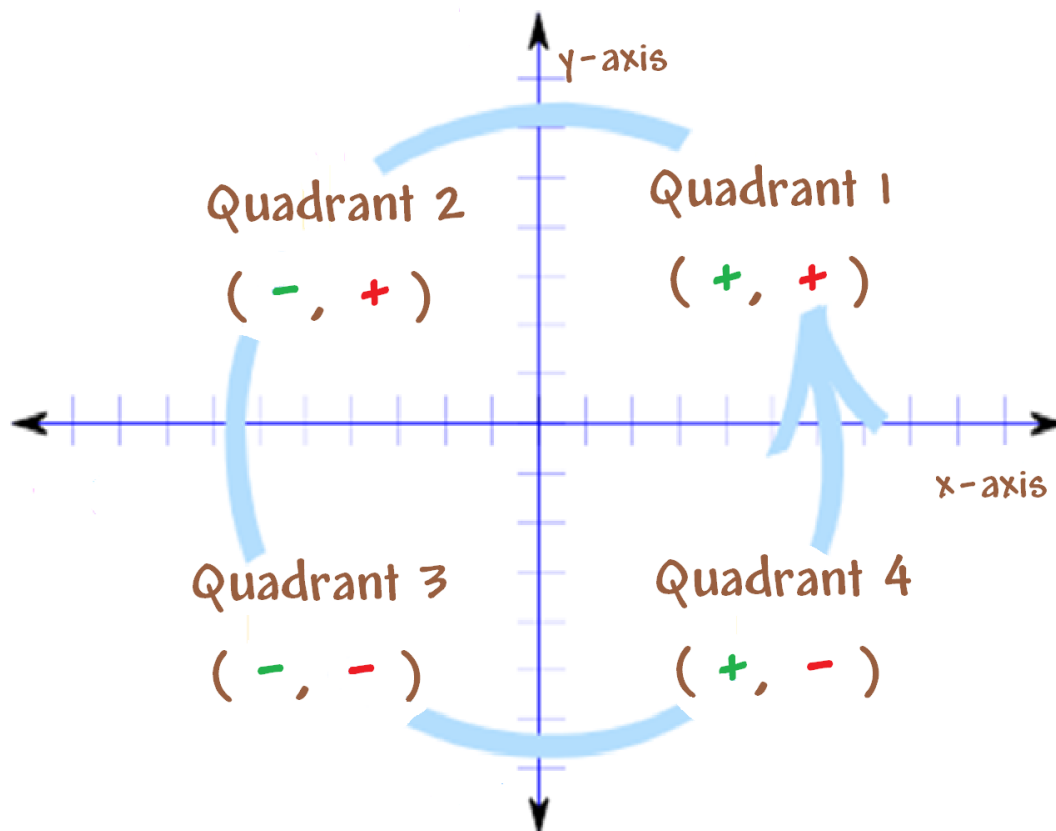
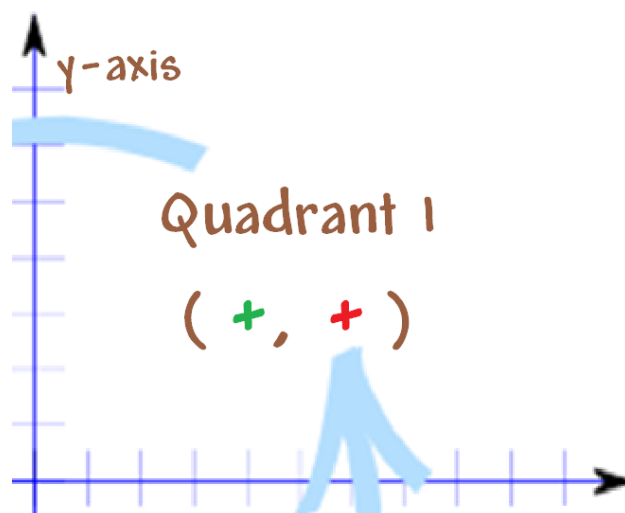


