minutes), or just mark it as read to definitively hide it.



Themes (1/2)



Users can select colors Theme to display the interface.

Just go to Menu "Parameters" ⇒ "Users parameters", and select the new theme in the "theme" select list.

New theme is automatically applied when selected.

Just save parameters to retrieve this theme on each new connection.

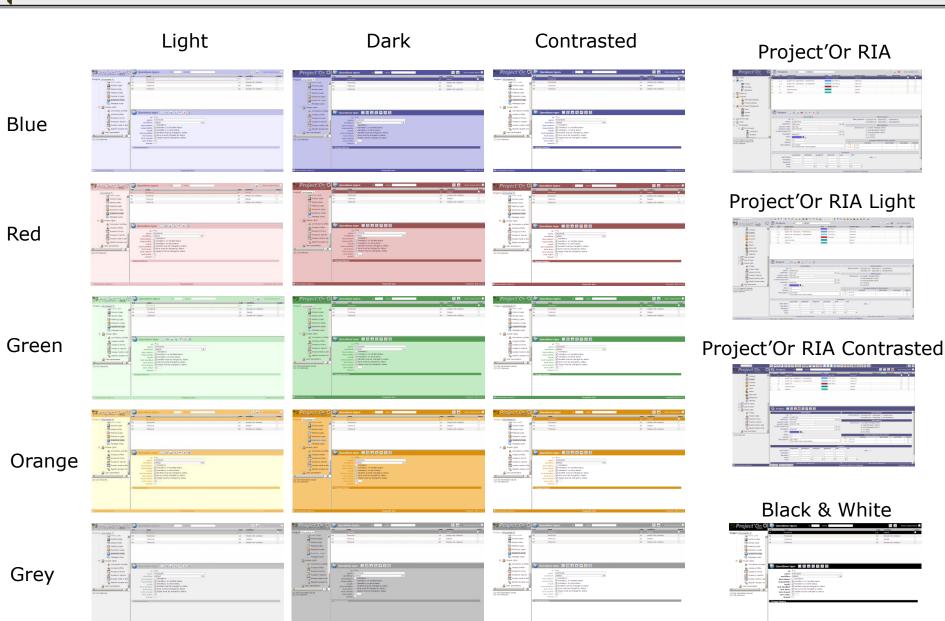
Administrator defines on parameters file a default Themes that will be applied on Login screen and up until the users selects a specific theme.

The "random" Theme is not really a Theme, it is a functionality to randomly select a Theme on each new connection.



Themes (2/2)







Multilingual



Project'Or RIA is multilingual.

Each user can choose the language to display all the captions.

Of course, data is displayed as input, no translation is operated.

On the login screen, the locale of the browser is used to display captions.

When connected, the language selected (and saved) by the user is used.

When selecting new language, only refreshed data will use new selected language. For instance, all menu items will be kept in the old language. To actualize, save parameters, disconnect and reconnect.

Administrator can define the default language. This one is used on login screen. It is also used as long as the connected user has not selected his favorite display language.



All the captions and messages are stored in an Excel file: /tool/i18n/nls/lang.xls. To change (or correct) any data, on a windows set-up, open the file to its default place, enabling macros.

"Save-as", with the same name (to insure the default repository is the default one). Click on generate button.

All the corresponding language files are automatically generated, in /tool.i18n/nsl subfolders.

To translate to a new language, update one of the existing columns, test using the corresponding locale, and when completed submit the file to support@toolware.fr, to have the new language integrated in the tool.



Current version manages English, French, German, Spanish and Portuguese.





Creation specificity





It may sometimes seem that you are not able to attach a file to your new ticket.

In fact, since a user can update a ticket, he is able to insert an attached file.

So this is not a question of habilitation.

The reason is that this functionality do not appear during creation.

You just have to save first to be able to attach a file.

This rule is valid for all depending items: Attachments, Notes, Assignments, Predecessor

elements, Successor elements and links between Risk, Actions and Issues.

Just one word: "save" first.



Since V1.3.0, you can rapidly save with [CTRL]+S, like in many office tools.

Every item has a unique Id, automatically generated on creation.

Id is chronologically affected, for all kind of items (Activity, Ticket).

Id is shared for all projects and all types (i.e. incident) of the same kind items (i.e. Ticket).

Reference is displayed after id, automatically generated on creation.

Reference depends on defined format in Global parameters screen.

Default format defines an numbering specific for each project and each type of items.

•	Create ticket type "incident" on Project 1	⇒ Id #1	⇒ Reference PRO1-INC-0001
•	Create ticket type "incident" on Project 2	⇒ Id #2	⇒ Reference PRO2-INC-0001
•	Create ticket type "anomaly" on Project 1	⇒ Id #3	⇒ Reference PRO1-ANO-0001
•	Create ticket type "incident" on Project 1	⇒ Id #4	⇒ Reference PRO1-INC-0002
•	Create activity type "evolution" on Project 1	<pre> Id #1 </pre>	⇒ Reference PRO1-EVO-0001
•	Create activity type "evolution" on Project 2	⇒ Id #2	⇒ Reference PRO2-EVO-0001

• ...





Update specificity





Since V1.3.0, you can rapidly save with [CTRL]+S, like in many office tools.



When updating an item, only updated fields are stored in the database. This means that if two users are updating different fields of the same item, they don't crush values updates by each other.





Delete specificity





After deleting an item, you will not be able to see it any more. Data is physically deleted from the database. Only the update history can then be access through dedicated reports.

Always consider setting an item to "close" status rather than deleting it. You will then not see it on main screens, but will be able to fetch it, using the "show closed item" checkbox in lists, and possibly re-activate it.

Deleting functionality should be reserve to remove invalid newly created items.

Items with existing dependencies can not be deleted.

Examples:

- You can not delete an activity if a resource is assigned to it.
- You can not delete an assignment is real work has been entered (imputation).
- You can not delete a project with existing items.
- ...





Copy specificity



Most simple items (environment parameters, lists, ...) can only be copied "as is" using the copy button .

But for most complex items (Tickets, Activities, ...) it is possible to copy them into new kind of elements. For instance, it is possible to copy a Ticket (the request) into an Activity (the task to manage the request). The way to do it is always through the copy button . But then new form is proposed:

Copy element	8
copy as new : Ticket ▼	ן כ
type of copied element :	
copy name : bug: it does not work	
add current element as origin of copied element : 🗸	
Cancel OK	

There, it is possible to select new kind of element, select new type (corresponding to the kind of element), change the name, and select whether the initial element will be indicated as origin of the copied one.

If copy succeeds, the new element is automatically accessed, whatever the kind of element. This means that the list may change to represent the new kind of elements.





Today



The "Today" screen is the first to be displayed on each connection.

It is divided in several parts. Each part can be folded/unfolded with a click on the header.

Messages:

Here are displayed the messages defined in the "message" section.

Messages	
Welcome	
Welcome to ProjectOr web application	

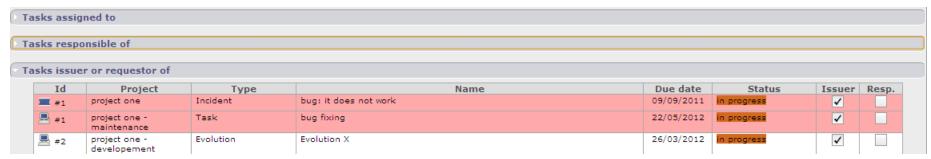
Projects:

A quick overview of the projects status. The projects list is limited to project visibility scope of the connected user. Progress display is based on work. Counted items can be the "to do" (not done), "not closed" (to do and done) or "all" (to do, done and closed). "to do", "done" and "closed" status are based on corresponding checkboxes. A progress bar on each item shows part of "to do" (red) compared to "done and closed" (green). On mouse over the bar, detail of figures is displayed.

rojects										
scope of the numbers counted :				to do 🖲		not c	losed 🔾			all O
Projects	Progress	End date	Late	Tickets	Activities	Milestones	Actions	Risks	Issues	Questions
project one	14 %	22/05/2012		1			1	1	1	1
project one - maintenance	10 %	22/05/2012			1					
project one - developement	30 %	30/03/2012			5	1				
project two	100 %				1					

Tasks assigned to / responsible of / issuer or requestor of :

Here are listed, as a "Todo list" all the items for which the connected user is either "assigned to" or "responsible of" or "issuer or requestor of". Click on the name of an item will directly move to it.







Project (1/5)



Project is the main entity of Project'Or RIA.

It is also the top level of visibility, depending on profiles.

You can define some profiles, some will have visibility to all projects, others only to projects they are affected to.

You can also define sub-projects of a project. This splitting can be functional:

/for inchance to enlit covered version

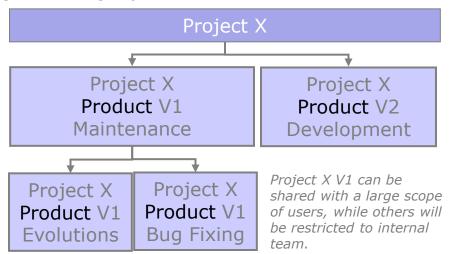
(for instance to split several versions)



- ⇒ Project X
 - ⇒ Project X Product V1
 - ⇒ Project X Product V2
 - ⇒ Project X Product V3

or organizational:

(for instance to manage access rights)



- ⇒ Project X
 - ⇒ Project X Product V1 Maint.
 - ⇒ Project X Product V1 Evo.
 - ⇒ Project X Product V1

Bug.

⇒ Project X Product V2 Dev.



Closed

Description

Project (2/5)



Description		
id:	# 1	
name:	project one	
type:	Fixed Price	· • Q
customer:	client one	· • Q
bill contact :		·+ Q
project code:	001-001	
contract code:	X23-472-722	
is sub-project of :		· • Q
manager:	external1	·+ Q
color:	■ ▼	
status :	recorded	· Q
done:		
closed:		
description:	1st project This project has 2 sub-projects	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the project. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Short name of the project. Mandatory.
Туре	Type of project. Will define billing type for project.
Customer	The customer of the project (see related topic)
Bill contact	Billing contact.
Project code	Code of the project. Informative data.
Contract code	Code of the contract of the project. Several projects may share the save contract code. Informative data.
Is sub-project of	Name of the top project if this project is a sub-project.
Manager	Name of the resource who manages the project (Project Leader).
Color	Color of the project, to be displayed in some repots.
Status	Status of the project.
Done	Flag to indicate that project is been finished. Date of end is saved.

many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Flag to indicate that project is archived. Project will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.

Complete description of the project. The description can have

Sub projects	
Sub pro	jects : project one - maintenance project one - developement
Field	Description
Sub projects	List of the sub-projects of the current project.

Field	Description
Attachments	(see related topic)
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)





Project (3/5)



Affectations					
+	id	resource	rate (%)		
/ -	1	project manager	80		
/ -	10	web developer	100		
/ -	12	multi developer	80		
+	id	contact	rate (%)		
/ -	14	external business leader one	100		
/-	15	external project leader one	100		

Affectation	6	3
project :	project one)
rate (%) : closed :	100	1
	Cancel OK	

Version	Versions linked to this project					
+	version	start date	end date	closed		
⊘ −	wa V1.0					
/ -	wa V2.0					

Versions of products can be directly linked to project.

Click → on to create a new link to version.

A "Project – Version link" pop up will be displayed.

Click on / to update an existing link to version.

Click on — to delete the corresponding link to version.

Affectations of user can be directly created from project definition.

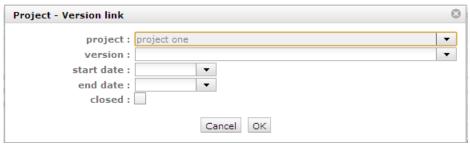
Click → on to create a new affectation.

A "add affectation" pop up will be displayed.

Click on / to update an existing affectation.

Click on — to delete the corresponding affectation.

Field	Description
Id	Id of the affectation
Project the resource or contact is affected to. Readonly.	
Resource	Name of the resource or contact.
Rate	Rate (in %) of the affectation to the project.
Closed	Flag to indicate that affectation in not active any more, without deleteing it.



Field	Description				
Project	Current project. Readonly.				
Version	ersion Version of product linked to the project.				
Start date Start date for validity of the link					
End date					
Closed	Flag to indicate that link is not active any more, without deleteing it.				



Project (4/5)



Progress								
	requested	validated	assigned	planned	real	left		
start date :				05/03/2012	05/09/2011		wbs: 1	
end date :				22/05/2012			progress: 14 %	
duration:	d		d	57	d]d		
work:		0	d 103,2	d 103,9	d 14,2	d 89,7	d	
cost:			€ 26 144	€ 26 354	€ 3 580	€ 22 774	€	

The progress information will impact Planning calculation, and is also calculated during Planning calculation. (see related topic)

Field	Description				
Requested start date	Wished start date.	One on the three values is automatically calculated, so that :			
Requested end date	Wished end date.	"end date" = "start date" + "duration" (in working days) By default, the duration is calculated (it the three values are entered)			
Requested duration	Wished duration (in working days).				
Validated start date	Committed start date : project should not start later.	One on the three values is automatically calculated, so that :			
Validated end date	Committed end date: project should not end later.	"end date" = "start date" + "duration" (in working days) By default, the duration is calculated (it the three values are entered)			
Validated duration	Committed duration: project should not last longer.				
Validated work / cost	Committed work / cost : total work / cost of the project	should not be more.			
Assigned work / cost	Sum of all the assigned work / cost for the assignments	Sum of all the assigned work / cost for the assignments on the project. Read only.			
Planned start date	Calculated start date, taking into account all the constra	Calculated start date, taking into account all the constraints (see related topic). Read only.			
Planned end date	Calculated end date, taking into account all the constraints (see related topic). Read only.				
Planned duration	, 3	Calculated duration, taking into account all the constraints (see related topic). Read only. "planned duration" = "planned end date" - "planned start date" (in working days, whatever the workload unit)			
Planned work / cost	Calculated total work / cost needed to complete the task	Calculated total work / cost needed to complete the task. Read only. "planned work" = "real work" + "left work" / "planned cost" = "real cost" + "left cost"			
Real start date	Date of the first real work input entered by an resource	Date of the first real work input entered by an resource on the "real work allocation" screen. Read only.			
Real end date	If project is "done", date of the last real work input ente	If project is "done", date of the last real work input entered by an resource on the "real work allocation" screen. Read only.			
Real duration	Calculated duration : "real duration" = "real end date" -	Calculated duration : "real duration" = "real end date" - "real start date" (in working days). Read only.			
Real work / cost	Sum of all the work / cost really spent on the project , entered by resources on the "real work allocation" screen. Read only.				
Left work / cost	Left work / cost to complete the project . Sum of the lef	Left work / cost to complete the project . Sum of the left work / cost on the activities of the project. Read only. Read only.			
Wbs	Work Breakdown Structure. Hierarchical position of the	Work Breakdown Structure. Hierarchical position of the project in the global planning.			
Progress	Actual progress of the work on project, in percent. Progress = "real work" / "planned work" * 100.				



Project (5/5)



Predecessor element					Sı	uccessor ele	ement		
+	type	id	name	status				status recorded	
								F2	

Projects can have predecessors and successors, to generate dependencies.

Predecessors and successors can be Activities, Milestones or Projects.

Click on the corresponding section to add a predecessor or successor.

A "add predecessor" or "add successor" pop-up will be displayed.

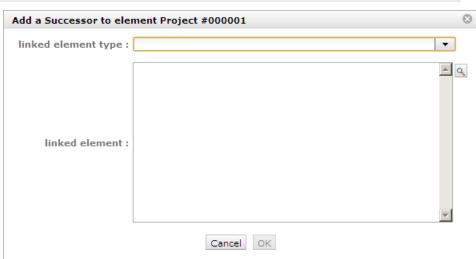
Select the type of element to add as predecessor or successor.

The list of items below will then be automatically updated.

Select the item in the list and validate (OK). Recursive loops are controlled on saving.

Click on — to delete the corresponding dependency.

If Project A is predecessor of Project B, Project B is automatically successor of Project A.



Field	Description			
Type "Activity", "Milestone" or "Project"				
Id	The id of the predecessor or successor.			
Name	Name of the predecessor or successor.			
Status	Actual status of the predecessor or successor.			

Pay attention to the heavy constraints that adding a predecessor will bring to the project. You should for instance restrict this use to link sub-projects of a main project.

Click on the name of a predecessor or successor will directly move to it.



Document (1/3)



A document is a referential element that give description to a product or a project.

A global definition of a document refers to any kind of information.

This means that a document can be a file (text document, image, ...) or any non digital item (paper mail, fax, ...), or non file digital item (email, ...).

In Project'Or RIA, documents will reference files item, that will be stored in the tool as versions. So a ducument will always refer to a directory where the file is stored.

The Document item describes general information about the document.

The file is not stored at this level.

A document can evolve and a new file is generated at each evolution.

So files are stored at document version level.

