

Decorator Pattern

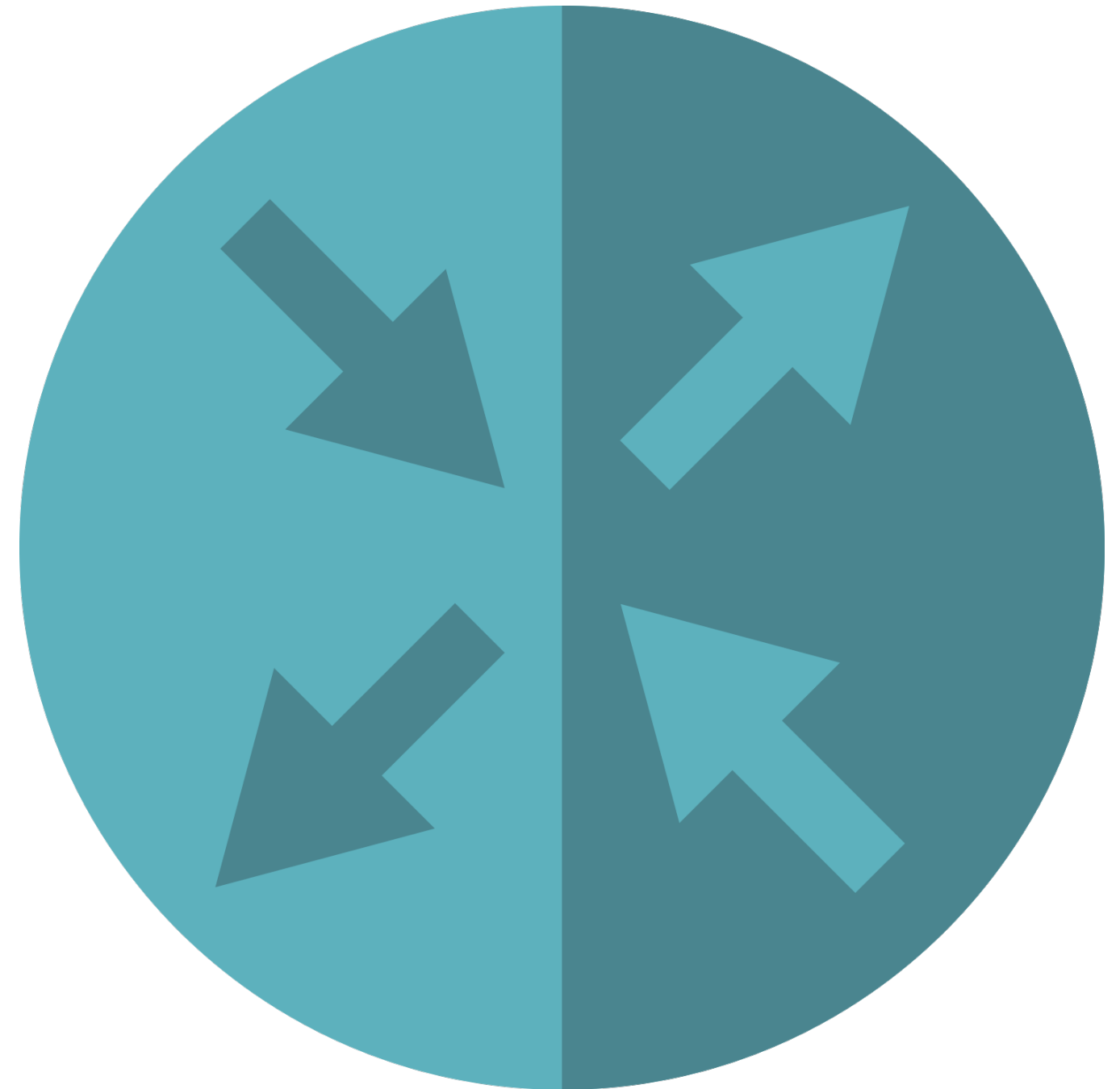


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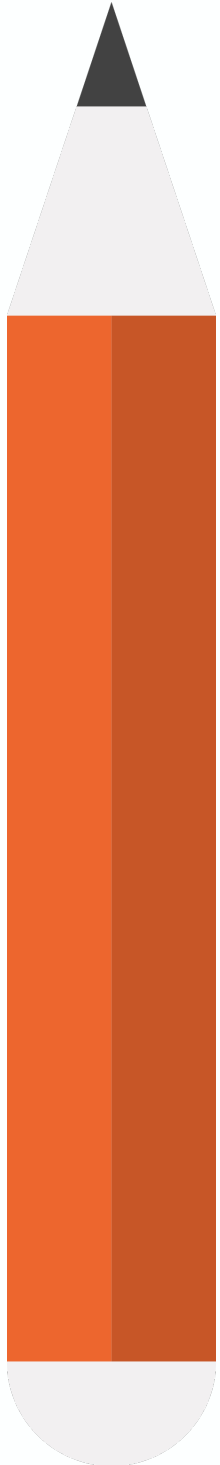
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Concepts

- Also called a wrapper
- Add behavior without affecting others
- More than just inheritance
- Single Responsibility Principle
- Compose behavior dynamically
- Examples:
 - `java.io.InputStream`
 - `java.util.Collections#checkedList`
 - UI components



