Scan Report

January 27, 2023

Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone "Coordinated Universal Time", which is abbreviated "UTC". The task was "Immediate scan of IP 172.16.1.9". The scan started at Mon Jan 16 12:15:40 2023 UTC and ended at Mon Jan 16 12:35:59 2023 UTC. The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
172.16.1.9	4	11	2	0	0
Total: 1	4	11	2	0	0

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are off. Even when a result has an override, this report uses the actual threat of the result.

Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

Issues with the threat level "Log" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Debug" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "False Positive" are not shown.

Only results with a minimum QoD of 70 are shown.

This report contains all 17 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 78 results.

2 Results per Host

$2.1 \quad 172.16.1.9$

Host scan start Mon Jan 16 12:16:33 2023 UTC Host scan end Mon Jan 16 12:35:53 2023 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
$443/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
$445/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
80/tcp	High
3389/tcp	Medium
$443/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
$135/{ m tcp}$	Medium
$443/\mathrm{tcp}$	Low
general/tcp	Low

2.1.1 High 443/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)

 $NVT: MS15-034 \ HTTP.sys \ Remote \ Code \ Execution \ Vulnerability \ (Active \ Check)$

Product detection result

cpe:/a:microsoft:internet_information_services:8.5

Detected by Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) Detection (HTTP) (OID: $\hookrightarrow 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900710$)

Summary

This host is missing an important security update according to Microsoft Bulletin MS15-034.

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to run arbitrary code in the context of the current user and to perform actions in the security context of the current user.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

The vendor has released updates. Please see the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

- Microsoft Windows 8 x32/x64
- Microsoft Windows 8.1 x32/x64
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 x32/x64 Service Pack 2 and prior
- Microsoft Windows 7 x32/x64 Service Pack 1 and prior

Vulnerability Insight

Flaw exists due to the HTTP protocol stack 'HTTP.sys' that is triggered when parsing HTTP requests.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Send a special crafted HTTP GET request and check the response

Details: MS15-034 HTTP.sys Remote Code Execution Vulnerability (Active Check)

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105257 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2022\text{-}12\text{-}05T10\text{:}11\text{:}03Z \end{aligned}$

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:microsoft:internet_information_services:8.5

Method: Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) Detection (HTTP)

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900710)

References

cve: CVE-2015-1635

cisa: Known Exploited Vulnerability (KEV) catalog

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url: https://www.cisa.gov/known-exploited-vulnerabilities-catalog

url: https://support.microsoft.com/kb/3042553

url: https://technet.microsoft.com/library/security/MS15-034

url: http://pastebin.com/ypURDPc4

cert-bund: CB-K15/0527 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0545

High (CVSS: 7.5)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Vulnerable Cipher Suites for HTTPS

Summary

This routine reports all SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service where attack vectors exists only on HTTPS services.

Vulnerability Detection Result

'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol: TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA (SWEET32)

'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol: TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA (SWEET32)

'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol: TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA (SWEET32)

'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol: TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA (SWEET32)

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

The configuration of this services should be changed so that it does not accept the listed cipher suites anymore.

Please see the references for more resources supporting you with this task.

Affected Software/OS

Services accepting vulnerable SSL/TLS cipher suites via HTTPS.

Vulnerability Insight

These rules are applied for the evaluation of the vulnerable cipher suites:

- 64-bit block cipher 3DES vulnerable to the SWEET32 attack (CVE-2016-2183).

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Vulnerable Cipher Suites for HTTPS

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108031 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2022\text{-}08\text{-}01\text{T}10\text{:}11\text{:}45\text{Z} \end{aligned}$

References

cve: CVE-2016-2183 cve: CVE-2016-6329 cve: CVE-2020-12872

```
... continued from previous page ...
url: https://bettercrypto.org/
url: https://mozilla.github.io/server-side-tls/ssl-config-generator/
url: https://sweet32.info/
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-2226
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-1955
cert-bund: CB-K21/1094
cert-bund: CB-K20/1023
cert-bund: CB-K20/0321
cert-bund: CB-K20/0314
cert-bund: CB-K20/0157
cert-bund: CB-K19/0618
cert-bund: CB-K19/0615
cert-bund: CB-K18/0296
cert-bund: CB-K17/1980
cert-bund: CB-K17/1871
cert-bund: CB-K17/1803
cert-bund: CB-K17/1753
cert-bund: CB-K17/1750
cert-bund: CB-K17/1709
cert-bund: CB-K17/1558
cert-bund: CB-K17/1273
cert-bund: CB-K17/1202
cert-bund: CB-K17/1196
cert-bund: CB-K17/1055
cert-bund: CB-K17/1026
cert-bund: CB-K17/0939
cert-bund: CB-K17/0917
cert-bund: CB-K17/0915
cert-bund: CB-K17/0877
cert-bund: CB-K17/0796
cert-bund: CB-K17/0724
cert-bund: CB-K17/0661
cert-bund: CB-K17/0657
cert-bund: CB-K17/0582
cert-bund: CB-K17/0581
cert-bund: CB-K17/0506
cert-bund: CB-K17/0504
cert-bund: CB-K17/0467
cert-bund: CB-K17/0345
cert-bund: CB-K17/0098
cert-bund: CB-K17/0089
cert-bund: CB-K17/0086
cert-bund: CB-K17/0082
cert-bund: CB-K16/1837
cert-bund: CB-K16/1830
cert-bund: CB-K16/1635
cert-bund: CB-K16/1630
... continues on next page ...
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... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K16/1624
cert-bund: CB-K16/1622
cert-bund: CB-K16/1500
cert-bund: CB-K16/1465
cert-bund: CB-K16/1307
cert-bund: CB-K16/1296
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-1618
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-0775
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-0770
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-0274
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-2141
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0368
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-1455
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-0068
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1296
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-0323
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-2070
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1954
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1885
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1831
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1821
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1785
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1626
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1326
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1239
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1238
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1090
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1060
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0968
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0947
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0946
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0904
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0816
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0746
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0677
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0675
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0611
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0609
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0522
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0519
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0482
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0351
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0090
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0089
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0088
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0086
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1943
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```
### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1937

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1732

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1726

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1715

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1714

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1588

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1555

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1391

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1378
```