Quadrant 1

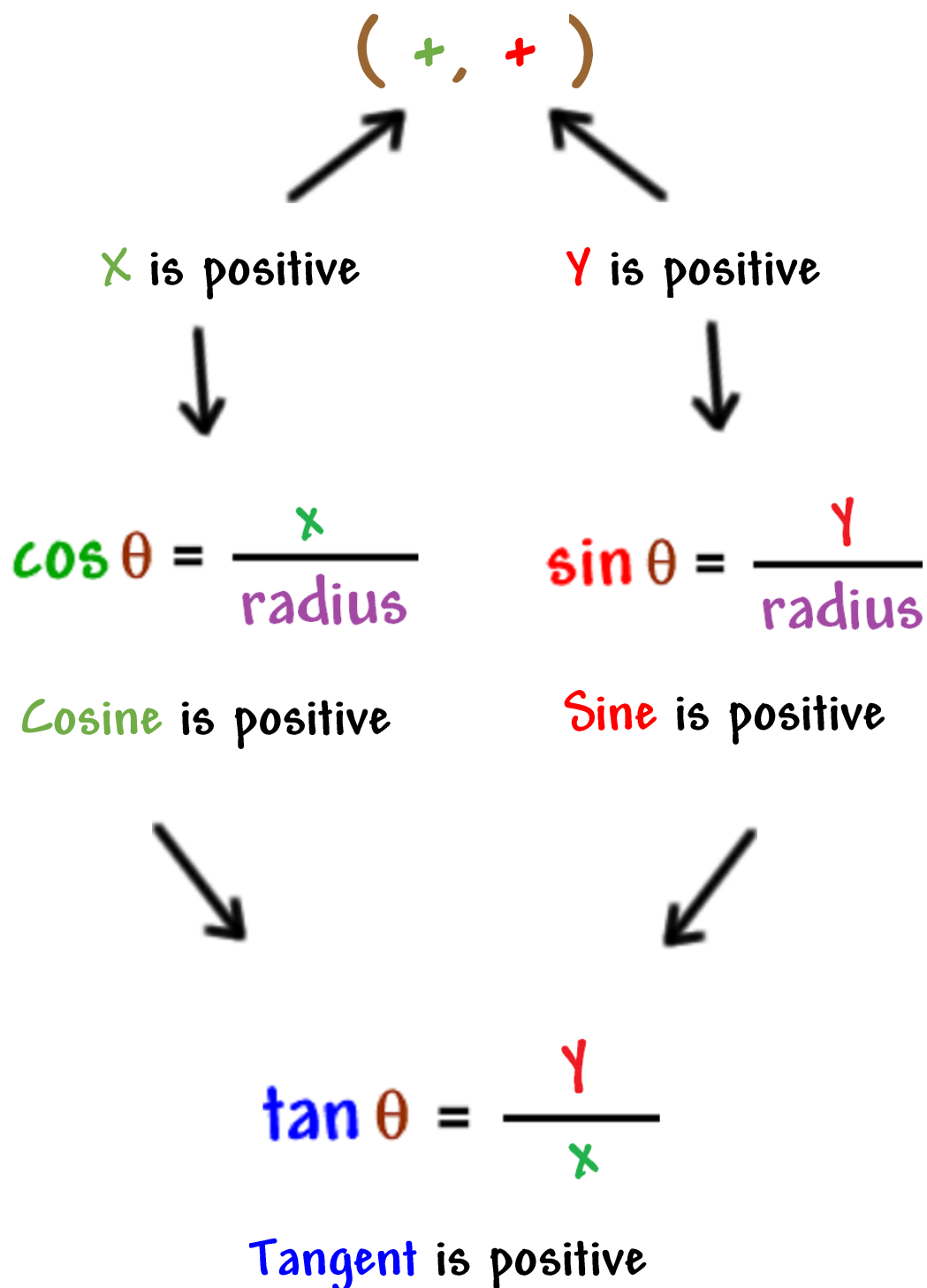
Let's take a look at our quadrants for a moment



In particular let's focus on quadrant 1



What do you see?



Do you think that **Cosine's** best friend (**Secant**) would be positive also?

YES!! Because **Secant** is

$$\sec \theta = \frac{\text{radius}}{x}$$

Do you think that **Sine's** best friend (**Cosecant**) would be positive also?

YES!! Because **Cosecant** is

$$\csc \theta = \frac{\text{radius}}{y}$$

Do you think that **Tangent's** best friend (**Cotangent**) would be positive also?

YES!! Because **Cotangent** is

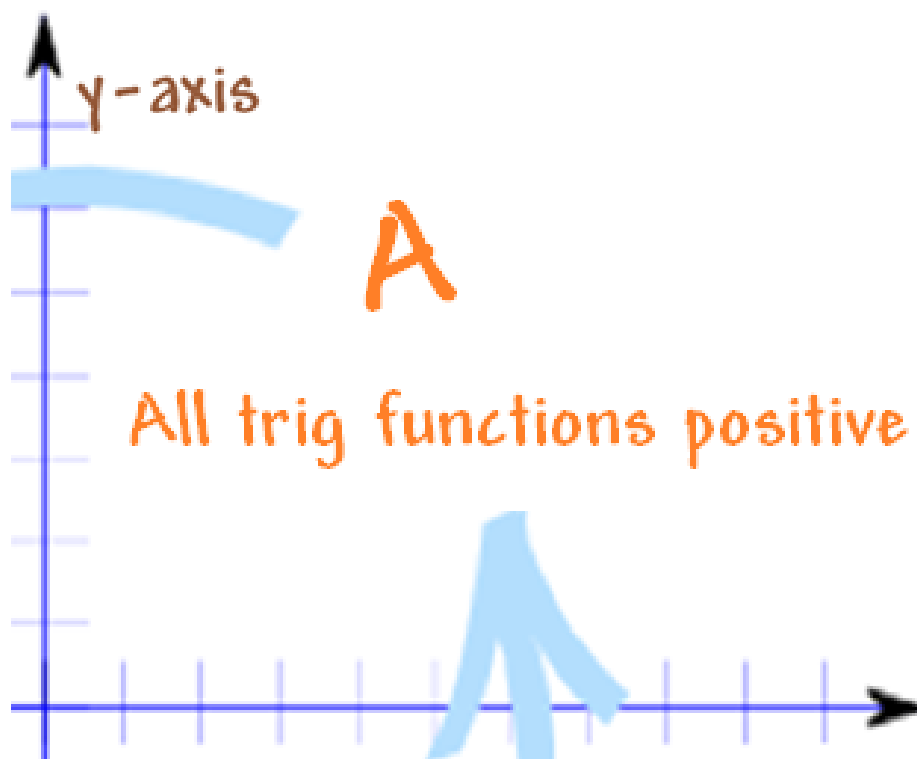
$$\cot \theta = \frac{x}{y}$$

So what a minute this means...