Design



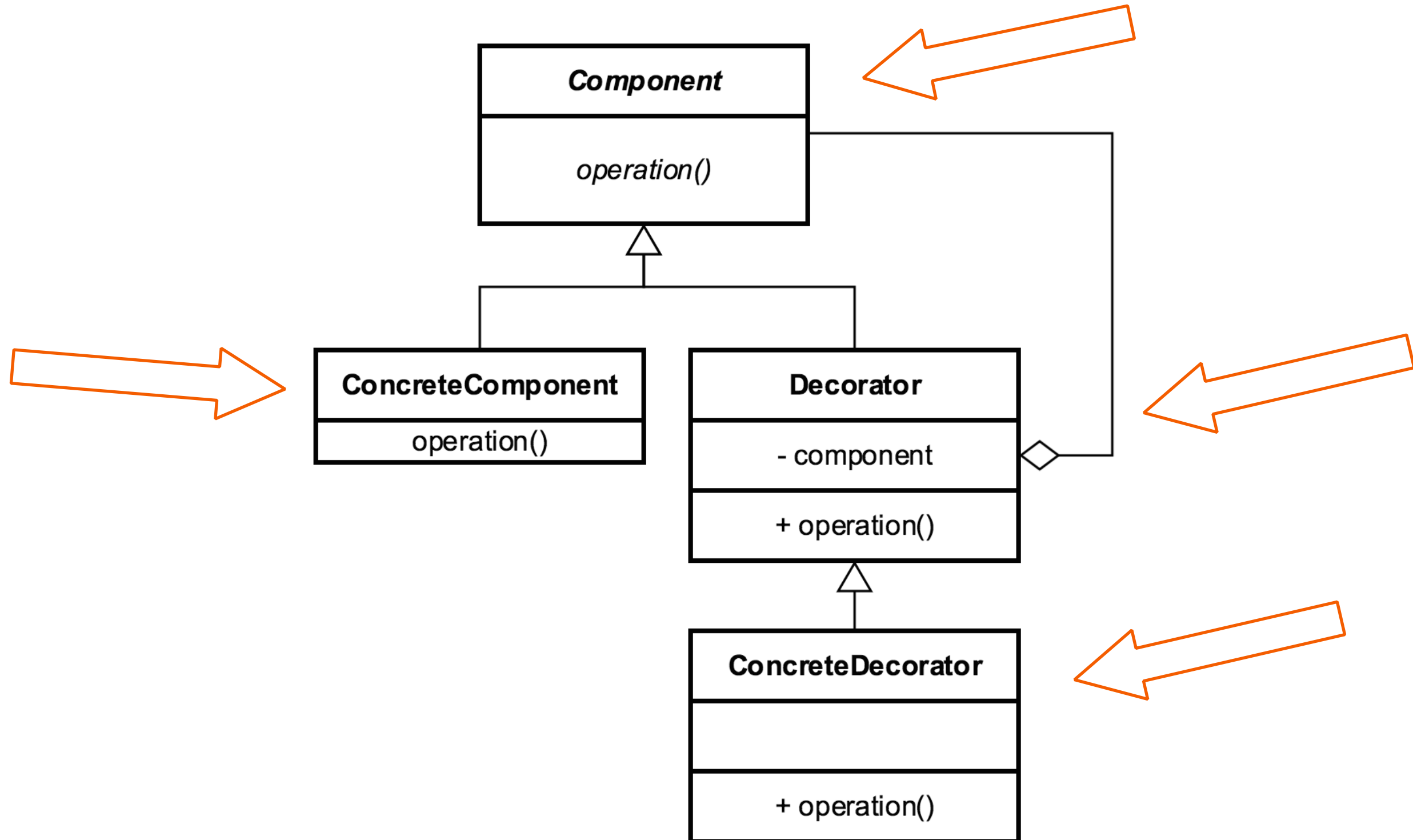
Inheritance based

Utilizes composition and inheritance (is-a, has-a)

Alternative to subclassing

Constructor requires instance from hierarchy

UML



Everyday Example - InputStream

```
File file = new File("./output.txt");  
file.createNewFile();
```

```
OutputStream ostream = new FileOutputStream(file);
```



```
DataOutputStream doStream = new DataOutputStream(ostream);  
doStream.writeChars("text");
```

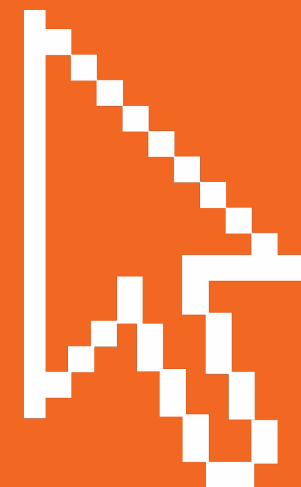
Exercise Decorator

Component, ConcreteComponent,
Decorator, ConcreteDecorator