[return to 172.16.1.9]

2.1.2 High 445/tcp

High (CVSS: 8.1)

NVT: Microsoft Windows SMB Server Multiple Vulnerabilities-Remote (4013389)

Summary

This host is missing a critical security update according to Microsoft Bulletin MS17-010.

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to gain the ability to execute code on the target server, also could lead to information disclosure from the server.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

The vendor has released updates. Please see the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

- Microsoft Windows 10 x32/x64
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012
- Microsoft Windows Server 2016
- Microsoft Windows 8.1 x32/x64
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2
- Microsoft Windows 7 x32/x64 Service Pack 1
- Microsoft Windows Vista x32/x64 Service Pack 2
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 x64 Service Pack 1
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 x32/x64 Service Pack 2

Vulnerability Insight

Multiple flaws exist due to the way that the Microsoft Server Message Block 1.0 (SMBv1) server handles certain requests.

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Vulnerability Detection Method

Send the crafted SMB transaction request with fid = 0 and check the response to confirm the vulnerability.

Details: Microsoft Windows SMB Server Multiple Vulnerabilities-Remote (4013389)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810676 Version used: 2022-08-09T10:11:17Z

References

```
cve: CVE-2017-0143
cve: CVE-2017-0144
cve: CVE-2017-0145
cve: CVE-2017-0146
cve: CVE-2017-0147
cve: CVE-2017-0148
cisa: Known Exploited Vulnerability (KEV) catalog
url: https://www.cisa.gov/known-exploited-vulnerabilities-catalog
url: https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/4013078
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/96703
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/96704
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/96705
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/96707
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/96709
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/96706
url: https://technet.microsoft.com/library/security/MS17-010
url: https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/pull/8167/files
cert-bund: CB-K17/0435
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0448
```

[return to 172.16.1.9]

2.1.3 High 80/tcp

```
High (CVSS: 10.0)
```

NVT: MS15-034 HTTP.sys Remote Code Execution Vulnerability (Active Check)

Product detection result

```
cpe:/a:microsoft:internet_information_services:8.5 Detected by Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) Detection (HTTP) (OID: \hookrightarrow 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900710)
```

Summary

This host is missing an important security update according to Microsoft Bulletin MS15-034.

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to run arbitrary code in the context of the current user and to perform actions in the security context of the current user.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

The vendor has released updates. Please see the references for more information.

${\bf Affected\ Software/OS}$

- Microsoft Windows 8 x32/x64
- Microsoft Windows 8.1 x32/x64
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 x32/x64 Service Pack 2 and prior
- Microsoft Windows 7 x32/x64 Service Pack 1 and prior

Vulnerability Insight

Flaw exists due to the HTTP protocol stack 'HTTP.sys' that is triggered when parsing HTTP requests.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Send a special crafted HTTP GET request and check the response

Details: MS15-034 HTTP.sys Remote Code Execution Vulnerability (Active Check)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105257Version used: 2022-12-05T10:11:03Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:microsoft:internet_information_services:8.5

 Method : Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) Detection (HTTP)

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900710)

References

cve: CVE-2015-1635

 ${\tt cisa:} \ {\tt Known} \ {\tt Exploited} \ {\tt Vulnerability} \ ({\tt KEV}) \ {\tt catalog}$

url: https://www.cisa.gov/known-exploited-vulnerabilities-catalog

url: https://support.microsoft.com/kb/3042553

url: https://technet.microsoft.com/library/security/MS15-034

url: http://pastebin.com/ypURDPc4

cert-bund: CB-K15/0527

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0545

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2.1.4 Medium 3389/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Weak Cipher Suites

Summary

This routine reports all Weak SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

NOTE: No severity for SMTP services with 'Opportunistic TLS' and weak cipher suites on port 25/tcp is reported. If too strong cipher suites are configured for this service the alternative would be to fall back to an even more insecure cleartext communication.

Vulnerability Detection Result

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5 TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

The configuration of this services should be changed so that it does not accept the listed weak cipher suites anymore.

Please see the references for more resources supporting you with this task.