Quadrant 1

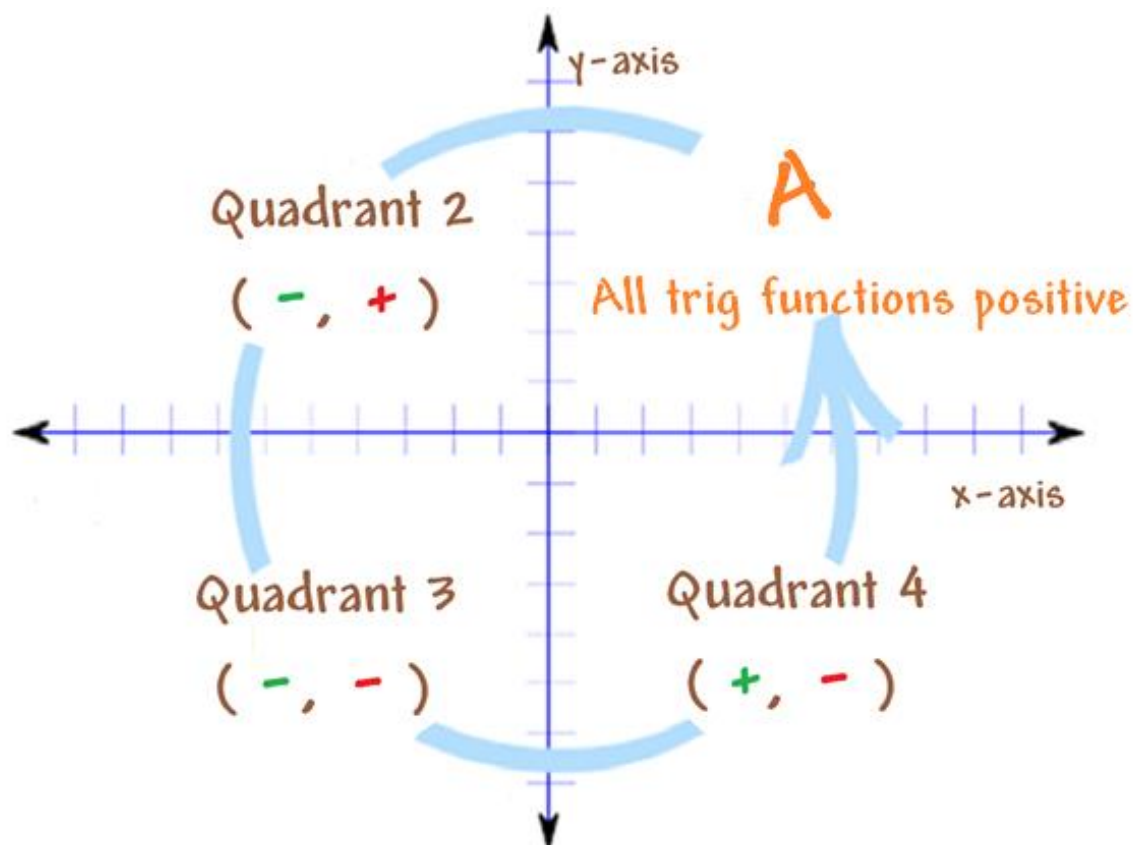
ALL trig functions are positive

So let's put a big ole 'A' in quadrant 1 for ALL

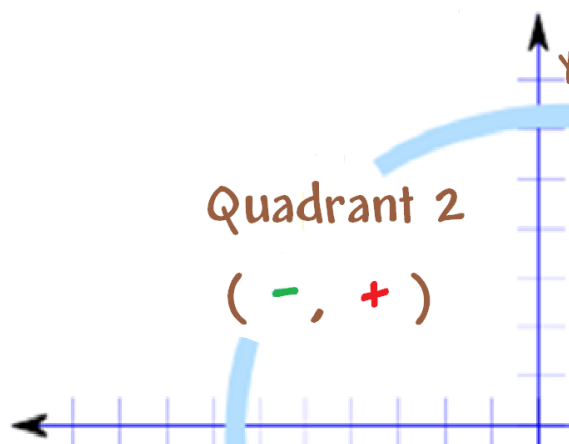


Quadrant 2

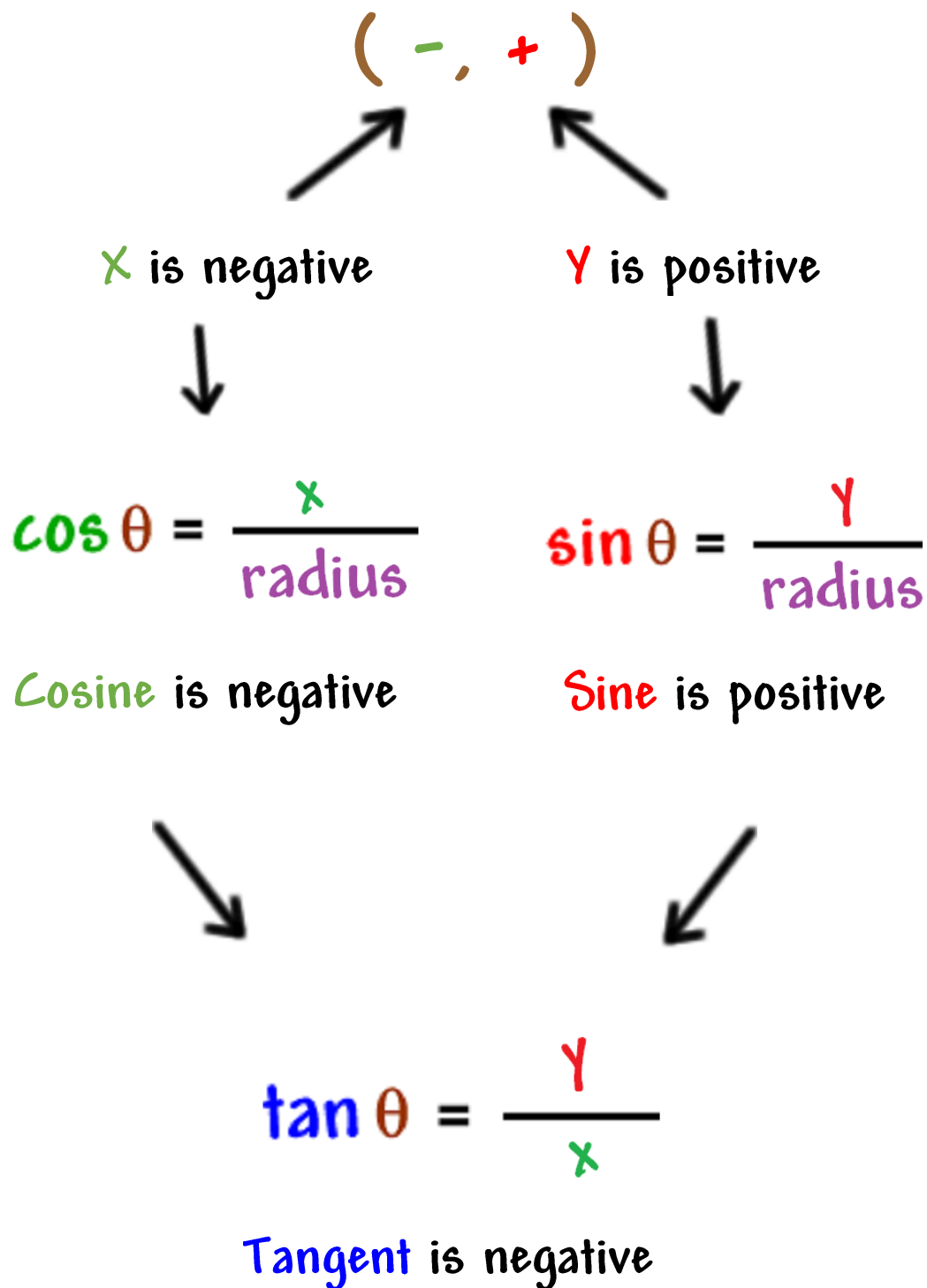
Let's take a look at our quadrants for a moment



In particular let's focus on quadrant 2



What do you see?