A document can evolve following 4 ways defined as versioning type:

Evolutive : Version is a standard Vx.y format.

It is the most commonly used versionning type. Major updates increase x and reset y to zero.

Minor updates increase y.

Chronological: Version is a date.

This versionning type is commonly used for periodical documents

For instance: weekly boards.

Sequential: Version is a sequential number.

This versionning type is commonly used for recurring documents

For instance : Meeting reviews.

Custom: Version is manually set.

This versionning type is commonly used for external documents, when version is not managed by the

tool, or when the format cannot fit any other versionning type.



Document (2/3)



Description		
id:	# 1 001-001-GENCON-1	
project :	project one	·- Q
product :	swing application	·+ Q
directory:	/Product/Conception	· Q
type:	General Conception	·- Q
name:	ARD - Architecture Dossier	
author:	project manager	
closed:		

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the document. Reference is displayed after id.
Project	The project concerned by the docuement. A document must be linked either to a project (for project documentation) or to a product.
Product	The product concerned by the docuement. A document must be linked either to a project or to a product (for product document).
Directory	Place where the document is stored to organise document structure. The directory also defines the place where files will be physically stored.
Туре	Type of document.
Name	Short description of the document. Mandatory.
Author	User or Resource or Contact who created the document. Positionned by defaut as the connected user. Can be changed (for instance if the author is not the current user).
Closed	Flag to indicate that document is archived. Document will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.

Lock	
	lock this document
locked:	
locked by:	▼
locked since :	

Field	Description
Lock / Unlock this document	Button to lock or unlock the document to reserve it for editing. When document is locked it cannot be modified. Only the user who locked the document, or a user with privilege to unlock any document, can unlock it.
Locked	Flack to indicated that the document is locked. Readonly.
Locked by	User who locked the document (if locked). Readonly.
Locked since	Date and time when document was locked (if locked). Readonly.

Field	Description
Change History	(see related topic)



Document (3/3)





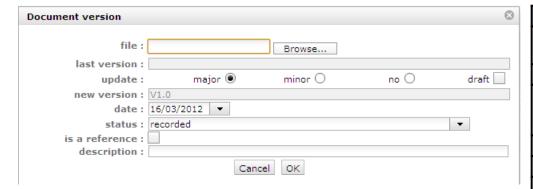
Field	Description
Versionning type	Type of versionning for the document. This will impact the version number format for versions.
Last version	Caption of the last version of the document
Status	Status of the last version of the document

Versions can be linked to document.

Click on 💌 to add a new version. A "Document version" pop up will be displayed.

Click on / to modify the document version.

Click on - to delete the version.



Field	Description
File	Locale file that will be uploaded as new version. Mandatory on creation of version.
Last version	Caption of the last existing verison.
Update	Importance of the update concerned by the new version. A versin can have a draft status, that may be removed afterwards.
New version	New caption for the created version.
Date	Date of the version
Status	Current status of the version.
Is a reference	Flag to set that this version is the new reference of the document. Should be checked when version is validated. Only one version can be the reference for a document. Reference version is displayed in bold format in the versions list.
Descripotion	Description of the version. May be used to descripbe updates brought by the version.





Ticket (1/3)



A ticket is a kind of task that can not be unitarily planned.

It is generally a short time activity for a single ticket, that is interesting to follow unitarily to give a feedback to the issuer or to keep trace of result.

It can be globally planned as a general activity, but not unitarily.

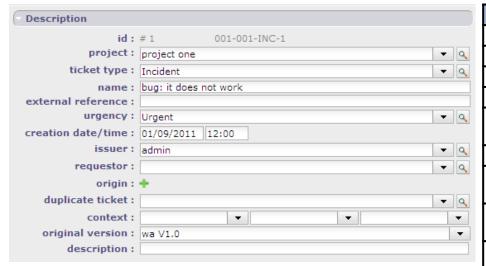
For instance, bugs should be managed through tickets:

- you can not plan bugs before they are registered,
- you must be able to give a feedback on each bug,
- you can (or at least should) globally plan bug fixing activity.



Ticket (2/3)





Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the ticket. Reference is displayed after id.
Project	The project concerned by the ticket. Mandatory.
Ticket type	Type of ticket.
Name	Short description of the ticket. Mandatory.
External reference	External reference of the ticket. Free input. Cen be reference of the ticket in an extern bug tracker.
Urgency	Urgency for treatment of the ticket, as requested by the issuer.
Creation date/time	Creation timestamp. Automatically generated on creation. Can be changed.
Issuer	User who created the ticket. Can be changed (for instance if creator is not the issuer).
Requestor	Contact at the origin of the ticket.
Origin	Origin element (may be automatically inserted on copy).
Duplicate ticket	Link to another ticket, to link duplicate tickets.
Context	List of 3 items describing the context of the ticket. Contexts are initialized for IT Projects as "Environment", "OS"
	and "Browser". This can be easily changed in the "Contexts" definition screen
Original version	Version of product where ticket has been identified.
Description	Complete description of the ticket. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.



Ticket (3/3)



Treatment				
planning activity:				Q
status :	in progress		· •	Q
responsible :	project manager		- •	Q
criticality:	Low			Q
priority :	Low priority		· ~	Q
initial due date/time :	02/09/2011 18:	00		
actual due date/time :	09/09/2011 18:	30		
estimated work :				
real work :				
left work:	0 d			
handled:	√ 02/09/2011	01:54		
done:				
closed:				
target version :				•
result:				

Field	Description		
Planning Activity	Activity where global wok for this kind of ticket is planned. Work on the ticket will be included on this activity.		
Status	Actual status of the ticket. May be linked to a workflow. Change of the status can have several impacts: • automatically sending emails, • automatically update "Handled", "Done" or "Closed", • some fields may become mandatory (see related topic).		
Responsible	Resource who is responsible for the treatment of the ticket.		
Criticality	Importance of impact on the system, as determined after analysis.		
Priority	Priority of treatment. Automatically calculated from Urgency and Criticality. Can be changed manually.		
Initial due date	Initial target date for solving the ticket. Initial due date may be automatically calculated depending on definition of ticket delay, for given ticket type and urgency.		
Actual due date	Actual target date for solving the ticket. Automatically initialized to Initial due date.		
Estimated work	Estimated worload needed to treat the ticket.		
Real work	Real workload spent to treat the ticket		
Left work	Left workload needed to finish the ticket. Autoimatically calculated as Estimated – Real, and set to zero when Ticket is done.		
Handled	Flag to indicate that ticket has been taken into account. Timestamp of handling is saved. This generally means that Responsible has been named.		
Done	Flag to indicate that ticket has been treated. Timestamp of completion is saved.		
Closed	Flag to indicate that ticket is archived. Ticket will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.		
Target version	The target version of the product that will deliver the object of the ticket.		
Result	Complete description of the resolution of the ticket. The result can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.		

Field	Description
Attachments	(see related topic)
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)





Activity (1/5)



An activity is a kind of task that must be planned, or that regroups other activities.

It is generally a long time activity, that will be assigned to one or more resources. Activities will appear on Gantt planning view.

For instance, you can manage as activities:

- planned tasks,
- change requests,
- phases,
- versions or releases,
- ...

Activities can have parents to regroup activities.

So a WBS (work breakdown structure number) is calculated for the activities.

Activities can be sorted inside their parent activity, on the Gantt planning view, using drag and drop. Parent activity must belong to the same project.

Resources are can be assigned to activities. This means that some wok is planned on this activity for the resources. Only resources affected to the project of the activity can be assigned to the activity.

Activities can have predecessors and successors, to generate dependencies. Predecessors and successors can be Activities, Milestones or Projects.

If activity A is predecessor of activity B, activity B is automatically successor of activity A.

Predecessors and successors must belong to the same project or be a project.



It is generally advised to split activities so that each unitary one is 1 to 10 days long. Shorter tasks will lead to unnecessary heavy and complex planning.

Longer tasks will be difficult to follow and estimate in progress: the resources will have difficulties to estimate left work.



Activity (2/5)



Description	
id:	# 1 001-001-1-TAS-1
project :	project one - maintenance
activity type :	Task ▼ Q
name:	bug fixing
external reference:	
creation date :	01/09/2011
issuer :	admin 🔻 🔍
requestor:	- Q
origin :	+
description:	Main activity to follow-up work spent of bug fixing tickets

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the activity. Reference is displayed after id.
Project	The project concerned by the activity. Mandatory.
Activity type	Type of activity.
Name	Short description of the activity. Mandatory.
External reference	External reference of the activity. Free input. Cen be reference of the activityin an extern tool.
Creation date	Creation date. Automatically generated on creation. Can be changed.
Issuer	User who created the activity. Can be changed (for instance if creator is not the issuer).
Requestor	Contact at the origin of the activity.
Origin	Origin element (may be automatically inserted on copy).
Description	Complete description of the activity. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Field	Description
Attachments	(see related topic)
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)

Treatment	
parent activity:	▼ Q
status :	in progress 🔻 🔍
responsible :	project manager
handled:	V 01/09/2011
done:	
closed:	
target version :	▼
result:	

Field	Description
Parent Activity	Parent activity for grouping purpose.
Status	Actual status of the activity. May be linked to a workflow. Change of the status can have several impacts: • automatically sending emails, • automatically update "Handled", "Done" or "Closed", • some fields may become mandatory (see related topic).
Responsible	Resource who is responsible for the treatment of the activity. Responsible must be a resource affected to the project.
Handled	Flag to indicate that activity has been taken into account. Date of handling is saved. This generally means that Responsible has been named.
Done	Flag to indicate that activity has been treated. Date of completion is saved.
Closed	Flag to indicate that activity is archived. Activity will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Target version	The target version of the product that will deliver the object of the activity.
Result	Complete description of the treatment done on the activity. The result can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.



Activity (3/5)



Assignment							
•	resource	rate (%)	assigned (d)	real (d)	left (d)		
1	web developer (Developer)	50	75,00	8,50	66,50		
/-	project manager (Manager)	20	10,00	0,00	10,00		

Resources can be assigned to activities.

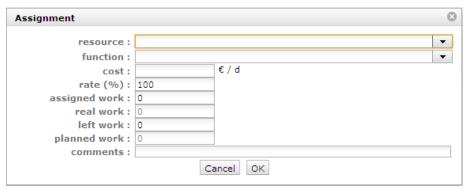
Click on to assign a new resource. An assignment pop up will be displayed.

Click on / to modify the assignment.

Click on — to delete the assignment. If real work exists for an assignment, it can not be deleted.

It is possible to assign several times the same resource to an activity. It can for instance be used to add extra work without modifying initial assignment.

Click on the resource name will directly move to the resource.



Field	Description
Resource	Name of the resource assigned to the activity.
Function	The function of the resource on this assignment. This will determine the daily cost of the assignment.
Cost	The daily cost of the assignment. Automatically updated from the function of the resource.
Rate	The max rate (in %) to plan the resource on the activity. For instance, if rate is 50%, the resource will not be planned more than half days on the activity.
Assigned work	Work initially planned to complete the task.
Real work	Real work entered by the resource on his weekly report, on the "real work allocation" screen.
Left work	Work left to complete the task. Calculated as "Assigned Work" – "Real Work". Must be updated by the resource on the "real work allocation" screen to reflect the really estimated work needed to complete the task.
Planned work	The new total work planned to complete the task. "planned work" = "real work" + "left work"
Comments	Any comment on the affectation.
	When a comment exists, the icon will appear on the Assignment section, and on the description of the activity on the "real work allocation" screen. Moving the mouse over the description will display the comment.



Activity (4/5)



Progress										
	requested	vali	idated	assigned	planned	real	left			
start date :		01/0	09/2011		10/10/2011	05/03/201	2		priority:	500
end date :		31/:	12/2011		25/01/2012				planning:	regular in half days
duration:		d 88	C	ł	79	d	d		wbs:	1.1.1
work:		0	C	85,2	d 85,2	d 8,5	d 76,7	d	progress:	10 %
cost :			€	5 000	€ 21 544	€ 1 870	€ 19 674	€		

The progress information will impact Planning calculation, and is also calculated during Planning calculation.

Field	Description					
Requested start date	Wished start date.	One on the three values is automatically calculated, so that :				
Requested end date	Wished end date.	"end date" = "start date" + "duration" (in working days) By default, the duration is calculated (it the three values are entere				
Requested duration	Wished duration (in working days).					
Validated start date	Committed start date : activity should not start later.	One on the three values is automatically calculated, so that :				
Validated end date	Committed end date : activity should not end later.	"end date" = "start date" + "duration" (in working days) By default, the duration is calculated (it the three values are entered)				
Validated duration	Committed duration: activity should not last longer.					
Validated work / cost	Committed work / cost : total work / cost of the activity	should not be more.				
Assigned work / cost	Sum of all the assigned work / cost for the assignments	Sum of all the assigned work / cost for the assignments on the activity. Read only.				
Planned start date	Calculated start date, taking into account all the constra	Calculated start date, taking into account all the constraints (see related topic). Read only.				
Planned end date	Calculated end date, taking into account all the constraints (see related topic). Read only.					
Planned duration	Calculated duration, taking into account all the constraints (see related topic). Read only. "planned duration" = "planned end date" – "planned start date" (in working days, whatever the workload unit)					
Planned work / cost	Calculated total work / cost needed to complete the task. Read only. "planned work" = "real work" + "left work" / "planned cost" = "real cost" + "left cost"					
Real start date	Date of the first real work input entered by an resource	Date of the first real work input entered by an resource on the "real work allocation" screen. Read only.				
Real end date	If activity is "done", date of the last real work input entered by an resource on the "real work allocation" screen. Read only.					
Real duration	Calculated duration : "real duration" = "real end date" -	Calculated duration : "real duration" = "real end date" – "real start date" (in working days). Read only.				
Real work / cost	Sum of all the work / cost really spent on the activity, e	Sum of all the work / cost really spent on the activity, entered by resources on the "real work allocation" screen. Read only.				
Left work / cost	Left work / cost to complete the activity. Sum of the left	Left work / cost to complete the activity. Sum of the left work / cost on the assignments on the activity. Read only.				
Priority	Priority of the activity. Smaller priority activities are plan	Priority of the activity. Smaller priority activities are planned first (see related topic).				
Planning	Planning mode for the activity, forcing the way the activ	Planning mode for the activity, forcing the way the activity will be planned (see related topic).				
Wbs	Work Breakdown Structure. Hierarchical position of the	Work Breakdown Structure. Hierarchical position of the activity in the global planning.				
Progress	Actual progress of the work on activity, in percent. Progress = "real work" / "planned work" * 100.					



Activity (5/5)





Successor element				
+	type	id	name	status
-	Activity	#5	Evolution X - Tests	recorded

Activities can have predecessors and successors, to generate dependencies.

Predecessors and successors can be Activities, Milestones or Projects.

Click on the corresponding section to add a predecessor or successor.

A "add predecessor" or "add successor" pop up will be displayed.

Select the type of element to add as predecessor or successor.

The list of items below will then be automatically updated.

Select the item in the list and validate (OK). Multi-line selection is possible using [CTRL] key while clicking.

Recursive loops are controlled on saving.

Click on — to delete the corresponding dependency.

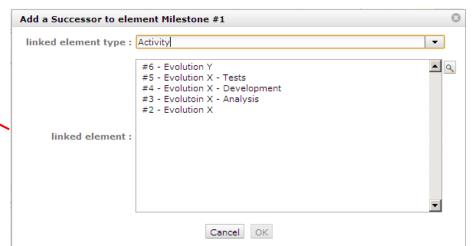
 Field
 Description

 Type
 "Activity", "Milestone" or "Project"

 Id
 The id of the predecessor or successor.

 Name
 Name of the predecessor or successor.

 Status
 Actual status of the predecessor or successor.



If activity A is predecessor of activity B, activity B is automatically successor of activity A.

Predecessors and successors must belong to the same project or be a project.

Click on the name of a predecessor or successor will directly move to it.





Milestone (1/4)



A Milestone is a flag in the planning, to point out key dates.

Milestones are commonly used to check delivery dates.

They can also by used to highlight transition from one phase to the following one.

Opposite to Activities, Milestones have no duration and no work.

In Project'Or RIA, two main types of Milestones exist depending on selected Planning Mode:

- floating milestone: the milestone will automatically move to take into account dependencies,
- **fixed milestone**: the milestone is fixed in the planning, not taking into account predecessor dependencies. This kind of milestone is interesting for instance to set-up start date for some tasks.