Vulnerability Insight

These rules are applied for the evaluation of the cryptographic strength:

- RC4 is considered to be weak (CVE-2013-2566, CVE-2015-2808)
- Ciphers using 64 bit or less are considered to be vulnerable to brute force methods and therefore considered as weak (CVE-2015-4000)
- 1024 bit RSA authentication is considered to be insecure and therefore as weak
- Any cipher considered to be secure for only the next 10 years is considered as medium
- Any other cipher is considered as strong

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Weak Cipher Suites

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103440 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2021\text{-}12\text{-}01T13\text{:}10\text{:}37Z \end{aligned}$

References

cve: CVE-2013-2566 cve: CVE-2015-2808 cve: CVE-2015-4000

 $url:\ https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Warnmeldungen/DE/CB/warnmeldung_cb-k16-1$

```
... continued from previous page ...
\hookrightarrow465_update_6.html
url: https://bettercrypto.org/
url: https://mozilla.github.io/server-side-tls/ssl-config-generator/
cert-bund: CB-K21/0067
cert-bund: CB-K19/0812
cert-bund: CB-K17/1750
cert-bund: CB-K16/1593
cert-bund: CB-K16/1552
cert-bund: CB-K16/1102
cert-bund: CB-K16/0617
cert-bund: CB-K16/0599
cert-bund: CB-K16/0168
cert-bund: CB-K16/0121
cert-bund: CB-K16/0090
cert-bund: CB-K16/0030
cert-bund: CB-K15/1751
cert-bund: CB-K15/1591
cert-bund: CB-K15/1550
cert-bund: CB-K15/1517
cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
cert-bund: CB-K15/1464
cert-bund: CB-K15/1442
cert-bund: CB-K15/1334
cert-bund: CB-K15/1269
cert-bund: CB-K15/1136
cert-bund: CB-K15/1090
cert-bund: CB-K15/1059
cert-bund: CB-K15/1022
cert-bund: CB-K15/1015
cert-bund: CB-K15/0986
cert-bund: CB-K15/0964
cert-bund: CB-K15/0962
cert-bund: CB-K15/0932
cert-bund: CB-K15/0927
cert-bund: CB-K15/0926
cert-bund: CB-K15/0907
cert-bund: CB-K15/0901
cert-bund: CB-K15/0896
cert-bund: CB-K15/0889
cert-bund: CB-K15/0877
cert-bund: CB-K15/0850
cert-bund: CB-K15/0849
cert-bund: CB-K15/0834
cert-bund: CB-K15/0827
cert-bund: CB-K15/0802
cert-bund: CB-K15/0764
cert-bund: CB-K15/0733
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```
... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K15/0667
cert-bund: CB-K14/0935
cert-bund: CB-K13/0942
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-0775
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-1561
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-1276
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1821
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1692
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1648
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1168
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0665
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0642
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0184
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0135
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0101
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0035
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1679
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1632
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1608
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1542
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1518
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1406
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1341
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1194
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1144
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1113
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1078
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1067
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1038
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1016
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1012
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0980
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0977
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0976
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0960
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0956
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0944
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0937
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0925
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0881
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0879
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0866
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0737
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0696 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0977

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

Summary

It was possible to detect the usage of the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocol on this system.

Vulnerability Detection Result

In addition to TLSv1.2+ the service is also providing the deprecated TLSv1.0 and \hookrightarrow TLSv1.1 protocols and supports one or more ciphers. Those supported ciphers c \hookrightarrow an be found in the 'SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1 \hookrightarrow .25623.1.0.802067) VT.

Impact

An attacker might be able to use the known cryptographic flaws to eavesdrop the connection between clients and the service to get access to sensitive data transferred within the secured connection.

Furthermore newly uncovered vulnerabilities in this protocols won't receive security updates anymore.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

It is recommended to disable the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols in favor of the TLSv1.2+ protocols. Please see the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

All services providing an encrypted communication using the TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols.

Vulnerability Insight

The TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 protocols contain known cryptographic flaws like:

- CVE-2011-3389: Browser Exploit Against SSL/TLS (BEAST)
- CVE-2015-0204: Factoring Attack on RSA-EXPORT Keys Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption (FREAK)

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check the used TLS protocols of the services provided by this system.

Details: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117274 Version used: 2021-07-19T08:11:48Z

References

cve: CVE-2011-3389

```
... continued from previous page ...
cve: CVE-2015-0204
url: https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/
url: https://bettercrypto.org/
url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc8996/
url: https://vnhacker.blogspot.com/2011/09/beast.html
url: https://web.archive.org/web/20201108095603/https://censys.io/blog/freak
url: https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters
\hookrightarrow-report-2014
cert-bund: CB-K18/0799
cert-bund: CB-K16/1289
cert-bund: CB-K16/1096
cert-bund: CB-K15/1751
cert-bund: CB-K15/1266
cert-bund: CB-K15/0850
cert-bund: CB-K15/0764
cert-bund: CB-K15/0720
cert-bund: CB-K15/0548
cert-bund: CB-K15/0526
cert-bund: CB-K15/0509
cert-bund: CB-K15/0493
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0365
cert-bund: CB-K15/0364
cert-bund: CB-K15/0302
cert-bund: CB-K15/0192
cert-bund: CB-K15/0079
cert-bund: CB-K15/0016
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/0231
cert-bund: CB-K13/0845
cert-bund: CB-K13/0796
cert-bund: CB-K13/0790
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0111
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-0068
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1441
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1408
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1372
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1164
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1332
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0758
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0567
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0544
... continues on next page ...
```

```
... continued from previous page ...
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0375
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0374
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0305
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0199
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0079
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1847
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1792
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1979
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1829
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1380
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1377
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1292
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1214
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1213
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1180
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1156
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1155
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1039
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0956
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0908
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0868
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0867
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0848
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0838
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0776
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0722
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0638
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0627
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0451
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0418
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0354
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0234
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0221
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0170
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0146
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0142
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0126
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0123
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0095
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0051
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0047
... continues on next page ...
```

