DC9xD CONTROLLER COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

This document is applicable to DC90DR\ DC92DR\ DC90DR MK2\ DC92DR MK2 controllers.

Software Version

No.	Version	Date	Note
1	V1.0	2021-06-30	Original release.
2	V1.1	2023-02-01	Add function code 06H
3	V1.2	2023-11-24	Updated data description



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Summary

This communication protocol describes in detail the read and write command format of this machine's serial port communication and the definition of internal information data for third-party development and use.

The MODBUS communication protocol allows the effective transmission of information and data between the controller and a third-party programmable sequence device (PLC), RTU, SCADA system, DCS, or a third-party MODBUS compatible monitoring system. A set of monitoring system can be established by adding a set of central communication master control display software based on PC (or industrial computer).

MODBUS basic rules

All communication circuits should follow the master and slave mode. In this way, data can be transferred between a master station (such as a PC) and 32 sub-stations.

- ◆ No communication can be started from the slave station.
- ◆ All communications on the loop are transmitted in the form of "information frames".
- ◆ If the master station or the slave station receives an information frame containing an unknown command, it will not respond.

Data frame format

The communication transmission is asynchronous, and the unit is byte (data frame). Each data frame transmitted between the master station and the substation is a serial data stream of 10 bits (stop bit is 1 bit) or 11 bits (stop bit is 2 bits).

Start bit	1 bit
Data bit	8 bit
Parity check	None
Stop bit	1 bit
Baud rate	19200

Communication rules

When a communication command is sent to the instrument, the device that matches the corresponding address code receives the communication command, removes the address code, reads the information, and if there is no error, executes the corresponding task, and then returns the execution result to the sender. The returned information includes the address code, the function code to execute the action, the data after the action is executed, and the error check code (CRC). If there is an error, no information will be sent.

♦ Information frame format

Initial structure	Address code	Function code	Data area	CRC	End structure
Delay (equivalent to 4 bytes of time)	1 byte 8 bit	1 byte 8 bit	N byte N*8 bit	2 byte 16 bit	Delay (equivalent to 4 bytes of time)

◆ Address code

The address code is the first data frame (8 bits) in the information frame transmitted in each communication. The address range of the device is 1-255. This byte indicates that the slave of the address code set by the user will receive the information sent by



the master, and each slave has a unique address code, and the response is sent back with its own The address code starts. The address code sent by the host indicates the address of the slave machine to be sent to, and the address code sent by the slave machine indicates the address of the slave machine sent back.

◆ Function code

The function code is the second data transmitted in each communication. The MODBUS communication protocol defines the function code as 1-255 (01H-0FFH). This machine uses part of the function codes. Send as a host request, tell the slave what action to perform through the function code. As the slave machine response, the function code sent by the slave machine is the same as the function code sent by the master, and it indicates that the slave machine has responded to the operation of the master. If the highest bit of the function code sent by the slave is 1 (function code>127), it indicates that the slave has no response or an error.

The following table lists the specific meanings and operations of the function codes.

Function code	definiti	on	operational	
03H	Read register		Read one	e or more register data
06H	Write register	,	write single register data	
10H	Write register	,	Write keyboard register data	

03H Read register

The host uses the communication command with the function code of 03H to read the value register in the device (the value register saves the collected various analog quantities and parameter settings). The input register values of the data area mapped by the function code 03H are all 16 bits (2 bytes). In this way, the register values read from the device are all 2 bytes. The maximum number of registers that can be read at one time is 125. The command format of the slave machine response is slave machine address, function code, data area and CRC code. The data in the data area is a double-byte number with every two bytes as a group, with the high byte first.

06H Write register

The host uses this command to save data to the memory in the device. In the MODBUS communication protocol, the register refers to 16 bits (that is, 2 bytes), and the high bit is first. The points of such devices are all two bytes. The command format is slave address, function code, data area and CRC code.

10H Write register

The host uses this command to save data to the memory in the device. In the MODBUS communication protocol, the register refers to 16 bits (that is, 2 bytes), and the high bit is first. The points of such devices are all two bytes. The command format is slave address, function code, data area and CRC code.

Data area

The data area varies with the function code.