Milestone (2/4)



Description		
id:	# 1 001-001-2-KEY-1	
project :	project one - developement	▼ Q
milestone type :	Key date	· Q
name:	Delivery of Evolution X	
creation date :	02/09/2011	
issuer:	admin	· Q
origin :	+	
description:		

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the milestone. Reference is displayed after id.
Project	The project concerned by the milestone. Mandatory.
Milestone type	Type of milestone.
Name	Short description of the milestone. Mandatory.
Creation date	Creation date. Automatically generated on creation. Can be changed.
Issuer	User who created the milestone. Can be changed (for instance if creator is not the issuer).
Origin	Origin element (may be automatically inserted on copy).
Description	Complete description of the milestone. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Field	Description
Attachments	(see related topic)
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)

Treatment	
parent activity:	Evolution X
status :	recorded 🔻 🔍
responsible :	
handled:	
done:	
closed:	
target version :	· • Q
result:	

Field	Description
- 1010	•
Parent Activity	Parent activity for grouping purpose.
Status	Actual status of the milestone. May be linked to a workflow.
	Change of the status can have several impacts :
	automatically sending emails,
	• automatically update "Handled", "Done" or "Closed",
	• some fields may become mandatory (see related topic) .
Responsible	Resource who is responsible for the treatment of the milestone.
Handled	Flag to indicate that milestone has been taken into account.
	Date of handling is saved. This generally means that Responsible has been named.
Done	Flag to indicate that milestone has been treated.
	Date of completion is saved.
Closed	Flag to indicate that milestone is archived. Milestone will not
	appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Target version	The target version of the product that will deliver the object of the milestone.
	the initiation of
Result	Complete description of the treatment done on the milestone. The result can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.



Milestone (3/4)



Progress	
requested validated planned real due date: 21/10/2011 planning: floating milestone wbs: 1.2.1.4	
progress: 0 %	

Field	Description
Requested due date	Wished end date.
Validated due date	Committed end date : milestone should not end later.
Planned due date	Calculated end date, taking into account all the constraints (see related topic). Read only.
Real due date	Real end date, when milestone is set to "done".
Planning	Planning mode for the milestone , forcing the way the milestone will be planned (see related topic).
Wbs	Work Breakdown Structure. Hierarchical position of the activity in the global planning.



Milestone (4/4)





Milestones can have predecessors and successors, to generate dependencies.

Predecessors and successors can be Activities, Milestones or Projects.

Click on the corresponding section to add a predecessor or successor.

A "add predecessor" or "add successor" pop up will be displayed.

Select the type of element to add as predecessor or successor.

The list of items below will then be automatically updated.

Select the item in the list and validate (OK). Multi-line selection is possible using [CTRL] key while clicking.

Recursive loops are controlled on saving.

Click on — to delete the corresponding dependency.

If activity A is predecessor of activity B, activity B is automatically successor of activity A.

Predecessors and successors must belong to the same project or be a project.

Click on the name of a predecessor or successor will directly move to it.



#5 - Evolution X - Tests #4 - Evolution X - Development #3 - Evolutoin X - Analysis #2 - Evolution X

linked element:

Field	Description
Туре	"Activity", "Milestone" or "Project"
Id	The id of the predecessor or successor.
Name	Name of the predecessor or successor.
Status	Actual status of the predecessor or successor.

Cancel OK





Action (1/3)



An action is a task or activity that is set-up in order to:

- reduce the likelihood of a risk
- or reduce the impact of a risk
- or solve an issue
- or build a post-meeting action plan
- or just define a todo list.

The actions are the main activities of the risk management plan. They must be regularly followed-up.



Action (2/3)



Description		
id:	# 1 001-001-PRO-1	
project :	project one □▼	Q
action type :	Project ▼	Q
name:	Build a new environment for testing purpose	
creation date :	14/03/2012	
issuer:	admin 🔻	Q
priority :	Hight priority ▼	Q
description:		

Field	Description	
Id	Unique Id for the action. Reference is displayed after id.	
Project	The project concerned by the action. Mandatory.	
action type	Type of action.	
Name	Short description of the action. Mandatory.	
Creation date	e Creation date. Automatically generated on creation.	
	Can be changed.	
Issuer	User who created the action. Can be changed (for instance if creator is not the issuer).	
Priority	Priority requested to the treatment of the action.	
Description	Complete description of the action. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.	

Field	Description
Attachments	(see related topic)
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)

Treatment	
status :	recorded 🔻 🔾
responsible :	project manager 🔻 🔾
initial due date :	
planned due date :	
handled:	
done:	
closed:	
result:	

Field	Description
Status	Actual status of the action. May be linked to a workflow.
	Change of the status can have several impacts :
	automatically sending emails,
	• automatically update "Handled", "Done" or "Closed",
	• some fields may become mandatory (see related topic) .
Responsible	Resource who is responsible for the treatment of the action.
Initial due date	Initially expected end date of the action.
Planned due date	Updated end date of the action.
Handled	Flag to indicate that action has been taken into account.
	Date of handling is saved. This generally means that Responsible has been named.
Done	Flag to indicate that action has been treated.
	Date of completion is saved.
Closed	Flag to indicate that action is archived. Action will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Result	Complete description of the treatment of the action. The result can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.



Action (3/3)





Field	Description
Id	Id of the linked element.
Name	Name of the linked element.
Status	Actual status of the linked element.

Actions can be linked to risks:

- risk mitigation actions
- impact mitigation actions

Actions can be linked to issues:

- when a risk occurs it becomes an issue

Click • on the corresponding section to add a link to a risk or an issue.

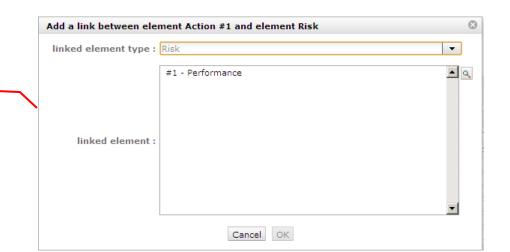
A "add link" pop up will be displayed.

Select the linked element in the list and validate (OK).

Multi-line selection is possible using [CTRL] key while clicking.

Click on — to delete the corresponding link.

If Action A is linked to Risk R and Issue I, Issue I and Risk R are automatically linked to Action A.



Linked risks and issues must belong to the same project.

Click on the name of a risk or of an issue will directly move to it.





Real work allocation



This screen is devoted to input of real work. The input is for one resource, on a weekly basis.

resource	analyst B	 year	2011	-	week	36	-

Depending on rights management, users call only select themselves as a resource, or select any resource affected to a managed project.

Just changing year and/or week will display the corresponding sheet.

	<u> </u>													
a	nalyst B - week 2011-35						2	9/08/20	11 - 04	/09/20	11		02/09	/2011
ta	ask	start	end	assigned	real	Mo 29	Tu 30	We 31	Th 01	Fr 02	Sa 03	Su 04	left	planned
	project one													
	- project one - developement													
■.	- Evolution X													
Ξ.	Evolutoin X - Analysis	05/09/2011	08/09/2011	5,0	2,5					1.00			2,5	5,0
	Evolution X - Tests 📥	12/09/2011	14/09/2011	3,0	0,0								3	3,0
						0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Left work is automatically decreased on input of real work, but it is important that resources think of updating this data to reflect the really estimated left work. This way, planning can be efficient. The cost corresponding to the work is automatically updated to the assignment, activity and project.

The icon indicates there is a comment on the affectation. Just move the mouse over the activity to see the comment.

One line is displayed for each affectation, displaying the name of the activity.

As it is possible to affect several times the same resource on one activity, it is possible to have several lines for the same activity, with the same name.

Planned work is indicated over each input cell, on top right corner, in light blue color. This data can be hidden un-checking the corresponding checkbox.

Show planned work

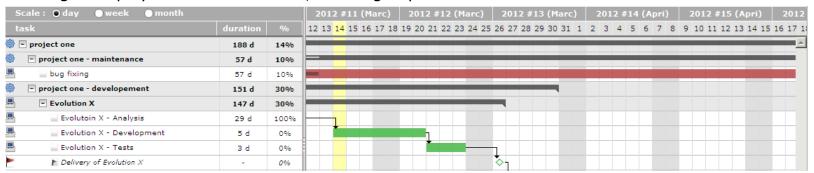




Planning (1/4)



Planning is displayed as a Gantt chart, showing dependencies between tasks.



Overdue tasks appear in red, others in green.

Milestones appear as squares, filled if completed, empty if not.

You can change the scale to have a daily, weekly or monthly view of the chart.

You can select to show tasks' WBS before the names.

You can change the starting Display from 14/03/2012 ▼ or ending Display to

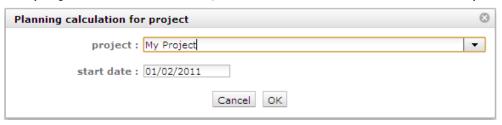
You can select to show resource name or initials (depending on parameter) on right on tasks.

date to display the chart.

Scale: Oday

To recalculate the planning, click on . Calculation is not automatic.

You then have to select the project to re-calculate, and the start date for the new planning.





If a resource is assigned to several projects, re-calculation for one will not impact the planning for the others, so new calculation will only use available time slots.

Use correct resource affectation rate to manage multi-projects affectations.





Planning (2/4)



Planning is calculated "as simply as possible".

This means that no complex algorithm, with high level mathematic formula, is involved.

The principle is simply to reproduce what you could do on your own, with a simple Excel sheet, but automatically.

Planning is Cross-Project, through affectation rate on the projects.

All the left work is planned, from starting date, to the max date to be able to plan the work. Calculation is executed task by task, ordering thanks to:

- dependencies (if an activity has a predecessor, the predecessor is calculated first),
- planning mode: regular between dates are planned first
- priority: the smaller values are calculated first
- wbs : smaller wbs are planned first, so that planning is done from top to bottom of gantt

Planning will distribute left work on future days, taking into account several constraints:

A resource has a capacity

Most of the time Capacity = 1 FTE (1 full time equivalent), but it may be more (if the resource is not a person but a team) or less (if the person work only partial time).

A resource is affected to a project, at a certain rate

If resources are not shared between projects, so rate will probably always be 100%.

But if resources are shared, then rate could be less than 100%. If a resource is equally shared between two projects, then each project should enter a rate of 50%. This will lead to control that planning for each project will not overtake rate capacity, so that first project planning its activity will not take all the availability of the resource.

Project affectation capacity is controlled on a weekly basis. This means that planning for a project (including sub-projects) will not be more than (Resource Capacity) x (Resource affectation rate) x 5 for a given week.





Planning (3/4)



A resource is assigned to an activity, at a certain rate

By default, assignment rate is 100%. But it may be less. This means that planning will keep some availability for other tasks.

Assignment capacity is controlled on a daily basis. This means that planning for an activity will not be more than (Resource Capacity) x (Resource assignment rate) for a given day.

An activity has dependencies

An activity will always be planned after its predecessors (and this is recursive).

An activity has a priority and planning mode

Activity with lower priority will be planned first (after taking account of dependencies). Default priority is 500 (medium).

Possible Planning modes are:

- As soon as possible: Default planning behavior. Task is planned to finish as soon as possible
- As late as possible: Task is planned from end to start.
 Validated end date must be set-up
- **Regular between dates:** Planning will be equally dispatched from start to end. This mode is best fitted for management activity of recurrent activities not easy to precisely plan. Validated start date and Validated end date must be set-up
- **Regular in full days**: Same as above but planning will try to fill full days activity and not partial activity every day.
- Regular in half days: Same as above but planning will try to fill half days activity.
- **Fixed duration**: Similar to regular, but with no validated dates. The activity is "floating" depending on predecessors. The duration of this activity will always be kept, even if no work is assigned or left.

A milestone also has a planning mode, possible Planning modes are :

- Floating: milestone will move depending on dependencies
- Fixed: milestone will never move from fixed date





Planning (4/4)



Planning is bases on Progress elements:

- start date,
- end date,
- duration,
- work,

declined on several level:

- requested,
- validated,
- assigned (only for work),
- planned,
- real,
- left (only for work).

"Requested" and "Validated" are "read/write", as committed elements.

"Assigned work" is directly calculated through assignment to activity (sum of work).

"Planned" data is calculated through planning functionality (and is "read only").

"Real" data is calculated through imputation data (real work) and "real end date" also depends on status of the activity.

"Left work" is directly what the user input in imputation form.

So, in "Progress" section (of Activity or Project) columns "planned", "real" and "left" are "read only".





Report



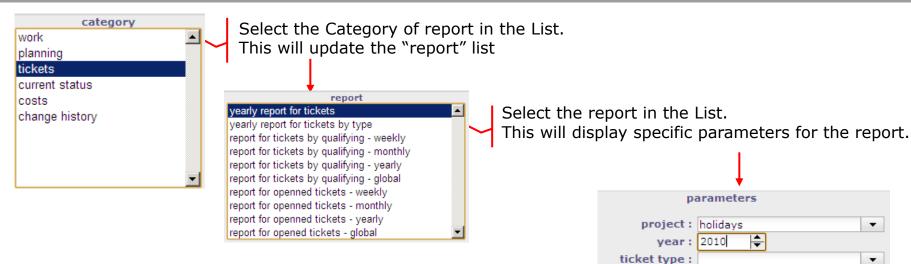
•

•

requestor:

responsible:

issuer:

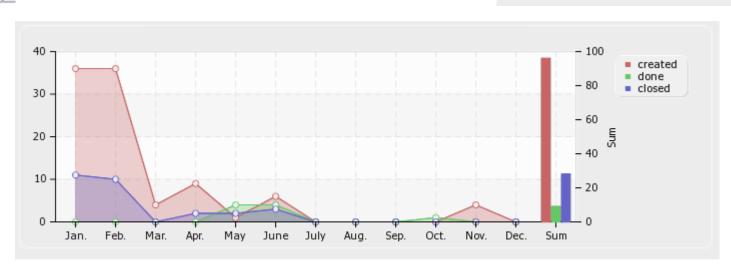


Update the parameters to get the information you need.

Click on let to display the report.

Click on to get a printable version of the report.

Click on to export the report as PDF format.







Individual Expense (1/3)



An individual expense stores information about individual costs, such as travel costs or else.

Individual expense has detail listing for all items of expense.

This can for instance be used to detail all the expense on one month so that each user opens only one individual expense per month (per project), or detail all the elements of a travel expense.



Individual Expense (2/3)



Description			
id:	‡ 1 001-001-E	EXP-1	
project :	project one	-	Q
resource:	project manager	-	Q
type:	Expense report	•	Q
name:	Travel to London for Prog	gress Meeting	
description:			

status :	recorded	· •
planned date :	05/03/2012	
planned amount :	1 500 €	
real date :	05/03/2012	
real amount :	1 063,68 €	
closed :		

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the expense. Reference is displayed after id.
Project	The project concerned by the expense. Mandatory.
Resource	Resource concerned by the expense.
Туре	Type of expense.
Name	Short description of the expense. Mandatory.
Description	Complete description of the expense. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Field	Description
Status	Actual status of the expense. May be linked to a workflow. Change of the status can have several impacts: • automatically update "Closed", • some fields may become mandatory (see related topic).
Planned date	Planned date of the expense. When planned date is set, planned amount must also be set.
Planned amount	Planned amount of the expense. This will help to have an overview of project total costs, even before expense is realized. When planned amount is set, planned date must also be set.
Real date	Real date of the expense. When real date is set, real amount must also be set.
Real amount	Real amount of the expense. If detail lines are entered, real amount is automatically calculated as sum of detail amounts, and is then locked.
Closed	Flag to indicate that expense is archived. Expense will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.

Field	Description
Attachments	(see related topic)
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)



Individual Expense (3/3)



▼ Detail					
+	date	name	type	detail	amount
// -	05/03/2012	Travel to London - Plane	justified expense		945,00 €
⊘ −	05/03/2012	Lunch	lunch for guests	3,00 guests x 32,00 €/guest	96,00€
/ -	05/03/2012	Travel to Airport	travel by car	42,00 km x 0,54 €/km	22,68 €

Detail of individual expense can be entered line by line :

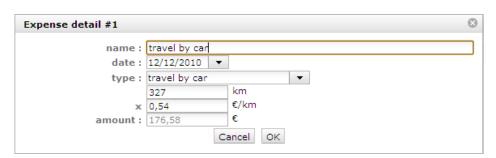
Click on the corresponding section to add a detail line.

A "Expense detail" pop up will be displayed.

Click on / to modify an existing detail line.

Click on — to delete the corresponding link.

When a line is entered, expense real amount is automatically updated to sum of lines amount.



Field	Description
Name	Name of the detail
Date	Date of the detail. This allows to input several items, during several days, for the same expense, to have for instance one expense per travel or per month.
Туре	Type of expense detail. Depending on type, new fields will appear to help calculate of amount.
Amount	Amount of the detail. Automatically calculated from fields depending on type. May also be input for type "justified expense".





Project Expense (1/2)



A project expense stores information about project costs that are not resource costs.

