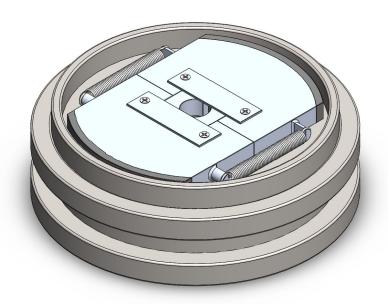
Clutch Assembly

Mech 200

University of Victoria Fall 2020



Group: 20

Aidan Sarkozy V00937139 Alexander Godfrey V00937687 Blaine Tubungbanua V00918128 Colm Molder V00937879 Josh Jacoby V00942978

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1.0 Design Calculations

The following sections will demonstrate the calculations that lead to our determination of clutch shoe geometry, friction lining, shoe/clutch material, and spring coefficient.

At full power:
$$w_0 = \frac{\alpha \rho M \times 2 \ell^n}{60} = \frac{710 \times 2 \ell^n}{60} = 74.4 \frac{rab}{5}$$
At 65% power:
$$w_1 = 0.65 w_0 = 48.3 \frac{rab}{5}$$
At full speed, Tangential force:
$$F_T = \frac{\rho}{2rw} = \frac{280w}{2(0.0889m) \cdot 74.4 \frac{rab}{5}} = 21.1667 \frac{Nm}{5} = N$$
Fr

Airection of rotation

1.1

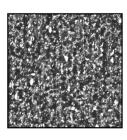
Figure 1: FBD Tangential force of clutch shoe.

$$N = \frac{R PM \times 2 \pi \delta}{12 \frac{in}{ft}} = \frac{7 10 R PM \times 17 \times 6.5}{12 \frac{in}{ft}} = \frac{1208.2}{min}$$

Calculate Normal Force such that it is equal to F_{τ} :

$$f_f = F_T$$
 $MF_N = F_T$
 $F_N = \frac{27.8N}{0.35} = 65.14 N$

* Note: We chose part number 6090K22 (medium friction clutch & break lining) from McMaster Carr. It has a coefficient of friction of 0.35



Each	In stock \$27.89 Each
ADD TO ORDER	6090K22

Construction	Molded	
Thickness	3/16"	
Width	7 1/2"	
Length	7 1/2"	
Maximum Rubbing Speed	5,000 fpm @ 500 psi	
Maximum Coefficient of	0.35	
Friction	0.35	
Maximum Temperature	550° F	
Maximum Pressure	500 psi	
RoHS	RoHS 3 (2015/863/EU) Compliant	
REACH	REACH (EC 1907/2006) (06/25/2020, 209 SVHC) Compliant	
DFARS	Specialty Metals COTS-Exempt	
Country of Origin	United States	

These sheets provide stable torque at high and low speeds. Also known as friction material, they can be riveted or bonded. They do not contain

Figure 2: Friction Brake and Clutch Lining Data Sheet

Step 3

1) Calculate the minimum surface area for the clutch shoes.

$$A_{TOT} = \frac{F_N}{\rho} = \frac{65.14 N}{500 psi \cdot 6.8948 kpa} = 0.000018913 m^2$$

$$A_{\text{shoe}} = \frac{A_{\text{TOT}}}{2} = 0.000009456 \,\text{m}^2 = 0.01465 \,\text{in}^2$$

Therefore the minimum area of a shee is 0.015in2

Step 4

1) The normal force obtained from the centripital force. Calculate the value for (mass of shoe). (radial distance to C.M.) necessary to obtain the centripital force requirez.

@ 65% operating speed, centripital force equals spring force

Thus

$$M_{r} = \frac{F_{N}}{\omega_{o}^{2} - \omega_{i}^{2}} = 0.01021 \text{ lngm}$$

Step 5

1)
$$F_5 = Mrw^2 = (0.01021 \text{kg·m}) (48.4 \frac{\text{rab}}{5})^2 = 23.9 \text{N}$$

$$F_5 = K(x-x_0)$$

- 2) Estimate an r value and find the corresponding M choose r=169in2 50: $M = \frac{6.0102 \text{ kg m}}{1.69 \times 0.0254 \text{ m}} = 0.2376 \text{ kg}$
- 3) Pick a material: Aluminum $\int = 2710 \quad \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$ $\frac{\dot{\rho}}{M} = V$ $V = \frac{0.2376}{2710 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}} = 0.060087675 \text{m}^3 = 5.35 \text{ inches}^3$

$$\frac{\text{Constraints}}{\text{SA7}} = \frac{\text{Constraints}}{\text{SA7}} = 0.01465 \text{ in}^2$$

$$v = 1.69 \text{ in}$$

$$m = 0.7376 \text{ kg}$$

$$\int = 2716 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

$$cc \text{ length: } 4.37 \times 0.5 = 2.185 \text{ inches}^3 > 0.01465 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\int = 2716 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

From the choice of c, found volume of the Shoe.

