Assignment 7 DSA LAB

2029196

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- Q1. WAP to implement a stack which will support three additional operations in addition to push and pop:
- a) peekLowestElement return the lowest element in the stack without removing it from the stack
- b) peekHighestElement return the highest element in the stack without removing it from the stack
- c) peekMiddleElement return the (size/2+1)th lowest element in the stack without removing it from the stack.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX 15
typedef struct
    int data[MAX];
    int top;
} stack;
void push(stack *s, int value);
void pop(stack *s, int *temp);
void display(stack *s);
int isEmpty(stack *s);
void peek(stack *s);
int input();
void peekLowestElement(stack *s);
void peekHighestElement(stack *s);
void peekMiddleElement(stack *s);
void init(stack *s)
    s->top = -1; // initially we take top to be -1
int main(void)
    int cont = 1, value, b;
    stack s1;
    init(&s1);
    do
```

```
{
        printf("\n1.PUSH\n2.POP\n3.CHECK IF EMPTY\n4.PEEK\n5.DISPLAY
STACK:\n");
        int choice = input();
        switch (choice)
        {
        case 1:
            printf("\nEnter element in stack: ");
            scanf("%d", &value);
            push(&s1, value);
            break;
        }
        case 2:
        {
            printf("\nPopping an item: ");
            pop(&s1, &b);
            break;
        }
        case 3:
        {
            printf("\nChecking if the stack is empty: ");
            int resp = isEmpty(&s1);
            if (resp != 1)
            {
                printf("NOT EMPTY\n");
            break;
        }
        case 4:
            printf("\nSelect peek option:n\n1.peekLowestElement\n2.
peekHighestElement\n3. peekMiddleElement: ");
            int select = input();
            switch (select)
            {
            case 1:
                peekLowestElement(&s1);
                break;
            case 2:
```

```
{
                peekHighestElement(&s1);
                break;
            default:
            {
                peekMiddleElement(&s1);
                break;
            }
            break;
        default:
            printf("\nStack entered: top-> ");
            display(&s1);
            break;
        }
        printf("\nDo you wish to continue?\n1.YES\n2.No: ");
        int r;
        scanf("%d", &r);
        if (r != 1)
            cont++;
    } while (cont == 1);
    printf("\nDo you wish to go again?\n1.YES\n2.No: ");
    int r;
    scanf("%d", &r);
    if (r != 1)
    {
        cont == 1;
void push(stack *s, int val)
    if (s->top == MAX - 1)
        printf("\noverflow. STACK IS ALREADY FULL.");
        return;
```

```
else
    {
        s->top++;
        s->data[s->top] = val;
        return;
    }
void pop(stack *s, int *temp)
    if (s->top == -1)
    {
        printf("\nUNDERFLOW");
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        *temp = s->data[s->top];
        printf("\nPopped item: %d\n", *temp);
        s->top--;
        return;
    }
int isEmpty(stack *s)
    if (s->top == -1)
    {
        printf("\nStack is empty");
        return 1;
    }
    else
    {
        return 0;
void display(stack *s)
    if (s->top == -1)
        printf("\nStack is empty");
        return;
```

```
else
    {
        int i;
        for (i = s->top; i >= 0; i--)
            printf("\t%d\t", s->data[i]);
    }
int input()
{
    int num;
    scanf("%d", &num);
    return num;
void peek(stack *s)
    if (s->top == -1)
        printf("\nStack is empty");
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\ntop-> %d", s->data[s->top]);
    }
void peekLowestElement(stack *s)
    int min;
    if (s->top == -1)
    {
        printf("\nStack is empty");
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        min = s->data[s->top];
        int i;
        for (i = s->top; i >= 0; i--)
        {
            if (s->data[i] < min)</pre>
```

```
{
                min = s->data[i];
            }
        }
        printf("\nLowest element of stack: %d", min);
    }
void peekMiddleElement(stack *s)
    if (s->top == -1)
    {
        printf("\nStack is empty");
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        int size = s->top + 1, pos = ((size / 2)), value, i;
        for (i = s->top; i >= 0; i--)
        {
            if (i == pos)
                value = s->data[i];
            }
        printf("\nRequired middle element: %d", value);
}
void peekHighestElement(stack *s)
    int max;
    if (s->top == -1)
        printf("\nStack is empty");
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        max = 0;
        int i;
```