```
### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0021

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1953

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1946

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1844

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1774

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1743

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1738

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1706

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1628

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1627

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619

### dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1482
```

16

Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Certificate Signed Using A Weak Signature Algorithm

Summary

The remote service is using a SSL/TLS certificate in the certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm.

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following certificates are part of the certificate chain but using insecure \hookrightarrow signature algorithms:

Subject: CN=uacsrv1.mycosendai.local Signature Algorithm: sha1WithRSAEncryption

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Servers that use SSL/TLS certificates signed with a weak SHA-1, MD5, MD4 or MD2 hashing algorithm will need to obtain new SHA-2 signed SSL/TLS certificates to avoid web browser SSL/TLS certificate warnings.

Vulnerability Insight

The following hashing algorithms used for signing SSL/TLS certificates are considered cryptographically weak and not secure enough for ongoing use:

- Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA-1)
- Message Digest 5 (MD5)
- Message Digest 4 (MD4)
- Message Digest 2 (MD2)

Beginning as late as January 2017 and as early as June 2016, browser developers such as Microsoft and Google will begin warning users when visiting web sites that use SHA-1 signed Secure Socket Layer (SSL) certificates.

NOTE: The script preference allows to set one or more custom SHA-1 fingerprints of CA certificates which are trusted by this routine. The fingerprints needs to be passed comma-separated and case-insensitive:

 \dots continues on next page \dots

Fingerprint1

or

fingerprint1, Fingerprint2

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check which hashing algorithm was used to sign the remote ${\rm SSL/TLS}$ certificate. Details: ${\rm SSL/TLS}$: Certificate Signed Using A Weak Signature Algorithm

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105880Version used: 2021-10-15T11:13:32Z

References

url: https://blog.mozilla.org/security/2014/09/23/phasing-out-certificates-with-⇔sha-1-based-signature-algorithms/

Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerability

Summary

The SSL/TLS service uses Diffie-Hellman groups with insufficient strength (key size < 2048).

Vulnerability Detection Result

Server Temporary Key Size: 1024 bits

Impact

An attacker might be able to decrypt the SSL/TLS communication offline.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Deploy (Ephemeral) Elliptic-Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDHE) or use a 2048-bit or stronger Diffie-Hellman group (see the references).

For Apache Web Servers: Beginning with version 2.4.7, mod_ssl will use DH parameters which include primes with lengths of more than 1024 bits.

Vulnerability Insight

The Diffie-Hellman group are some big numbers that are used as base for the DH computations. They can be, and often are, fixed. The security of the final secret depends on the size of these parameters. It was found that 512 and 768 bits to be weak, 1024 bits to be breakable by really powerful attackers like governments.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the DHE temporary public key size.

Details: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerabili. \hookrightarrow ..

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.106223 Version used: 2021-02-12T06:42:15Z

References

url: https://weakdh.org/

url: https://weakdh.org/sysadmin.html

[return to 172.16.1.9]

2.1.5 Medium 443/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.9)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Deprecated SSLv2 and SSLv3 Protocol Detection

Summary

It was possible to detect the usage of the deprecated SSLv2 and/or SSLv3 protocol on this system.

Vulnerability Detection Result

In addition to TLSv1.0+ the service is also providing the deprecated SSLv3 proto \hookrightarrow col and supports one or more ciphers. Those supported ciphers can be found in \hookrightarrow the 'SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.8020 \hookrightarrow 67) VT.

Impact

An attacker might be able to use the known cryptographic flaws to eavesdrop the connection between clients and the service to get access to sensitive data transferred within the secured connection.

Furthermore newly uncovered vulnerabilities in this protocols won't receive security updates anymore.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

It is recommended to disable the deprecated SSLv2 and/or SSLv3 protocols in favor of the TLSv1.2+ protocols. Please see the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

All services providing an encrypted communication using the SSLv2 and/or SSLv3 protocols.

Vulnerability Insight

The SSLv2 and SSLv3 protocols contain known cryptographic flaws like:

- CVE-2014-3566: Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption (POODLE)
- CVE-2016-0800: Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption (DROWN)

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check the used SSL protocols of the services provided by this system.

Details: SSL/TLS: Deprecated SSLv2 and SSLv3 Protocol Detection

cert-bund: CB-K15/0252 ... continues on next page ...

... continued from previous page ... OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111012 Version used: 2021-10-15T12:51:02Z References cve: CVE-2016-0800 cve: CVE-2014-3566 url: https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/ url: https://bettercrypto.org/ url: https://drownattack.com/ url: https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html url: https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters \hookrightarrow -report-2014 cert-bund: CB-K18/0094 cert-bund: CB-K17/1198 cert-bund: CB-K17/1196 cert-bund: CB-K16/1828 cert-bund: CB-K16/1438 cert-bund: CB-K16/1384 cert-bund: CB-K16/1141 cert-bund: CB-K16/1107 cert-bund: CB-K16/1102 cert-bund: CB-K16/0792 cert-bund: CB-K16/0599 cert-bund: CB-K16/0597 cert-bund: CB-K16/0459 cert-bund: CB-K16/0456 cert-bund: CB-K16/0433 cert-bund: CB-K16/0424 cert-bund: CB-K16/0415 cert-bund: CB-K16/0413 cert-bund: CB-K16/0374 cert-bund: CB-K16/0367 cert-bund: CB-K16/0331 cert-bund: CB-K16/0329 cert-bund: CB-K16/0328 cert-bund: CB-K16/0156 cert-bund: CB-K15/1514 cert-bund: CB-K15/1358 cert-bund: CB-K15/1021 cert-bund: CB-K15/0972 cert-bund: CB-K15/0637 cert-bund: CB-K15/0590 cert-bund: CB-K15/0525 cert-bund: CB-K15/0393 cert-bund: CB-K15/0384 cert-bund: CB-K15/0287

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... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K15/0246
cert-bund: CB-K15/0237
cert-bund: CB-K15/0118
cert-bund: CB-K15/0110
cert-bund: CB-K15/0108
cert-bund: CB-K15/0080
cert-bund: CB-K15/0078
cert-bund: CB-K15/0077
cert-bund: CB-K15/0075
cert-bund: CB-K14/1617
cert-bund: CB-K14/1581
cert-bund: CB-K14/1537
cert-bund: CB-K14/1479
cert-bund: CB-K14/1458
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/1314
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cert-bund: CB-K14/1311
cert-bund: CB-K14/1304
cert-bund: CB-K14/1296
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1238
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1236
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1929
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1527
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1468
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1216
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1174
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1168
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0841
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0644
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0642
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0496
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0495
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0465
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0459
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0453
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0451
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0415
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0403
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0360
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0359
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0357
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0171
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1431
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1075
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1026
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0664
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0548
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0404
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0259
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0254
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0245
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0118
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0114
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0083
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0082
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0081
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0076
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1717
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1680
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1632
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1564
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1542
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1366
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1354
```