In Solid vortes we created the shoe where its centre

Of mass was a extance of from centre of clutch.

and it had volume we coloniated using of.

Surface Area

SAmin = 0.01465 in 2 Our SA = (arc length)(shoe thickness)

w values
from above = (4.37")(0.5")

= 2.185"² > SAmin

With our values, our minimum surface area is 0.01465in² per shoe. In solid works, our ACTUAL surface area is 2.185in², which is more than enough.

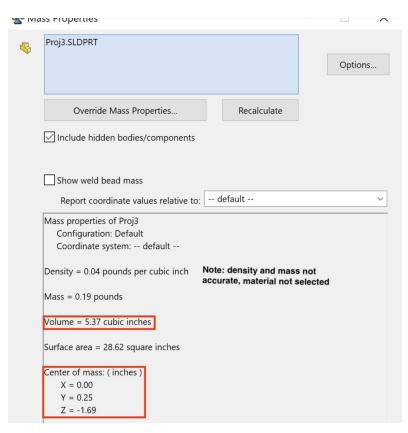
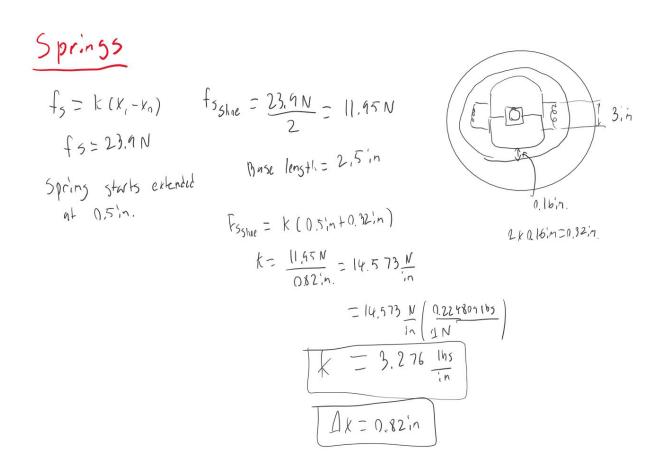


Figure 3: Mass properties of clutch shoe. The center of mass is a distance of r=1.69in.



In order to uphold the constraint of a 4L drive belt, we have selected the following V-belt.