This can be used for all kind of project cost:

- Machines (rent or buy)
- Softwares
- Office
- Any logistic item



Project Expense (2/2)



Description		
id:	# 2 001-001-MAC-1	
project :	project one	·- Q
type:	Machine expense	·- Q
name:	Dev machines	
description :	Machines for Dev environment : - 1 server Dual Proc, 4GB for Web Server - 1 server Quad Proc, 16GB for Database	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the expense. Reference is displayed after id.
Project	The project concerned by the expense. Mandatory.
Туре	Type of expense.
Name	Short description of the expense. Mandatory.
Description	Complete description of the expense. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Treatment	
status :	recorded 🔻 🔾
planned date :	01/03/2012
planned amount :	5 000 €
real date :	06/03/2012
real amount :	5 234 €
closed:	

Field	Description
Status	Actual status of the expense. May be linked to a workflow. Change of the status can have several impacts: • automatically update "Closed", • some fields may become mandatory (see related topic).
Planned date	Planned date of the expense. When planned date is set, planned amount must also be set.
Planned amount	Planned amount of the expense. This will help to have an overview of project total costs, even before expense is realized. When planned amount is set, planned date must also be set.
Real date	Real date of the expense. When real date is set, real amount must also be set.
Real amount	Real amount of the expense. When real amount is set, real date must also be set.
Closed	Flag to indicate that expense is archived. Expense will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.

Field	Description
Attachments	(see related topic)
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)





Term (1/2)



A term is a planned trigger for billing.

Terms are mandatory to bill "Fixed price" project.

You can define as many terms as you wish, to define the billing calender.

A term has triggers: the activities that should be billed at this term.

You may or may not insert activities as triggers.

This is a help (as a reminder) as the summary for activities is displayed for validated and planned amount and end date. You can then define the term amount and date corresponding to these data.

Trigger elements for the term				
+	type	id	name	status
_	Activity	#2	Evolution X	in progress

Field	Description
Туре	Type of the trigger (activity, milestone or project)
#id	Id of the trigger
Name	Nameof the trigger
Status	Current status of the trigger

Click on the corresponding section to add a trigger (activity, milestone or project) "Predecessor" pop up will be displayed.

Click on / to modify an existing trigger.

Click on — to delete the corresponding trigger.

When a triger is entered, planned and validated values (amount and date) are automatically updated to sum and max of triggers amount.

Add a Predecessor to e	lement Term #1		0
linked element type :	Activity	•	
linked element :	#1 - bug fixing		Q
iniked element.		▽	
	Cancel		



Term (2/2)



Description	
id:	" 1
name:	March 2012 - 50%
project :	project one
bill:	▼
closed:	

Field	Description		
Id	nique Id for the term. Reference is displayed after id.		
Name	Short description of the expense. Mandatory.		
Project	The project concerned by the term. Mandatory.		
Biil	Bill name that uses these term. Readonly.		
Closed	Flag to indicate that term is archived. Term will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.		

Fixed price for term							
amount :	real 2 400	€	validated	_	planned 4 810	€	
date:	31/03/2012				26/03/2012		

Field	Description
Real amount	Defined amount for term
Real date	Defined date for term
Validated amount	Sum of validated amounts of activities defined as triggers. Readonly.
Validated date	Max of validated end dates of activities defined as triggers. Readonly.
Planned amount	Sum of planned amounts of activities defined as triggers. Readonly.
Planned date	Max of validated end dates of activities defined as triggers. Readonly.

Field	Description
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)





Bill (1/3)



A bill is a request for payment for delivered work.

Billing will depend on billing type defined for the bill.

Each bill is linked to project, a project has a project type, and a project type is linked to a billing type. So billing type is automatically defined from selected project (field is read only).

The defined billing types taken into account in the tools are:

- **At terms**: a term must be defined to generate the bill, generally following a billing calendar. *Used for instance for: Fixed price projects.*
- On produced work: no term is needed, the billing will be calculated based on produced work for resources on selected activities, on a selected period.
 Used for instance for: Time & Maerials projects.
- On capped produced work: no term is needed, the billing will be calculated based on produced
 work for resources on selected activities, on a selected period, taking into account validated work
 so that total billing cannot be more than validated work.

 Used for instance for: Capped Time & Maerials projects.
- **Manual billing**: billing is defined manually, with no link to the project activity. Used for instance for: any kind of project where no link to activity is needed.
- **Not billed** : no billing is possible for these kinds of projects. *Used for instance for : internal projects, administrative projects*

Each bill has bill lines.

Input for each bill line depends on billing type.



Bill (2/3)



Description			
id:	#1		
bill type:	Partial bill	· •	Q
name :	Bill March 2012		
date:	31/03/2012		
project :	project one		Q
customer:	client one	· •	Q
bill contact :	external business leader one		Q
recipient :	Client 1 Recipient		Q
billing type :	at terms		

bill id:	
status :	recorded 🔻
done:	
closed:	
untaxed amount:	0 €
tax (%):	19,6
full amount :	0 €
comments:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the term. Reference is displayed after id.
Bill type	Type of bill (defaut types of bill are "partial", "final", "complete")
Name	Short description of the expense. Mandatory.
Date	Date of the bill.
Project	The project concerned by the term. Mandatory.
Customer	Customer who will pay for the bill. Autromatically updated from project customer.
Bill contact	Contact who will receive the bill
Recipient	Recipient who will receive the payment for the bill.
Billing type	Type of billing. Calculated from project, project type, billing type. Will influence bill lines format.

Field	Description
Bill id	Id, calculated when status of bill is "done", taking into account "start number for bill" (defined in "Global parameters")
Status	Actual status of the bill. May be linked to a workflow. Change of the status can have several impacts: • automatically update "Done" or "Closed", • some fields may become mandatory (see related topic).
Done	Flag to indicate that action has been treated. Date of completion is saved.
Closed	Flag to indicate that action is archived. Action will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Untaxed amount	Amount for the bill, without taxes.
Tax	Tax rate
Full amount	Amount for the bill, including taxes.
Comments	Comments for the bill.

Field	Description
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)



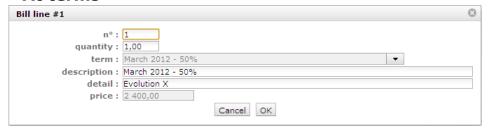
Bill (3/3)



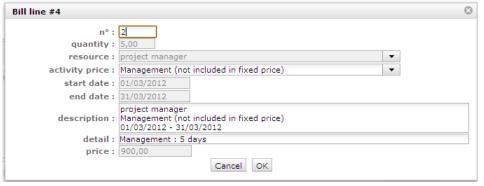


Input for each bill line depends on billing type.

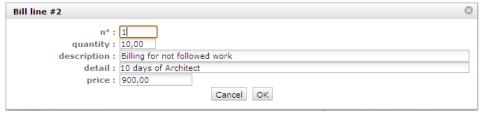
At terms

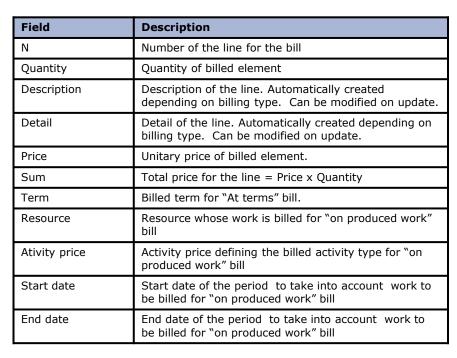


On produced work & On capped produced work



Manual billing





Some fields are not displayed on creation. Some fields are not displayed on update. Some fields are only inputable on creation. Some fields are only inputable on update.





Activity Price



Activity price defines daily price for activities of a given Activity type and a given project.

This is used to calculate bill amount for billing type "On produced work".

Description		
id:	#1	
project :	project two	· - Q
activity type :	Management	· - Q
name:	Management (not included in fixed price)	
price of the activity:	900 €	
sort order:	0	
closed :		

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the Activity price.
Project	The project concerned by the Activity Price. Mandatory.
Activity type	Type of activities concerned by the Activity Price. Mandatory.
Name	Short description of the Activity price. Mandatory.
Price of the activity	Daily price of the activities of the given activity type and the given project
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that Activity Price is archived. Activity Price will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.





Risk (1/3)



A risk is any threat of an event that may have a negative impact to the project, and which may be neutralized, or at least minimized, through pre-defined actions.

The risk management plan is a key point to Project Management:

- identify risks and estimate their severity and likelihood.
- identify mitigating actions
- follow-up actions
- identify risks that finally occur (becoming an issue)



Risk (2/3)



Description			
id:	# 1 001-001-CON-1		
project :	project one	· •	Q
type:	Contractual	· •	Q
name:	Performance		
creation date :	14/03/2012		
issuer :	admin		Q
cause:	Hardware not sized corresponding to expected load		
impact :	Anable to deliver the service		
severity:	High	· •	Q
likelihood:	Medium (50%)	· •	Q
criticality:	High	· •	Q
description:			

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the risk. Reference is displayed after id.
Project	The project concerned by the risk. Mandatory.
Туре	Type of risk.
Name	Short description of the risk. Mandatory.
Creation date	Creation date. Automatically generated on creation. Can be changed.
Issuer	User who created the risk. Can be changed (for instance if creator is not the issuer).
Cause	Description of the event that may trigger the risk.
Impact	Description of the estimated impact on the project if the risk occurs.
Severity	Level of importance of the impact for the project.
Likelihood	Probability level of the risk to occur.
Criticality	Global evaluation level of the risk. Automatically calculated from Severity and Likelihood values. Can be changed
Description	Complete description of the risk. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Treatment	
status :	recorded 🔻 🔍
responsible :	
initial end date :	
planned end date:	
handled:	
done:	
closed :	
result:	

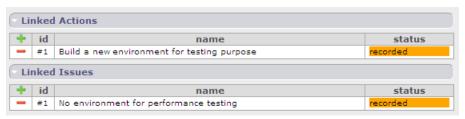
Todate 1		
Field	Description	
Status	Actual status of the risk. May be linked to a workflow.	
	Change of the status can have several impacts :	
	automatically sending emails,	
	 automatically update "Handled", "Done" or "Closed", 	
	• some fields may become mandatory (see related topic) .	
Responsible	Resource who is responsible for the treatment of the risk.	
Initial end date	Initially expected end date of the risk.	
Planned end date	Updated end date of the risk.	
Handled	Flag to indicate that risk has been taken into account.	
	Date of handling is saved. This generally means that Responsible has been named.	
Done	Flag to indicate that risk has been treated.	
	Date of completion is saved.	
Closed	Flag to indicate that risk is archived. Risk will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.	
Result	Complete description of the treatment done on the risk. The result can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.	

Field	Description
Attachments	(see related topic)
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)



Risk (3/3)





Field	Description
Id	Id of the linked element.
Name	Name of the linked element.
Status	Actual status of the linked element.

Risks can be linked to actions:

- risk mitigation actions
- impact mitigation actions

Risks can be linked to issues:

- when a risk occurs it becomes an issue

Click on the corresponding section to add a link to an action or an issue.

A "add link" pop up will be displayed. Select the linked element in the list and validate (OK).

Click on to delete the corresponding link.

If Risk R is linked to Action A and issue I, Issue I and Action A are automatically linked to Risk R.

Add a link between ele	ement Risk #1 and element Action	8
linked element type	Action	
linked element	#1 - Build an environment for performance tests	
	Cancel OK	

Linked actions and issues must belong to the same project.

Click on the name of an action or of an issue will directly move to it.





Issue (1/3)



An issue is a problem that occurs during the project.

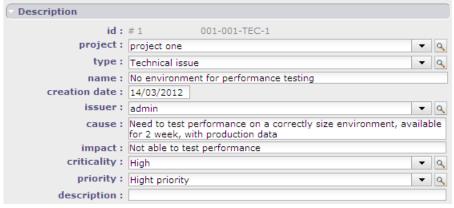
If the Risk Management Plan has been correctly managed, issues should always be occurring identified Risks.

Actions must be defined to solve the issue.

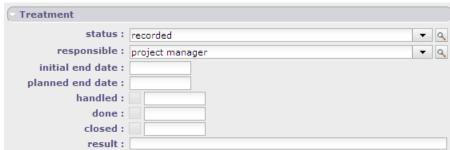


Issue (2/3)





Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the issue. Reference is displayed after id.
Project	The project concerned by the issue. Mandatory.
Туре	Type of issue.
Name	Short description of the issue. Mandatory.
Creation date	Creation date. Automatically generated on creation.
	Can be changed.
Issuer	User who created the issue. Can be changed (for instance if creator is not the issuer).
Cause	Description of the event that led to the issue.
Impact	Description of the impact of the issue on the project.
Criticality	Level of importance of the impact for the project.
Priority	Priority requested to the treatment of the issue.
Description	Complete description of the issue. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.



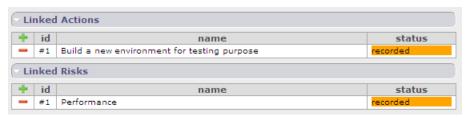
result :	
Field	Description
Status	Actual status of the issue. May be linked to a workflow. Change of the status can have several impacts: • automatically sending emails, • automatically update "Handled", "Done" or "Closed", • some fields may become mandatory (see related topic).
Responsible	Resource who is responsible for the treatment of the issue.
Initial end date	Initially expected end date of the issue.
Planned end date	Updated end date of the issue.
Handled	Flag to indicate that issue has been taken into account. Date of handling is saved. This generally means that Responsible has been named.
Done	Flag to indicate that issue has been treated. Date of completion is saved.
Closed	Flag to indicate that issue is archived. Issue will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Result	Complete description of the treatment of the issue. The result can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Field	Description
Attachments	(see related topic)
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)



Issue (3/3)





Field	Description	
Id	Id of the linked element.	
Name	Name of the linked element.	
Status	Actual status of the linked element.	

Issues can be linked to risks:

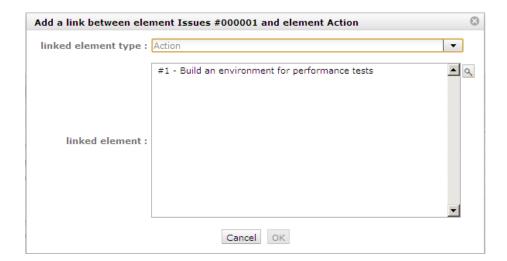
- When a risk occurs, it becomes an issue
- Issues can be linked to actions:
- impact mitigation actions
- resolution action

Click on the corresponding section to add a link to a risk or an action.

A "add link" pop up will be displayed. Select the linked element in the list and validate (OK).

Click on — to delete the corresponding link.

If Issue I is linked to Risk R and Action A, Action A and Risk R are automatically linked to Issue I.



Linked risks and actions must belong to the same project.

Click on the name of a risk or of an action will directly move to it.





Meeting (1/3)



Meeting items are stored to keep trace of important meetings during the project lifecycle:

- Progress Meetings
- Steering committees
- Functional workshops
- ...

In fact, you should keep trace of every meeting where decisions are taken, or questions answered. This will provide an easy way to find back when, where and why a decision has been taken.



Meeting (2/3)



Description		
id:	# 1 001-001-STE-1	
project :	project one	· • Q
meeting type:	Steering Committee	·+ Q
meeting date :	15/03/2012	
name:	Steering Committee 2012-03-15	
attendees :		
description:		

Treatment		
status :	recorded	Q
responsible :	▼	Q
handled:		
done:		
closed:		
minutes:		

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the meeting. Reference is displayed after id.
Project	The project concerned by the meeting. Mandatory.
Meeting type	Type of meeting.
Meeting date	Date of the meeting (initially expected date).
Attendees	List of persons attending (or expecting to attend) the meeting.
Description	Description of the meeting.
	Can be used to store Agenda.

Field	Description
Status	Actual status of the meeting. May be linked to a workflow. Change of the status can have several impacts: • automatically sending emails, • automatically update "Handled", "Done" or "Closed", • some fields may become mandatory (see related topic).
Responsible	Resource who is responsible for the organization of the meeting.
Minutes	Minutes of the meeting. You can enter here only a short summary of the minutes and attach the full minutes as a file.
Handled	Flag to indicate that meeting has been taken into account. Date of handling is saved. This generally means that Responsible has been named.
Done	Flag to indicate that meeting has been held. Date of meeting is saved.
Closed	Flag to indicate that meeting is archived. Meeting will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.

Field	Description
Attachments	You may attach Minutes file here. (see related topic)
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)



Meeting (3/3)





Field	Description	
Id	Id of the linked element.	
Name	Name of the linked element.	
Status	Actual status of the linked element.	

Meetings can be linked to decisions:

- Decisions taken during the meeting
- Meetings can be linked to questions:
- Questions raised during the meeting
- Questions answered during the meeting

Click on the corresponding section to add a link to a decision or a question.

A "add link" pop up will be displayed. Select the linked element in the list and validate (OK).

Click on — to delete the corresponding link.

If Meeting M is linked to Question Q and Decision D, Decision D and Question Q are automatically linked to Meeting M.

Add a link between ele	ment Meeting #000001 and element Decision	8
linked element type :	Decision	
linked element :	#1 - Go/NoGo for evolution 2	▲ Q
	Cancel OK	

Linked Decisions and Quesitons must belong to the same project.

