

## Day 2 - Create Security Group

The Nautilus DevOps team is strategizing the migration of a portion of their infrastructure to the AWS cloud. Recognizing the scale of this undertaking, they have opted to approach the migration in incremental steps rather than as a single massive transition. To achieve this, they have segmented large tasks into smaller, more manageable units. This granular approach enables the team to execute the migration in gradual phases, ensuring smoother implementation and minimizing disruption to ongoing operations. By breaking down the migration into smaller tasks, the Nautilus DevOps team can systematically progress through each stage, allowing for better control, risk mitigation, and optimization of resources throughout the migration process.

For this task, create a security group under default VPC with the following requirements:

- Name of the security group is `xfusion-sg` .
- The description must be `Security group for Nautilus App Servers`
- Add the inbound rule of type `HTTP` , with port range of `80` . Enter the source CIDR range of `0.0.0.0/0` .
- Add another inbound rule of type `SSH` , with port range of `22` . Enter the source CIDR range of `0.0.0.0/0` .

## What is an AWS Security Group?

An AWS Security Group acts as a virtual firewall that controls inbound and outbound traffic for your EC2 instances. Security groups use allow rules to permit specific traffic, and by default, deny all inbound traffic while allowing all outbound traffic. They operate at the instance level and provide stateful filtering, meaning return traffic is automatically allowed regardless of outbound rules.

## Solution

## First we need to head to EC2 > Network & security > Security Groups

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 console with the 'Security Groups' page selected. The left sidebar shows various EC2 services like Instances, Images, and Network & Security. The main table displays one security group named 'default' with a VPC ID of 'vpc-0de04d8b87eff647'. The table includes columns for Name, Security group ID, Security group name, VPC ID, Description, Owner, Inbound rules count, and Outbound rules count. There are buttons for Actions, Export security groups to CSV, and Create security group.

## Click Create Security Group

The screenshot shows the 'Create security group' wizard. The first step, 'Basic details', has a 'Security group name' field set to 'MyWebServerGroup'. The second step, 'Inbound rules', shows a note that no inbound rules have been added. The third step, 'Outbound rules', shows a note about allowing traffic to 0.0.0.0/0 and provides a 'Delete' button. The fourth step, 'Tags - optional', shows a note that no tags are associated with the resource and provides an 'Add new tag' button. At the bottom right are 'Cancel' and 'Create security group' buttons.

Now we need to fill out all the fields with the requirements from earlier

Adding the first inbound rule we need to set the type to HTTP and then set the source to anywhere

Now we need to add another inbound rule, which the type will be SSH with the source being anywhere

The screenshot shows the 'Inbound rules' configuration screen. It lists two rules: one for 'HTTP' on port 80 with a source of 'Anywhere' and another for 'SSH' on port 22 with a source of 'Anywhere'. Both rules have a destination of '0.0.0.0/0'. The 'Add rule' button is visible at the bottom left.

After we have done this we now create the security group and we can now view it in the console

The screenshot shows the AWS Security Groups console for a security group named 'sg-07ea95c5698a15389 - xfusion-sg'. The 'Details' section includes fields for Security group name ('xfusion-sg'), Security group ID ('sg-07ea95c5698a15389'), Owner ('615174592184'), Description ('Security group for Nautilus App Servers'), and VPC ID ('vpc-0de04d8b87fefff647'). Below the details, there are tabs for Inbound rules, Outbound rules, Sharing, VPC associations, and Tags. The 'Inbound rules' tab is selected, showing two entries:

Name	Security group rule ID	IP version	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description
-	sgr-0ca734e104b5c20d4	IPv4	HTTP	TCP	80	0.0.0.0/0	-
-	sgr-0cf0380aa5e23f390	IPv4	SSH	TCP	22	0.0.0.0/0	-

## Security Best Practices Implemented

- Principle of Least Privilege
- Default Deny Approach
- Stateful Firewall

## Additional Recommendations

- SSH Access Hardening
- Web Traffic Protection
- Network Segmentation