



Vlad Ureche vlad.ureche@epfl.ch

Generic Code

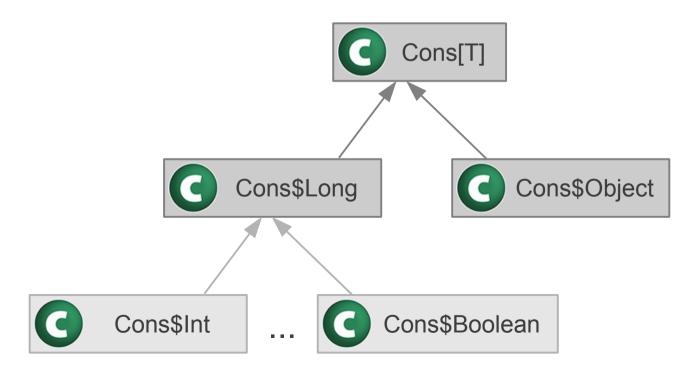
enables reuse
not custom-tailored
especially for value types
Cons\$Int
Cons\$Long
Cons\$Object

State of the Art

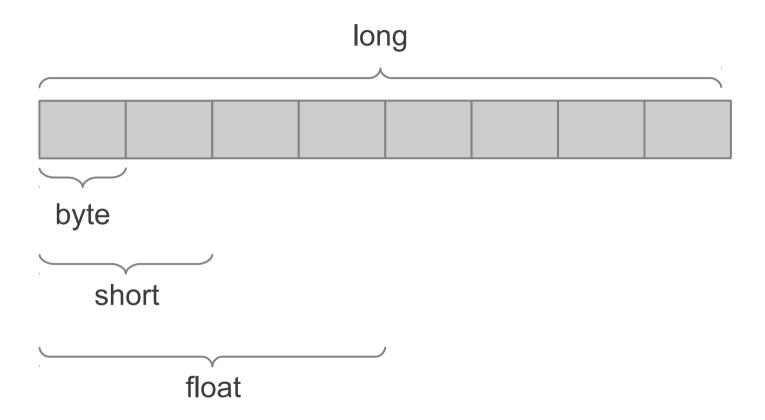
- dot net
 - runtime specialization, very little overhead
 - doesn't apply to Java bytecode erasure
- pizza
 - runtime specialization via classloader
 - complex changes, reflection, slow
- static specialization
 - static specialization during compilation
 - massive amounts of bytecode Map[K,V]

Miniboxing

- dot net-like runtime specialization
 - two stages: compile-time and runtime
 - reduces specialization to constant propagation



Insight



Main slowdown

- Restore the original type
- Restore the boxed type

```
t.toString

T$type match {
  case INT => Integer.valueOf(t.toLong).toString
  ...
}
```

Runtime Specialization

T\$type

- constant value
- particular for each instance
- embed as a constant in the class file
- using a runtime classloader

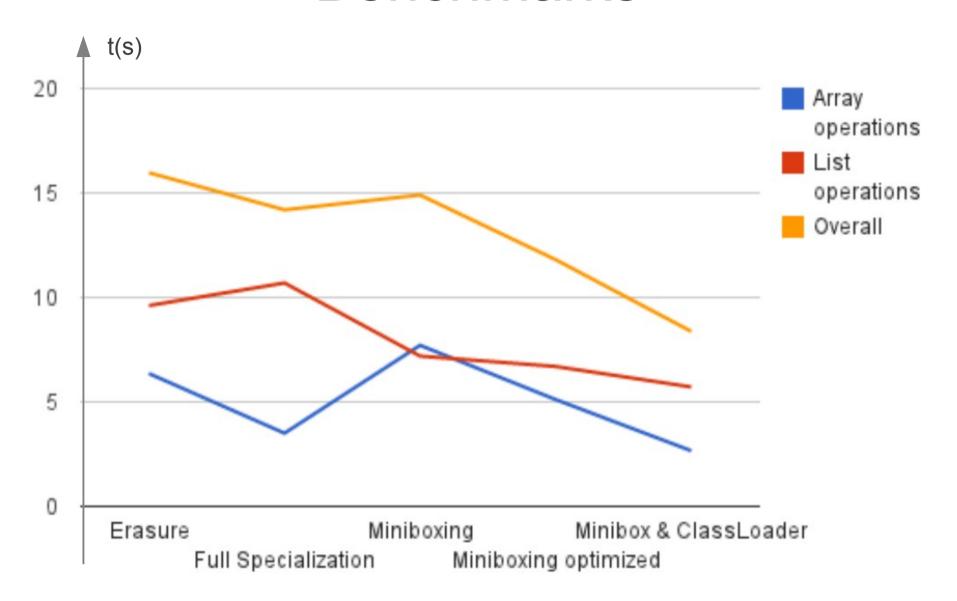
• JVM

- constant propagation
- dead code elimination

Runtime Specialization

```
t.toString
T$type match {
  case INT => Integer.valueOf(t.toLong).toString
Integer.valueOf(t.toInt).toString
```

Benchmarks



MethodHandles

- Classloader approach is complex
- MethodHandles could help

```
def foo[T](t: T) = ???

def foo(T$Type: Byte, t: Long) = ???

val fooChar = fooMH.bindTo(CHAR)
val fooLong = fooMH.bindTo(LONG)
```



github.com/miniboxing