Do you think that **Sine's** best friend (**Cosecant**) would be positive also?

YES!! Because **Cosecant** is

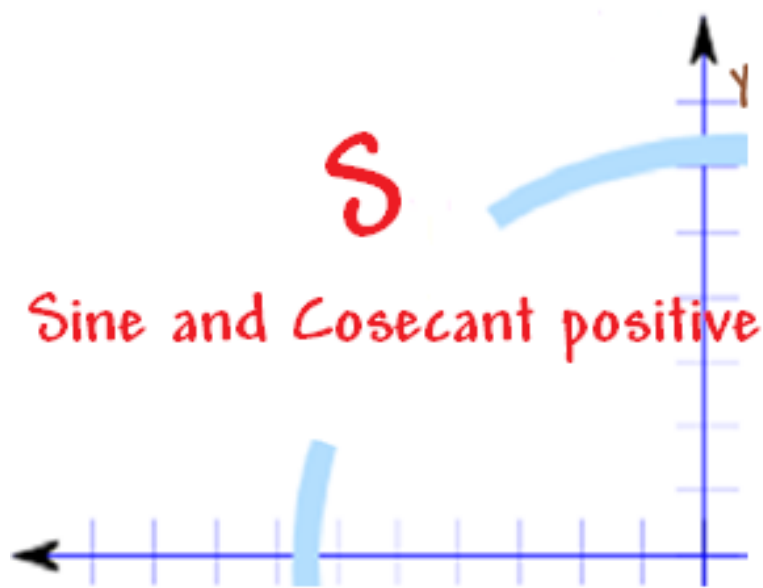
$$\text{csc } \theta = \frac{\text{radius}}{y}$$

So what a minute this means...

Quadrant 2

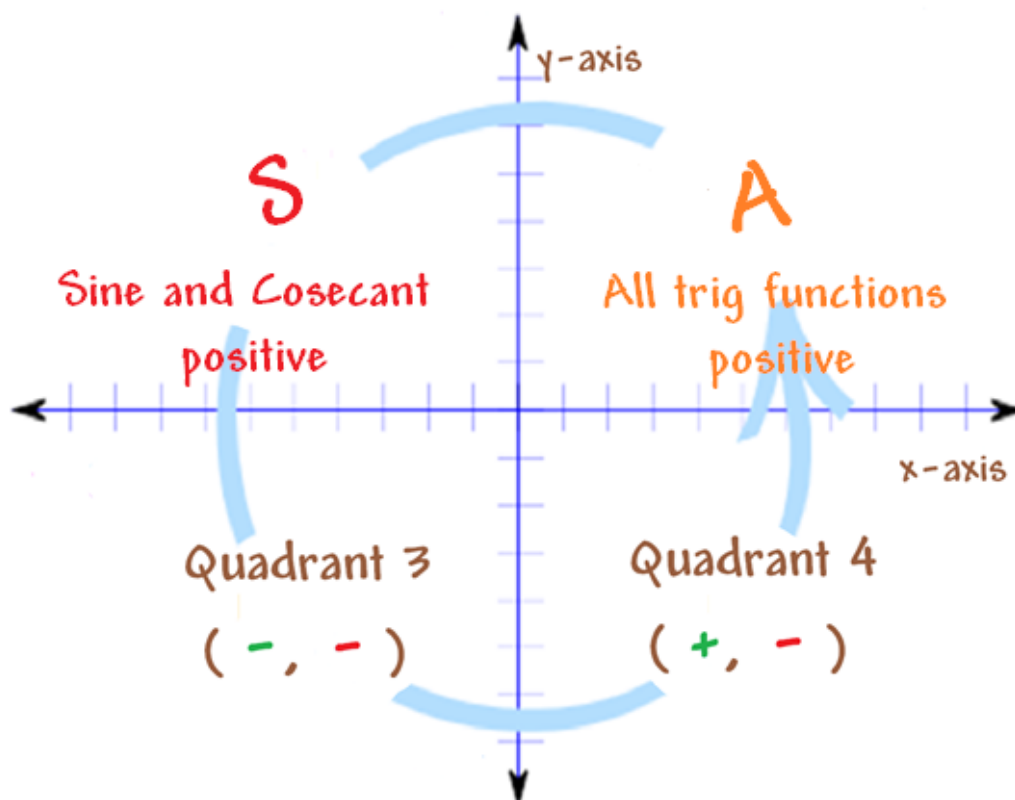
ONLY **Sine** and **Cosecant** are positive