```
for (i = s->top; i >= 0; i--)
{
      if (s->data[i] > max)
      {
          max = s->data[i];
      }
}

printf("\nHighest element of stack: %d", max);
}
```

```
1.PUSH
2.P0P
3.CHECK IF EMPTY
5.DISPLAY STACK:
Enter element in stack: 23
Do you wish to continue?
1.YES
2.No: 1
1.PUSH
2.P0P
3.CHECK IF EMPTY
4.PEEK
5.DISPLAY STACK:
Select peek option:n

    peekLowestElement

peekHighestElement
peekMiddleElement: 1
Lowest element of stack: 23
```

Q2. Write a menu driven program to implement queue operations such as Enqueue, Dequeue, Peek, Display of elements, IsEmpty, IsFull using static array.

```
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5

int deque_arr[MAX_SIZE];
int Left = -1;
int Right = -1;
void InsertRight()
```

```
int added_item;
    if ((Left == 0 && Right == MAX_SIZE - 1) || (Left == Right + 1))
        printf("Queue Overflow\n");
        return;
    if (Left == -1)
       Left = 0;
        Right = 0;
    else if (Right == MAX_SIZE - 1)
        Right = 0;
    else
        Right = Right + 1;
    printf("Input the element for adding in queue : ");
    scanf("%d", &added_item);
    deque_arr[Right] = added_item;
void InsertLeft()
    int added_item;
    if ((Left == 0 && Right == MAX_SIZE - 1) || (Left == Right + 1))
        printf("Queue Overflow \n");
        return;
    if (Left == -1)
        Left = 0;
        Right = 0;
    else if (Left == 0)
        Left = MAX_SIZE - 1;
    else
        Left = Left -1;
    printf("Input the element for adding in queue : ");
    scanf("%d", &added_item);
    deque_arr[Left] = added_item;
void DeleteLeft()
```

```
if (Left == -1)
    {
        printf("Queue Under-flow\n");
        return;
    }
    printf("Element has been deleted from queue is : %d\n",
deque_arr[Left]);
    if (Left == Right)
    {
        Left = -1;
        Right = -1;
    else if (Left == MAX_SIZE - 1)
        Left = 0;
    else
        Left = Left + 1;
void DeleteRight()
    if (Left == -1)
    {
        printf("Queue Under flow\n");
        return;
    }
    printf("Element has been deleted from queue is : %d\n",
deque_arr[Right]);
    if (Left == Right)
    {
        Left = -1;
        Right = -1;
    else if (Right == 0)
        Right = MAX_SIZE - 1;
    else
        Right = Right - 1;
void Display()
    int fpos = Left, rpos = Right;
    if (Left == -1)
```

```
printf("Queue is empty\n");
        return;
    }
    printf("Queue elements :\n");
    if (fpos <= rpos)</pre>
    {
        while (fpos <= rpos)</pre>
        {
             printf("%d ", deque_arr[fpos]);
             fpos++;
        }
    }
    else
        while (fpos <= MAX_SIZE - 1)</pre>
        {
             printf("%d ", deque_arr[fpos]);
             fpos++;
        fpos = 0;
        while (fpos <= rpos)</pre>
        {
             printf("%d ", deque_arr[fpos]);
             fpos++;
        }
    printf("\n");
void Input()
    int Option = 0;
    do // while(Option<0 || Option>5)
    {
        printf("1.Insert at Right\n");
        printf("2.Delete from Left\n");
        printf("3.Delete from Right\n");
        printf("4.Display\n");
        printf("5.Quit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice : ");
        scanf("%d", &Option);
        switch (Option)
```

```
case 1:
            InsertRight();
            break;
        case 2:
            DeleteLeft();
            break;
        case 3:
            DeleteRight();
            break;
        case 4:
            Display();
            break;
        case 5:
            break;
        default:
            printf("Wrong Option\n");
    } while (Option != 5);
void Output()
    int Option = 0;
    do // while(Option<=0 || Option>5)
    {
        printf("1.Insert at Right\n");
        printf("2.Insert at Left\n");
        printf("3.Delete from Left\n");
        printf("4.Display\n");
        printf("5.Quit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice : ");
        scanf("%d", &Option);
        switch (Option)
        {
        case 1:
            InsertRight();
            break;
        case 2:
            InsertLeft();
            break;
        case 3:
            DeleteLeft();
            break;
        case 4:
            Display();
```