Click on the name of a Decision or of a Question will directly move to it.





Decision (1/3)



Decisions are stored to keep trace of important decisions, when, where and why the decision was taken.

You can link a decision to a meeting to rapidly find the minutes where the decision is described.



Decision (2/3)



Description			
i	d:#1	001-001-FUN-1	
projec	t: project o	ne	· 🔻 🔍
decision typ	e : Functiona	al	1.★ ₫
nam	e: Go for de	ployment	
descriptio	n:		

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the decision. Reference is displayed after id.
Project	The project concerned by the decision. Mandatory.
Decision type	Type of decision.
Name	Short description of the decision. Mandatory.
Description	Complete description of the decision. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Validation	
status :	recorded 🔻 🔾
decision date :	15/03/2012
origin :	Steering
accountable :	▼ Q
closed :	

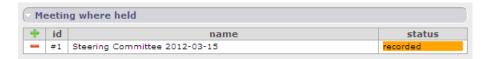
Field	Description
Status	Actual status of the decision. May be linked to a workflow. Change of the status can have several impacts: • automatically sending emails, • automatically update "Handled", "Done" or "Closed", • some fields may become mandatory (see related topic).
Decision date	Date of the decision
Origin	Origin of the decision. It can be either the reference to a meeting where decision was taken (so also add the reference to the meetings list), or a short description of why the decision was taken.
Accountable	Resource accountable for the decision. (the person who took the decision)
Closed	Flag to indicate that decision is archived. Decision will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.

Field	Description
Attachments	(see related topic)
Notes	(see related topic)
Change History	(see related topic)



Decision (3/3)





Field	Description						
Id	Id of the linked element.						
Name	Name of the linked element.						
Status	Actual status of the linked element.						

Decisions can be linked to meetings:

- Meeting during which decision was taken

Click on the corresponding section to add a link to a meeting.

A "add link" pop up will be displayed. Select the linked element in the list and validate (OK).

Click on — to delete the corresponding link.

If Decision D is linked to Meeting M, Meeting M is automatically linked to Decision D.

Linked Meetings must belong to the same project.

Click on the name of a Meeting will directly move to it.





Question (1/3)



Question are stored to keep trace of important Questions and Answers. In fact, you should keep trace of every question and answer that have an impact to the project.

The Questions can also afford an easy way to track questions sent and follow-up non-answered ones.

This will provide an easy way to find back when, who and precise description of the answer to a question.

Also keep in mind that some people will (consciously or not) be able to change their mind and uphold it has always been their opinion...

You can link a question to a meeting to rapidly find the minutes where the question was raised or answered.



Question (2/3)



Description		
id:	# 1 001-001-FUN-1	
project :	project one	
question type :	Functional 🔻 🔾	
name:	Who will be first deployed users ?	
creation date :	15/03/2012	
issuer :	admin 🔻 🗓	
description:		

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the question. Reference is displayed after id.
Project	The project concerned by the question. Mandatory.
Question type	Type of question.
Name	Short description of the question. Mandatory.
Creation date	Creation date. Automatically generated on creation. Can be changed.
Issuer	User who created the question. Can be changed (for instance if creator is not the issuer).
Description	Complete description of the question. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Field	Description							
Attachments	(see related topic)							
Notes	(see related topic)							
Change History	(see related topic)							

Answer	
status :	recorded 🔻 🔍
responsible :	▼ Q
initial due date :	
planned due date :	
replier :	
handled:	
done:	
closed:	
response:	

Field	Description
Status	Actual status of the question. May be linked to a workflow. Change of the status can have several impacts: • automatically sending emails, • automatically update "Handled", "Done" or "Closed", • some fields may become mandatory (see related topic).
Responsible	Resource who is responsible for the follow-up of the question.
Initial due date	Initially expected date for the answer to the question.
Planned due date	Updated expected date for the answer to the question.
Replier	Name of the person who provided the answer.
Handled	Flag to indicate that question has been taken into account. Date of handling is saved. This generally means that Responsible has been named.
Done	Flag to indicate that question has been answered. Date of answer is saved.
Closed	Flag to indicate that question is archived. Question will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Response	Complete description of the answer to the question. The response can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.



Question (3/3)





I	Field	Description						
	Id Id of the linked element.							
Name Name of the linked element.								
	Status	Actual status of the linked element.						

Questions can be linked to meetings:

- Meeting during which question was raised or answered

Click on the corresponding section to add a link to a meeting.

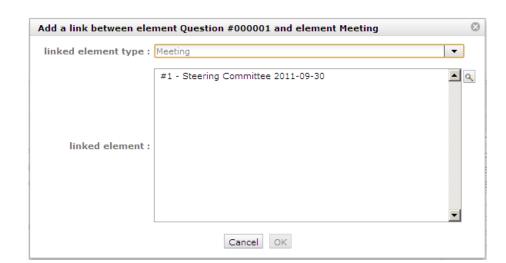
A "add link" pop up will be displayed. Select the linked element in the list and validate (OK).

Click on — to delete the corresponding link.

If Question Q is linked to Meeting M, Meeting M is automatically linked to Question Q.

Linked Meetings must belong to the same project.

Click on the name of a Meeting will directly move to it.







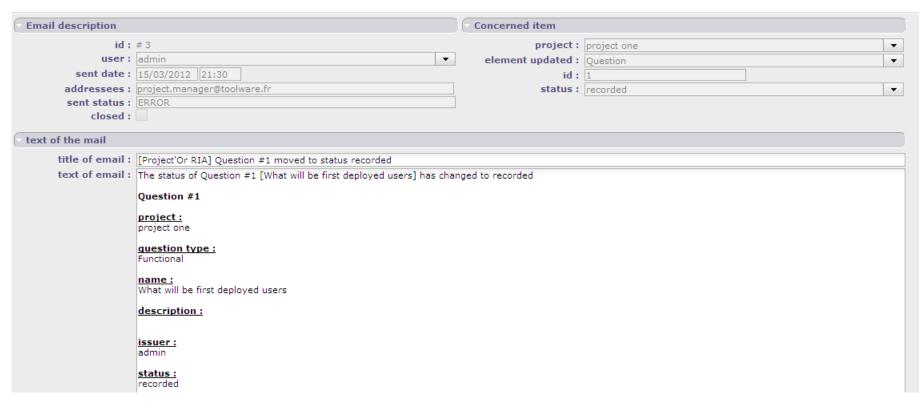
Emails



You can have a look at the list of the automatic emails sent (see related topic).

You will have all the information about the email, including the status showing whether the email was correctly sent or not.

The information in the screen is read-only.







Alerts



You can have a look at the alerts sent.

By default, administrators can see all the alerts sent, and other users only see their own alerts.

This screen is read only.

If you are the receiver of the alert, and the alert is not tagged "read" yet (for instance you clicked "remind me" when alert was displayed), you will have a button to "mark as read" the alert.

target value : 0 d alert value : 1 d type : ALERT generation date : 14/03/2012 21:30 reminder date : 14/03/2012 21:30	Description	Message
read:	project: project one - maintenance element: Activity 1 receiver of alert: manager1 type: ALERT generation date: 14/03/2012 21:30 reminder date: 14/03/2012 21:30 read: □	message: bug fixing indicator: planned work compared to validated work target value: 0 d





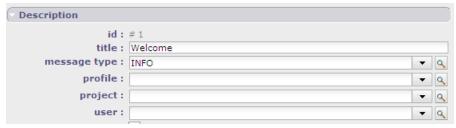
Message



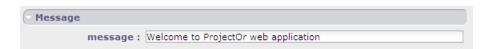
You can define some message that will be displayed on the "today" screen of users.

You can limit the display to some profile and/or project and/or user.

The message will be displayed in a color depending on the Message type



Field	Description								
Id	Unique Id for the message.								
Title	Header of the message. Mandatory.								
Message type	Type of message.								
Profile	The profile of users who will see the message.								
Project	The project to limit display. Only resources affected to the project will see the message								
User	User who will see the message. Useful to send a message to one user only . As user is more restrictive than Profile and/or Project, you should not select these ones when selecting user.								
Closed	A status to stop showing the message. You then don't have to delete it, for instance to be able to show it again later								



Field	Description
Message	Complete text of the message. The message can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.



Import (1/2)



Imports work from CSV files (and only CSV files on actual version).

The first line of the file must contain de name of the fields : look into the Model class : the names are the same. Just click on specific help button @ to have help on fields. You may or may not add an "id" column to the file :

- if column "id" exists and "id" is set for a line, the import will try to update the corresponding element, and will fail if it does not exist
- if column "id" does not exists or if "id" is not set for a line, the import will create a new element from the data.

In any case, columns with no data will not be updated: then you can update only one field on an element.

To clear a data, enter the value "NULL" (not case sensitive).

For columns corresponding to linked tables ("idXxxx"), you can indicate as the column name:

- either "idXxxx": the code of the element in the linked table is expected
- either "Xxxx" (without "id"): the name of the element in the linked table is then expected, bringing better readability to the file.

Names of columns can contain spaces (to have better readability): the spaces will be removed to get the name of the column.

Dates are expected in format "YYYY-MM-DD".

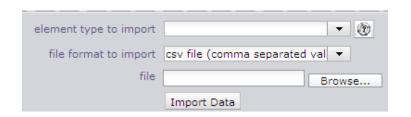
Insertion into "Planning" elements (activity, project), automatically inserts an element in the table "PlanningElement": the data of this table can be inserted into the import file (working from version V1.3.0).





Import (2/2)





Select the element type from the list. The content of the imported file must fit the element type description.

To know the data that may be imported, click on the | button.

id	idProject	idTicketType	name	idUrgency	creationDateTime	idUser	idContact	originType	originId	idOriginalVersion	description	idActivity	idStatus	idResource
id	project	ticket type	name	urgency	creation date/time	issuer	requestor	[colOriginType]	[colOriginId]	original version	description	planning activity	status	responsible
int(12)	int(12)	int(12)	varchar(100)	int(12)	datetime	int(12)	int(12)	varchar(100)	int(12)	int(12)	varchar(4000)	-	int(12)	int(12)

After selecting file format (only cvs for current version) and file to import, you can Import Data.

You will then have a full report of the import:

ic	project	activity type	name	description	creation date	issuer	parent activity	status	responsible	result	handled	handled date	done	done date	closed	closed date	planning mode	initial start date	validated start date	initial end date	validated end date	initial duration	validated duration	validated work	priority	Import result
1	1	21	Updated name	Updated description				4	3	Updated result	1	2010- 10-01	1	2010- 10-15	0		1									Activity #1 updated
2	1																4	2010- 09-01	2010- 10-01	2010- 12-31				27	200	Activity #2 updated
	1	22	New activity	Description of new Activity	2010- 11-05	3		1									1	2010- 09-02	2010- 10-02	2010- 11-30				42		Activity #13 inserted



Pay attention if you intend to import users:

- If you want to create new users don't put any id because if id already exists it will be overridden by the new (with possibility to erase admin user...)
- The password field must be cut and pasted from the database because it is encrypted, then if you enter some readable password, the users will not be able to connect.
- Always keep in mind that your import may have some impact on administrator user. So be sure to keep an operational admin access.





Affectation



The affectation defines that a Resource, or Contact or User works on a given project, and so has visibility to the given elements of the project (depending on habilitation).

Description	
id: #18	
resource : project manager	· • Q
or contact :	→ Q
or user: manager1	· • Q
project : project one - developement	·- Q
rate (%): 100	
closed :	
description:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the affectation. Automatically generated on creation.
Resource Or Contact Or User	Affected Resource, or contact or User. When selecting one of the three, if the selected item is also of another king, then corresponding list is automatically selected. For instance, if you select Resource R1 and that this resource is also a User U1, then U1 will automatically be selected in User list.
Project	Project to affect to.
Rate (%)	Affectation rate, in percent. 100% means a full time affectation.
Closed	Flag to indicate that user is archived. User will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Description	Complete description of the user. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.





User (1/2)



The User is a person that will be able to connect to the application.

The login id will be the user name.

To be able to connect, user must have a password and a profile defined.

The issuer of items is a user.

Description	
id:	#3
user name :	manager1
email address :	project.manager@toolware.fr
password:	reset password
	Send information to the user
profile:	Project Leader
is a contact :	
is a resource :	✓
name:	project manager
initials:	
locked:	
closed:	
description :	



The password is always hidden.

In fact passwords are store in a non bijective encryption format. This means that it is impossible to find the original value.

Administrator can reset the password to default value. He then needs to save and "send information to the user".

Field	Description				
Id	Unique Id for the user. Automatically generated on creation.				
User name	Name of the user., used as login to connect to the application. This information will be displayed in lists. Must be unique.				
Email address	Email address of the user. Automatic emailing will use this address.				
Password	Password to connect to the application. Always hidden. Administrator can only reset password to default value.				
Profile	Profile of the user (see related topic)				
Is a contact	Is this user also a user ? Check this if the user must also be a requestor. This user will then appear in the "Contact" list.				
Is a resource	Is this user also a resource? Check this if the user must also be assigned to activities and be able to input real work . The user will then also appear in the "Resources" list.				
Name	Resource and/or Contact name. Can contain first and last name Mandatory if "Is resource" or "Is contact" is checked.				
Locked	Flag used to lock the user, to prohibit connections. Administrator can unlock the user.				
Closed	Flag to indicate that user is archived. User will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.				
Description	Complete description of the user. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.				



User (2/2)



Affectations					
+	id	project	rate (%)		
/ -	1	project one	80		
/-	2	project two	20		
/ -	3	holidays	0		
/ -	18	project one - developement	100		

Affectations of user can be directly created from user definition.

Click → on to create a new affectation.

A "add affectation" pop up will be displayed.

Click on / to update an existing affectation.

Click on — to delete the corresponding affectation.

9	ctation
1-	project :
· •	resource: manager1
	rate (%): 100 closed:
	closed :
	closed : Cancel OK

Field	Description
Id	Id of the affectation
Project	Project the user is affected to.
Resource	Name of the user. Readonly.
Rate	Rate (in %) of the affectation to the project.
Closed	Flag to indicate that affectation in not active any more, without deleteing it.



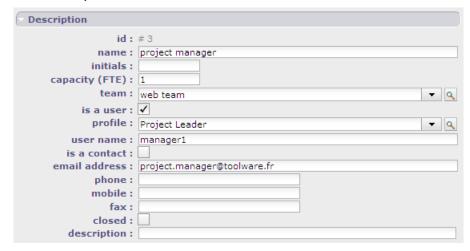
Resource (1/2)



The Resource is a person that will work on activities.

A resource can also be a machine or any material resource which availability must be controlled through planning. The resource is the power to run the project.

The responsible of items is a resource.



Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the resource. Automatically generated on creation.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Name	Name of the resource. Can contain first and last name.
	This information will be displayed in lists.
Initials	Initilas of the resource
Capacity (FTE)	Capacity of the resource, in Full Time Equivalent. Capacity can be lesser than one (for part time working resource) or greater than one (for Virtual resource or teams, to use for instance to initialize a planning)
Team	The team to which the resource belongs.
Is a user	Is this resource also a user? Check this if the resource must connect to the application. You must then define the user name, that can be the same as the resource name or not, and the profile. The resource will then also appear in the "Users" list.
Profile	Profile of the user (see related topic)
User name	User name. (see related topic) Mandatory if "Is a user" is checked.
T	·
Is a contact	Is this resource also a contact ? Check this if the resource must also be a requestor.
Email address	Email address of the resource. Automatic emailing will use this address.
Phone	Phone number of the resource. Informative data.
Mobile	Mobile phone number of the resource. Informative data.
Fax	Fax number of the resource. Informative data.
Closed	Flag to indicate that resource is archived. Resource will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Description	Complete description of the resource. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

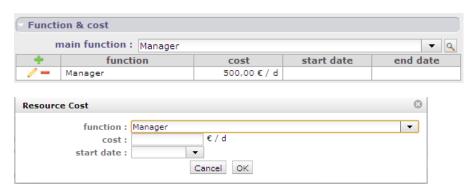


Resource (2/2) Function, Cost and Affectation

Field

Description





Function	Function of the resource for the selected cost			
Cost	Cost of the resource for the selected function. Cost is in currency per day, even if you manage work in hours.			
Start date	Start date for the cost of the resource, for the selected function. Not selectable for the first cost of a given function for the resource.			
	Mandatory for others. Then previous cost will be updated to finish at date minus 1 day.			

Affectations					
+	id	project	rate (%)		
/ -	1	project one	80		
/ -	2	project two	20		
/ -	3	holidays	0		
/ -	18	project one - developement	100		

Affectations of user can be directly created from resource definition.

Click on to create a new affectation.

A "add affectation" pop up will be displayed.

Click on / to update an existing affectation.

Click on — to delete the corresponding affectation.

