

CSIT110 / CSIT810

Python

Lecture 8

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Objectives

More on:

- String data type
- Boolean data type

Problem solving using:

- loop
- function

String data type

String data type

Find the length of a string:

```
greeting = "Hi there!"  
greeting_length = len(greeting)    # → 9
```

Get substrings, one character at a time:

```
print(greeting[0])    # → H  
print(greeting[1])    # → i  
print(greeting[2])    # → space  
print(greeting[3])    # → t  
print(greeting[4])    # → h  
print(greeting[5])    # → e  
print(greeting[6])    # → r  
print(greeting[7])    # → e  
print(greeting[8])    # → !
```

String data type

```
greeting = "Hi there!"  
  
for i in range(0, len(greeting)):  
    print(greeting[i])
```

What is this code doing?

String data type

Slicing a string:

```
s = "Python is cool!"
```

```
s1 = s[1:4]  
# now s1 = "yth"
```

`s[i:j]` gives substring from index `i` up to index `(j-1)`, so altogether, there are `(j-i)` characters

```
s2 = s[1:]  
# now s2 = "ython is cool!"
```

`s[i:]` gives substring from index `i` up to the end

```
s3 = s[:4]  
# now s1 = "Pyth"
```

`s[:j]` gives substring from index 0 up to index `(j-1)`, so altogether, there are `j` characters

String data type

Upper case:

```
name = "John Smith"  
name_uppercase = name.upper()  
print(name_uppercase) → JOHN SMITH
```

Lower case:

```
name = "John Smith"  
name_lowercase = name.lower()  
print(name_lowercase) → john smith
```

Boolean data type

Boolean data type

We have learned about:

- Number data type
- String data type

Now, we will learn a new data type called **Boolean**

Example:

```
has_discount_coupon = True  
  
brownies_serve_hot = False  
  
virus_found = True  
  
file_scan_completed = False
```

Boolean data type

Example:

```
# ask the user how brownies to be served
brownies_input = input("Would you like your chocolate
brownies served hot or cold: ")

if (brownies_input == "hot"):
    brownies_serve_hot = True
else:
    brownies_serve_hot = False
```

Belgian choc fudge brownies
Served hot or cold



Boolean data type

Example:

```
# ask the user if they want to watch additional star show
star_show_input = input("Add Stargazing Show: (Y/N) ")
if ((star_show_input == "Y") or (star_show_input == "y")):
    include_star_show = True
else:
    include_star_show = False
```



**Rewrite Science Park Program
using functions**

```
# print menu function
def print_menu():
    print("-----")
    print("          Welcome to Science Park!          ")
    print()
    print("Admission Charges: Adult $35, Child $20      ")
    print("Stargazing Show: $10/person                    ")
    print()
    print("Free Science Park Hats if you spend $150 or more")
    print("10% discount if you spend $200 or more        ")
    print("-----")
    print()
```

```
# take order from user, this function returns three values:
# (1) number of adults (2) number of children
# (3) include star show or not
def take_order():
    print("Please make your order.")
    print()

    # ask number of adults
    adult_input = input("Enter number of adults: ")
    adult = int(adult_input)

    # ask number of children
    child_input = input("Enter number of children: ")
    child = int(child_input)

    # ask the additional star show
    star_show_input = input("Add Stargazing Show: (Y/N) ")
    if ((star_show_input == "Y") or (star_show_input == "y")):
        include_star_show = True
    else:
        include_star_show = False

    return adult, child, include_star_show
```

```
ADULT_PRICE = 35
CHILD_PRICE = 20
SHOW_PRICE = 10
DISCOUNT_MIN = 200 # the minimum amount to have discount
DISCOUNT_PCT = 10 # the discount percentage
FREE_HAT_MIN = 150 # the minimum amount to have free hat

# print cost
def print_cost(adult, child, include_star_show):
    # calculate the total charge, no discount calculation yet
    adult_cost = ADULT_PRICE * adult
    child_cost = CHILD_PRICE * child

    if (include_star_show):
        show_cost = SHOW_PRICE * (adult + child)
    else:
        show_cost = 0

    total_cost = adult_cost + child_cost + show_cost
```

