# Data Processing and Orchestration

Kristo Raun

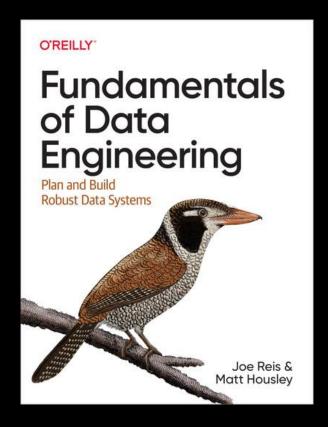
Data Engineering 2024 Fall

#### Agenda

- Data processing: ETL, ELT, CDC
- Data orchestration
- Airflow setup
- Quiz session

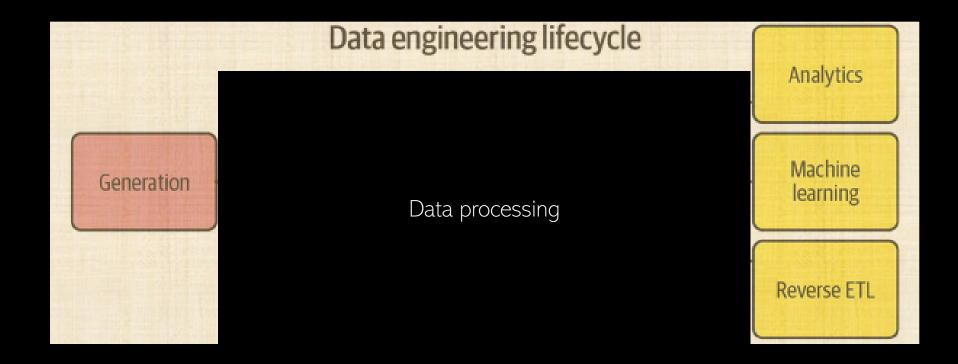
#### Reading

Chapters V and VII



#### Data processing

- From raw data
- To usable information



### Data processing: ETL

## The ETL Process Explained



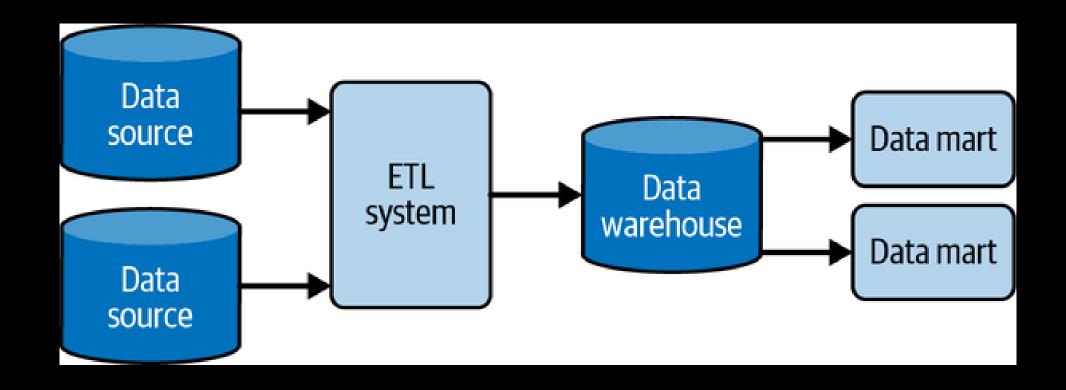
Extract

Retrieves and verifies data from various sources Transform

Processes and organizes extracted data so it is usable Load

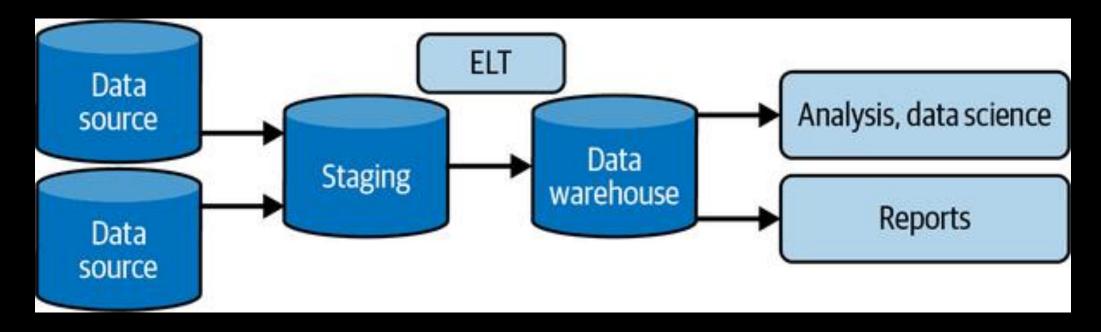
Moves transformed data to a data repository

