Improving HttpClient Instance Management with HttpClientFactory



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Coming Up



The Problem with Disposing HttpClient Working with HttpClientFactory

- Direct
- Named
- Typed



The Problem with Disposing HttpClient Instances (Part 1)



When disposing HttpClient the underlying HttpClientHandler is disposed, which closes the underlying connection

- Reopening the connection is slow
- As it takes time to close a connection, we might not have a socket available for a new one





The Problem with Disposing HttpClient Instances



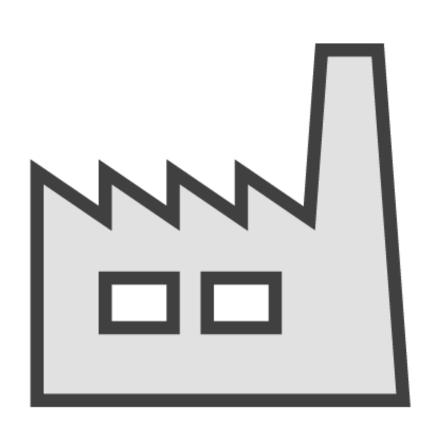
The Problem with Disposing HttpClient Instances (Part 2)



When we reuse
HttpClient/HttpClientHandler instances
(and thus the connection), DNS changes
aren't honoured

- Can lead to requests not arriving at the correct server
- Leads to issues when using Azure PaaS services

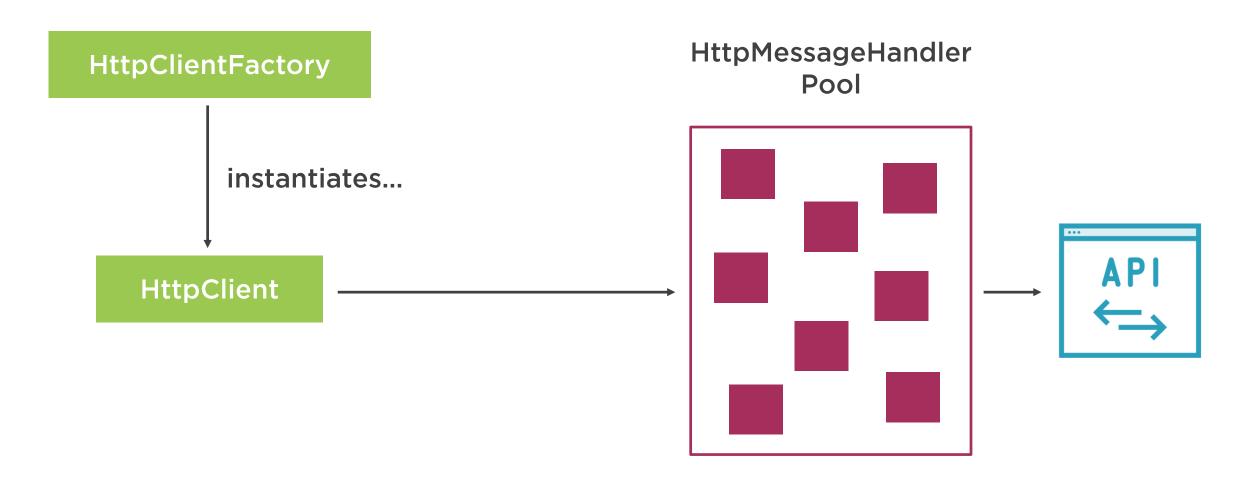




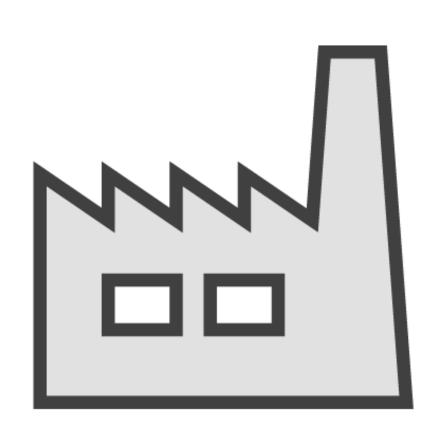
HttpClientFactory

- Introduced with .NET Core 2.1
- Used to create and manage instances of HttpClient and underlying handler(s)





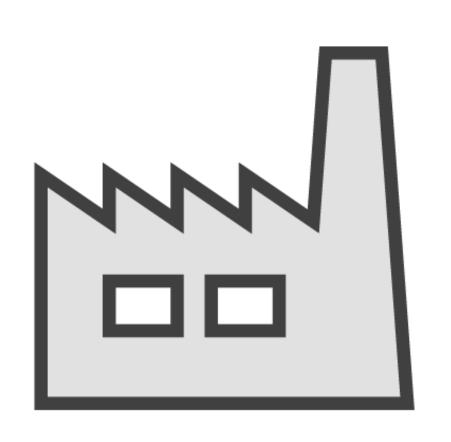




Reusing handlers allows reusing the underlying connection, which solves the socket issue

Disposing of handlers after 2 minutes (=default) solves the DNS issue





HttpClientFactory provides a central location for naming and configuring logical HttpClients

For these, we can configure handlers and policies





Using HttpClientFactory to Manage HttpClient Instances





Using Named Instances and Defaults





Configuring the Primary Message Handler





Using Typed Instances





Using Typed Instances with Type-scoped Configuration





Extending Typed Instances with Interaction Methods



Summary



Problems with HttpClient

- When we dispose HttpClient the underlying HttpClientHandler is disposed, which closes the underlying connection
- When we reuse the connection, DNS changes aren't honoured



Summary



HttpClientFactory mitigates these issues

- Supports direct, named and typed instances