1. The format of the data area corresponding to the function code 03H:

Host sends	ds:
------------	-----

Data sequence	1	2
•		



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Data meaning	Initial address	Number of read registers	
Number of bytes	2	2	

Slave response

Data sequence	1	2
Data meaning	Number of bytes sent	N register data
	back	
Number of bytes	1	N

2. Data area format corresponding to function code 06H:

Host sends:

Data sequence	1	2	
Data meaning	Register address	Register value	
Number of bytes	2	2	

Slave response

Data sequence	1	2	
Data meaning	Register address	Register value	
Number of bytes	2	2	

3. Data area format corresponding to function code 10H:

Host sends:

Data sequence	1	2	3
Data meaning	Register address	Register number	Register value 0~N
Number of bytes	2	2	2*N

Slave response

Ciavo reoperios		
Data sequence	1	2
Data meaning	Register address	Register number
Number of bytes	2	2

◆ CRC code

The master or slave can use the check code to judge whether the received information is wrong. Sometimes, due to electronic noise or some other interference, the information will change slightly during the transmission. The error check code ensures that the host or slave does not work on the information that is wrong during the transmission. This increases the safety and efficiency of the system. The error check code adopts the CRC-16 check method.

Two-byte error check code, low byte first, high byte last .

Note: The format of the information frame is the same: address code, function code, data area and error check code.

Redundant cyclic code (CRC) contains 2 bytes, namely 16-bit binary. The CRC code is calculated by the sender and placed at the end of the sent message. The device at the receiving end recalculates whether the CRC code of the received message is the same as the received one. If the two are different, it indicates an error.

The calculation method of the CRC code is to first preset the 16-bit registers to all 1. Then gradually process every 8 bits of data information. When calculating the CRC



code, only 8 data bits are used, and the start bit and stop bit do not participate in the CRC code calculation.

When calculating the CRC code, the 8-bit data is different from the register data. The result obtained is shifted by one bit to the lower bit, and the highest bit is filled with 0. Check the lowest bit again, if the lowest bit is 1, XOR the contents of the register with the preset number, if the lowest bit is 0, no XOR operation will be performed.

This process has been repeated many times. After the 8th shift, the next 8 bits are different from the contents of the current register. This process is repeated 8 times as last time. When all the data information is processed, the content of the final register is the CRC code value.

The calculation steps of CRC-16 code are:

- 1. Set the 16-bit CRC register to hexadecimal FFFF;
- 2. XOR an 8-bit data with the lower 8 bits of the CRC register, and put the result in the CRC register;
- 3. Shift the content of the CRC register to the right by one bit, fill the highest bit with 0, and check the shifted out bit;
- 4. If the lowest bit is 0: repeat step 3 (shift again), If the lowest bit is 1: The CRC register is XORed with the hexadecimal number A001;
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until the right shift is 8 times, so that the entire 8-bit data has been processed;
- 6. Repeat steps 2 to 5 for the next data processing;
- 7. The final CRC register value is the CRC code. When transmitting, the lower 8 bits are sent first, and the upper 8 bits are sent last.

Note: The calculation of the CRC code starts from the <slave address>, except for all the bytes of the <CRC code>.

Transmission rate of information frames

Note:Data frame transmission response time, minimum 500ms.

Example of Information frame format

Function code 03H
The slave address is 10H, 3 data with the starting address of 1000H (each data is 2 bytes).

The data address in this example is:

Address	Data (Hexadecimal)
1000H	0020H
1001H	0023H
1002H	0026H

Host send	Number of bytes	For example (Hexadecimal)	
Slave address	1	10 Send to slave 10	
Function code	1	03 Read register	
Initial address	2	10 The starting address is 1000H 00	
Number of reads	2	00 Read 3 data (6 bytes in total)	



		03
CRC code	2	02 CRC code calculated by the host 4A

Slave response	Number of bytes	For example(Hexadecimal)
Slave address	1	10 Return slave address 10
Function code	1	03 Read register
Number of bytes read	1	06 3 data (6 bytes in total)
Point 1 data	2	00 The address is the content within 1000H 20
Point 2 data	2	00 The address is the content within 1001H 23
Point 3 data	2	00 The address is the content within 1002H 26
CRC code	2	10 CRC code calculated by the slave F2

Function code 06H

The slave address is 10H, Set the content of the one points with the starting address 2001H .

