

Practical No. 39

Aim: Write and execute a program based on recursion.

Theory:

Recursion:

Recursion is the process of repeating items in a self-similar way. In programming languages, if a program allows you to call a function within a function, then it is called a recursion call.

Syntax:

```
void recursion();
void recursion();
recursion();
}

int main() {
    recursion();
}
```

Code:

1) To find Factorial of an integer number.

→ #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

long int fact(int n);

int main() {

int n;

printf("Enter a number:");

scanf("%d", &n);

printf("Factorial of %d is %d", n, fact(n));

}

Practical No. 9.1

Aim: Write and execute a program to calculate factorial of a number.

```
D:\coding\C\practicals\practicalNine\9.1.exe
Enter a number : 5
Factorial of 5 is 120
```

Theory:
Recursion:

(Recursive) flow

(Recursive) flow

(Recursive) flow

```
D:\coding\C\practicals\practicalNine\9.2.exe
enter two numbers: 5
6
Sum of two numbers are: 11
```

(20)

is to find factorial

of a number

of a number

of a number

of a number

of a number

of a number

of a number

of a number


```

long int Fact (int n) {
    while (n >= 1) {
        return n * Fact (n-1);
    }
    return 1;
}

```

2) To find the sum of two numbers.

```

#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int x, int y);
int main() {
    int a, b;
    printf("Enter the two numbers : ");
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
    printf("The sum of the two numbers is : %d", a + sum(x, a, b));
    return 0;
}

```

```

int sum (int x , int y ) {
    if (y == 0) {
        return x;
    }
    else {
        return (1 + sum(x, y-1));
    }
}

```

Conclusion :

Hence, I got knowledge about recursion and wrote and executed a program based on recursion.