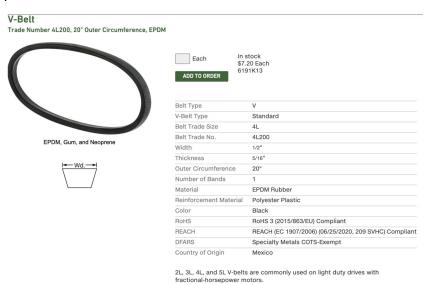


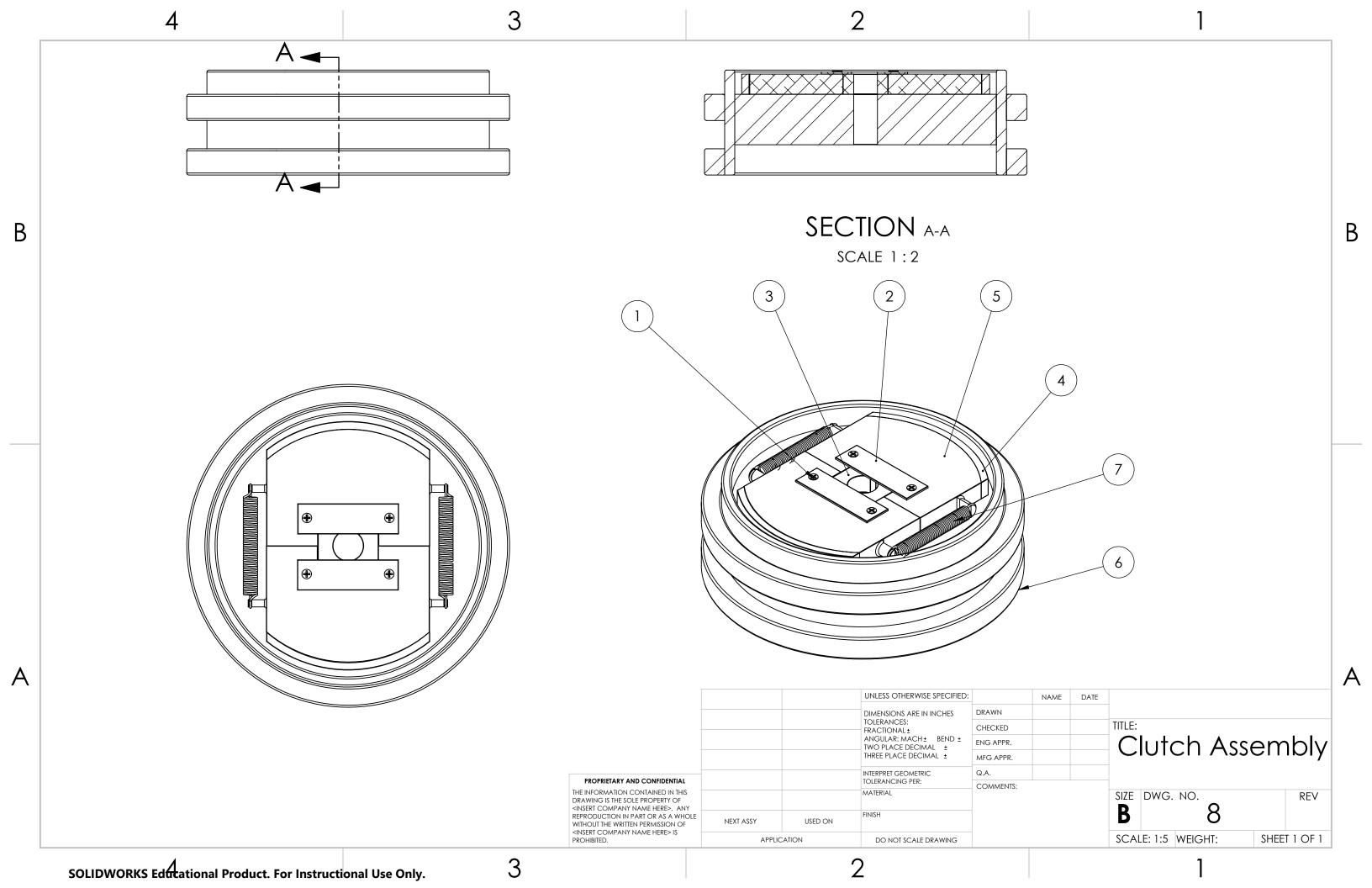
Figure 4: V-belt, to interface clutch with drivetrain.