Affectation	
project :	∀
resource :	project manager
rate (%) :	100
closed :	
	Cancel OK

Field	Description
Id	Id of the affectation
Project	Project the user is affected to.
Resource	Name of the resource. Readonly.
Rate	Rate (in %) of the affectation to the project.
Closed	Flag to indicate that affectation in not active any more, without deleteing it.





Contact (1/2)



The Contact is a person into the organization of the customer. The requestor of a ticket must be a contact.

It can be interesting to define all the informative data of the contact to be able to contact him when needed.

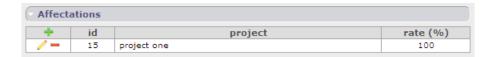
Description	
id:	# 5
name:	external project leader one
initials :	
customer:	client one
is a user :	✓
profile :	External Project Leader
user name :	external1
is a resource :	
email address :	
phone:	
mobile:	
fax :	
closed:	
description:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the contact. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the contact. Can contain first and last name.
	This information will be displayed in lists.
Initials	Initilas of the contact
Customer	The Customer the contact belongs to (the contact is a person into the organization of the customer).
Is a user	Is this contact also a user? Check this if the contact must connect to the application. You must then define the user name, that can be the same as the contact name or not, and the profile. The contact will then also appear in the "Users" list.
Profile	Profile of the user (see related topic)
User name	User name (see related topic)
	Mandatory if "Is a user" is checked.
Is a resource	Is this contact also a resource? Check this if the contact must also be assigned to activities and be able to input real work. The contact will then also appear in the "Resources" list.
Email address	Email address of the contact. Automatic emailing will use this address.
Phone	Phone number of the contact. Informative data.
Mobile	Mobile phone number of the contact. Informative data.
Fax	Fax number of the contact. Informative data.
Closed	Flag to indicate that contact is archived. Contact will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Description	Complete description of the contact. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.



Contact (2/2)





Affectations of user can be directly created from contact definition.

Click → on to create a new affectation.

A "add affectation" pop up will be displayed.

Click on / to update an existing affectation.

Click on — to delete the corresponding affectation.

project :		
resource : exter	nal project leader one	
rate (%): 100		
closed :		
ciosed .	Cancel OK	

Field	Description
Id	Id of the affectation
Project	Project the contact is affected to.
Resource	Name of the user. Readonly.
Rate	Rate (in %) of the affectation to the project.
Closed	Flag to indicate that affectation in not active any more, without deleteing it.





Customer



The Customer is the entity for which the Project is set.

It is generally the owner of the project, and in many cases it is the payer.

It can be an internal entity, into the same enterprise, or a different enterprise, or the entity of an enterprise. The customer defined here is not a person. Real persons into customer entity are called "Contacts".

Description
id: #1
customer name : client one
customer code: 001
elay for payment (in day) :
tax (%):
closed :
description :

Projects	
	Projects:
▼ Contacts	
	Contacts: w/w external project leader one w/w external business leader one

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the customer. Automatically generated on creation.
Customer name	Short name of the customer. Mandatory.
Customer code	Code of the customer. Informative data.
Delay for payment	Delay forpayment (in days) that can be displaued in the bill.
Tax (%)	Tax rates that are applied to bill amounts for this customer.
Closed	Flag to indicate that customer is archived. Customer will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Description	Complete description of the customer. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Field	Description
Projects	List of the projects of the customer
Contacts	List of the contacts known in the entity of the customer.





Recipient



The Recipient is the beneficiary of bill payments. Recipinets are mainly defined to store billing information.

Description	
id:	# 1
name :	Client 1 Recipient
Company number:	123 456 789
tax number :	TAX 01 01 01
tax free :	
▼ International Bank A	ccount Number (IBAN)
Bank:	BARCLAYS BANK
country (IBAN):	21
key (IBAN):	
account number (BBAN) : closed :	1234567890

Address	
designation :	M. CLIENT
street :	rue blanche
complement:	
zip code :	75001
city:	PARIS
state :	
country:	FRANCE

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the recipient. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the recipient. Mandatory.
Company number	Company number, to be displayed on bill.
Tax number	Tax reference number, to be displayed on bill.
Tax free	Flag to indicate that tax is automatically set to zero for this recipient.
Bank	Bank name.
Contry	Contry code. IBAN format.
Key	Key code. IBAN format. Automatically claculated from other IBAN fields.
Account	Full acount number defining the BBAN account code.
number	Format depends on country.
Closed	Flag to indicate that recipient is archived. Recipient will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.

Field	Description
Designation	Full name of the recipient as it appears in the address.
Street	Street name, including street number.
Complement	Complement of adress
Zip code	Zip code
State	State
Country	Country





Team



Team is a group of resources gathered on any criteria. A resource can belong to only one team.

The actual version of the tool does not use much of team notion.

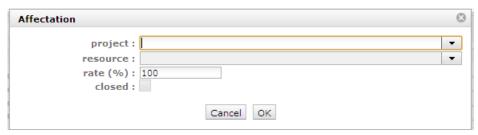
Description	
id:	# 1
name:	web team
closed:	
description:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the team. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the team.
Closed	Flag to indicate that team is archived. Team will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Description	Complete description of the team. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Team members	
members : 🛶 project manager	
web developer	
affect all team members to a project	

Field	Description
Team members	List of the resources member of the team.

It is possible to directly affect every team member to a project, using the corresponding button.



Field	Description
Project	Project the team mebers are affected to.
Resource	Not needed here. Readonly.
Rate	Rate (in %) of the affectations to the project.
Closed	Not needed here. Readonly.



Product



Product is the element de project is built for.

A project works on one or more versions of the product .

A product is any element delivered by the project. For IT/IS Projects, products are generally Applications.

Description		
id:	# 1	
name:	web application	
customer:	client one	· Q
prime contractor:	external project leader one	1▼ Q
is sub-product of :		'▼ Q
creation date :	01/09/2011	
closed :		
description:		

Product versions		
versions : 🛶 wa V1.0)	
)	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the product. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the product
Customer	The customer the product should be delivered to.
Prime contractor	The contact, into customer organization, who will be responsible for the product delivery.
Creation date	Creation date. Automatically generated on creation. Can be changed.
Closed	Flag to indicate that product is archived. Product will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Description	Complete description of the product. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

Field	Description
Products versions	List of the versions defined for the product.





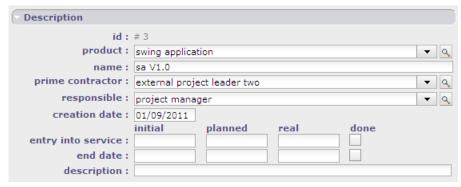
Version



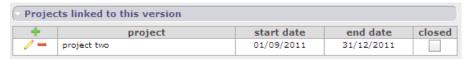
Version is the declination of the product life.

A project works on one or more versions of the product.

A version of product is any stable status of the element delivered by the project. For IT/IS Projects, versions are generally Applications Versions.



Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the version. Automatically generated on creation.
Product	The product on which the version applies.
Name	Name of the version.
Prime contractor	The contact, into customer organization, who will be responsible for the version delivery. Can be different from Product prime contractor.
Responsible	Resource responsible of the version.
Creation date	Creation date. Automatically generated on creation. Can be changed.
Entry into servie	Intial, planned and real entrey into service date of the version. Done is checked when real is set.
End date	Intial, planned and real end dates of the version. Done is checked when real is set, corresponding to closed version.
Description	Complete description of the version. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.



Projects can be directly linked to version.

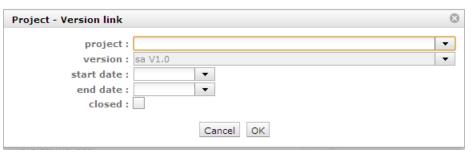
Click

on to create a new link to project.

A "Project – Version link" pop up will be displayed.

Click on / to update an existing link to project.

Click on — to delete the corresponding link to project.



Field	Description
Project	Project linked to the version.
Version	Current version. Readonly.
Start date	Start date for validity of the link
End date	End date for validity of the link
Closed	Flag to indicate that link is not active any more, without deleteing it.





Context



The contexts defines list of elements selectable to define ticket context.

Contexts are initially set to be able to define contexts for IT Projects, for three contect types:

- Environment
- Operating System
- Browser

They can be changed to be adapted to any kind of project.

Description		
id:	# 1	
Context type:	Environment	•
name:	Production	
sort order :		
closed:		

Field	Description				
Id	Unique Id for the context. Automatically generated on creation.				
Context type List is fixed. Captions are translated and so can be changed in language file (see related topic)					
Name	Name of the context				
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists				
Closed	Flag to indicate that context is archived. Context will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.				





Calendar



Planning dispatches work on every open days.

By default, open days are days from Monday to Friday, excluding week ends.

The Calendar screen sets possibility to defined off days (for instance New Year, National day). As these days are different from one country to the other, is must be entered manually. On the calendar screen, you can also define some specific 'opened' week-end days. The calendar information is taken into account when calculating planning. You must re-calculate an existing planning to take into account changes on the calendar.

Description	
id: #3	
name : Worked week	end
date: 22/10/2011	
is off day :	

A calendar of current year is displayed to give a global overview of the exceptions existing: in blue exception off days, in red exception open days (in bold current item). On creation, it is possible to directly select the exception date by clicking on the calendar view.

Field	Description					
Id	Unique Id for the calendar exception. Automatically generated on creation.					
Name	Name of the calendar exception.					
Date Date of the calendar exception						
Is off day	Set to define that an standard 'open' day becomes a 'off' day. Unset to define that a standard 'off' day (week-end) becomes an 'open' day. Setting this flag to a off day or unsetting it to a week-end will have no effect to the calendar.					

													20	11																	
January	S1	52	МЗ	Т4	W5	Т6	F7	58	59	M10	T11	W12	T13	F14	S15	516	M17	T18	W19	T20	F21	522	523	M24	T25	W26	T27	F28	529	530	М3:
February	T1	W2	тз	F4	S5	56	M7	Т8	W9	T10	F11	512	513	M14	T15	W16	T17	F18	519	520	M21	T22	W23	T24	F25	526	527	M28			
March	Т1	W2	тз	F4	S5	56	M7	Т8	W9	T10	F11	512	513	M14	T15	W16	T17	F18	519	520	M21	T22	W23	T24	F25	526	527	M28	T29	W30	T31
April	F1	52	53	M4	T5	W6	Т7	F8	59	510	M11	T12	W13	T14	F15	516	517	M18	T19	W20	T21	F22	523	524	M25	T26	W27	T28	F29	530	
May	S1	М2	тз	W4	Т5	F6	S7	S8	М9	T10	W11	T12	F13	514	S15	M16	T17	W18	T19	F20	521	522	M23	T24	W25	T26	F27	528	529	М30	T31
June	W1	Т2	F3	54	S5	М6	T7	W8	Т9	F10	511	512	M13	T14	W15	T16	F17	518	519	M20	T21	W22	T23	F24	525	526	M27	T28	W29	T30	
July	F1	52	53	M4	Т5	W6	T7	F8	59	510	M11	T12	W13	T14	F15	516	S17	M18	T19	W20	T21	F22	523	524	M25	T26	W27	T28	F29	530	531
August	M1	Т2	W3	T4	F5	56	S7	M8	Т9	W10	T11	F12	513	514	M15	T16	W17	T18	F19	520	521	M22	T23	W24	T25	F26	527	528	M29	T30	W31
September	Т1	F2	53	54	М5	Т6	W7	Т8	F9	510	511	M12	T13	W14	T15	F16	517	518	M19	T20	W21	T22	F23	524	S25	M26	T27	W28	T29	F30	
October	S1	52	МЗ	T4	W5	Т6	F7	58	59	M10	T11	W12	T13	F14	S15	516	M17	T18	W19	T20	F21	S22	523	M24	T25	W26	T27	F28	529	530	M31
November	Т1	W2	тз	F4	S5	56	M7	Т8	W9	T10	F11	512	513	M14	T15	W16	T17	F18	519	520	M21	T22	W23	T24	F25	526	527	M28	T29	W30	
December	T1	F2	53	54	М5	Т6	W7	T8	F9	510	511	M12	T13	W14	T15	F16	S17	518	M19	T20	W21	T22	F23	524	525	M26	T27	W28	T29	F30	531



Only one calendar is managed in the tool.

Each item only defines exception to standard open / closed days.

You cannot defined several calendar, forinstance to get one calendar per resource.



Document Directory



The document directories define a structure for document storage.

The document files (defined on document version) will be strored in the folder defined as "location" in the "document root" place. "Document root" is defined in the global parameters file. the defined structure.

Description		
id:	#5	
parent directory:	/Product ▼ □	1
name:	Conception	
location:	/Product/Conception	
project :	· • c	1
product :	▼	1
default type :	· ▼ [0	1
closed:		

Global definition of directories is directly displayed in th Document menu, to give direct access to documents depending on the defined structure.



Field	Description		
Id	Unique Id for the directory. Automatically generated on creation.		
Parent directory	Name of the parent directory to define hierarchic struture. The current directory is then a sub-directory of parent.		
Name	Name of the directory. Location will automatically be "parent location" / "name".		
Location	Folder where files will be stored. Location is automatically defined as "parent location" / "name". Location is defined relatively to "document root", defined in global parameters.		
Project	Project the directory is dedicated to. New document in this directory will have default project positionned to this value.		
Product	Product the directory is dedicated to. New document in this directory will have default project positionned to this value.		
Default type	Type of document the directory is dedicated to. New document in this directory will have default document type positionned to this value.		
Closed	Flag to indicate that directory is archived. Context will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.		





Function



The function defines the generic competency of a resource.

Description	
id:	# 1
name:	Manager
sort order :	10
closed:	
description:	Leader/Manager of the project

Field	Description		
Id	Unique Id for the function. Automatically generated on creation.		
Name	Name of the function.		
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists		
Closed Flag to indicate that function is archived. Function will not a in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.			
Description	Complete description of the function. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.		



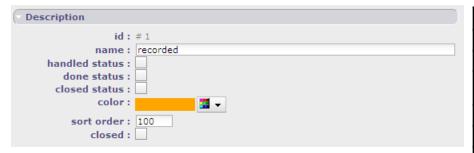
Status



The status is a important element of items lifecycle.

It defines the progress of the treatment of the element.

Some automations are implemented, depending on status definition, to set 'handled', 'done' and 'closed' flags on items.



Field	Description		
Id	Unique Id for the status. Automatically generated on creation.		
Name	Name of the status.		
Handled status	Defines whether 'handled' flag is automatically set for this status		
Done status	Defines whether 'done' flag is automatically set for this status.		
Closed status	Defines whether 'closed' flag is automatically set for this status.		
Color	Color to display the status in element lists		
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists		
Closed	Flag to indicate that status is archived. Status will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.		



Likelihood



The likelihood is the probability for a risk to occur. The more likely a risk is, the more critical it is.

Description	
id:	# 1
name:	Low (10%)
value :	1
color:	■ ▼
sort order :	10
closed:	

Field	Description	
Id	Unique Id for the likelihood. Automatically generated on creation.	
Name	Name of the likelihood.	
Value	Value used to calculate criticality from likelihood and severity (see below)	
Color	Color to display the likelihood in element lists	
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists	
Closed	Flag to indicate that likelihood is archived. Likelihood will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.	

Criticality		Severity			
		1	2	4	
pc	1	1	1	2	
-ikelihood	2	1	2	4	
ćeli	4	2	4	8	
Π					

Criticality		Severity			
		Low	Medium	High	
pc	Low	Low	Low	Medium	
Likelihood	Medium	Low	Medium	High	
	High	Medium	High	Critical	
⋾					





Criticality



The criticality is the importance of an element to its context.

The risk criticality designs the level of impact the risk may have to the project.

The ticket criticality is the estimated impact that the subject of the ticket may have to the product.

Description	
id:	# 1
name:	Low
value :	1
color:	Ⅲ ▼
sort order :	10
closed:	

Field	Description		
Id	Unique Id for the criticality. Automatically generated on creation.		
Name	Name of the criticality.		
Value	Value used to calculate criticality from likelihood and severity, and to calculate priority from criticality and urgency. (see below)		
Color	Color to display the criticality in element lists		
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists		
Closed	Flag to indicate that criticality is archived. Criticality will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.		

[Priority value] = [Criticality value] x [Urgency value] / 2

Priority		Urgency			
		1	2	4	8
ty	1	1	1	2	4
Criticality	2	1	2	4	8
	4	2	4	8	16
0	8	4	8	16	32

Priority		Urgency				
		Low Medium High Crit			Critical	
ty	Low	Low	Low	Medium	High	
Criticality	Medium	Low	Medium	High	Critical	
ritic	High	Medium	High	Critical	Critical	
O	Critical	High	Critical	Critical	Critical	

Criticality			Sev	erity	
		1	2	4	
pc	1	1	1	2	
-ikelihood	2	1	2	4	
ćeli	4	2	4	8	
IΠ					

Criticality		Severity			
		Low	Medium	High	
рс	Low	Low	Low	Medium	
Likelihood	Medium	Low	Medium	High	
۷eli	High	Medium	High	Critical	
ΙŢ					





Severity



The risk severity designs the level of impact the risk may have to the product.