The point data address in this example is:

Address	Data (Hexadecimal)	Data meaning
2001H	1111H	Keyboard commands

Host send	Number of bytes	For example (Hexadecimal)		
Slave address	1	10 Send to slave 10		
Function code	1	06 Write register		
Initial address	2	20 The starting address is 2001H		
		01		
Data	2	11 Set point data (2 bytes in total)		
Dala	۷	11		
CRC code	2	1C CRC code calculated by the host		
CING Code	2	D7		

Slave response	Number of bytes	For example (Hexadecimal)	
Slave address	1	10 Send to slave 10	
Function code	1	06 Write register	
Initial address	2	20 The starting address is 2001H 01	
Data	2	11 Set point data (2 bytes in total) 11	
CRC code	2	1C CRC code calculated by the host D7	



Function code 10H

The slave address is 10H, Set the content of the two points with the starting address 2000H (the two points must be written together when writing, otherwise it will be invalid).

The point data address in this example is:

Address	Data (Hexadecimal)	Data meaning
2000H	1DC7H	Controller password
2001H	1111H	Keyboard commands

Host send	Number of bytes	For example (Hexadecimal)
Slave address	1	10 Send to slave 10
Function code	1	10 Write register
Initial address	2	20 The starting address is 2000H 00
Number of writes	2	00 Write 2 data 02
Number of data	1	04 4 bytes in total
Data 1	2	1D Set 1 point data (2 bytes in total) C7
Data 2	2	11 Set 1 point data (2 bytes in total) 11
CRC code	2	41 CRC code calculated by the host 9F

Slave response	Number of bytes	For example (Hexadecimal)		
Slave address	1	10 Return slave address 10		
Function code	1	10 Write register		
Initial address	2	20 The starting address is 2000H		
IIIIIIai audiess		00		
Number of writes	2	00 Write 2 data (2 bytes in total)		
Number of writes	2	02		
CRC code	2	49 CRC code calculated by the host		
CRC code	2	49		

♦ Error handling

If the information received from the host is wrong, it will be ignored by the device.

Address and data

◆ Table 1: Data area mapped by function code 03H

Address (HEX)	Item	unit	calcula factor	te	Special values and their meaning	Length
1000H	Speed value	RPM	x1	500	000:Open state value	2Bytes
1001H	Battery voltage	V	x 0.1			2Bytes
1002H	Charging voltage	V	x 0.1			2Bytes
1003H	Reserve					2Bytes
1004H	Reserve					2Bytes





1005H	Reserve				2Bytes
1006H	Reserve				2Bytes
1007H	Current date			bit0~bit4:Day bit5~bit8:Month bit9~bit15:Year	2Bytes
1008H	Current time			Decimal 1023 10 is hours, 23 is minutes.	2Bytes
1009H	Generator frequency	Hz	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
100AH	Generator voltage L1	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
100BH	Generator voltage L2	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
100CH	Generator voltage L3	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
100DH	Generator voltage L1-L2	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
100EH	Generator voltage L2-L3	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
100FH	Generator voltage L3-L1	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1010H	Generator current L1	Α	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1011H	Generator current L2	А	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1012H	Generator current L3	А	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1013H	Generator total current	А	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1014H	Apparent power S1	kVA	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1015H	Apparent power S2	kVA	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1016H	Apparent power S3	kVA	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1017H	Total Apparent power	kVA	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1018H	Active power P1	kW	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1019H	Active power P2	kW	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
101AH	Active power P3	kW	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
101BH	Total Active power	kW	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
101CH	Reactive power Q1	kVar	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes



101DH	Reactive power Q2	kVar	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
101EH	Reactive power Q3	kVar	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
101FH	Total Reactive power	kVar	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1020H	Power factor PF1		x 0.01	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1021H	Power factor PF2		x 0.01	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1022H	Power factor PF3		x 0.01	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1023H	Average Power factor		x 0.01	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1024H	Mains frequency	Hz	x 0.1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1025H	Mains voltage L1	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1026H	Mains voltage L2	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1027H	Mains voltage L3	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1028H	Mains voltage L1-L2	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1029H	Mains voltage L2-L3	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
102AH	Mains voltage L3-L1	V	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
102BH	Reserve				2Bytes
102CH	Primary maintenance date			bit0~bit4:Day bit5~bit8:Month bit9~bit15:Year	2Bytes
102DH	Primary maintenance countdown	Н	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
102EH	Secondary maintenance date			bit0~bit4:Day bit5~bit8:Month bit9~bit15:Year	2Bytes
102FH	Secondary maintenance countdown	Н	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1030H	Third maintenance date			bit0~bit4:Day bit5~bit8:Month bit9~bit15:Year	2Bytes
1031H	Third maintenance countdown	Н	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1032H	Switch input status			Reference: Input status table	2Bytes