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```
# calculate discount and final charge
if (total_cost >= DISCOUNT_MIN):
    # eligible for discount
    final_cost = total_cost * (100 - DISCOUNT_PCT) / 100

    print("Total cost: ${0}".format(total_cost))
    print("Discount {0}%".format(DISCOUNT_PCT))
    print("Final charge: ${0}".format(final_cost))
else:
    # not eligible for discount
    final_cost = total_cost

    print("Final charge: ${0}".format(final_cost))

# check Free Hat
if (total_cost >= FREE_HAT_MIN):
    print("Please collect Science Park Hats at the counter.")

print()
print("Enjoy your day!!!")
```



```
# main program
```

```
# print menu to user
```

```
print_menu()
```

```
# take order from user
```

```
adult, child, include_star_show = take_order()
```

```
# print receipt to user
```

```
print_cost(adult, child, include_star_show)
```

**Find all positive integers
x and y such that**

$$1 \leq x \leq 5$$

$$1 \leq y \leq 5$$

$$x \times y = x + y$$

$$x \times y = x + y \quad ???$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 1 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 1, \quad \text{rhs} = 2 \quad \times$$

$$y = 2 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 2, \quad \text{rhs} = 3 \quad \times$$

$$y = 3 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 3, \quad \text{rhs} = 4 \quad \times$$

$$y = 4 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 4, \quad \text{rhs} = 5 \quad \times$$

$$y = 5 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 5, \quad \text{rhs} = 6 \quad \times$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 1 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 2, \quad \text{rhs} = 3 \quad \times$$

$$y = 2 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 4, \quad \text{rhs} = 4 \quad \checkmark$$

$$y = 3 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 6, \quad \text{rhs} = 5 \quad \times$$

$$y = 4 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 8, \quad \text{rhs} = 6 \quad \times$$

$$y = 5 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 10, \quad \text{rhs} = 7 \quad \times$$

...

$$x = 5$$

$$y = 1 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 5, \quad \text{rhs} = 6 \quad \times$$

$$y = 2 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 10, \quad \text{rhs} = 7 \quad \times$$

$$y = 3 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 15, \quad \text{rhs} = 8 \quad \times$$

$$y = 4 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 20, \quad \text{rhs} = 9 \quad \times$$

$$y = 5 \rightarrow \text{lhs} = 25, \quad \text{rhs} = 10 \quad \times$$

$$x \times y = x + y \quad ???$$

x = 1

y = 1 → lhs = 1, rhs = 2 ✗

y = 2 → lhs = 2, rhs = 3 ✗

y = 3 → lhs = 3, rhs = 4 ✗

y = 4 → lhs = 4, rhs = 5 ✗

y = 5 → lhs = 5, rhs = 6 ✗

x = 2

y = 1 → lhs = 2, rhs = 3 ✗

y = 2 → lhs = 4, rhs = 4 ✓

y = 3 → lhs = 6, rhs = 5 ✗

y = 4 → lhs = 8, rhs = 6 ✗

y = 5 → lhs = 10, rhs = 7 ✗

...

x = 5

y = 1 → lhs = 5, rhs = 6 ✗

y = 2 → lhs = 10, rhs = 7 ✗

y = 3 → lhs = 15, rhs = 8 ✗

y = 4 → lhs = 20, rhs = 9 ✗

y = 5 → lhs = 25, rhs = 10 ✗

```
for x in range(1, 6):
```

```
    y = 1 → checking lhs, rhs
```

```
    y = 2 → checking lhs, rhs
```

```
    y = 3 → checking lhs, rhs
```

```
    y = 4 → checking lhs, rhs
```

```
    y = 5 → checking lhs, rhs
```

$$x \times y = x + y \quad ???$$

x = 1

y = 1 → lhs = 1, rhs = 2 ✗

y = 2 → lhs = 2, rhs = 3 ✗

y = 3 → lhs = 3, rhs = 4 ✗

y = 4 → lhs = 4, rhs = 5 ✗

y = 5 → lhs = 5, rhs = 6 ✗

x = 2

y = 1 → lhs = 2, rhs = 3 ✗

y = 2 → lhs = 4, rhs = 4 ✓

y = 3 → lhs = 6, rhs = 5 ✗

y = 4 → lhs = 8, rhs = 6 ✗

y = 5 → lhs = 10, rhs = 7 ✗

...

x = 5

y = 1 → lhs = 5, rhs = 6 ✗

y = 2 → lhs = 10, rhs = 7 ✗

y = 3 → lhs = 15, rhs = 8 ✗

y = 4 → lhs = 20, rhs = 9 ✗

y = 5 → lhs = 25, rhs = 10 ✗