So let's put a big ole '**S**' in quadrant 2 for '**Sine**' and its best friend **Cosecant**'

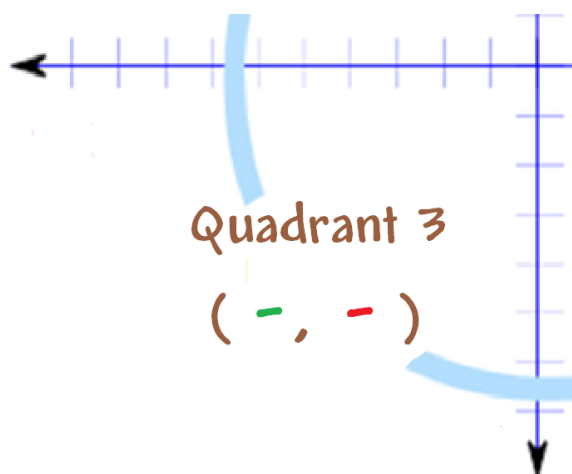


Quadrant 3

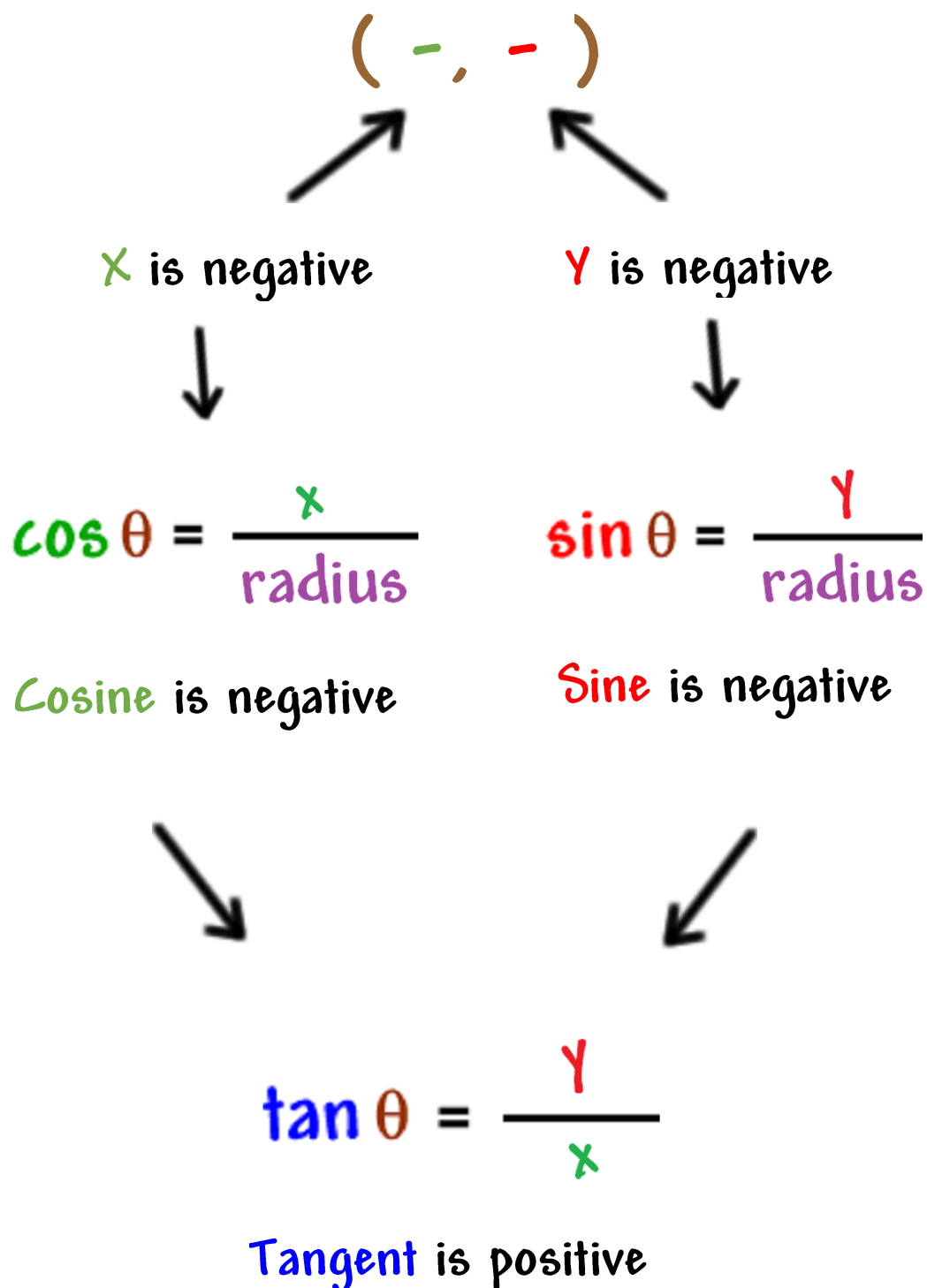
Let's take a look at our quadrants for a moment



In particular let's focus on quadrant 3



What do you see?