1033H	Relay output			Reference:Output status table	2Bytes
1034H	Running time	Н	x 0.1		2Bytes
1035H	Total crank times	times			2Bytes
1036H	Total running time.H			Total running time = (Total running time.H x 65536 +	2Bytes
1037H	Total running time.L	Н	x 0.1	Total running time.L) x 0.1(H)	2Bytes
1038H	Dynamic load rate	%	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1039H	Current load rate	%	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
103AH	Average load rate	%	x1	20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
103BH	Current consumption.H			Current consumption = Current consumption.H x	2Bytes
103CH	Current consumption.L	kWh	X1	65536 + Current consumption.L(kWh)	2Bytes
103DH	Total consumption.H			Total consumption = Total consumption.H x 65536 +	2Bytes
103EH	Total consumption.L	kWh	X1	Total consumption.L(kWh)	2Bytes
103FH	Gear status			Reference:Gear status table	2Bytes
1040H	ATS status			Reference:ATS status table	2Bytes
1041H	Running status			Reference:Running status table	2Bytes
1042H	LED status			Reference:LED status table	2Bytes
1043H	Alarm code			Reference:Alarm code table	2Bytes
1044H	Warning code 4			Reference:Warning code table	2Bytes
1045H	Warning code 3			Reference:Warning code table	2Bytes
1046H	Warning code 2			Reference:Warning code table	2Bytes
1047H	Warning code 1			Reference:Warning code table	2Bytes
1048H	Reserve				2Bytes
1049H	Reserve				2Bytes
104AH	Reserve				2Bytes
104BH	Reserve				2Bytes
104CH	Reserve				2Bytes
104DH	Reserve				2Bytes
104EH	Reserve				2Bytes





	Τ_				1 00 :
104FH	Reserve				2Bytes
1050H	Reserve		1		2Bytes
1051H	Reserve				2Bytes
1052H	Reserve				2Bytes
1053H	Oil pressure value	PSI	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1054H	Water temperature value	$^{\circ}$	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1055H	Oil temperature value	\mathbb{C}	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1056H	Cylinder temperature	\mathbb{C}	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1057H	Box temperature value	$^{\circ}$	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1058H	Fuel level value	%	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1059H	Sensor 1 resistance	Ω	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
105AH	Sensor 2 resistance	Ω	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
105BH	Sensor 3 resistance	Ω	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
105CH	Sensor 4 resistance	Ω	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
105DH	Reserve				2Bytes
105EH	Reserve				2Bytes
105FH	Reserve				2Bytes
1060H	Reserve				2Bytes
1061H	Reserve				2Bytes
1062H	Reserve				2Bytes
1063H	Reserve				2Bytes
1064H	Reserve				2Bytes
1065H	Reserve				2Bytes
1066H	Reserve				2Bytes



1067H	Sensor 5 resistance	Ω	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1068H	Sensor 6 resistance	Ω	x1	50000:Open state value 20000:Disabled status value	2Bytes
1069H	Reserve				2Bytes

◆ Table 2: Data area mapped by function code 06H(Write only support)

2001H Key command Stop: 1111H 2Bytes Manual: 2222H Automatic: 3333H TEST: 4444H Start: 5555H MUTE: 6666H	Address (HEX)	Item	Special instructions	Length
GEN Closing and opening: 7777H Mains Closing and opening: 8888H	2001H	Key command	Manual: 2222H Automatic: 3333H TEST: 4444H Start: 5555H MUTE: 6666H GEN Closing and opening: 7777H	2Bytes

◆ Table 3: Data area mapped by function code 10H(Write only support)

Address (HEX)	Item	Special instructions	Length
2000H	user password	Parameter setting password (default 07623)	2Bytes
2001H	Key command	Stop: 1111H Manual: 2222H Automatic: 3333H TEST: 4444H Start: 5555H MUTE: 6666H GEN Closing and opening: 7777H Mains Closing and opening: 8888H	2Bytes

♦ Input status table

Address (HEX)	Data bit	Information	Special instructions	Length
	bit0	EMERGENCY STOP INPUT	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit1	AUX. INPUT 1	Binary 0 is valid	1bit
	bit2	AUX. INPUT 2	Binary 0 is valid	1bit
	bit3	AUX. INPUT 3	Binary 0 is valid	1bit
1032H	bit4	AUX. INPUT 4	Binary 0 is valid	1bit
	bit5	AUX. INPUT 5	Binary 0 is valid	1bit
	bit6	AUX. INPUT 6	Binary 0 is valid	1bit
	bit7	AUX. INPUT 7	Binary 0 is valid	1bit
	bit8	AUX. INPUT 8	Binary 0 is valid	1bit