```
break;
        case 5:
            break;
        default:
            printf("Wrong Option\n");
    } while (Option != 5);
main()
    int Option = 0;
    printf("1.Input restricted dequeue\n");
    printf("2.Output restricted dequeue\n");
    printf("Enter your choice : ");
    scanf("%d", &Option);
    switch (Option)
    {
    case 1:
        Input();
        break;
    case 2:
        Output();
        break;
    default:
        printf("Wrong Option\n");
```

```
Input the element for adding in queue : 23
1.Insert at Right
2.Delete from Left
3.Delete from Right
4.Display
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Input the element for adding in queue : 45
1.Insert at Right
2.Delete from Left
3.Delete from Right
4.Display
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 3
Element has been deleted from queue is : 45
1.Insert at Right
2.Delete from Left
3.Delete from Right
4.Display
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 4
Queue elements :
```

Q3 Write a menu driven program to implement queue operations such as Enqueue, Dequeue, Peek, Display of elements, IsEmpty using linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} * front, *back;
void initialize()
    front = back = NULL;
int getQueueSize()
    struct node *temp = front;
    int count = 0;
    if (front == NULL && back == NULL)
        return 0;
    while (temp != back)
        count++;
        temp = temp->next;
    if (temp == back)
        count++;
    return count;
int getFrontElement()
    return front->data;
int getBackElement()
    return back->data;
void isEmpty()
    if (front == NULL && back == NULL)
        printf("Empty Queue\n");
    else
```

```
printf("Queue is not Empty\n");
void enqueue(int num)
    struct node *temp;
    temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    temp->data = num;
    temp->next = NULL;
    if (back == NULL)
    {
        front = back = temp;
    else
    {
        back->next = temp;
        back = temp;
void dequeue()
    struct node *temp;
    if (front == NULL)
        printf("\nQueue is Empty \n");
        return;
    else
        temp = front;
        front = front->next;
        if (front == NULL)
            back = NULL;
        printf("Removed Element : %d\n", temp->data);
        free(temp);
void printQueue()
    struct node *temp = front;
    if ((front == NULL) && (back == NULL))
```

```
{
        printf("Queue is Empty\n");
        return;
    while (temp != NULL)
        printf("%d", temp->data);
        temp = temp->next;
        if (temp != NULL)
            printf("-->");
    }
int main()
    initialize();
    enqueue(2);
    enqueue(0);
    enqueue(2);
    enqueue(9);
    enqueue(1);
    enqueue(9);
    enqueue(6);
    printQueue();
    printf("\nSize of Queue : %d\n", getQueueSize());
    printf("Front Element : %d\n", getFrontElement());
    printf("Rear Element : %d\n", getBackElement());
    dequeue();
    dequeue();
    dequeue();
    dequeue();
    dequeue();
    dequeue();
    return 0;
```

```
2-->0-->2-->9-->1-->9-->6

Size of Queue: 7

Front Element: 2

Rear Element: 6

Removed Element: 0

Removed Element: 2

Removed Element: 9

Removed Element: 9

Removed Element: 1

Removed Element: 9
```

Q4. WAP using a function to reverse a queue by using stack..

```
#enclude < stdeo. h>
 of f=-1, x=-1;
 ent g[50];
  void enquere (ent data, ent l)
  { = f( == l-1) paints (" Queve is dull);
         else if ((f==-1))}
             f= x=0;
         else 8++;
      3 9 [v)=data;
     void point ()
      { for ("Hi=f; "=s; "++)
      void reverse ()
         for ( at == f, j= x; : ( ; a++,j--)
          { [i]p = + top []
               2[:] = 2[;];
           3 2(j] = t)
     ent main ()
           ed 0,950, t;
           points ("Enter thesize of queue");
            scant ("of.d", da);
            points (" Enter the data of queve");
             while (icn)
                  sanf("1.d", st);
                   equeue(t,n);
             prints ("Queue which you have entered");
             print ();
             prints (" guere after reversing: -");
              ps+ ();
     3
```

```
Enter the size of Queue: 7

Enter the data for Queue: 2 0 2 9 1 9 6

Queue which you have entered: -2 0 2 9 1 9 6

Queue after reversing: -6 9 1 9 2 0 2
```

Q5. Write a menu driven program to implement circular queue operations such as Enqueue,