Description	
id:	# 1
name:	Low
value :	1
color:	Ⅲ ▼
sort order :	10
closed:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the severity. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the severity.
Value	Value used to calculate criticality from likelihood and severity (see below)
Color	Color to display the severity in element lists
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that severity is archived. Severity will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.

Criticality			Sev	erity	
		1	2	4	
pc	1	1	1	2	
-ikelihood	2	1	2	4	
ćeli	4	2	4	8	
IΠ					

Criticality		Severity			
		Low	Medium	High	
pc	Low	Low	Low	Medium	
-ikelihood	Medium	Low	Medium	High	
دeاi	High	Medium	High	Critical	
ΙŢ					





Urgency



The ticket urgency is an element given by the requestor to indicate the quickness of treatment needed for the ticket.

Description	
id:	#3
name:	Not urgent
value :	1
color:	■ ▼
sort order : closed :	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the urgency. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the urgency.
Value	Value used to calculate priority from criticality and urgency (see below)
Color	Color to display the urgency in element lists
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that urgency is archived. Urgency will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.

[Priority value] = [Criticality value] x [Urgency value] / 2

Priority		Urgency			
		1	2	4	8
ty	1	1	1	2	4
Criticality	2	1	2	4	8
ritic	4	2	4	8	16
O	8	4	8	16	32

Priority		Urgency				
		Low	Medium	High	Critical	
ty	Low	Low	Low	Medium	High	
Criticality	Medium	Low	Medium	High	Critical	
ritic	High	Medium	High	Critical	Critical	
O	Critical	High	Critical	Critical	Critical	





Priority



The ticket priority defined the order to treat different tickets.

Description	
id:	# 4
name:	Critical priority
value :	8
color:	3 ▼
sort order :	10
closed:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the priority. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the priority.
Value	Value used to calculate priority from criticality and urgency (see below)
Color	Color to display the priority in element lists
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that priority is archived. Priority will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.

[Priority value] = [Criticality value] x [Urgency value] / 2

Priority		Urgency					
		1	2	4	8		
ty	1	1	1	2	4		
Sallit	2	1	2	4	8		
Criticality	4	2	4	8	16		
C	8	4	8	16	32		

Priority			Urge	ency	
		Low	Medium	High	Critical
ty	Low	Low	Low	Medium	High
Criticality	Medium	Low	Medium	High	Critical
ritic	High	Medium	High	Critical	Critical
C	Critical	High	Critical	Critical	Critical



Workflow (1/2)



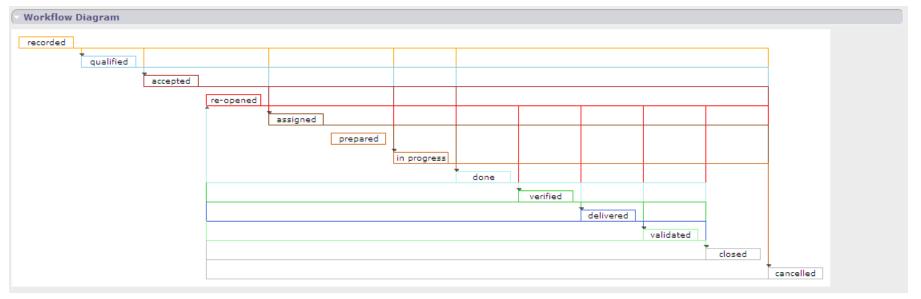
A workflow defines the possibility to go from one status to another one, and who (depending on profile) can do this operation for each status.

Once defined, a workflow can be linked to any type of any tem.

Description	
id:	# 1
name:	Default
sort order :	
closed:	
description :	Default workflow with just logic constraints.
	Anyone can change status.

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the workflow. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the workflow.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that workflow is archived. Workflow will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.
Description	Complete description of the workflow. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.

The workflow diagram presents a visual representation of the workflow displaying all possible transitions (independently to profile rights)





Workflow (2/2)



The habilitation table helps defining who can move from one status to another one.

Each line correspond to the status from which you want to be able to move. Each column correspond to the status to which you want to be able to go. It is not possible to go from one status to itself (these cells are blank).

Just check the profile (or "all") who is allowed to pass from one status to the other.

rom \ to	recorded	qualified	accepted	re-opened	assigned	prepared	in progress	done	verified	delivered	validated	closed	cancelled	
		V all	V all	all	V all ▲	all	V all	V all	all	all	all	☐ all	V all	
		✓ Administrator	Administrator	Administrator	Administrator	Administrator	✓ Administrator	✓ Administrator	Administrator	Administrator	Administrator	Administrator	✓ Administrator	
		Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	✓ Supervisor	
ecorded		Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	recorded
ecoraea		✓ Project Memi	✓ Project Memt	Project Memb	Project Memit	Project Memb	Project Memi	Project Memb	Project Memb	Project Memb	Project Memit	Project Memb	Project Memi	recorded
		External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	
		External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	
		Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	
rom \ to	recorded	qualified	accepted	re-opened	assigned	prepared	in progress	done	verified	delivered	validated	closed	cancelled	
	all		V all	all	V all	all	V all	V all	all	all	all	all	✓ all	
	Administrator		Administrator	Administrator	✓ Administrator	Administrator	✓ Administrator	✓ Administrator	Administrator	Administrator	Administrator	Administrator	✓ Administrator	
	Supervisor		Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	
ualified	Project Leade		▼ Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	▼ Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	Project Leade	▼ Project Leade	
ualified	Project Memb		Project Memb	Project Memb	Project Memit	Project Memb	Project Memi	Project Memb	Project Memb	Project Memb	Project Memit	Project Memb	Project Memi	qualified
	External Proje		External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	
	External Proje		External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	External Proje	
	Project Guest		Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	Project Guest	
om \ to	recorded	qualified	accepted	re-opened	assigned	prepared	in progress	done	verified	delivered	validated	closed	cancelled	

In the upper example, anyone can move an item from "recorded" to "assigned" and from "recorded" to "cancelled".

No one can move an item from "qualified" status to any other status. In this case, pay attention that it must never be possible to move an item to "qualified" status, because it will not be possible to leave this status.





Mails on status change



The application is able to automatically send mails on status change. This must be defined for each type of element, and each new status

Description		
id:	# 63	
element updated:	Question	
new status :	cancelled	· Q
closed:		

Mail receivers		
requestor :		
issuer : ✓		
responsible : 🗸		
project team :		
project leader :		
other:		

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the Status Mail. Automatically generated on creation.
Element updated	Type of elements that will be concerned by automatic emailing.
New status	New status. Positioning the element sto this status will generate emails.
Closed	Flag to indicate that Status Mail is archived. Team will not appear in lists any more, unless "show closed" is checked.

Field	Description
Mail addressees	List of addressees of the mails.
	The list is not nominative but defined as roles on the element.
	Each addressee will receive mail only once, even if a person has several "checked" roles on the element (for instance member of the "project team" and "responsible").
	If "other" is checked, an input box is displayed to enter a static mail address list. Several addresses can be entered, separated by semicolon.



The message of the mails is defined in the parameters.

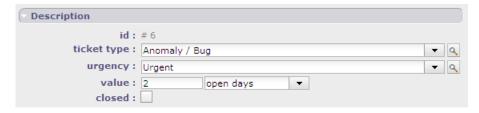




Delay for Ticket



It is possible to define default delay for tickets, for each ticket type and each urgency of ticket. On creation, due date will automatically be calculated as creation date + delay.



Field	Description					
Id	Unique Id for the delay definition. Automatically generated on creation.					
Ticket type	Ticket type the delay applies to.					
Urgency	Urgency of ticket the delay applied to.					
Value	Value of delay. Unit for the value can be: - days: simple calculation as days - hours: simple calculation as hours - open days: calculation excluding off days (week-ends and off days defined on "calendar") - open hours: calculation only on the "standard open hours" defined on the global parameters.					
Closed	Flag to indicate that delay definition is archived.					





Indicator



It is possible to define indicators on each type of element.

Depending on type of elements the type of indicators that can be selected in list differs.

Some indicators are based on delay (due date), some on work, some on cost.

For each indicator a warning value and an alert value can be defined.

Description				
id:	# 6			
element :	Milestone			•
type:	Key date			•
indicator:	respect of val	idated end date		•
reminder:	1	open days		
alert :				
closed:				

Mail receivers	
issuer : responsible : project team : requestor : project leader :	
Internal alert receivers	
issuer: responsible: project team: requestor: project leader:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the indicator definition. Automatically generated on creation.
Element	The elements the indicator applies to.
Туре	Type of the elements the indicator applies to.
Urgency	Urgency of ticket for which delay is applicable.
Reminder	Delay before due date or % of work or % or cost to send a warning
Alert	Delay before due date or % of work or % or cost to send an alert
Closed	Flag to indicate that indicator is archived.

Field	Description
Mail addressees	List of addressees of the mails. The list is not nominative but defined as roles on the element. Each addressee will receive mail only once, even if a person has several "checked" roles on the element (for instance member of the "project team" and "responsible").
Internal alert receivers	List of addressees of the internal alert. The list is not nominative but defined as roles on the element.

Unit for the delays can be:

days: simple calculation as dayshours: simple calculation as hours

- open days : calculation excluding off days (week-ends and off days defined on

"calendar"

- open hours: calculation only on the "standard open hours" defined on the global

parameters.





Project type



Project type is a way to define common behavior on group of projects.

Some important behaviour will depend on code:

OPE: Operational project.

Most common project to follow activity.

ADM: Administrative project

Type of project to follow non productive work: holidays, sickness, training, ...

Every resource will be able to enter some real work on such projects, without having

to be affected to the project, nor assigned to project activities.

TMP: Template project.

These projects will not be used to follow some work.

They are just designed to define templates, to be copied as operational projects.

Any project leader can copy such projects, without having to be affected to them.

Description	
id:	# 48
name:	Fixed Price
code:	OPE
workflow:	Default ▼ Q
billing type :	
description:	mandatory
sort order :	
closed:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Code	Code of the type. Values are fixed. OPE: operational project ADM: administrative project TMP: template project All new types are created with OPE code.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Billing type	Will define billing behaviour. (see related topic)
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists.
Closed	





Ticket type



Ticket type is a way to define common behavior on group of tickets.

Description	
id:	# 16
name:	Incident
code:	INC
workflow:	Default ▼ Q
description:	mandatory
	✓ mandatory on handled status
	✓ mandatory on done status
	✓ handled must be changed by status
	✓ done must be changed by status
lock closed :	✓ closed must be changed by status
sort order :	10
closed:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Code	Code of the type. Used to calculate reference.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Responsible	Defines whether the responsible is mandatory or not for items of this type when the handled status is on.
Result	Defines whether the result is mandatory or not for items of this type when the done status is on.
Lock handled	Defines whether the handled check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock done	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Activity type



Activity type is a way to define common behavior on group of activities.

Description	
id:	# 26
name:	Task
code:	TAS
workflow:	Default ▼ Q
description :	mandatory
responsible :	✓ mandatory on handled status
	✓ mandatory on done status
	✓ handled must be changed by status
	✓ done must be changed by status
lock closed :	✓ closed must be changed by status
sort order :	1
closed :	

Field	Description	
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.	
Name	Name of the type.	
Code	Code of the type. Used to calculate reference.	
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type	
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type	
Responsible	Defines whether the responsible is mandatory or not for items of this type when the handled status is on.	
Result	Defines whether the result is mandatory or not for items of this type when the done status is on.	
Lock handled	Defines whether the handled check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.	
Lock done	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.	
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.	
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists	
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.	





Milestone type



Milestone type is a way to define common behavior on group of milestones.

Description	
id : #	# 23
name :	Deliverable
code:	DEL
workflow:	Default ▼ Q
description :	mandatory
responsible :	✓ mandatory on handled status
	✓ mandatory on done status
	✓ handled must be changed by status
	✓ done must be changed by status
lock closed :	✓ closed must be changed by status
sort order :	10
closed:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Code	Code of the type. Used to calculate reference.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Responsible	Defines whether the responsible is mandatory or not for items of this type when the handled status is on.
Result	Defines whether the result is mandatory or not for items of this type when the done status is on.
Lock handled	Defines whether the handled check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock done	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Individual expense type



Individual expense type is a way to define common behavior on group of individual expense.

Description	
id:	# 39
name:	Expense report
workflow:	Simple with Project Leader validation
description:	mandatory
lock closed:	closed must be changed by status
sort order :	10
closed:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Project expense type



Project expense type is a way to define common behavior on group of project expense.

Description		
id:	# 40	
name:	Machine expense	
workflow:	Simple with Project Leader validation	·- Q
description:	mandatory	
lock closed:	closed must be changed by status	
sort order :	10	
closed :		

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Expense detail type



Expense detail type is a way to define common behavior and calculation mode on group of expense details.

Description			
id:	# 1		
name:	travel by car	-	
sort order :	10		
value / unit :		km	
value / unit :	0,54	â,¬/km	
value / unit :			
closed:			

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Value / unit	3 lines to define calculation mode for the detail type. If unit is set and not value, this line will be imputable. If both unit and value are set, the line will be read only. Result cost will be the multiplication between each of the three non empty line value.
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Bill type



Bill type is a way to define common behavior on group of bills.

Description	
id:	# 72
name :	Partial bill
code:	PARTIAL
workflow:	Default ▼ Q
comments:	
lock done:	✓ done must be changed by status
lock closed :	✓ closed must be changed by status
sort order :	100
closed:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Code	Code of the bill type
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Comments	Defines whether the comments are mandatory or not for items of this type
Lock done	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Risk type



Risk type is a way to define common behavior on group of risks.

Description
id: #1
name : Contractual
code: CON
workflow: Default
description : mandatory
responsible : 🗸 mandatory on handled status
result: ✓ mandatory on done status
lock handled : ✓ handled must be changed by status
lock done : ✓ done must be changed by status
lock closed : ✓ closed must be changed by status
sort order: 10
closed :

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Code	Code of the type. Used to calculate reference.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Responsible	Defines whether the responsible is mandatory or not for items of this type when the handled status is on.
Result	Defines whether the result is mandatory or not for items of this type when the done status is on.
Lock handled	Defines whether the handled check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock done	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Action type



Action type is a way to define common behavior on group of actions.

Description	
id:	# 27
name:	Project
code:	PRO
workflow:	Default ▼ Q
description:	mandatory
	✓ mandatory on handled status
result :	✓ mandatory on done status
lock handled:	
	✓ done must be changed by status
lock closed :	✓ closed must be changed by status
sort order :	10
closed:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Code	Code of the type. Used to calculate reference.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Responsible	Defines whether the responsible is mandatory or not for items of this type when the handled status is on.
Result	Defines whether the result is mandatory or not for items of this type when the done status is on.
Lock handled	Defines whether the handled check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock done	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Issue type



Issue type is a way to define common behavior on group of issues.

Description	
id:	# 4
name:	Technical issue
code:	TEC
workflow:	Default ▼ Q
description :	mandatory
	✓ mandatory on handled status
	✓ mandatory on done status
	✓ handled must be changed by status
	✓ done must be changed by status
lock closed:	✓ closed must be changed by status
sort order :	10
closed:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Code	Code of the type. Used to calculate reference.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Responsible	Defines whether the responsible is mandatory or not for items of this type when the handled status is on.
Result	Defines whether the result is mandatory or not for items of this type when the done status is on.
Lock handled	Defines whether the handled check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock done	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type. If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Meeting type



Meeting type is a way to define common behavior on group of meetings.

Description	
id:	# 30
name :	Steering Committee
code:	STE
workflow:	Simple with preparation ▼ Q
description:	mandatory
responsible :	✓ mandatory on handled status
	✓ mandatory on done status
	✓ handled must be changed by status
	✓ done must be changed by status
lock closed :	✓ closed must be changed by status
sort order :	10
closed :	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Code	Code of the type. Used to calculate reference.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Responsible	Defines whether the responsible is mandatory or not for items of this type when the handled status is on.
Result	Defines whether the result is mandatory or not for items of this type when the done status is on.
Lock handled	Defines whether the handled check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock done	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Decision type



Decision type is a way to define common behavior on group of decisions.

Description	
id:	#33
name:	Functional
code:	FUN
workflow:	Validation ▼ Q
description:	mandatory
responsible:	✓ mandatory on handled status
	✓ mandatory on done status
	✓ handled must be changed by status
	✓ done must be changed by status
lock closed:	✓ closed must be changed by status
sort order:	10
closed:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Code	Code of the type. Used to calculate reference.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Responsible	Defines whether the responsible is mandatory or not for items of this type when the handled status is on.
Result	Defines whether the result is mandatory or not for items of this type when the done status is on.
Lock handled	Defines whether the handled check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock done	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Question type



Ticket type is a way to define common behavior on group of tickets.