Do you think that **Tangent's** best friend (**Cotangent**) would be positive also?

YES!! Because **Cotangent** is

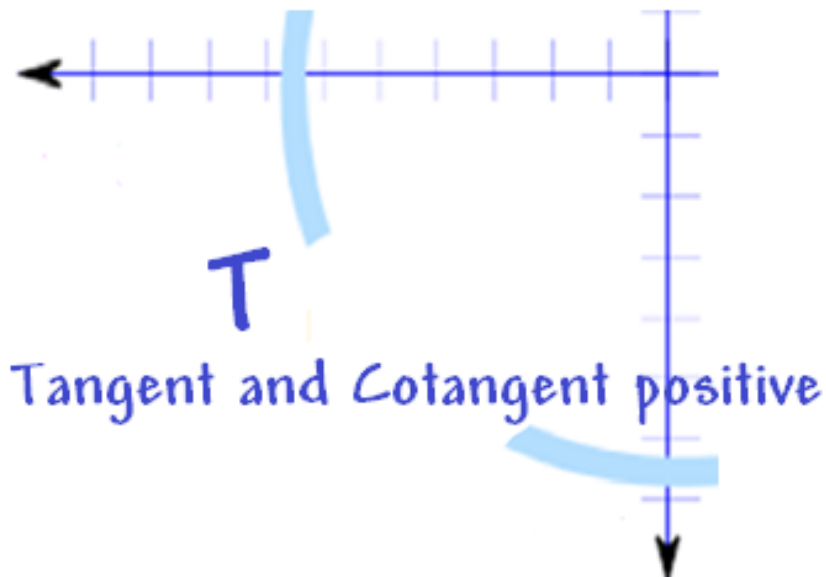
$$\cot \theta = \frac{x}{y}$$

So what a minute this means...

Quadrant 3

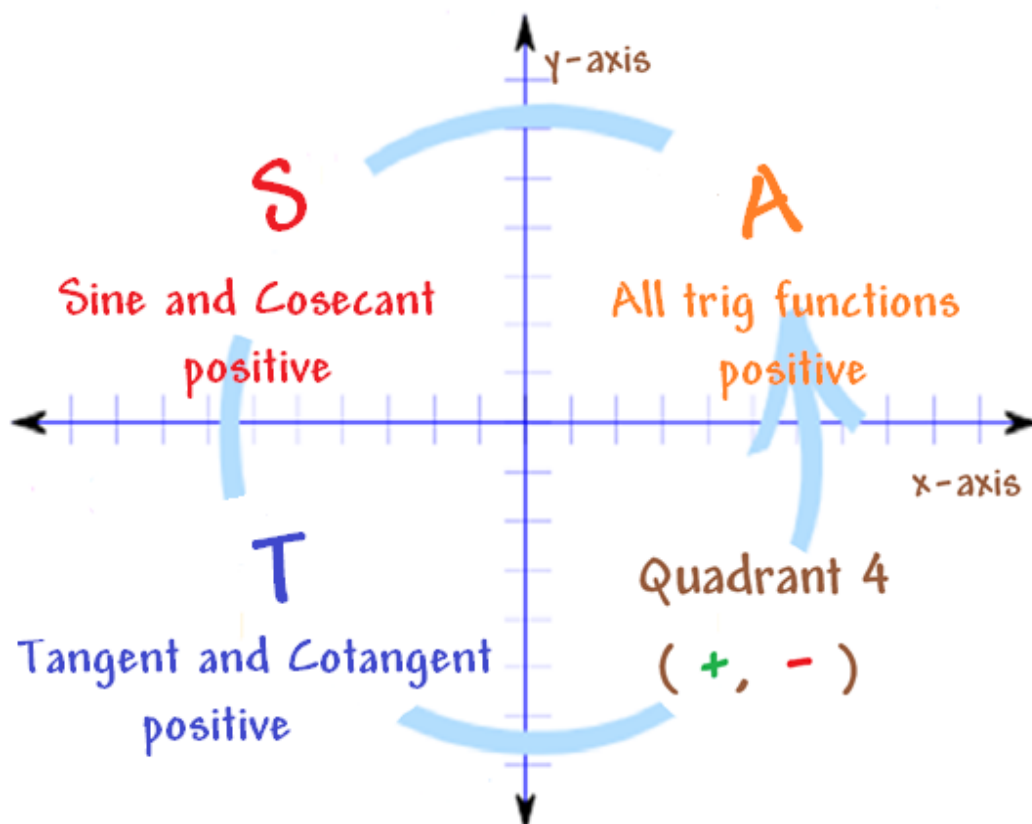
ONLY **Tangent** and **Cotangent** are positive

So let's put a big ole '**T**' in quadrant 3 for '**Tangent**' and its best friend **Cotangent**