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Weak Cipher Suites

Summary

This routine reports all Weak SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

NOTE: No severity for SMTP services with 'Opportunistic TLS' and weak cipher suites on port 25/tcp is reported. If too strong cipher suites are configured for this service the alternative would be to fall back to an even more insecure cleartext communication.

Vulnerability Detection Result

```
'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA
'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA
'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA
'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA
'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA
... continues on next page ...
```

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

The configuration of this services should be changed so that it does not accept the listed weak cipher suites anymore.

Please see the references for more resources supporting you with this task.

Vulnerability Insight

These rules are applied for the evaluation of the cryptographic strength:

- RC4 is considered to be weak (CVE-2013-2566, CVE-2015-2808)
- Ciphers using 64 bit or less are considered to be vulnerable to brute force methods and therefore considered as weak (CVE-2015-4000)
- 1024 bit RSA authentication is considered to be insecure and therefore as weak
- Any cipher considered to be secure for only the next 10 years is considered as medium
- Any other cipher is considered as strong

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Weak Cipher Suites

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103440 Version used: 2021-12-01T13:10:37Z

References

```
cve: CVE-2013-2566
cve: CVE-2015-2808
cve: CVE-2015-4000
url: https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Warnmeldungen/DE/CB/warnmeldung_cb-k16-1
\hookrightarrow465_update_6.html
url: https://bettercrypto.org/
url: https://mozilla.github.io/server-side-tls/ssl-config-generator/
cert-bund: CB-K21/0067
cert-bund: CB-K19/0812
cert-bund: CB-K17/1750
cert-bund: CB-K16/1593
cert-bund: CB-K16/1552
cert-bund: CB-K16/1102
cert-bund: CB-K16/0617
cert-bund: CB-K16/0599
cert-bund: CB-K16/0168
cert-bund: CB-K16/0121
cert-bund: CB-K16/0090
cert-bund: CB-K16/0030
cert-bund: CB-K15/1751
cert-bund: CB-K15/1591
cert-bund: CB-K15/1550
cert-bund: CB-K15/1517
cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
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cert-bund: CB-K15/1464
cert-bund: CB-K15/1442
cert-bund: CB-K15/1334
cert-bund: CB-K15/1269
cert-bund: CB-K15/1136
cert-bund: CB-K15/1090
cert-bund: CB-K15/1059
cert-bund: CB-K15/1022
cert-bund: CB-K15/1015
cert-bund: CB-K15/0986
cert-bund: CB-K15/0964
cert-bund: CB-K15/0962
cert-bund: CB-K15/0932
cert-bund: CB-K15/0927
cert-bund: CB-K15/0926
cert-bund: CB-K15/0907
cert-bund: CB-K15/0901
cert-bund: CB-K15/0896
cert-bund: CB-K15/0889
cert-bund: CB-K15/0877
cert-bund: CB-K15/0850
cert-bund: CB-K15/0849
cert-bund: CB-K15/0834
cert-bund: CB-K15/0827
cert-bund: CB-K15/0802
cert-bund: CB-K15/0764
cert-bund: CB-K15/0733
cert-bund: CB-K15/0667
cert-bund: CB-K14/0935
cert-bund: CB-K13/0942
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-0775
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-1561
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-1276
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1821
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1692
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1648
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1168
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0665
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0642
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0184
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0135
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0101
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0035
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1679
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1632
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1608
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```
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1542
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1518
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1406
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1341
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1194
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1144
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1113
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1078
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1067
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1038
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1016
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1012
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0980
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0977
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0976
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0960
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0956
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0944
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0937
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0925
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0881
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0879
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0866
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0737
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0696
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0977
```