```
for x in range(1, 6):  
    for y in range(1, 6):  
        # checking lhs, rhs
```

$$x \times y = x + y \quad ???$$

```
for x in range(1, 6):  
    for y in range(1, 6):  
        # checking lhs, rhs  
        lhs = x * y  
        rhs = x + y  
        if (lhs == rhs):  
            print("Solution found x = {0}, y = {1}".format(x, y))
```

Solution found x = 2, y = 2

**Find all positive integers
x and y such that**

$$1 \leq x \leq 100$$

$$1 \leq y \leq 100$$

$$(x + y)^5 = x^5 + y^5 + 3\,000\,000$$

$$1 \leq x \leq 100$$

$$1 \leq y \leq 100$$

$$(x + y)^5 = x^5 + y^5 + 3\,000\,000$$

```
for x in range(1, 101):  
    for y in range(1, 101):  
        # checking lhs, rhs  
        lhs = (x + y)**5  
        rhs = x**5 + y**5 + 3000000  
        if (lhs == rhs):  
            print("Solution found x = {0}, y = {1}".format(x, y))
```

Solution found x = 10, y = 10

**Find all positive integers
 x , y and z such that**

$$1 \leq x \leq 100$$

$$1 \leq y \leq 100$$

$$1 \leq z \leq 100$$

$$x + y + z = x \times y \times z$$

$$1 \leq x \leq 100$$

$$1 \leq y \leq 100$$

$$1 \leq z \leq 100$$

$$x + y + z = x \times y \times z$$

```
for x in range(1, 101):  
    for y in range(1, 101):  
        for z in range(1, 101):  
            # checking lhs, rhs  
            lhs = x + y + z  
            rhs = x * y * z  
            if (lhs == rhs):  
                print("Solution found x = {0}, y = {1}, z = {2}".format(x, y, z) )
```

```
Solution found x = 1, y = 2, z = 3  
Solution found x = 1, y = 3, z = 2  
Solution found x = 2, y = 1, z = 3  
Solution found x = 2, y = 3, z = 1  
Solution found x = 3, y = 1, z = 2  
Solution found x = 3, y = 2, z = 1
```

Guessing Game

I have chosen a secret number between 0 and 100.

Make a guess: 50

Lower than that

Make a guess: 25

Higher than that

Make a guess: 30

Lower than that

Make a guess: 27

Lower than that

Make a guess: 26

Hooray! You are correct!

Guessing Game

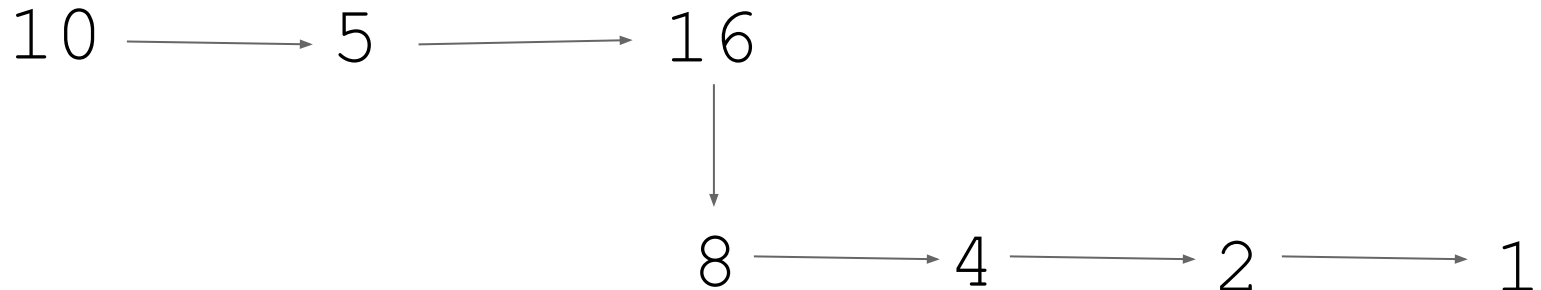
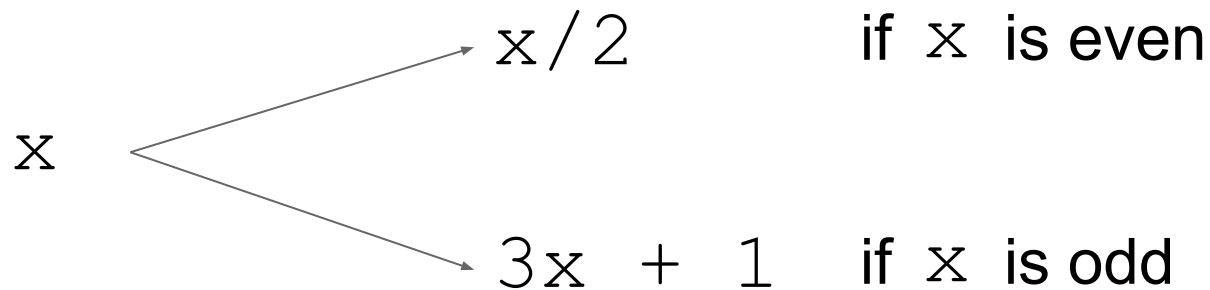
```
print("I have chosen a secret number between 0 and 100.")