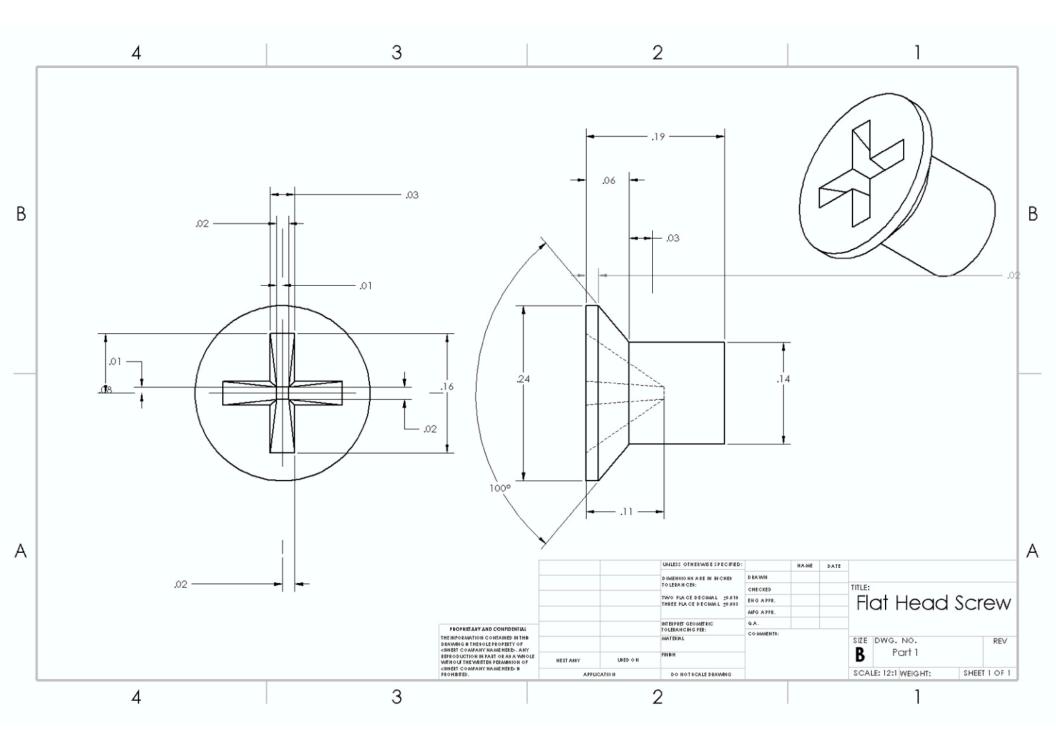
2.0 Bill of Materials

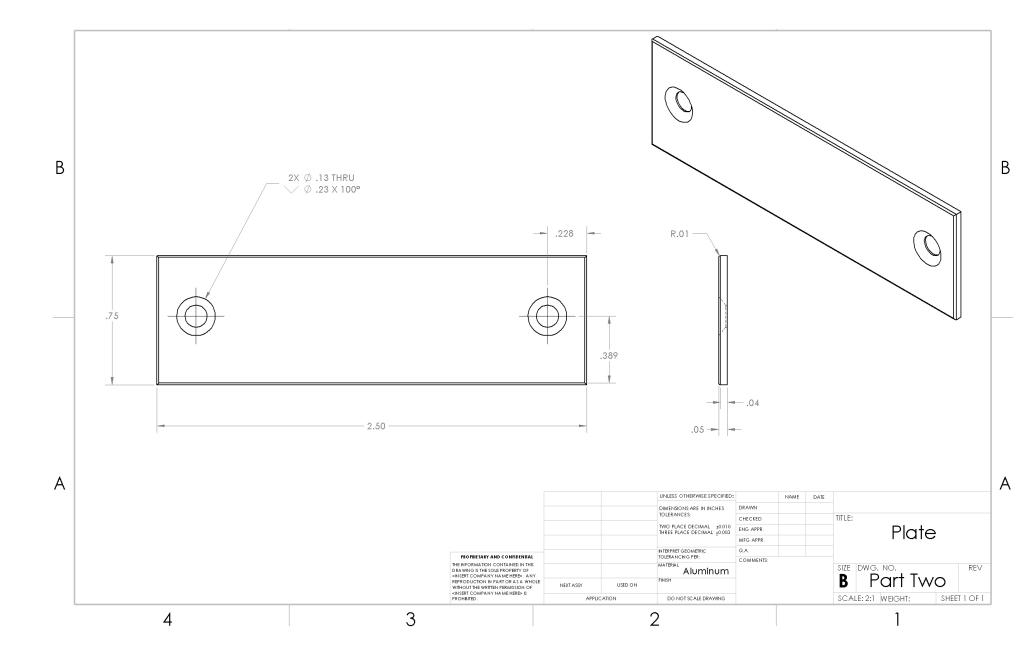
Table 1: Bill of Materials

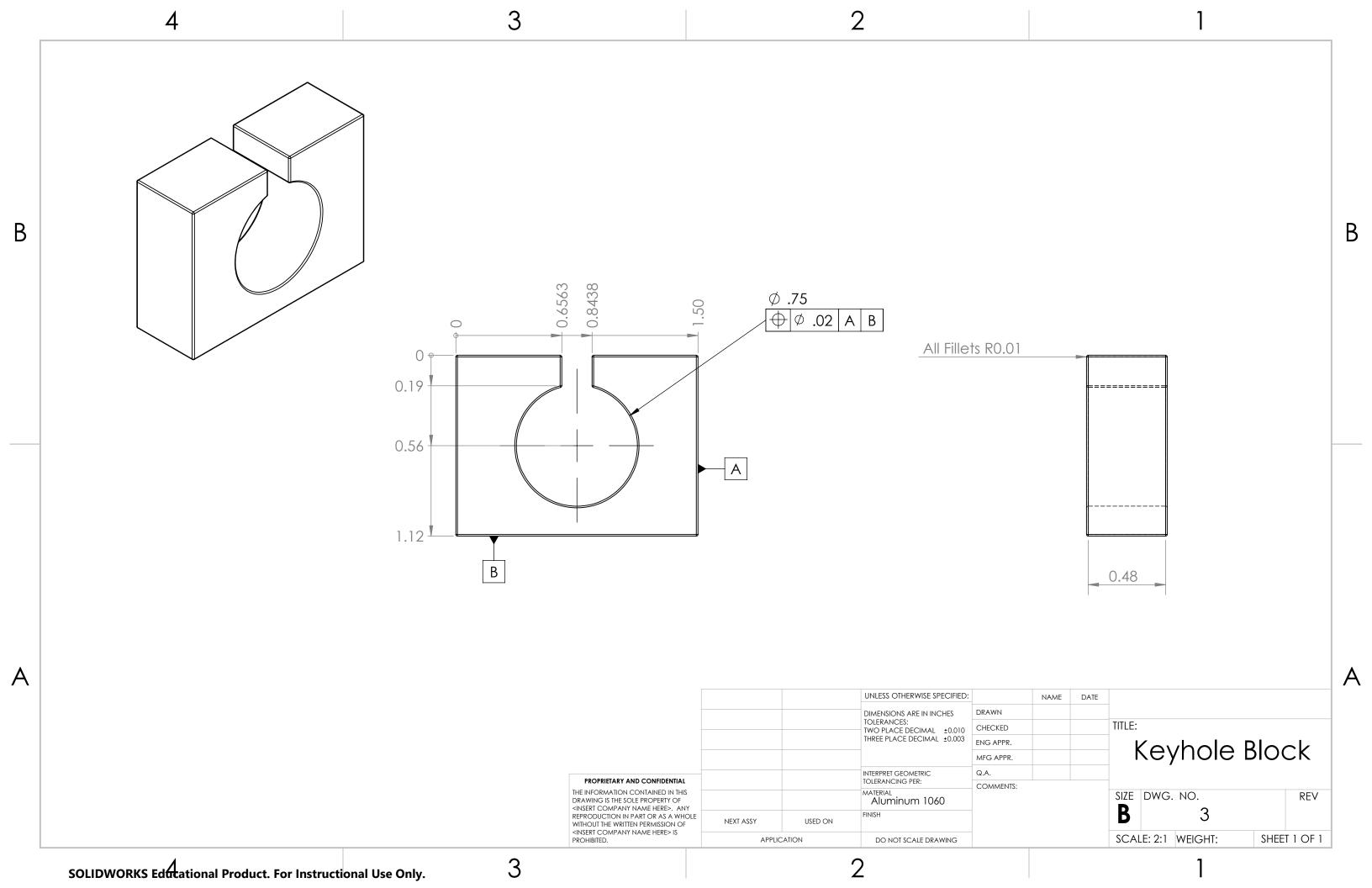
ITEM NO.	PART NAME	DESCRIPTION	
1*	Flat Head Screw	A Fastener.	4
2	Plate	Holds Keyhole Block in place.	2
3	Keyhole Block	Interfaces with motor drive axle.	1
4	Friction Pad	Interfaces Clutch drum and Clutch shoe.	2
5	Clutch shoe	Applies tangential force to clutch drum when spun.	2
6	Clutch Drum	Interfaces with Clutch shoes, transmitting rotation through belt to drivetrain.	1
7 *	Spring	Restricts shoes from interfacing with the drum when spinning slow.	