◆ Output status table

Address (HEX)	Data bit	Information	Special instructions	Length
1033H	bit0	FUEL OUTPUT	Binary 1 is valid	1bit



bit1	CRANK OUTPUT	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit2	AUX.OUTPUT 1	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit3	AUX.OUTPUT 2	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit4	AUX.OUTPUT 3	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit5	AUX.OUTPUT 4	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit6	AUX.OUTPUT 5	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit7	AUX.OUTPUT 6	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit8	AUX.OUTPUT 7	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit9	AUX.OUTPUT 8	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit2 bit3 bit4 bit5 bit6 bit7 bit8	bit2 AUX.OUTPUT 1 bit3 AUX.OUTPUT 2 bit4 AUX.OUTPUT 3 bit5 AUX.OUTPUT 4 bit6 AUX.OUTPUT 5 bit7 AUX.OUTPUT 6 bit8 AUX.OUTPUT 7	bit2 AUX.OUTPUT 1 Binary 1 is valid bit3 AUX.OUTPUT 2 Binary 1 is valid bit4 AUX.OUTPUT 3 Binary 1 is valid bit5 AUX.OUTPUT 4 Binary 1 is valid bit6 AUX.OUTPUT 5 Binary 1 is valid bit7 AUX.OUTPUT 6 Binary 1 is valid bit8 AUX.OUTPUT 7 Binary 1 is valid

♦ Gear status table

Address(HEX)	Information
	0033H:Stop
402FU	0066H:Manual
103FH	0099H:Auto
	00CCH:TEST

◆ ATS status table

* **** • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Address(HEX)	Information
	0000H:MAINS Closing
1040H	0066H:NC
	0099H:GEN Closing

◆ Running status table

Running Status Code (HEX)	Information	Special instructions
0000H	Stop Idle Speed	
0001H	Under stop	
0002H	Waiting	
0003H	Crank Cancel	
0004H	Crank Interval	
0005H	Alarm,Reset	This state does not display the delay value
0006Н	Standby	This state does not display the delay value
0007H	Pre-heat	-
0008H	Pre-oil Supply	
0009H	Crank Delay	
000AH	Crank Ready	
000BH	In Crank	
000CH	Safety Delay	
000DH	Idle speed	
000EH	Speed-up	
000FH	Temperature-up	
0010H	Volt-built/up	
0011H	High-speed warming	
0012H	Rated running	This state does not display the delay value
0013H	Mains revert	
0014H	Cooling running	
0015H	Gen return	





0016H	Under stop by radiator	This state does not display the delay value
0017H	Switching	This state does not display the delay value

♦ LED status table

Address (HEX)	Data bit	Information	Special instructions	Length
1042H	bit0	Gens Normal	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit1	Gens loading	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit2	Mains Normal	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit3	Mains loading	Binary 1 is valid	1bit

◆ Alarm code table

◆ Alarm code table Alarm code(HEX)	Information	
0000H	None	
0001H	Over speed	
0002H	Under speed	
0003H	Low oil pressure sensor	
0004H	Low oil pressure switch	
0005H	High water temperature sensor	
0006H	High water temperature switch	
0007H	High oil temperature sensor	
0008H	High oil temperature switch	
0009H	High cylinder temperature sensor	
000AH	High cylinder temperature switch	
000BH	High box temperature sensor	
000CH	High box temperature switch	
000DH	Low fuel level sensor	
000EH	Low fuel level switch	
000FH	Low oil level switch	
0010H	Instant load switch	
0011H	Instant alarm switch	
0012H	Reserve	
0013H	RPM Signal lost	
0014H	Oil pressure sensor open	
0015H	Water temperature sensor open	
0016H	Oil temperature sensor open	
0017H	Cylinder temperature sensor open	
0018H	Box Temperature sensor open	
0019H	Fuel level sensor open	
001AH	Over frequency	
001BH	Under frequency	
001CH	Over voltage	
001DH	Under voltage	
001EH	Over current	
001FH	Non-balance of current	
0020H	Over power	
0021H	Reserve	
0022H	Reserve	



