

Practical No. 8

Aim : Write and execute two programs using functions based on parameters passing by reference.

Theory :

A reference parameter "refers" to the original data in the calling function. Thus, any changes made to the parameter are also made to the original variable.

Code :

- ~~To find the factorial of a number using prototype.~~
- ~~#include <stdio.h>~~
- 1> To print the 'nth' Fibonacci series.
-

```
#include <stdio.h>

int fib(int n);

int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter the value of n : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("%d", fib(n-1));
}

int fib(int n) {
    if (n <= 1) {
        return n;
    }
    else {
        return fib(n-1) + fib(n-2);
    }
}
```

```
D:\coding\C\practicals\practicalEight\8.1.exe
Enter the value of n : 5
3
-----
```

```
D:\coding\C\practicals\practicalEight\8.2.exe
Enter the two numbers : 56 65
Values you entered :
a : 56
b : 65
Swapped values :
a = 65
b = 56
-----
```


2) To swap the value of two variables using call by reference.

→ #include <stdio.h>

```
int swap (int *x, int *y);
```

```
int a, b;
```

```
int main () {
```

```
    printf("Enter the two numbers : ");
```

```
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
```

```
    printf("Values you entered: In a : %d In b : %d\n", a, b);
```

```
    swap (&a, &b);
```

```
    printf("Swapped values: In a = %d In b = %d\n", a, b);
```

```
}
```

```
int swap (int *x, int *y) {
```

```
    int temp;
```

```
    temp = *x;
```

```
    *x = *y;
```

```
    *y = temp;
```

```
}
```

Conclusion :

Hence, I wrote and executed two programs using functions based on parameters passing by reference.