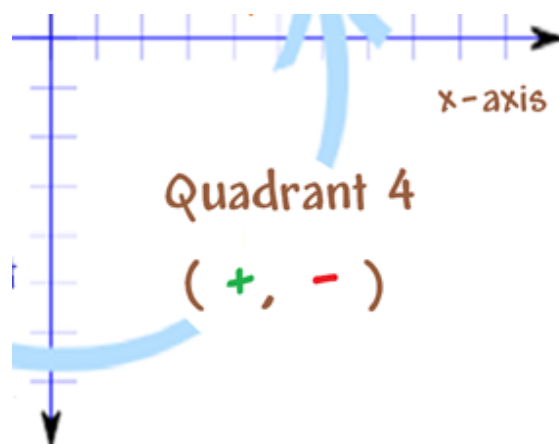


Quadrant 4

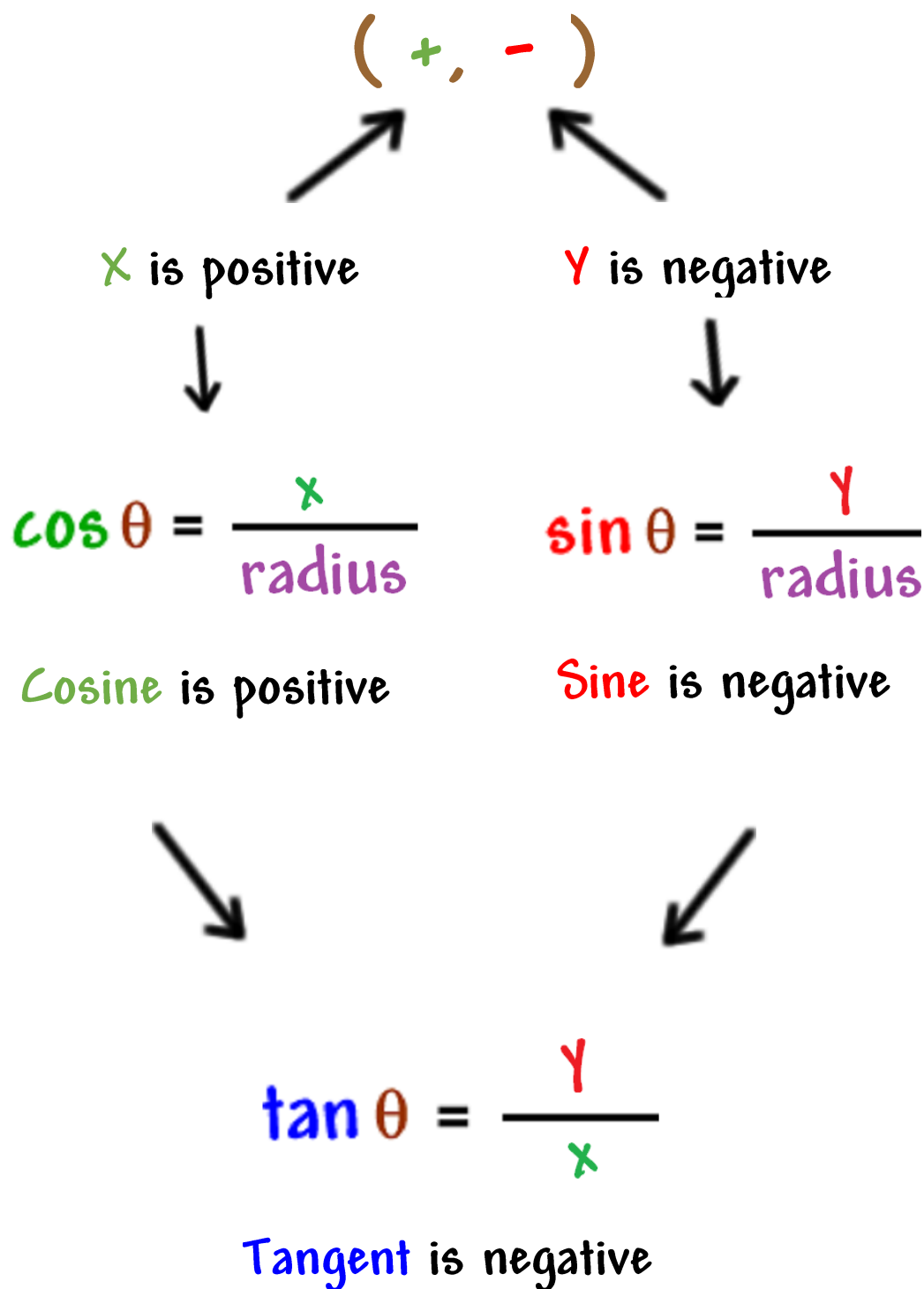
Let's take a look at our quadrants for a moment



In particular let's focus on quadrant 4



What do you see?



Do you think that **Cosine's** best friend (**Secant**) would be positive also?

YES!! Because **Secant** is

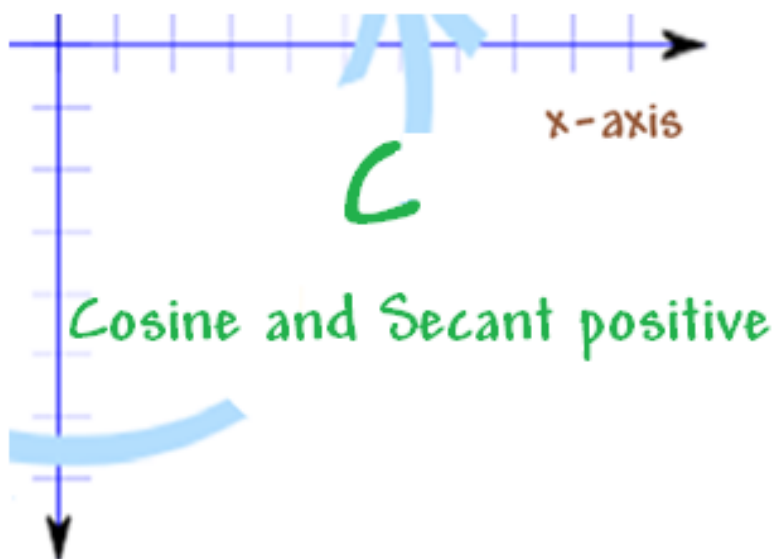
$$\sec \theta = \frac{\text{radius}}{x}$$

So what a minute this means...