Summary

The remote server's SSL/TLS certificate has already expired.

```
Vulnerability Detection Result
```

The certificate of the remote service expired on 2020-01-07 07:23:34. Certificate details: fingerprint (SHA-1) F7827AF48BE62541331714258B7AE14CA0B9CAE9 fingerprint (SHA-256) F2669F9630635FCAC65419CA778B7063CB7AAFF564CB2F \hookrightarrow E0842AA482D889EE3D issued by | CN=uacsrv1.mycosendai.local public key algorithm RSA public key size (bits) 2048 | 1677A3846A7FCAAF4B88FAAFBE01866D serial signature algorithm | sha1WithRSAEncryption ... continues on next page ...

subject | CN=uacsrv1.mycosendai.local
subject alternative names (SAN) | None
valid from | 2019-07-08 07:23:34 UTC
valid until | 2020-01-07 07:23:34 UTC

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Replace the SSL/TLS certificate by a new one.

Vulnerability Insight

This script checks expiry dates of certificates associated with SSL/TLS-enabled services on the target and reports whether any have already expired.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Certificate Expired

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103955 Version used: 2021-11-22T15:32:39Z

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

Summary

It was possible to detect the usage of the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocol on this system.

Vulnerability Detection Result

In addition to TLSv1.2+ the service is also providing the deprecated TLSv1.0 and \hookrightarrow TLSv1.1 protocols and supports one or more ciphers. Those supported ciphers c \hookrightarrow an be found in the 'SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1 \hookrightarrow .25623.1.0.802067) VT.

Impact

An attacker might be able to use the known cryptographic flaws to eavesdrop the connection between clients and the service to get access to sensitive data transferred within the secured connection.

Furthermore newly uncovered vulnerabilities in this protocols won't receive security updates anymore.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

It is recommended to disable the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols in favor of the TLSv1.2+ protocols. Please see the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

All services providing an encrypted communication using the TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols.

Vulnerability Insight

The TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 protocols contain known cryptographic flaws like:

- CVE-2011-3389: Browser Exploit Against SSL/TLS (BEAST)
- CVE-2015-0204: Factoring Attack on RSA-EXPORT Keys Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption (FREAK)

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check the used TLS protocols of the services provided by this system.

Details: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117274 Version used: 2021-07-19T08:11:48Z

```
References
```

```
cve: CVE-2011-3389
cve: CVE-2015-0204
url: https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/
url: https://bettercrypto.org/
url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc8996/
url: https://vnhacker.blogspot.com/2011/09/beast.html
url: https://web.archive.org/web/20201108095603/https://censys.io/blog/freak
url: https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters
\hookrightarrow-report-2014
cert-bund: CB-K18/0799
cert-bund: CB-K16/1289
cert-bund: CB-K16/1096
cert-bund: CB-K15/1751
cert-bund: CB-K15/1266
cert-bund: CB-K15/0850
cert-bund: CB-K15/0764
cert-bund: CB-K15/0720
cert-bund: CB-K15/0548
cert-bund: CB-K15/0526
cert-bund: CB-K15/0509
cert-bund: CB-K15/0493
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0365
cert-bund: CB-K15/0364
cert-bund: CB-K15/0302
cert-bund: CB-K15/0192
cert-bund: CB-K15/0079
cert-bund: CB-K15/0016
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/0231
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cert-bund: CB-K13/0796
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cert-bund: CB-K13/0845

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cert-bund: CB-K13/0790
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0111
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-0068
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1372
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1164
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0758
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0199
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0079
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1847
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1792
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1979
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1829
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1380
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1377
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1292
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1214
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1213
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1180
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1156
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1155
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1039
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0956
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0908
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0868
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0867
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0848
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0838
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0776
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0722
... continues on next page ...
```

 28

```
... continued from previous page ...
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0638
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0627
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0451
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0418
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0354
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0234
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0221
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0170
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0146
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0142
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0126
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0123
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0095
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0051
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0047
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1953
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1946
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1826
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1774
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1743
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1738
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1706
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1628
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1627
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1482
```

Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerability

Summary

The SSL/TLS service uses Diffie-Hellman groups with insufficient strength (key size < 2048).

Vulnerability Detection Result

Server Temporary Key Size: 1024 bits

Impact

An attacker might be able to decrypt the SSL/TLS communication offline.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Deploy (Ephemeral) Elliptic-Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDHE) or use a 2048-bit or stronger Diffie-Hellman group (see the references).

For Apache Web Servers: Beginning with version 2.4.7, mod_ssl will use DH parameters which include primes with lengths of more than 1024 bits.

Vulnerability Insight

The Diffie-Hellman group are some big numbers that are used as base for the DH computations. They can be, and often are, fixed. The security of the final secret depends on the size of these parameters. It was found that 512 and 768 bits to be weak, 1024 bits to be breakable by really powerful attackers like governments.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the DHE temporary public key size.

Details: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerabili.

 \hookrightarrow . .

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.106223 Version used: 2021-02-12T06:42:15Z

References

url: https://weakdh.org/

url: https://weakdh.org/sysadmin.html

Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Certificate Signed Using A Weak Signature Algorithm

Summary

The remote service is using a SSL/TLS certificate in the certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm.