Dequeue, Peek, Display of elements, IsEmpty, IsFull using static array.

```
# andide & stopo. h>
# desine MAX 5
ent equere-arr[max];
 ent front = -1, sear = -1;
  void Enquere ( and stem)
 { psints ("Queue Overflow");
       FF ( front = = -1)
           Sout = rear = 0;
       { of (sear = MAX -1)
         equeue- order [rear]= oftem;
  7
  void dequeve ()
        of (front = = -1)
        f prints ("Queue Under How");
        prints (" Elenet seleted from quae is: "Idin", cqueve_arr [frox]).
        ? 8 (front == rear)
        2 = (front = = MAX-1)

else

sront = front + 1;
  3
 void display ()
      ent front-pos = front, renr-pos = renr;
       of (front == -1)
        Proint ( " queve elanets : 10");
        if ( front pos &= reax-pas)
              while (front-posks read-pos)
                  point f ("),d", Equeu -ars [front-pos]);
                  Sont-pas ++;
```

```
while (front-por &= MAX-1)
          prints ("1.d", equeve-arx[trant-post);
           grant bestt;
         :0= cod - front
          while (front-pos & sear-pos)
          { prots ("Y.d", cqueve_arr[tod-pas]);
             foort post;
3. brutg ("x");
   ent choice, Hem;
   do
          points ("1. Enguleve in 2. Dequeve in 3. Display in 4- Exit
                  In Exter your choice: ");
           Scend (" ", d", d choice)
           switch (choice)
              case 1 prints ("Input the element");
                     - scand ("Y.d", Stem);
                        Enqueve (stem);
                        break;
              case 2: dequevel);
                        break)
               case 3:
                       display)
               case 4: break)
                default: prints ("Wrong choice"),
     } while (choice = 4);
  return O,
```

```
Enter your choice : 1
Input the element: 45
1.Insert
2.Delete
Display
4.Quit
Enter your choice : 3
Queue elements :
20 45
1.Insert
2.Delete
Display
4.Quit
Enter your choice : 2
Element deleted from queue is : 20
1.Insert
2.Delete
Display
4.Quit
Enter your choice : 3
Queue elements :
```

Q6. Write a menu driven program to implement circular queue operations such as Enqueue, Dequeue, Peek, Display of elements, IsEmpty using linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define max 6
int queue[max];
int front = -1;
int rear = -1;
void enqueue(int element)
{
    if (front == -1 \&\& rear == -1)
    {
        front = 0;
        rear = 0;
        queue[rear] = element;
    else if ((rear + 1) % max == front)
        printf("Queue is overflow..");
    }
    else
    {
        rear = (rear + 1) % max;
        queue[rear] = element;
```

```
int dequeue()
    if ((front == -1) && (rear == -1))
        printf("\nQueue is underflow..");
    else if (front == rear)
        printf("\nThe dequeued element is %d", queue[front]);
        front = -1;
        rear = -1;
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\nThe dequeued element is %d", queue[front]);
        front = (front + 1) % max;
}
void display()
    int i = front;
    if (front == -1 \&\& rear == -1)
        printf("\n Queue is empty..");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\nElements in a Queue are : ");
        while (i <= rear)</pre>
        {
            printf("%d,", queue[i]);
            i = (i + 1) \% max;
    }
int main()
    int choice = 1, x;
    while (choice < 4 && choice != 0)
    {
        printf("\n Press 1: Insert an element ");
```

```
printf("\nPress 2: Delete an element ");
    printf("\nPress 3: Display the element ");
    printf("\nEnter your choice ");
    scanf("%d", &choice);
    switch (choice)
    case 1:
        printf("Enter the element which is to be inserted ");
        scanf("%d", &x);
        enqueue(x);
        break;
    case 2:
        dequeue();
        break;
    case 3:
        display();
    }
return 0;
```

```
Press 1: Insert an element
Press 2: Delete an element
Press 3: Display the element
Enter your choice 1
Enter the element which is to be inserted 22
Press 1: Insert an element
Press 2: Delete an element
Press 3: Display the element
Enter your choice 3
Elements in a Queue are : 45,22,
Press 1: Insert an element
Press 2: Delete an element
Press 3: Display the element
Enter your choice 2
The dequeued element is 45
Press 1: Insert an element
Press 2: Delete an element
Press 3: Display the element
Enter your choice 3
Elements in a Queue are : 22,
```