0023H	Genset switch on failure		
0024H	Genset switch off failure		
0025H	Mains switch on failure		
0026H	Mains switch off failure		
0027H	Primary maintenance expire		
0028H	Secondary maintenance expire		
0029H	Third maintenance expire		
002AH	ECU STOP ALARM		
002BH	ECU Communication Failure		
002CH	Low water level switch		
002DH	Shades open abnormal		
002EH	Emergency stop		
002FH	Crank failure		
0030H	Stop failure/ with RPM		
0031H	Stop failure/ with Hz		
0032H	Stop failure/ with oil pressure		
0033H	Stop failure/ oil pressure switch		
0034H	Stop failure/ charging		

♦ Warning code table

	♦ Warning code table			
Address (HEX)	Data bit	Information	Special instructions	Length
	bit0	Over speed	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit1	Under speed	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit2	Low oil pressure sensor	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit3	Low oil pressure switch	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit4	High water temperature sensor	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit5	High water temperature switch	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit6	High oil temperature sensor	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit7	High oil temperature switch	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
1047H	bit8	High cylinder temperature sensor	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit9	High cylinder temperature switch	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit10	High tank temperature sensor	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit11	High tank temperature switch	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit12	Low fuel level sensor	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit13	Low fuel level switch	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit14	Low oil level switch	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit15	Instant switch open switch	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit0	Instant alarm switch	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
1046H	bit1	Reserve	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit2	RPM Signal lost	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit3	Oil pressure sensor open	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit4	Water temperature sensor open	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit5	Oil temperature sensor open	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit6	Cylinder temperature sensor open	Binary 1 is valid	1bit



DC9xD CONTROLLER COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

bit7	Box temperature sensor open	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit8	Fuel level sensor open	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit9	Over frequency	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit10	Under frequency	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit11	Over voltage	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit12	Under voltage	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit13	Over current	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit14	Non-balance of current	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit15	Over power	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit0	Reserve	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit1	Reserve	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit2	Genset switch on failure	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit3	Genset switch off failure	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit4	Mains switch on failure	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit5	Mains switch off failure	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit6	Primary maintenance expire	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit7	Secondary maintenance	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	expire		
bit8	Third maintenance expire	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit9	ECU faults warning	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit10	ECU communication Failure	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit11	Low water level switch	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit12	Over battery voltage	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit13	Under battery voltage	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit14	Charger fault	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
bit15	Battery charger fault	Binary 1 is valid	1bit
	bit8 bit9 bit10 bit11 bit12 bit13 bit14 bit15 bit0 bit1 bit2 bit3 bit4 bit5 bit6 bit7 bit8 bit9 bit10 bit11 bit12 bit13	bit8 Fuel level sensor open bit9 Over frequency bit10 Under frequency bit11 Over voltage bit12 Under voltage bit13 Over current bit14 Non-balance of current bit15 Over power bit0 Reserve bit1 Reserve bit2 Genset switch on failure bit3 Genset switch off failure bit4 Mains switch off failure bit5 Mains switch off failure bit6 Primary maintenance expire bit7 Secondary maintenance expire bit8 Third maintenance expire bit9 ECU faults warning bit10 ECU communication Failure bit11 Low water level switch bit12 Over battery voltage bit13 Under battery voltage bit13 Charger fault	bit8 Fuel level sensor open Binary 1 is valid bit9 Over frequency Binary 1 is valid bit10 Under frequency Binary 1 is valid bit11 Over voltage Binary 1 is valid bit12 Under voltage Binary 1 is valid bit13 Over current Binary 1 is valid bit14 Non-balance of current Binary 1 is valid bit15 Over power Binary 1 is valid bit0 Reserve Binary 1 is valid bit1 Reserve Binary 1 is valid bit2 Genset switch on failure Binary 1 is valid bit3 Genset switch off failure Binary 1 is valid bit4 Mains switch off failure Binary 1 is valid bit5 Mains switch off failure Binary 1 is valid bit6 Primary maintenance expire Binary 1 is valid bit7 Secondary maintenance expire Binary 1 is valid bit9 ECU faults warning Binary 1 is valid bit10 ECU communication Failure Binary 1 is valid bit10 ECU communication Failure Binary 1 is valid bit11 Low water level switch Binary 1 is valid bit12 Over battery voltage Binary 1 is valid bit13 Under battery voltage Binary 1 is valid Binary 1 is valid bit13 Under battery voltage Binary 1 is valid B