while True:
    print()
    guess_input = input("Make a guess: ")
    guess = int(guess_input)

    if (guess == secret):
        print("Hooray! You are correct!")
        break
    elif (guess > secret):
        print("Lower than that")
    else:
        print("Higher than that")
```

The $3x + 1$ problem

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5mFpVDpKX70>



Collatz Conjecture: Every positive integer will eventually lead to 1

10 → 5 → 16 → 8 → 4 → 2 → 1

We want to write a program to test the conjecture

```
Enter a positive integer: 10
```

```
Step 0: 10
```

```
Step 1: 5
```

```
Step 2: 16
```

```
Step 3: 8
```

```
Step 4: 4
```

```
Step 5: 2
```

```
Step 6: 1
```

10 → 5 → 16 → 8 → 4 → 2 → 1

```
Enter a positive integer: 10
```

```
Step 0: 10
```

```
Step 1: 5
```

```
Step 2: 16
```

```
Step 3: 8
```

```
Step 4: 4
```

```
Step 5: 2
```

```
Step 6: 1
```

```
number_input = input("Enter a positive integer: ")  
n = int(number_input)  
  
print_steps(n)
```

We need to write a function to print out the step details

10 → 5 → 16 → 8 → 4 → 2 → 1

Enter a positive integer: 10

Step 0: 10

Step 1: 5

Step 2: 16

Step 3: 8

Step 4: 4

Step 5: 2

Step 6: 1

```
def print_steps(number):  
    step = 0  
    while True:  
        print("Step {0}: {1}".format(step, number))  
        ...
```


10 → 5 → 16 → 8 → 4 → 2 → 1

Enter a positive integer: 10

Step 0: 10

Step 1: 5

Step 2: 16

Step 3: 8

Step 4: 4

Step 5: 2

Step 6: 1

```
def print_steps(number):  
    step = 0  
    while True:  
        print("Step {0}: {1}".format(step, number))  
  
        # if we reach 1 then stop the loop  
        if (number == 1):  
            break  
  
    ...
```

10 → 5 → 16 → 8 → 4 → 2 → 1

Enter a positive integer: 10

Step 0: 10

Step 1: 5

Step 2: 16

Step 3: 8

Step 4: 4

Step 5: 2

Step 6: 1

```
def print_steps(number):  
    step = 0  
    while True:  
        print("Step {0}: {1}".format(step, number))  
  
        # if we reach 1 then stop the loop  
        if (number == 1):  
            break  
  
        # next step  
        if (number%2 == 0):  
            number = number // 2  
        else:  
            number = 3 * number + 1  
  
        step += 1
```

```
def print_steps(number):  
    step = 0  
    while True:  
        print("Step {0}: {1}".format(step, number))  
  
        # if we reach 1 then stop the loop  
        if (number == 1):  
            break  
  
        # next step  
        if (number%2 == 0):  
            number = number // 2  
        else:  
            number = 3 * number + 1  
  
        step += 1  
  
# main program  
number_input = input("Enter a positive integer: ")  
n = int(number_input)  
  
print_steps(n)
```