# CS170–Spring 2020 — Homework 1 Solutions

## Blackteaxx

# 4. Asymptotic Complexity Comparsions

- (a)  $12 < \log_2 n < n^{\frac{1}{3}} < \sqrt{n} < 2^{\log_2 n} < n^3 < 2^{\sqrt{n}} < 2^n < 3^n$
- (b) (a)  $f = \Theta(g)$ 
  - (b) f = O(g)
  - (c)  $f = \Omega(g)$
  - (d)  $f = \Theta(g)$

### 5. Computing Factorials

(a)

$$f(N) = N \log N$$

because the following inequality:

$$\prod_{i=\frac{N}{2}}^{N}i\leq N!\leq N^{N}\Rightarrow\frac{N^{\frac{N}{2}}}{2}\leq N!\leq N^{N}$$

so, the digits are like the following:

$$\frac{N}{2}\log\frac{N}{2} \le \log N! \le N\log N$$

We can throw the constant items, the get the  $\Theta$  asymptotic complexity

(b) Algorithm Description is following:

#### Algorithm 1 Naive Factorials Algorithm

```
Input: n
Output: n!
if n \le 1 then
return 1
else if n > 1 then
return Fact(n-1) * n
end if
```

and the runtime analysis is following:

$$T(N) = \log N \times (N-1) \log(N-1) + T(N-1)$$

$$T(N) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} i^2 \log i$$

6.

(a) The naive polynomial algorithm work through every orders and compute the precise values:

#### Algorithm 2 Naive Polynomial Algothrim

```
Input: [a_0, \dots, a_n], x
Output: p(x)
res \leftarrow 0
for each i \in [0, n] do
res \leftarrow res + a_i \times x^i
end for
return res
```

and the runtime analysis is following:

$$T(n) = \sum_{i=0}^{n} (i+2) = \mathcal{O}(n^2)$$

(b) we can evaluate the polynomial value as the expression goes:

$$p(x) = a_0 + x(a_1 + x(a_2 + \dots + x(a_{n-1} + xa_n) \dots))$$

Owing to this expression, we can maintain a variable and calculate value from the inner to outer place.

#### Algorithm 3 Improved Polynomial Algorithm

```
Input: [a_0, \ldots, a_n], x
Output: p(x)
res \leftarrow a_n
for each i \in [n-1, \ldots 0] do
res \leftarrow a_i + res \times x
end for
return res
```

and the runtime analysis is following:

$$T(n) = 2 \times n = \mathcal{O}(n)$$