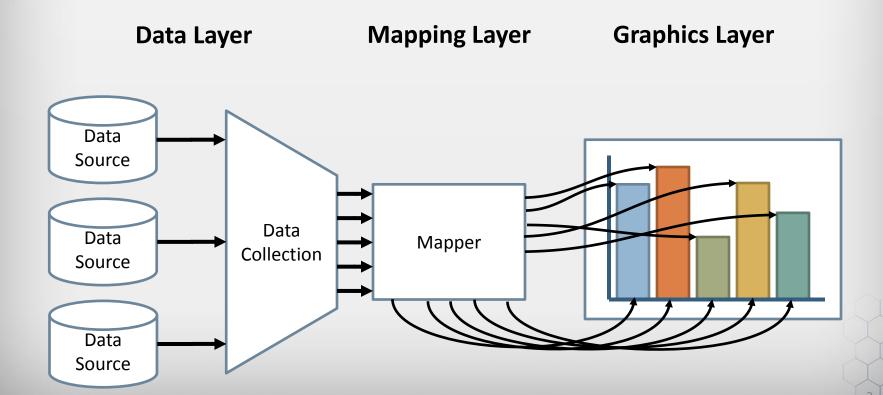
# Data

John C. Hart

Department of Computer Science University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

### Data Visualization Framework



#### **Data Layer**

- Locating and obtaining data
- Importing data in proper format
- Relating data for proper correspondence
- Data analysis and aggregation

#### **Mapping Layer**

- Associating appropriate geometry with corresponding data channels
- Data analysis and algorithms
  (e.g. contouring)

#### **Graphics Layer**

- Conversion of geometry into displayable image
- Decorations
- Managing interaction

## **Data Types**

**Discrete** 

(no between values)

**Continuous** 

(values between)

**Ordered** 

(values are comparable)

Ordinal,

e.g. size: S,M,L,XL,...

Quantitative,

e.g. counts: 1,2,3,...

Fields,

e.g. altitude, temperature

Unordered

(values not comparable)

Nominal,

e.g. shape:  $\Box O \Delta$ 

Categories,

e.g. nationality

Cyclic values,

e.g. directions, hues

### Data as Variables

Science	Databases	Data Warehouses
Independent Variable	Key	Dimension
Dependent Variable	Value	Measure