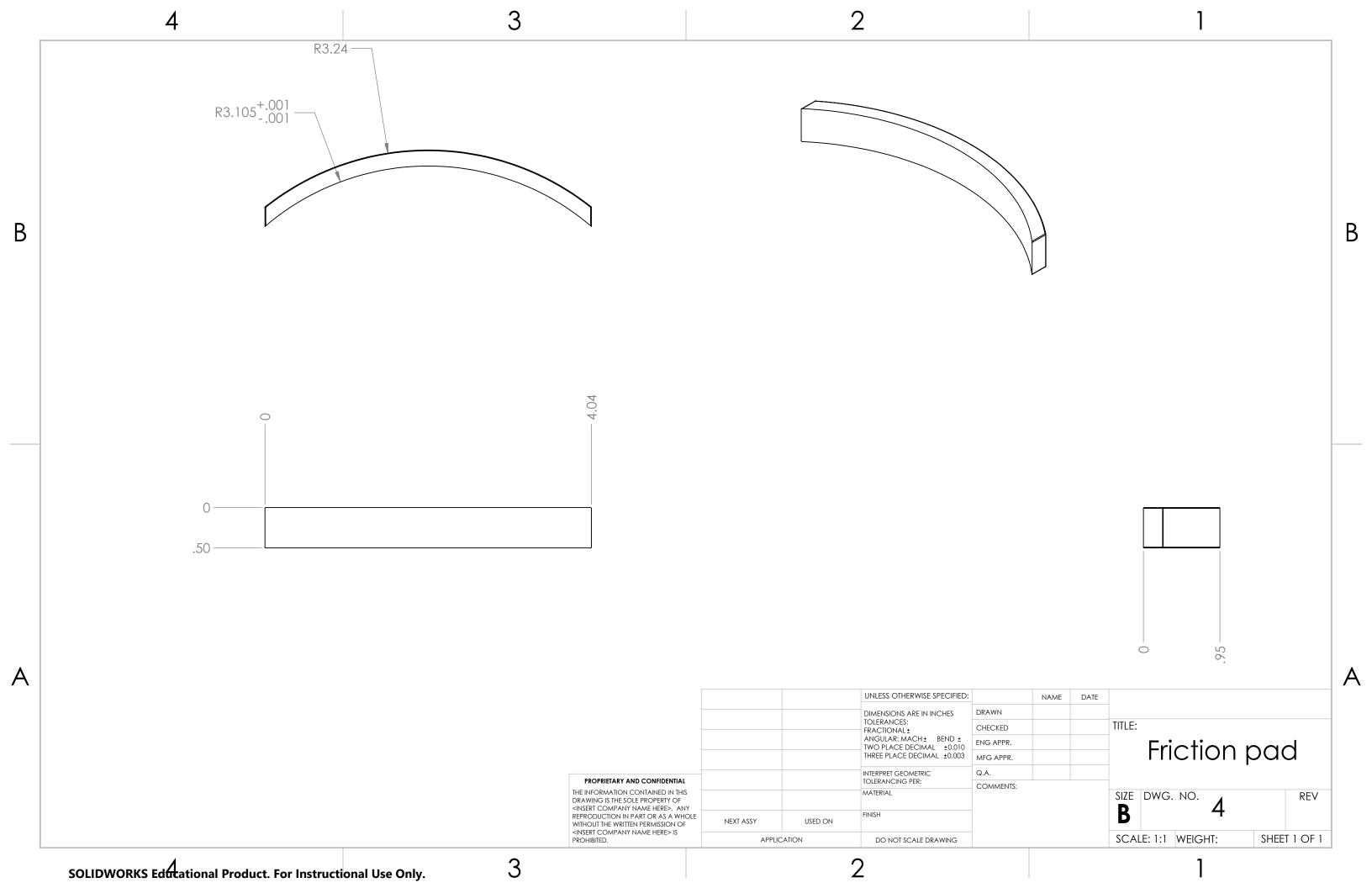
^{*}From McMaster-Carr

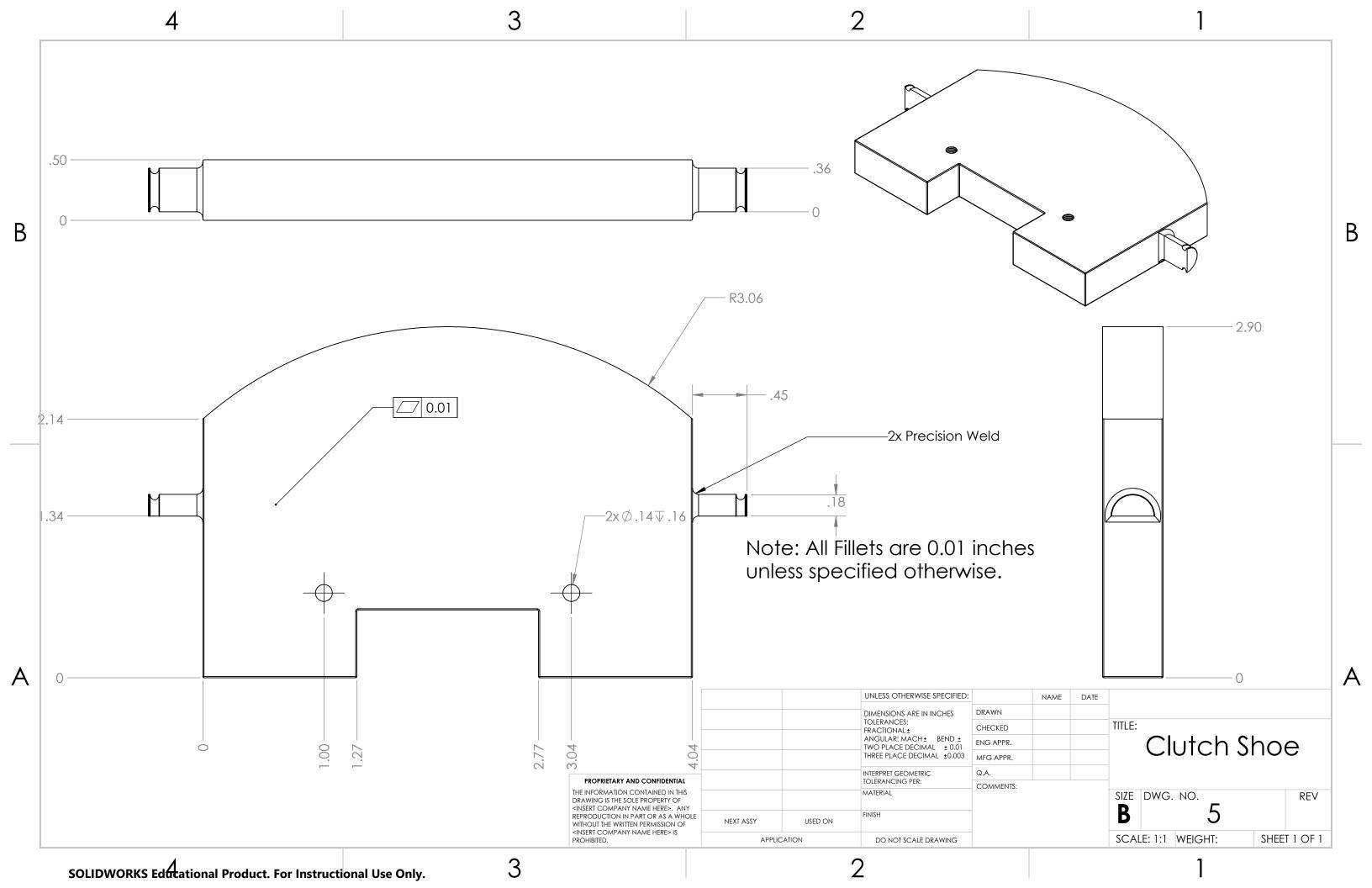


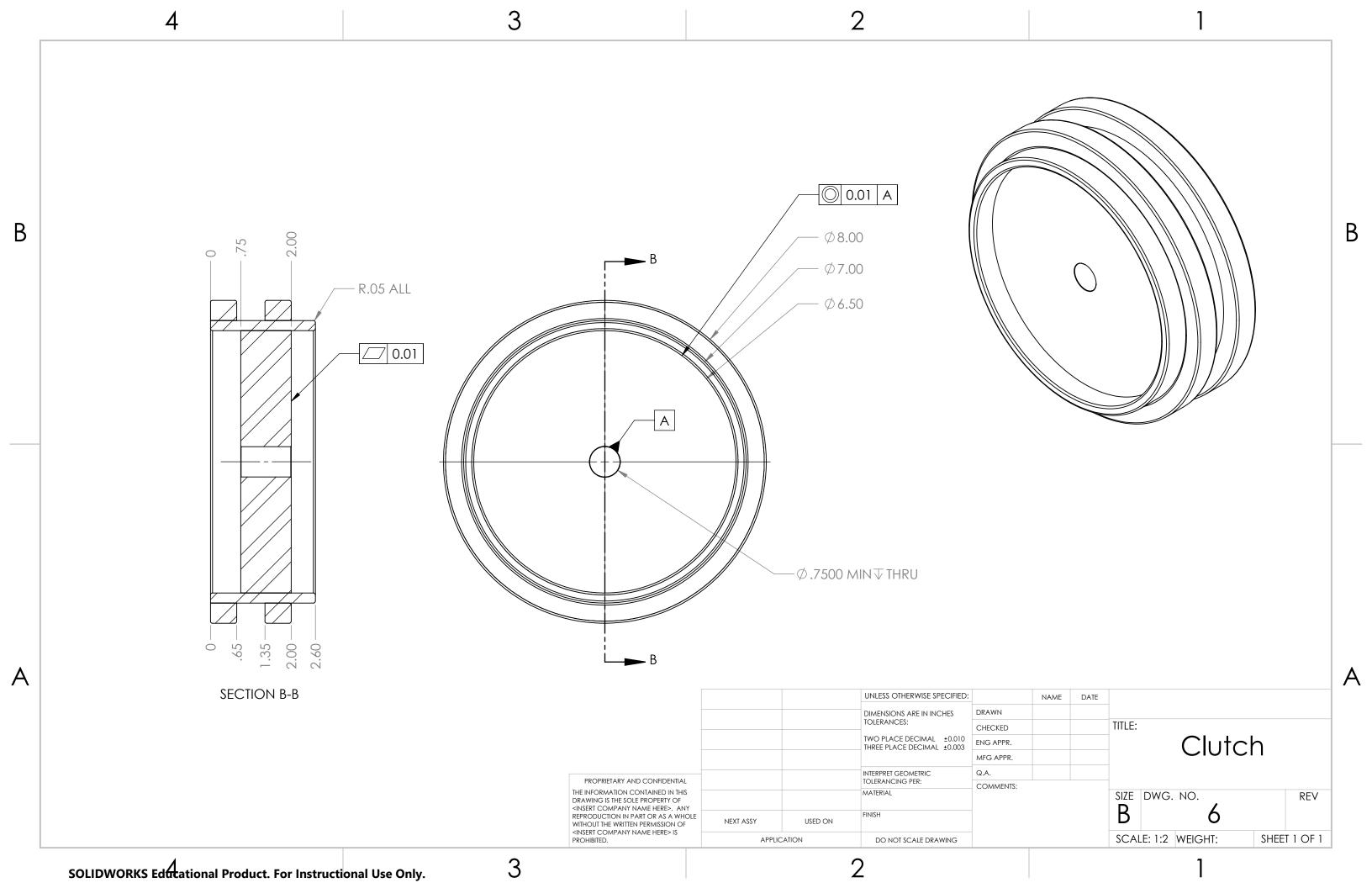


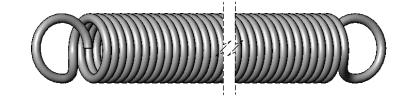


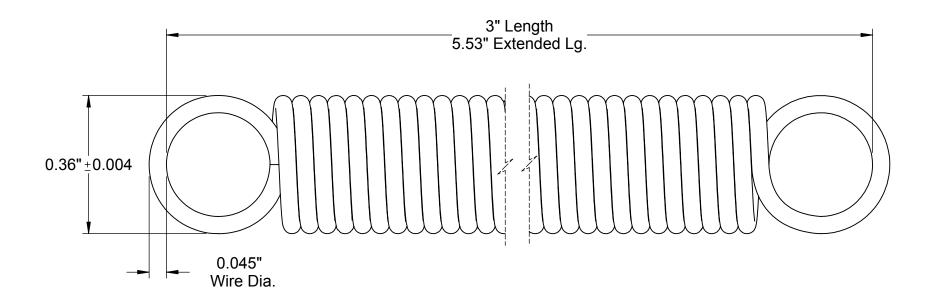












McMASTER-CARR®	PART NUMBER	9044K265
http://www.mcmaster.com		Extension
© 2019 McMaster-Carr Supply Company	Spring	
Information in this drawing is provided for reference only.		

4.0 References

[1] "McMaster-Carr," *McMaster*. [Online]. Available: https://www.mcmaster.com/. [Accessed: 14-Nov-2020].

[2] "3D CAD Design Software," *Solidworks*. [Online]. Available: https://www.solidworks.com/. [Accessed: 14-Nov-2020].

[3] *University of Victoria - Mech 240*. [Online]. Available: https://bright.uvic.ca/d2l/home/53503. [Accessed: 14-Nov-2020].