Create Decorator

Implement another Decorator

Not a Creational Pattern



Pitfalls

- New class for every feature added
- Multiple little objects
- Often confused with simple inheritance



Contrast

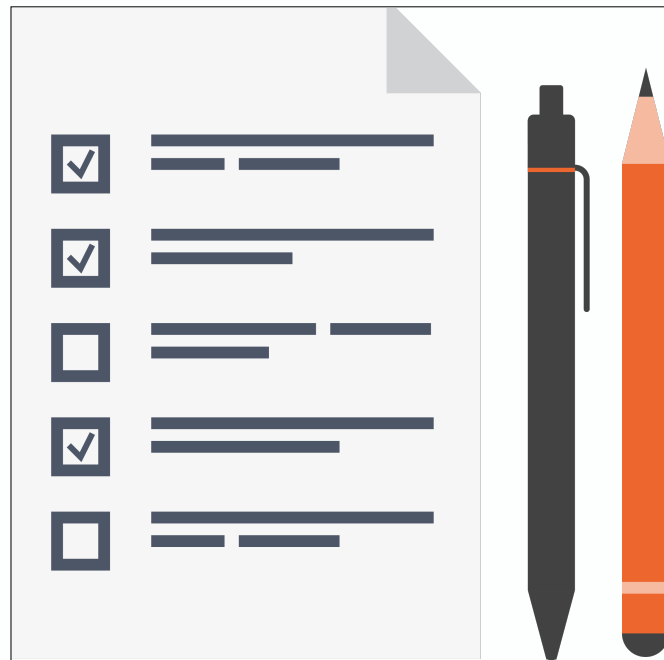
Composite

- Tree structure
- Leaf and Composite have same interface
- Unity between objects

Decorator

- Contains another entity
- Modifies behavior (adds)
- Doesn't change underlying object

Decorator Summary



- Original object can stay the same
- Unique way to add functionality
- Confused with inheritance
- Can be more complex for clients