Description	
id:	# 37
name:	Functional
code:	FUN
workflow:	Simple with validation ▼ Q
description :	mandatory
	✓ mandatory on handled status
	✓ mandatory on done status
	✓ handled must be changed by status
	✓ done must be changed by status
lock closed :	✓ closed must be changed by status
sort order :	10
closed :	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Code	Code of the type. Used to calculate reference.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Responsible	Defines whether the responsible is mandatory or not for items of this type when the handled status is on.
Result	Defines whether the result is mandatory or not for items of this type when the done status is on.
Lock handled	Defines whether the handled check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock done	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Lock closed	Defines whether the done check is locked or not for items of this type.
	If locked, this flag can only be update through status change.
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Message type



Message type is a way to define common behavior on group of messages (appearing on today screen).

Description	
id:	# 13
name:	
description:	mandatory
color:	≅ ▼
sort order:	10
closed:	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Color	Display color for messages of this type
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Document type



Message type is a way to define common behavior on group of messages (appearing on today screen).

Description	
id:	# 63
name:	Contract
code:	CTRCT
workflow:	
description:	mandatory
sort order:	110
closed :	

Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the type. Automatically generated on creation.
Name	Name of the type.
Code	Code of the type. Used to calculate reference.
Workflow	Defined the workflow ruling status change for items of this type
Description	Defines whether the description is mandatory or not for items of this type
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists
Closed	Flag to indicate that type is archived.





Profile



The profile is a group of habilitations and right access to the data. Each user is linked to a profile to defined the data he can see and possibly manage.

Description	
id:	# 1
name:	profileAdministrator Administrator
Profile code:	ADM
sort order :	100
closed:	
description:	Has a visibility over all the projects

Field	Description					
Id	Unique Id for the profile. Automatically generated on creation.					
Name	Name of the profile. Translatable.					
Profile code	A code that may be internally used when generating emails and alerts. ADM will designate administrator. PL will designate Project Leader					
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists					
Closed	Flag to indicate that profile is archived.					
Description	Complete description of the profile. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.					



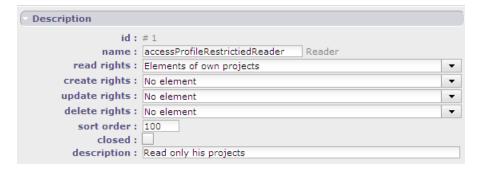


Access mode



The access mode defines a combination of rights to read, created, update or delete items. Each access is defined as scope of visible and/or updatable elements, that can be:

- No element : no element is visible and/or updatable
- · Own elements : only the elements created by the user
- Elements of own project : only the elements of the projects the user/resource is affected to
- All elements on all projects : all elements, whatever the project



Field	Description				
Tielu	Description				
Id	Unique Id for the access mode. Automatically generated on creation.				
Name	Name of the access mode. Translatable.				
Read rights	Read rights Scope of visible items				
Create rights	Scope of possibility to create items				
Update rights	Scope of updatable items				
Delete rights	Scope of deletable items				
Sort order	Number to define order of display in lists				
Closed	Flag to indicate that access mode is archived.				
Description	Complete description of the access mode. The description can have many lines. The field will auto-extend.				





Access to forms



Access to forms defines for each screen the profiles of users that can access to the screen. Users belonging to a profile not checked for a screen will not see the corresponding menu.

(~								
	A	dministrato	or Supervisor	Project Leader	Project Member	External Project Leader	External Project Member	Project Guest
	Today	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Projects	✓	✓	✓				
	Documents	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Work								
	A	dministrate	or Supervisor	Project Leader	Project Member	External Project Leader	External Project Member	Project Guest
	Tickets	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
	Activities	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
	Milestones	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
	Actions	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Follow-up								
Financial								
Risk & Issue Management								
Review logs								
Tools								
Environmental parameters								





Access to reports



Access to reports defines for each report the profiles of users that can access to the report.

Users belonging to a profile not checked for a report will not see the corresponding report in the report list.

work							
	Administrato	r Supervisor	Project Leader	Project Member	External Project Leader	External Project Member	Project Guest
work - weekly	√	✓	✓				
work - monthly	√	✓	✓				
work - yearly	√	✓	✓				
detailed work per resource - weekly	√	✓	✓				
detailed work per resource - monthly	√	✓	✓				
detailed work per resource - yearly	√	✓	✓				
planning							
tickets							
current status							
change history							
costs							
billing							





Access mode to data



Access mode defines for each "Project dependent" screen the access mode (scope of visibility and updatability) for each profile.

7															
		Administr	ator	Supervi	sor	Project L	.eader	Project Me	mber	Extern Project Le	al eader	Extern Project Me	al ember	Project (Guest
Proj	jects	Manager+		Reader+		Manager		No access		No access		No access		No access	
Docum	nents	Manager+		Reader+		Manager		Manager		Reader+	•	Reader+		No access	-▼
Work															
V		Administr	ator	Supervi	sor	Project L	.eader	Project Me	mber	Extern Project Le	al eader	Extern Project Me	al ember	Project (Guest
Tic	ckets	Manager+		Reader+		Manager		Manager		Manager		Creator		Reader	
Activ	/ities	Manager+		Reader+		Manager		Updater		Reader		Reader		Reader	-▼
Milest	ones	Manager+		Reader+	•	Manager		Updater		Reader		Reader		Reader	-▼
Act	tions	Manager+		Updater+		Manager		Updater		Updater		Reader		Reader	
Financial															
Risk & Issue Management															
Review logs															
Tools															
Environmental parameters															





Specific access mode



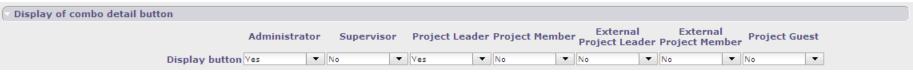
Real work allocation access mode defines the visibility a user can have on "real work allocation". It is mostly used to define profiles who will be able to see and/or update "real work" for other users (such à project leader)

•				•		-
Real work allocation						
Administra	tor Supervisor	Project Leader	Project Member Project Le	nal External eader Project Membe	Project Guest	
Access on real work allocation for resources All elements o	○ Own elements	Elements of ow ▼	Own elements ▼ No element	No element ▼	No element ▼	

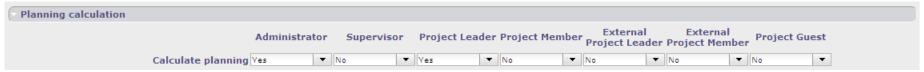
Work and cost visibility defines for each profile the scope of visibility of work and cost data.



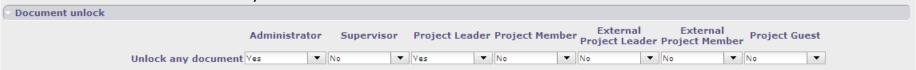
Display of combo detail button defines for each profile whether a <u>u</u> button will be displayed or not, facing every combo list box. Through this button, it is possible to select item and/or create new item. This button may also be hidden depending on access right (if the user has no read right to corresponding elements)



Planning calculation defines for each profile the ability to calculate planning or not.



Document unlock defines for each profile the ability to unlock any document. Otherwise, each user can only unlock the document locked by himself.





Administration



Administration screen access should be restricted to administrators.

Background task is a specific threaded treatment that regularly checks for indicators to generate corresponding alerts and warnings when needed.



Administrator can send an internal alert to one or all users.



Administrator has the possibility to close and delete sent emails and alerts, and to update reference for any kind of element.

Maintenance of Data
close emails : sent since more than 7 days
delete emails : sent since more than 30 days
close alerts : sent since more than 7 days
delete alerts : sent since more than 30 days
update reference for : all update





Global parameters (1/2)



Global parameter screen access should be restricted to administrators.

	_
Daily work hours	
AM start time: 08:00	
AM end time: 12:00	l
PM start time: 14:00	
PM end time: 18:00	
	_
Units for work	
unit for real work allocation : days ▼	
unit for workload : days ▼	
number of hours per day : 8	
number of flours per day .	٦
Alerts management	
delay (in second) to check alerts : 60	
Ldap management parameters	
default profile for Ldap users : Project Guest	
message on creation new user from Ldap : No	
	_
Format for reference numbering	
prefix format for reference : {PROJ}-{TYPE}-	
number of digits for reference number :	
change reference on type change: №	ل
Miscellaneous	
check for new version : Yes ▼	
separator for csv files : ; ▼	
	_

Definition of regular "work hours". Used to calculate delays based on "open hours".

Definition of the unit (days or hours) for reals work allocation and for all work data. Remember that data is always stored in days. If both values are different, rounding errors may occur.

Attention: duration will always be displayed in days, whatever the workload unit.

Delay between each check on indicators for alert and warning generation

Information about behavior on creation of new user from Ldap connection.

Global parameters for bill reference formating:

- Prefix: can contain {PROJ} for project code and {TYPE} for type code
- Number of digit for formating
- Wether the reference must be changed on type change

Auto check (or not) for existing new version of the tool (only administrator is informed)

Global parameters must be saved before leaving the screen.





Global parameters (2/2)



Global parameter screen access should be restricted to administrators.

Document	
root directory for documents :/files/documents	
separator for draft in version name : _draft	
Billing	
prefix for bill n° : BILL	
suffix for bill n° : _FR	-
number of digits for bill number : 5	
start number for bill : 10 000	
Planning	
show resource in Gannt : initials	

Definition of regular "work hours". Used to calculate delays based on "open hours".

Definition of the unit (days or hours) for reals work allocation and for all work data. Remember that data is always stored in days. If both values are different, rounding errors may occur.

Attention: duration will always be displayed in days, whatever the workload unit.

Select if resource can be displayed in Gantt chart, and format for display: name or initials.

Global parameters must be saved before leaving the screen.





User parameters



User parameter screen access should be allowed to all users.

Display parameters			
theme:	Project'Or RIA theme ▼	-	Generic display parameter for user.
language :	English ▼		
Graphic interface behaviour			
display history	: No 🔻		Coloction of graphic interface hebayier
hide menu :	: No 🔻		Selection of graphic interface behavior
switched mode :	: No 🔻		
Print & Export parameters			
print in new window	: No 🔻	-	Selection of destination for printing and PDF export.
pdf export in new window	: No ▼		export.
Miscellaneous			
(This conditions			Default selected project
default project :	: All projects ▼		2 0.03 20.00000 p. 0,000

User parameters are efficient even without saving. Saving parameters will retrieve the selected parameters on each connection.



Translatable name



Some items have a translatable name.

This means that when you have such an item, what is displayed is not directly its name, but a translation of its name.

These items are easily identified: they have a property \$_isNameTranslatable = true;

Most of these items are internal lists, not updatable through the tool.

But two of them can be modified: "profile" and "access mode".

They are easily identified, because under the name field appears the translated name (display only).

This means you can add one new item, but then how do you set its name?

Here is an example on how to add a new profile:

Add the new profile, and set its name to a significant value, without spaces or special characters, and idealy starting with "profile" (to be easily identified in the translation table). For instance, we will name it "profileNewValue".

Enter all the other values as desired and save.

After saving, you can see displayed value is "[profileNewValue]", meaning this value is not found in the translation table.

You must then add a new line in the lang.xls file. First download it from the "download" menu.

Open in in Excel, and allow macros.

Then, you must add a new line in lang.xls, with string="profileNewValue" (example) and default, en, fr and de columns with the caption you want to display.

Then, "save as" (to position the default directoriy in Excel, don't use direct "save") and click on "Generate".

This will generate a lang.js file in the current directory and in the en, fr and de sub-directories.

Then you may copy these files to replace existing ones in the /tool/i18n/nls directory on your server.

Just display the profile again: the name is now translated.

NB: don't forget to save your lang.xls file and identify your changes (for instance using vers. column) because you will have to re-apply them after each new version deployment.



Automatic emailing



You changed the status of a ticket and the tool replied "Item updated – email sent". But what contained that email? And why did you not receive this email?

Just go to Menu "Tools"

"Sent emails" to see the content of the email!

You'll see who was addressee of the email.

If you're not in the list, just check with you're admin, it's a question of email parameters.

But this is another story...

Basically, you should at least see the emails you've sent. But you can also have visibility on all your project's emails or all the emails. This can be done by the administrator, who can parameter emails visibility. Sure he will reserve to himself the last option (see all the emails).



Attachments



Attacl	nments					
+	id	date	user	size	type	file
<u>-</u>	#2	13/10/2011 18:28:19	admin	1.2 KB	mb	readme.txt 👆

Users can attach files on most of items.

To attach a file, just click on the

■ icon.

An attachment pop-up will appear:



Field Description Ιd Unique Id for the attachment. Automatically generated on creation. Id are shared for all projects and all attachments. Date of creation of the attachment. Date User Name of the user who attached the file. Type Mime type of the file. Size Size of the file. File File name. Description A comment to describe the file. If description is entered, the note icon will appear on file column, and moving the mouse over the file name will display the description.

An attachment can not be modified. It can only be deleted with — icon.

Only the user who created the attachment can delete it.

Click on icon to download the attached file.



Attached files are stored on server side, on a place specified by the administrator on parameters.



Attachment section can be folded or unfolded, clicking on the section title. Each user can change on user parameters the default display of the section (folded or not).



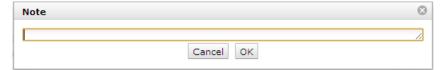
Notes





Users can add notes on most items. Notes are comments, that can be shared to track some information or progress.

To add a note, just click on the → icon. A note pop-up will appear :



Field	Description
Id	Unique Id for the note. Automatically generated on creation. Id are shared for all projects and all notes.
Date	Date of creation or modification of the attachment. Creation date is displayed straight. Last modification date is displayed in italic.
User	Name of the user who created the note.
Туре	Mime type of the file.
Note	Text of the note.

A note can be modified with the / icon. This will display the note pop-up for editing the note.

A note can be deleted with - icon.

Only the user who created the note can modify or delete it.



Note section can be folded or unfolded, clicking on the section title. Each user can change on user parameters the default display of the section (folded or not).



Change History



date	user	operation	data	value before	value after
31/01/2012 23:21:15		update	reference		001-001-INC-1
3/10/2011 17:24:39	admin	update	actual due date/time	2011-09-02 18:30:00	2011-09-09 18:30:00
02/09/2011 01:54:52	admin	update	priority		Low priority
			initial due date/time		2011-09-02 18:00:00
			actual due date/time		2011-09-02 18:30:00
			handled	0	1
			handled time		2011-09-02 01:54:00
02/09/2011 01:54:51	admin	update	urgency		Urgent
			creation date/time	2011-09-02 01:44:00	2011-09-01 12:00:00
			original version		wa V1.0
			status	recorded	in progress
			responsible		project manager
			criticality		Low
02/09/2011 01:45:12	admin	insert			

All the changes items are tracked. They are stored and displayed on each item.

On creation, just an insert operation is stored, not all the initial values on creation.

Field	Description	
Date	Date of change operation.	
User	Name of the user who operated the change.	
Operation	The operation on the item (insert or update)	
Data	The field modified.	
Value before	The value of the field before the update.	
Value after	The value of the field after the update.	



Change history section can be folded or unfolded, clicking on the section title. Each user can change on user parameters the default display of the section (folded or not) or even select to hide this section.



Backup / Restore



Backup is a good practice.

You should regularly backup your Data to be able to retrieve it is case of a crash.

How often?

It just depends on your need ...

Just ask yourself: what is acceptable to loose in case of a crash? 1 day, 1 week?

You should also always backup your Data before any application upgrade... in case of ...

So, how to back-up?

The simplest way is to use phpMyAdmin export capacity, using "SQL" format, saving result to a file.

Then you'll be able to import Data from this exported file.

Hints:

- be sure to use UTF-8 charset when exporting / importing
- you cannot import into a full Database (with existing Data) :
 - ⇒ either you truncate the tables before import
 (you must then assure to import Data into a structure of the same version of application !)
 - ⇒ you drop the tables before import
 - ⇒ you export data including 'Drop tables'
- regularly test your back-up files, trying to restore it on an empty Database (so many times backup are never tested, and can not be imported when needed...)



Shortcuts



Shortcut keys	Effect
[CTRL]+s	Save the current item
[F1]	Open manual, on dedicated contextual topic (if exists)



Last words



Hofstader's Law

"It always takes longer than you expect, even if you take Hofstadter's Law into account"

Murphy's Law

"Whatever can go wrong will go wrong"

"... and at the worst possible time, in the worst possible way."

This simply means that whatever your planning is, it is wrong! So, you'd better manage risks and follow-up all the events on your project...

Change History of Project'Or RIA can be found on the web site:

http://projectorria.toolware.fr

You can also access to the track Database (running as a Project'Or RIA instance) to see details of changes as tickets.

Current version of Manual: V2.0 Based on Project'Or RIA: V2.1.0