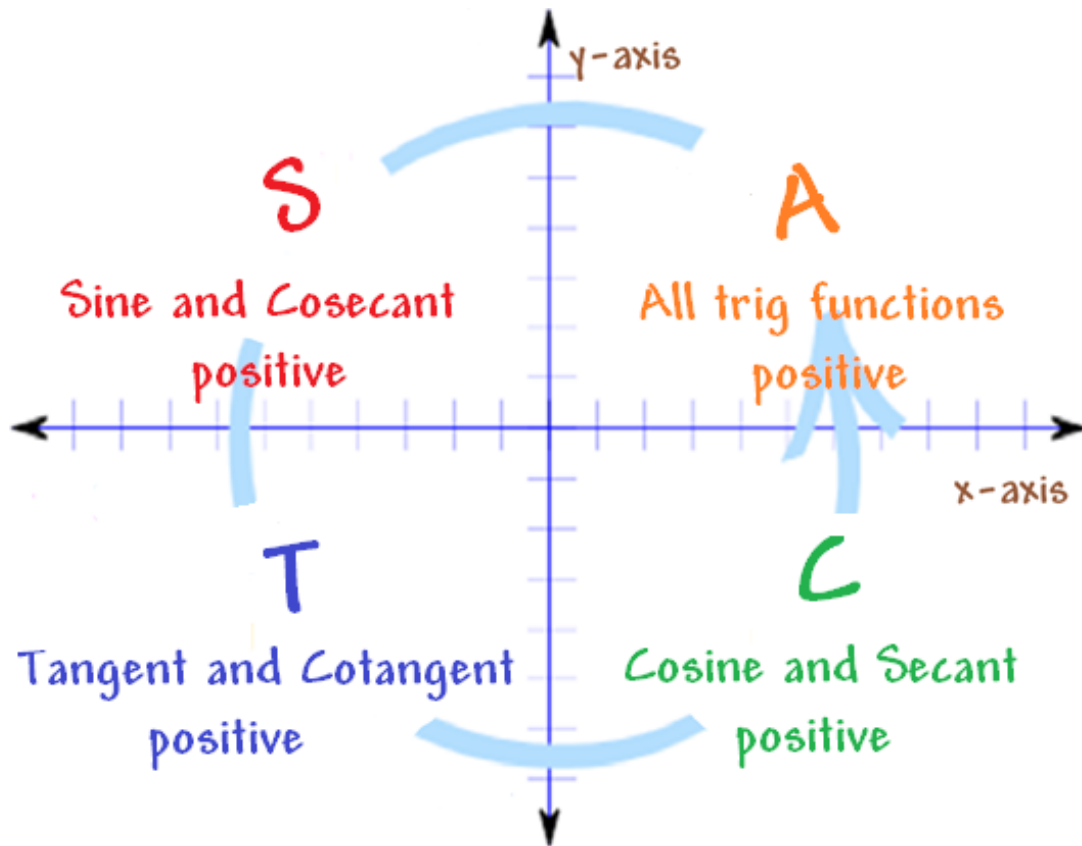
Quadrant 4

ONLY Cosine and Secant are positive

So let's put a big ole 'C' in quadrant 3 for '**Cosine**' and its best friend **Secant**



SO here is what we have.



How in the world am I going to remember this?

A

A

S

Smart

T

Trig

C

Class

Check it Out:

What quadrant does θ live?

tangent positive $\tan \theta > 0$

csc negative $\csc \theta < 0$

Easy! Let's just see where they both can happen

$$\tan \theta > 0$$



Tangent positive

Quadrant 1 or Quadrant 3

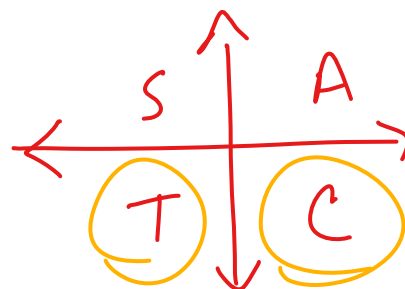
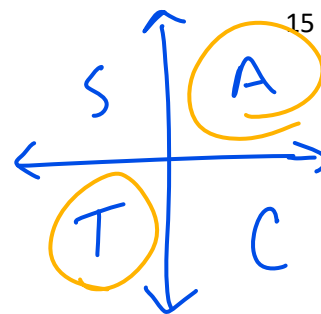
$$\csc \theta < 0$$



Cosecant negative

Quadrant 3 or Quadrant 4

θ lives in Quadrant 3



Let's try another one

Find $\cos \theta$ given:

$$\sin \theta = \frac{20}{25} \quad \text{and} \quad \theta \text{ lives in Quadrant 2}$$

Easy! Just list what you know and what you need

$$\sin \theta = \frac{20}{25} = \frac{y}{\text{radius}} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} y = 20 \\ r = 25 \end{array}$$

$$\theta \text{ lives in Quadrant 2} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} x = - \text{ (negative)} \\ y = + \text{ (positive)} \end{array}$$

Beautiful! We have y and r lets go find x : **USE YOUR EQUATION!**

$$r^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

Plug in your values and solve

Just remember $X = -$ (negative)

$$r^2 = X^2 + Y^2$$

$$25^2 = X^2 + 20^2$$

$$625 = X^2 + 400$$

$$625 - 400 = X^2$$

$$225 = X^2$$

$$\sqrt{225} = X$$

$$\pm 15 = X \quad \leftarrow X = - \text{ (negative)}$$

$$X = -15$$

$$Y = 20$$

$$r = 25$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{\text{radius}} = \frac{-15}{25} = \frac{-3}{5}$$