# Data processing: ETL

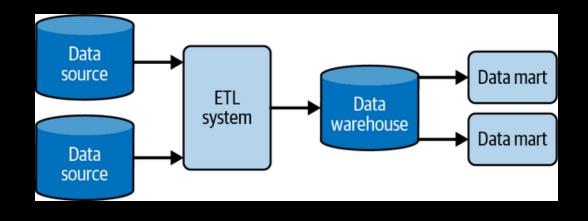


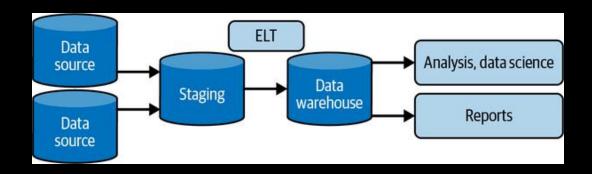
## Data processing: ELT

- Cloud data warehouses
  - Cheap and elastic storage
  - Increased processing power



## Data processing: ETL vs ELT





## Data processing: CDC

- Change Data Capture
- Extract each change in the source system
- Used for near real-time processing

## Data processing: comparison

	ETL	ELT	CDC
Flow	Data cleaned between source and DWH/lake	Data loaded to DWH/lake, then cleaned	Incremental changes
Туре	Batch	Batch	Streaming
Use case	Legacy, or specific privacy/business req.	State-of-the-art cloud warehousing	Near real-time updates
Scalability	Low scalability (high requirements on transformation)	High scalability	Depends on source system

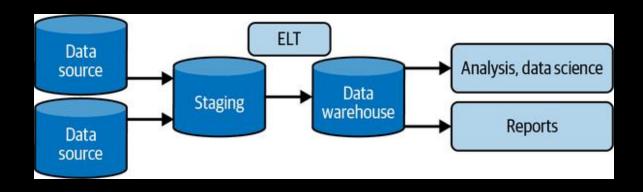
## Agenda

- Data processing: ETL, ELT, CDC
- Data orchestration
- Airflow setup
- Quiz session

#### Data orchestration

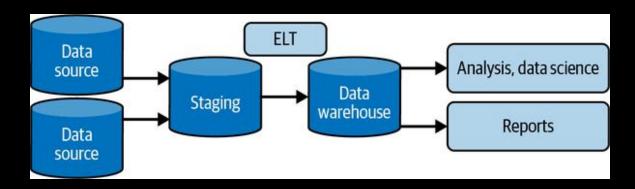
- Coordinating many jobs
- DAG
  - Directed Acyclic Graph
- Batch-oriented

#### Data orchestration — use case 1



- Sales report
  - Sources:
    - CRM
    - Sales system
  - Both need to be loaded to DWH before transformations can be applied
  - Error handling

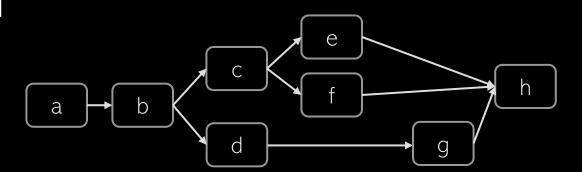
#### Data orchestration — use case 2



- External report upload
  - Source:
    - .csv uploaded to object storage daily
    - The file upload is controlled by the external vendor
  - The rest of the workflow should only start when file has been uploaded
  - Error handling

#### Data orchestration — DAG

- DAG
  - Directed
    - Determines task orders and dependencies
  - Acyclic
    - You can't loop back to an already completed task (avoids paradoxes, infinite loops)
- Control flow:
  - Sequential
  - Parallel
  - Conditional (branching)
  - Various subtypes depending on the tool



#### Read more:

- Chapter V: Data generation in source systems
  - How is data created?
  - Types of data in source systems
- Chapter VII: Ingestion
  - Batch ingestion considerations
  - Ways to ingest data
  - "At times, the minutiae of ingestion may feel tedious, but the exciting data applications (e.g., analytics and ML) cannot happen without it."
- Why Data Engineers LOVE/HATE Airflow (by Seattle Data Guy) <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h5X3124R61U">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h5X3124R61U</a>

