## Assumptions:

- The provided HTTP logs gives an accurate representative of the enterprise web server's traffic.
- Abnormal patterns in the HTTP logs can be used to spot reconnaissance activity.
- Thresholds for abnormal behaviour detection are set appropriately to minimize false positives.

## Steps:

- 1) Data Pre-processing
  - Download & extract the dataset
  - Parse and pre-process the HTTP logs to obtain relevant information
  - Filter out all irrelevant data
- 2) Metrics calculation
  - Calculate key metrics that indicate reconnaissance activities
  - Calculate all activities related to abnormal behaviour such as a high number of failed requests, repeated access to restricted areas etc
  - Take time-based metrics into consideration such as the number of requests within a specific time window to detect scanning/probing behaviour
- 3) Establishing Baseline
  - Analysing a period of web traffic
  - Calculate statistical measures such as mean, standard deviation, percentiles for the metrics obtained and use the statistics above as thresholds for abnormal behaviour detection
- 4) Identify Suspicious IPs
  - Compare the calculated metrics of each IP address with the baseline thresholds
  - Identify IPs that exceed the threshold and categorize IPs based on the severity of their suspicious behaviour.
- 5) False Positive Reduction
  - Conduct analysis to reduce false positives
- 6) Alert Generation
  - Generate alerts and reports listing the shortlisted IPs that exhibit potential reconnaissance activities