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following certificates are part of the certificate chain but using insecure \hookrightarrow signature algorithms:

Subject: CN=uacsrv1.mycosendai.local

Signature Algorithm: sha1WithRSAEncryption

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Servers that use SSL/TLS certificates signed with a weak SHA-1, MD5, MD4 or MD2 hashing algorithm will need to obtain new SHA-2 signed SSL/TLS certificates to avoid web browser SSL/TLS certificate warnings.

Vulnerability Insight

The following hashing algorithms used for signing SSL/TLS certificates are considered cryptographically weak and not secure enough for ongoing use:

- Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA-1)
- Message Digest 5 (MD5)
- Message Digest 4 (MD4)
- ... continues on next page ...

- Message Digest 2 (MD2)

Beginning as late as January 2017 and as early as June 2016, browser developers such as Microsoft and Google will begin warning users when visiting web sites that use SHA-1 signed Secure Socket Layer (SSL) certificates.

NOTE: The script preference allows to set one or more custom SHA-1 fingerprints of CA certificates which are trusted by this routine. The fingerprints needs to be passed comma-separated and case-insensitive:

Fingerprint1

or

fingerprint1, Fingerprint2

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check which hashing algorithm was used to sign the remote SSL/TLS certificate. Details: SSL/TLS: Certificate Signed Using A Weak Signature Algorithm

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105880 Version used: 2021-10-15T11:13:32Z

References

url: https://blog.mozilla.org/security/2014/09/23/phasing-out-certificates-with-⇒sha-1-based-signature-algorithms/

[return to 172.16.1.9]

2.1.6 Medium 135/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting

Summary

Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure Calls (DCE/RPC) or MSRPC services running on the remote host can be enumerated by connecting on port 135 and doing the appropriate queries.

Vulnerability Detection Result

Here is the list of DCE/RPC or MSRPC services running on this host via the TCP p \hookrightarrow rotocol:

Port: 49152/tcp

UUID: d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49152]

Port: 49153/tcp

UUID: 30adc50c-5cbc-46ce-9a0e-91914789e23c, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49153]

Annotation: NRP server endpoint

UUID: 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d5, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49153]
Annotation: DHCP Client LRPC Endpoint

... continued from previous page ... UUID: 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d6, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49153] Annotation: DHCPv6 Client LRPC Endpoint UUID: abfb6ca3-0c5e-4734-9285-0aee72fe8d1c, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49153] Annotation: Wcm Service UUID: f6beaff7-1e19-4fbb-9f8f-b89e2018337c, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49153] Annotation: Event log TCPIP Port: 49154/tcp UUID: 1a0d010f-1c33-432c-b0f5-8cf4e8053099, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49154] Annotation: IdSegSrv service UUID: 2e6035b2-e8f1-41a7-a044-656b439c4c34, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49154] Annotation: Proxy Manager provider server endpoint UUID: 30b044a5-a225-43f0-b3a4-e060df91f9c1, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49154] UUID: 3a9ef155-691d-4449-8d05-09ad57031823, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49154] UUID: 552d076a-cb29-4e44-8b6a-d15e59e2c0af, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49154] Annotation: IP Transition Configuration endpoint UUID: 86d35949-83c9-4044-b424-db363231fd0c, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49154] UUID: 98716d03-89ac-44c7-bb8c-285824e51c4a, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49154] Annotation: XactSrv service UUID: c36be077-e14b-4fe9-8abc-e856ef4f048b, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49154] Annotation: Proxy Manager client server endpoint UUID: c49a5a70-8a7f-4e70-ba16-1e8f1f193ef1, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49154] Annotation: Adh APIs UUID: c9ac6db5-82b7-4e55-ae8a-e464ed7b4277, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49154] Annotation: Impl friendly name Port: 49155/tcp UUID: 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49155] Annotation: RemoteAccessCheck UUID: 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-01234567cffb, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49155] Named pipe : lsass Win32 service or process : Netlogon Description : Net Logon service UUID: 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 0 ... continues on next page ...

... continued from previous page ... Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49155] Named pipe : lsass Win32 service or process : lsass.exe Description : LSA access UUID: 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49155] Named pipe : lsass Win32 service or process : lsass.exe Description : SAM access UUID: c9ac6db5-82b7-4e55-ae8a-e464ed7b4277, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49155] Annotation: Impl friendly name UUID: e3514235-4b06-11d1-ab04-00c04fc2dcd2, version 4 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49155] Annotation: MS NT Directory DRS Interface Port: 49157/tcp UUID: 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0 Endpoint: ncacn_http:172.16.1.9[49157] Annotation: RemoteAccessCheck UUID: 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-01234567cffb, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_http:172.16.1.9[49157] Named pipe : lsass Win32 service or process : Netlogon Description : Net Logon service UUID: 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 0 Endpoint: ncacn_http:172.16.1.9[49157] Named pipe : lsass Win32 service or process : lsass.exe Description : LSA access UUID: 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_http:172.16.1.9[49157] Named pipe : lsass Win32 service or process : lsass.exe Description : SAM access UUID: e3514235-4b06-11d1-ab04-00c04fc2dcd2, version 4 Endpoint: ncacn_http:172.16.1.9[49157] Annotation: MS NT Directory DRS Interface Port: 49158/tcp UUID: 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49158] Annotation: RemoteAccessCheck UUID: 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-01234567cffb, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49158] Named pipe : lsass Win32 service or process : Netlogon Description : Net Logon service UUID: 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1 ... continues on next page ...

... continued from previous page ... Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49158] Named pipe : lsass Win32 service or process : lsass.exe Description : SAM access Port: 49159/tcp UUID: 0b6edbfa-4a24-4fc6-8a23-942b1eca65d1, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49159] UUID: 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49159] Named pipe : spoolss Win32 service or process : spoolsv.exe Description : Spooler service UUID: 4a452661-8290-4b36-8fbe-7f4093a94978, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49159] UUID: 76f03f96-cdfd-44fc-a22c-64950a001209, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49159] UUID: ae33069b-a2a8-46ee-a235-ddfd339be281, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49159] Port: 49164/tcp UUID: 32e36e84-4ba2-496c-ba85-fb450f325107, version 2 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49164] UUID: aa177641-fc9b-41bd-80ff-f964a701596f, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49164] Port: 49167/tcp UUID: 5b821720-f63b-11d0-aad2-00c04fc324db, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49167] UUID: 6bffd098-a112-3610-9833-46c3f874532d, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49167] Port: 49169/tcp UUID: 367abb81-9844-35f1-ad32-98f038001003, version 2 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49169] Port: 49173/tcp UUID: 50abc2a4-574d-40b3-9d66-ee4fd5fba076, version 5 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49173] Named pipe : dnsserver Win32 service or process : dns.exe Description : DNS Server Port: 49175/tcp UUID: 89759fce-5a25-4086-8967-de12f39a60b5, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49175] UUID: 9b3195fe-d603-43d1-a0d5-9072d7cde122, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49175] Port: 49192/tcp UUID: 897e2e5f-93f3-4376-9c9c-fd2277495c27, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[49192] Annotation: Frs2 Service Port: 5504/tcp ... continues on next page ...

... continued from previous page ...

UUID: ed96b012-c8ce-4f60-a682-35535b12ff75, version 2

Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:172.16.1.9[5504]

Note: DCE/RPC or MSRPC services running on this host locally were identified. Re \hookrightarrow porting this list is not enabled by default due to the possible large size of \hookrightarrow this list. See the script preferences to enable this reporting.

Impact

An attacker may use this fact to gain more knowledge about the remote host.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Filter incoming traffic to this ports.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10736 Version used: 2022-06-03T10:17:07Z

[return to 172.16.1.9]

2.1.7 Low 443/tcp

Low (CVSS: 3.4)

NVT: SSL/TLS: SSLv3 Protocol CBC Cipher Suites Information Disclosure Vulnerability (POODLE)

Summary

This host is prone to an information disclosure vulnerability.

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow a man-in-the-middle attackers gain access to the plain text data stream.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation Possible Mitigations are:

- Disable SSLv3
- Disable cipher suites supporting CBC cipher modes
- Enable TLS FALLBACK SCSV if the service is providing TLSv1.0+

Vulnerability Insight

... continued from previous page ...

The flaw is due to the block cipher padding not being deterministic and not covered by the Message Authentication Code

Vulnerability Detection Method

Evaluate previous collected information about this service.

Details: SSL/TLS: SSLv3 Protocol CBC Cipher Suites Information Disclosure Vulnerability .

ightarrow . .

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802087 Version used: 2022-04-14T11:24:11Z

```
References
cve: CVE-2014-3566
url: https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/70574
url: https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html
url: https://www.dfranke.us/posts/2014-10-14-how-poodle-happened.html
url: http://googleonlinesecurity.blogspot.in/2014/10/this-poodle-bites-exploitin
\hookrightarrowg-ssl-30.html
cert-bund: CB-K17/1198
cert-bund: CB-K17/1196
cert-bund: CB-K16/1828
cert-bund: CB-K16/1438
cert-bund: CB-K16/1384
cert-bund: CB-K16/1102
cert-bund: CB-K16/0599
cert-bund: CB-K16/0156
cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
cert-bund: CB-K15/1358
cert-bund: CB-K15/1021
cert-bund: CB-K15/0972
cert-bund: CB-K15/0637
cert-bund: CB-K15/0590
cert-bund: CB-K15/0525
cert-bund: CB-K15/0393
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0287
cert-bund: CB-K15/0252
cert-bund: CB-K15/0246
cert-bund: CB-K15/0237
cert-bund: CB-K15/0118
cert-bund: CB-K15/0110
cert-bund: CB-K15/0108
cert-bund: CB-K15/0080
```

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cert-bund: CB-K15/0078 cert-bund: CB-K15/0077 cert-bund: CB-K15/0075 cert-bund: CB-K14/1617

```
... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K14/1581
cert-bund: CB-K14/1537
cert-bund: CB-K14/1479
cert-bund: CB-K14/1458
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/1314
cert-bund: CB-K14/1313
cert-bund: CB-K14/1311
cert-bund: CB-K14/1304
cert-bund: CB-K14/1296
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1238
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1236
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1929
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1527
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1468
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1168
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0642
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0171
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1431
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1075
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1026
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0664
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0548
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0404
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0259
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0254
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0245
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0118
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0114
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0083
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0082
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0081
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0076
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1717
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1680
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1632
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1564
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1542
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1366
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1354
```

2.1.8 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6) NVT: TCP timestamps

Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 81617 Packet 2: 81729

Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl-p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled.

The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

See the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

Details: TCP timestamps OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: 2020-08-24T08:40:10Z

References

url: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt
url: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc7323.txt

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/d

⇔ownload/details.aspx?id=9152

[return to 172.16.1.9]

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